

The Advocate.

JOHN F. MOORE, Editor.
THURSDAY:
November 7th, 1867.

THE NEW YORK ELECTION.—At this time, (Tuesday morning), we are led to believe that the Empire State has followed in the wake of her sister States of Ohio and Pennsylvania, and thrown herself free from the blighting curse and influence of Radicalism. The result surprises no one—not even Republicans themselves. They well knew they would be beaten, but were surprised to hear of such a tremendous verdict against them as majorities of 63,000 in New York City, 13,000 in Brooklyn, &c. Let all men rejoice who love their country. Let Democrats remember that the tide of popular sentiment is in their favor, and that another year will sweep the last vestige of Radicalism from the land.

THE NEWS.

FOREIGN.

The French army is in occupation of Rome. Napoleon has demanded of Garibaldi, who now holds a fortified position at Monte Rotondo, to disarm immediately, which the latter persistently refuses to do, unless the government is put in accord with the will of the nation. Napoleon then proposed to Victor Emmanuel to submit the question to a popular vote, but the plan has not been accepted.

—This morning's news give us the intelligence that Garibaldi's army has been completely routed, and that himself and son are prisoners of war in the hands of the Papal authorities.

—A serious bread riot commenced in the city of Exeter, England, on Monday last. At last accounts the rioters had control of the city, and had fired it in several places.

—On the 2d inst., a farewell dinner was given in London, in honor of Charles Dickens, who is to start immediately for the United States. Several of his literary friends were present, and Bulwer Lytton, who presided, made a speech, which was responded to by Dickens.

—Colonel Kelly, who was rescued at Manchester, has escaped to France, and will soon leave for this country.

—The objections of Prussia being removed, Bavaria and Wirtemberg have joined the Zollverein, and concluded a military alliance with the North German Confederation.

DOMESTIC.

A sculling match took place at Pittsburg on the 30th ult., between H. Coulter, of that place, and John McKiel, of Coldspring N. Y. At the start McKiel had the lead, but was soon passed by Coulter, who came in five lengths ahead. The distance was eight miles, the time 41 minutes and 51 seconds.

—John Albion Andrews, ex Gov. of Massachusetts, died at his residence in Charles street, Boston, on the 30th ult., aged 49 years. He was a native of Maine, and graduated in 1837 at Bowdoin College.

—The funeral of the late Joseph A. Pond, President of the Massachusetts Senate, which took place in Boston on the 31st ult., was largely attended, including, among many other prominent men, the members of the legislature, together with the Boston city government, and executive council.

LATEST ELECTION NEWS.

The latest news we have received up to this time indicate that New York, New Jersey, and Maryland have went Democratic. Negro Suffrage and Woman Suffrage have been defeated in Kansas but the State has gone Republican. The elections in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan, have probably gone Republican by small majorities, but the Democrats, having made such heavy gains in States that we have reliable information from, we should not be surprised if some of them went Democratic.

The Democrats carry New York State by 20,000 at least.

New Jersey, by 5,000.
Maryland, by 50,000.

The city of Boston gives a Democratic majority of 1400, and the Democratic gain in the State is 50,000.

—A gentleman called to see a teemant that was to let. It was shown to him by a pretty, chatty woman, whose manners charmed her visitor. "Are you to be let, too?" inquired he, with a languishing look. "Yes," said she; "I am; I'm to be let alone."

The Roman Question and the Attitude of Prussia.

The trouble over the Roman question—now that the armies of France and Italy are field in opposition to, and in tacit defense, on the one side or the other, of Garibaldi and his party of action—seems to have reached the altitude of a serious crisis. Mutual charges of a violation of the September treaty have been urged by France and Italy as a sufficient cause for the course of either in entering the Papal territory with troops; and the justification by Gen. Menabrea, the Italian Prime Minister, for the advance of the Italian troops over the frontier contained in the assertion that the dignity of the Italian government required this movement, is a declaration fraught with mischief to the peace of Europe. It is clear that, unless assured of co-operation from another quarter, King Victor Emmanuel would not readily place himself in antagonism to the power which has placed him on the throne of Italy, and which might possibly remove him thence. The evasion of the September treaty by France—the plea brought forward by Italy for its hostile attitude—is clearly a pretext which would be wanting but for an existing outside influence which interposes itself to prevent the consummation of peace. This influence opposed to peace, in the shape of Prussia, seems hastening to avail itself of the present complications between France and Italy to assert itself in a warlike guise against the former; and thus precipitate, at what it deems a favorable opportunity, that conflict of opinions and nationalities which, since the battle of Sadowa, has threatened Europe with the shadow of a sanguinary war.

It cannot be denied that the pursuit of France and Prussia, since the successful completion of the late war between the latter and Austria, has been persistent and dogged to the extreme. The military prestige which has heretofore rendered France the great European bully, ready at all times to act as self-appointed arbiter in the quarrels of the European family, has failed of that recognition at the hands of Prussia, from the day when Bismarck assumed the duties of prime minister of that country, which had generally been accorded it. In devoting herself to the work of building up a powerful representative of the German element in Europe—an element which shall be individualized religiously as well as politically—Prussia meets in France and in French ideas a natural antagonist. Hence is it that, step by step, she follows her rival, playing the bullying game as long as bullying pays, and ready, we make no doubt, to test the question with France wherever that Power shall deem the time propitious.

The intimation contained in a Berlin newspaper—although only semi-official in its character—to the effect that Prussia will intervene in the Roman difficulty should such action, on her part, be necessary to preserve the peace of Europe, and the announcement that Prussia has pledged her support to Italy, in case of a rupture with France, are, doubtless, a true reflex, both of the popular sentiment of the kingdom, and of the purposes of government in respect to France. Inasmuch, also, as a religious influence would enter into the Prussian policy in any quarrel which she might hatch with her neighbor over the Roman question, another, and a forcible reason would exist to her own satisfaction why, under pretence of preserving the European equilibrium threatened by France, she should enter the arena prepared to measure swords with her preordained antagonist. So certain is it that on the tide of events these two intractable and snarling Powers are rapidly drifting into collision, that it would matter little, so far as reason or justice is concerned, which party was the aggressor in the conflict which seems inevitable. But of all the unfortunate issues which Prussia could raise as a fitting and appropriate *casus belli*, that of the effort of Napoleon to preserve the peace of the Holy See is the most unfortunate. In coming to blows over this subject, a Pandora box of evils would be opened for Europe which it would be difficult to do away with.—N. Y. News.

LIVE FOR OTHERS.—God has written upon the flower that sweetens the air, upon the breeze that rocks the flower upon its stem, upon the rain drops that swell the mighty river, upon the dewdrop that refreshes the smallest sprig of moss that rears its head in the desert, upon the ocean that rocks every swimmer in its channel, upon every pencilled shell that sleeps in the carvings of the deep, as well as upon the mighty sun, which warms and cheers the millions of his creatures that live in its light—upon all has he written, "None of us liveth to himself!"

—A man's wife in South Bend, Ohio, presented her husband with a very fine boy. Next morning the man stepped into the mayor's office and stated that the night previous a fellow came stalking into his house, stark naked; that he was there yet. Three policemen at once started on the run to oust the intruder. When they got to the house they asked to see the fellow that had come in there the night before. The nurse brought out the baby. The policemen suddenly disappeared, and it is supposed have had to stand a good many extra treats since.

—Going up Salt River—the Republican boat.

Thanksgiving.

The following proclamation has been issued at Washington, on the 26th inst., by the President of the United States of America:

In conformity with a recent custom that might now be regarded as established on national consent and approval, I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby recommend to my fellow citizens, that Thursday, the 28th day of November, next, be set apart and observed throughout the Republic as a day of national thanksgiving and praise to the Almighty Ruler of nations, with whom are dominion and fear, and who makes peace in his high places, resisting and refraining from secular labor on that day. Let us reverently and devoutly give thanks to our Heavenly Father for the mercies and blessings with which He has crowned the now closing year; especially let us remember that He has covered our land through all its extent with greatly needed and very abundant harvests; that He has caused industry to prosper not only in our fields, but also in our forests. He has permitted us to multiply ships upon our lakes and rivers, and upon the high seas, and at the same time to extend our iron roads so far into the secluded places of the continent, as to guarantee speedy overland intercourse between the two oceans. He has inclined our hearts to turn away from domestic contentions and commotions, consequent upon a distracting and desolating civil war, and to walk more and more in the ways of loyalty, conciliation, and brotherly love. He has blessed the peaceful efforts with which we have established new and important commercial treaties with foreign nations, while we have at the same time strengthened our national defenses and greatly enlarged our national borders. While thus rendering the unanimous and heartfelt tribute of national praise and thanksgiving, which is justly due to Almighty God, let us not fail to implore Him that the same divine protection and care, which we have hitherto so undeservedly and yet so constantly enjoyed may be continued to our country and our people, through all the generations forever.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington on the 16th day of Oct., in the year of our Lord 1867, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety second.

By the President,
[L. S.] ANDREW JOHNSON.
WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

The Governor has issued the following proclamation:

From the creation of the world, in all ages and climes, it has been customary to set apart certain days for special religious observance. This has not always been influenced by the light of Christian knowledge, nor by any proper conception of the character of that Great Being "who rulueth the earth in righteousness," and "who daily loadeth us with his benefits;" but by Power, by which the world and all it contains are governed and controlled. Aided by the dictates of cultivated reason and the teachings of Divine revelation, we, however, are taught to recognize in that Supreme Ruler a Heavenly Father, to whom we are indebted for existence and fervent thanksgiving and praise. It is He who "visiteth the earth and watereth it;" who "setteth the furrows and blesseth the springings thereof;" who "crowneth the year with His goodness, and whose paths drop fatness;" who "closeth the pastures with flocks, and covereth the valleys with corn;" who "maketh the out-goings of the morning and of the evening to rejoice;" who "maketh wars to cease," and "saveth us from our enemies;" whose "throne is forever and ever," and who "blesseth the nations whose God is the Lord."

On all sides we have increased assurances of the "loving kindness" of an All-wise Parent of Good, who has conducted our nation through a long and terrible war, and permitted our people to repose once more in safety, "without any to molest them or to make them afraid." The monstrous sentiment of disunion is no longer tolerated. The Flag, the Union, and the Constitution are now esteemed as the safe guards of the rights and liberties of the people and are revered and defended as the ark of their political safety.

A kind Providence has not grown weary of supplying our continuous wants. A bounteous harvest has rewarded the labors of the husbandman. Flocks and herds are scattered in countless numbers over our valleys and hills. Commerce is uninterrupted, and vessels laden with the products of nature and of art, speed, unmolested, over the trackless deeps. Neither pestilence, famine, political or social evils, financial embarrassments or commercial distress have been permitted to stay the progress and happiness of the people of this great Commonwealth; but peace, health, education, morality, religion, social improvement and refinement, with their attendant blessings, have filled the cup of comfort and enjoyment to overflowing.

Recognizing our responsibility to Him who controls the destinies of nations as well as of individuals, and "from whom cometh down every good and perfect gift;" and to whom we are deeply indebted for all these and the richer blessings of our common Christianity, let us unitedly give our most devout gratitude and hearty thanksgiving.

I, therefore, do hereby recommend that
THURSDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF NOV. NEXT, be set apart as a day of praise and thanksgiving, that all secular and worldly business be suspended, and the people assemble in the various places of worship to acknowledge their gratitude and offer up prayers for a continuance of Divine favor.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg this thirty-first day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and of the Commonwealth the ninety-second.

JOHN W. GEARY,
By the Governor:
F. JORDAN, Secretary of State.

New Advertisements.

D. W. HUTCHINSON, Attorney at Law, Girard, Erie County Pa., will attend specially to business in Bankruptcy before the Register in the District at his office in Girard. Nov. 7'67.—4i.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against buying a note given by me to Harvey Parsons for \$100.00, dated about the middle of May last, as I have not received value therefor, and will not pay it unless compelled by law.
nov7'67 W. SHOEMAKER

THE AUDITORS OF RIDGWAY township will meet at the office of John G. Hall in Ridgway, on Monday Nov'r 21st, 1867, for settlement. The several township treasurers, school treasurers and all others having unsettled accounts with said township, will appear at said date for settlement.
GEORGE DICKINSON,
JEROME POWELL,
JOHN G. HALL,
Auditors.
oct31 1867.

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED.—The School Board of Ridgway township are desirous of employing a COMPETENT MALE TEACHER to take charge of school No. 1 of said township during the coming winter term. To a good teacher a liberal salary will be given.
JOHN G. HALL,
B. F. ELY,
H. A. PARSONS,
Secretary of the Board.
Ridgway, Oct. 31st

PROPERTY FOR SALE.
THE subscriber wishes to dispose of the property formerly occupied by John Rauh in the borough of St. Mary's. Said property consists of two two-story frame buildings, with stone foundations, and one house finished entire and has been used and is suitable for a store room. The other is not quite finished. The property is situated three doors west of the P. & E. R. R. Depot, and buyers will find it one of the best business sites in St. Mary's.
TERMS.—One-half cash, and the balance secured by bond and mortgage on the property. Will be sold cheap.
Apply to ANNA RAUH.
St. Mary's, Nov. 7'67.—4f.

LOOK HERE!

WATCHES, JEWELRY & SILVERWARE.
CHARLES HOLES, Practical Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, Ridgway, Elk county, Pa. The subscriber begs leave to announce to the citizens of Ridgway and vicinity that he is prepared to do all work in his line on short notice and at reasonable rates in the very best manner. Shop in J. V. Houk's Store. Special attention paid to engraving.
He has also on hand a large assortment of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware which he offers for sale on reasonable terms. Give him a call.
nov7'67if.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.—That on the 31st day of October, A. D. 1867 a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Chauncey I. Moore of Benetette, tp. in the County of Elk and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Ridgway, in the County of Elk in said District, at the Court House, before T. E. Woodruff, Register, on the 7th day of January A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock, p. m.
THOMAS J. ROWLEY,
Nov. 7'67.—4L. U. S. Marshal.

PATRONIZE HOME INSTITUTIONS.

FLOUR, FEED AND GRAIN.
THE subscribers having completed their New Grist Mill in Ridgway are now prepared to furnish the people of the surrounding country with

Flour of the Best Quality, and of their own manufacture, at the lowest market rates.
The attention of lumbermen and others is called to our facilities for furnishing them with

FEED OF ALL KINDS, cheaper than it can be bought any other place in the county.

CASH PAID FOR GRAIN.
J. S. HYDE,
J. V. HOUK.
November 7, 1867if

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENT.

AT THE

COURT HOUSE

On FRIDAY Evening November 8th.

MR. & MRS. W. H. DAVIS,
In Songs, Dances, Barlesques, Negro Eccentricities, &c.

Forming at once an Evening's Amusement that cannot be excelled.

ADMISSION, - 50cts

E. M. Service's Cooking. THE WORLD RENOWNED MORNING GLORY!



FOR SALE AT SERVICE'S,
EXCLUSIVE AGENT FOR
ELK COUNTY.

I have now on hand and am now receiving the most complete stock of Cooking and Parlor Stoves ever brought to this section. I buy the best, believing they are the cheapest.

I have the exclusive agency for the Celebrated Morning Glory, also, for Speer's Cooking and Parlor Stoves. I have some beautiful designs from Erie, Buffalo, Troy and Philadelphia, and am preparing to furnish on short notice any stove made in the country or parts of stoves to repair old ones.

Having devoted seventeen years exclusively to the sale of Stoves and the manufacture of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, I am satisfied that the most fastidious can be pleased at my shop. Don't fail to call before you purchase elsewhere.

MERCHANTS supplied with Tin-ware and Stove Pipe as low as can be bought in Erie.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG.

Coal Hods plain and fancy, and everything usually kept in a first class Tin and Stove Store.

Rags, Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, Scrap Iron, Sheep Pelts and Farmers produce generally taken in exchange for goods or work.

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER.



I have the Agency for the UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER, it is the best, 300, 000 of them in use. Each Wringer warranted to be as good at the end of one year as when first purchased. Call and take one home with you and if it does not give good satisfaction after a fair trial, it may be returned and your money will be refunded.

SAVE YOUR CLOTHES,

SAVE YOUR LABOR,

PRESERVE YOUR HEALTH,

SAVE YOUR TIME,

ALSO, THE LILY WHITE HANDS,

and have smiles instead of frowns on Wash Days.
Oct. 31st, 1867-ly.