# The Advocate.

JOHN H. HALL, PROPRIETOR.
J. MOORE, PUBLISHER.

THURSDAY:
JUNE 20TH, 1867.


DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.

HON. GEO. SHARSWOOD,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

### A Little Bit of Controversy.

There emanates from Clearfield an insignificant little sheet, which our readers may or may not have seen, called the *Raftsman's Journal*, and edited, or published rather, since it gets but little editing, by a person, the initials of whose name are Samuel J. Row, called Sam, for short.

This Journal man, called Sam, is slightly radical in his views, and it is generally supposed, though not positively known, that the noisome vapors arising from his dirty press, killed some thousands of rebels during the late war.

To show that he "still lives ——" he pitches into our correspondent 'Nix,' but that no ill effects have yet appeared from Sam's terrible assault is evident from an article in another column, in which he pays no attention whatever to the *Journal's* attack. Indeed we question whether he ever sees so obscure a sheet, and if he did we are very sure he would treat it with the silent contempt it deserves.

The proprietor of the *Advocate* does not make himself responsible for the sentiments of the publisher or of correspondents, and our columns are open for communications upon all proper subjects.

We know this *Journal* man thoroughly, and his whole course during the war shows that he believes with Bulwer that "The pen is mightier than the sword." Acting upon this principle, he remained at home during the war and "blowed" through the columns of his one-horse paper, and contented himself with giving particular fits to "Copperheads," &c. rather than expose himself to the hardships of a soldier's life, and the dangers of Confederate rifles in practically upholding his nigger-loving tenets.

Sam is "*loyal*" to the core. He denounts in midnight moon, miscegenation and "sich." How it would have rejoiced his heart during the "dark days" of Clearfield, to have had the *Republican* office carted into the Susquehanna. Poor fellow, the "mokes" and "blacks" would not come to time.

By the lies in his paper soldiers were sent into Clearfield to tear the husband and brother from their families, to be carried to one of Lincoln's bastiles, and there kept for months without trial! Ask those two gray haired Democratic veterans—Major Wilhelm and Samuel Lansberry—whose names will live in immortal glory, when such as Row will be buried so deep in eternal infamy that we doubt if Resurrection will ever reach them—ask them who it was that was the main instigation of their being torn from their families, for no known transgression against the laws of their country. They will answer that it was Row and his *Journal*.

In reverting to this subject we can but speak our mind feelingly. Who would advise the destruction of his neighbor's property, because they differed with him through conscientious feelings, in politics, would not long stop at the half-way station between that and the worst crime in the category, if he could muster brute courage enough to commit the deed.

Loyalty will not pay much longer, Sam, for the light of Democratic triumphs that appeared in the east last April has gained the west and will soon spread around the horizon, dispersing the shades of more than Egyptian darkness that have brooded over Republican corruption and venality. Then shall the chains be struck from the limbs of the citizen and the white American once more stand upright in the sight of God a free MAN. Tremble *Journal!* Tremble Samuel, called Sam! The day of retribution is at hand! Call upon the mountains and rocks to fall upon you and hide you from the just wrath of a deceived and betrayed people. M.

☞ A couple of weeks since the *Erie Observer* came to us considerably enlarged and otherwise improved. We are gratified to note this evidence of prosperity on the part of our friend Whitman. The *Observer* is a faithful and fearless exponent of those principles which preserved us a nation until fanaticism, by treachery and deceit got the reins of government in their hands.

### Hinton Rowan Helper's New Book.

Perhaps of all the publications, either by speech or writing, that aided in bringing on the events of the past six years and thus are partly answerable for the present condition of the country, a book called the "*The Impending Crisis*" did the most towards filling fanatic hearts with hatred for the South and the Southern people. This book accomplished more in the way of harm than all the philosophical utterances of Greeley, more than the fervid harangues of Garrison and Phillips, or the dirty mouthings of the thousand and one scribblers for the country Radical press. As an evidence that the world moves, and that with passing years some men change, we find that the author of that book, who was in 1860 an angel of light, the champion of the oppressed slave, and who for his services was rewarded with a consulship, is now, and for some time has been an angel of darkness. We find in a New York paper the following notice:

"NOMOCRACY: A QUESTION FOR A CONTINENT. By HINTON ROWAN HELPER, of North Carolina. New York: George W. Carleton & Co., 1867."

In 1860, Helper found the English language inadequate to furnish epithets to, in his opinion, properly characterize the whites of the South; so, in 1867, he finds his stock of Billingsgate and filthy adjectives too scant to express all of his hate and loathing for the negro. The Democrat, who four years ago used such language in regard to the party in power as this fellow now holds, would have found himself in Fort Lafayette or the "Old Capitol." We never considered Helper anything but a leafer and a place hunter, nor have we yet changed our opinion.

How do you like the following on the suffrage question?

"This is the incorrigible and grovelling ignoramus upon whom it is proposed at once to confer the privilege of voting—the right of universal suffrage! This is the loathesome and most execrable wretch (rank smelling and hideous arch criminal that he is) who has been mentioned as one fit to have a voice in the enactment of laws for the government of the American people! Shall we confer the elective franchise on this base-born and ill-bred blackamoor—this heathenish and skunk-scented idiot? No! Why not? Because he does not know and cannot know how to vote intelligently. It would therefore, to say the least, be an act of gross folly on our part, to extend to the negro the privilege of doing what the omnipotent God of Nature has obviously and for all time, denied him power to do. Those of our half witted and demagogical legislators who waste time in attempting to prove the equality of the negro, and in the drafting of absurd laws for his recognition in good faith as a citizen of the United States, might with equal propriety, busy themselves in the ridiculous irrationality of framing codes for allowing the gorilla and the chimpanzee to attend common schools, and for the baboon and ourang-outang to testify in courts of equity! Let the blundering and baneful two-thirds majority of the Black Congress both blush and beware."

How are you, "Black Congress?" How are you, nigger suffrage? How are you, Hinton Helper. NIX.

☞ Attorney General Stanbery's Opinion upon the "Reconstruction" act is a very long, and very conclusive document. He defines the matter of registration so succinctly as to leave no one in doubt about his rights or wrongs under the bill. The military are declared to have no authority to remove civil officers or to appoint creatures of their own to civil positions. The removals which have been made by Sheridan and other commanders will, therefore, be declared unauthorized, and the persons removed will of course be reinstated.—The opinion will have the effect of toning down despotism a little, but not by any means enough.—*Patriot & Union.*

☞ Forney's organ says: "A few more of Mr. Stanbery's opinions will necessitate a July session of Congress." And another session of "Congress" will necessitate a few more of Mr. Stanbery's opinions.

—THE Hon. Mr. McPherson—Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, dispenser of government advertisements, and editor of the Gettysburg (Pa.) *Star*—is very angry with everybody who dares to dissent from Thad. Stevens' confiscation policy; but his denunciations are not very alarming. —*Boston Post.*

—To enforce the practice of vaccination is a bill has been introduced into the British Parliament. Its provisions are very stringent. It is estimated that ten thousand people died of small-pox in great Britain last year.

—The trial of Surratt has actually commenced, after a considerable amount of time spent in arguing whether the prosecution should be obliged to show the defence their list of witnesses—a point not yet decided. Witnesses have identified the bullet which killed Mr. Lincoln; the pistol which fired the bullet and a very small piece of the skull which the bullet displaced. Sergeant Dye, a recruiting sergeant, has recognized Surratt as the neatly-dressed person who called the time three times in front of Ford's theatre to Booth. He has seen Surratt's face "frequently in his sleep."

### The Nomination of Judge Sharswood.

The nomination of this gentleman by the Democratic party is one of the best securities that can be offered to the voters of Pennsylvania that the great object of the party is the real welfare of the people. Whoever may be the nominee of the Republican party, he cannot bring to the elevated and responsible office of Judge of the Supreme Court a more thorough knowledge of the duties, or better qualifications for their intelligence and faithful performance. Men of all parties throughout the State, have long known Judge Sharswood as an honorable, upright man, and learned jurist, possessing in an eminent degree a clear, comprehensive, and impartial mind and spirit, the great element of the perfect Judge.

A man like Judge Sharswood cannot be a mere party man. There are traits of character known to belong to him that must, of necessity, elevate their possessors above mere party feeling. But the grand principles which the intelligent men of the Democratic party advocated, and would if they could, re-establish in our State and country, will, we may be sure, find in Judge Sharswood consistent support. He is not a man to be carried away by the whims of any party, and if the Democratic party should swerve from the right, it would find itself sailing away from its nominee. Of this we cannot entertain a doubt. And such should be the reputation and character of any man who aspires to the distinguished and influential position of Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Judge Sharswood does not stand in need of fulsome adulation. He is above it. He is a plain, honest, capable man, entirely worthy of the highest honor which the people of our State have it in their power to bestow, and in whose integrity and strict justice they can repose the most implicit confidence.

While yet a young man, while serving the people faithfully and industriously in the Legislature of his native State, he was regarded by the late eminent Chief Justice Gibson, as possessing one of the best judical minds in the State. Other superior legal gentlemen, though differing with Judge Sharswood in politics, entertained the same opinion. And time has proved that the opinion was well founded.

When our Constitution was changed, in 1838, making our Judges elective, it was feared by many wise men of both parties, that the popular clamor for party would lead to the nomination and election of mere partsans, and thus lower the dignity and usefulness of the Courts. But the good sense of the people has since demonstrated that they are capable of appreciating real merit and of judging of the proper qualifications for the high office of Judge; and generally the men elected to the Judgeships in Pennsylvania have proved faithful to the great trust reposed in them. If the Republicans nominate as good a man as Judge Sharswood, the people may rest contented that their interests will be safe so far as the action of the Supreme Court can make them so.—*Pittsburg Post.*

—The Radical press are decidely hard to please in the matter of the Democratic platform. To one it is to short; another finds it to long; a third says it is barren; a fourth declares it expresses too much; a fifth objects to it because it does not contain a puff of the President; a sixth discovers no patriotism or piety in it; and sundry others object to it because it is "the same old song about a violated Constitution and negro suffrage." On the whole, we guess it will do about as well as could be expected, nothwithstanding.

—A GRAND scheme is on foot in Chicago to build a magnificient system of docks to extend several hundred feet feet from shore along the lake a distance of half a mile. The estimated cost is from $5,000,000 to $7,000,000.

### Extremes Meet.

The Radical newspaper editors, "the little creatures who," as Greely says, "God permits for some scrutable purpose to edit Republican newspapers," are going off into extacies over the endorsement of negro suffrage by the rebel General Longstreet, and his approval of the military despotism establishment in the South. That a rebel like Longstreet, a man not remarkable for ability, should join hands with such lifelong enemies to the Union as the leaders of the Republican party is not to be wondered at. The two factions, the secessionists of the South and the Radicals of the North always were traitors. They were alike eager to destroy our form of free government, and they labored with equal dilligence to do so. Between them they succeeded in bringing mountains of misery upon the people. It is not strange that they should unite to perpetuate the evils they created. Extremes will meet.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

### News Items.

MAXIMILIAN, Miramon, and Mejia, are to be tried by order of General Escobedo. The free Emperor asked that certain persons in the City of Mexico might be summoned to act as his counsel, which request was granted. The fate of Maximilian depends upon Juarez. A trial will amount to nothing if he signifies a desire for conviction. It is to be hoped that the Liberalist leader will not sully his cause by the butchery of prisoners who surrendered under the rules governing civilized warfare. The shooting of Maximilian would injure the Republic more than a dozen lost battles.

—A CABLE telegram from London recently announced that a "Reform mob" attacked a Tory or Government meeting at St. James' Hall, "stormed the platform, and hoisted the red flag surmounted by a liberty cap." That kind of "reform" is not calculated to do its advocates much good, and the chances are that, unless it be confined within proper limits, it will do more damage to the Reformers than to the Tories.

—LEWIS D. CAMPBELL has resigned his position as Minister of the United States to Mexico, and wants to come home. As no successor has yet been appointed, here is a chance for an enterprising young man, who wishes to spend a few weeks in that healthy country and variegated government. Applications to be addressed to the Hon Wm. H. Seward, Washington.

—AN anti Popery riot broke out in Birmingham, England, yesterday. The rioters obtained possession of the town, sacked some of the stores, and attacked a Catholic chapel. Troops were dispatched from London to quiet the disturbance and restore order. Such an occurrence is a disgrace to the intelligence and progress of the nineteenth century. —*Age of June 19th.*

—AN expedition will soon leave England in search of Dr. Livingstone, the African explorer and traveler. The fact that this movement is assuming a practical form shows that the public believe that the Doctor is still alive.

—Two cases of cholera have made their appearance in New York. Our City Councils seem to think that cholera is not half as bad as cleanliness, and don't intend to expend any money in promoting the latter.

## New Advertisements.

LIST OF RETAILERS of Foreign and Domestic Merchandise in Elk county, subject to the payment of License, for the year 1867.

| CLASS. | DEALER'S NAME. | TAX. |
|---|---|---|
| 11 | Shawmut Coal Company, Fox | $ 7 00 |
| 12 | Fred. Stoening, Fox | 12 50 |
| 12 | James M'Closkey, Fox | 12 50 |
| 13 | Joseph Koch & Son, Fox | 10 00 |
| 12 | C. E. Earley, Fox | 12 50 |
| 11 | Hyde & Price, Fox | 7 00 |
| 12 | Joseph Wilhelm, Benzinger | 12 50 |
| 12 | Coyne & McVean, Benzinger | 12 50 |
| 12 | Weiss Brothers, Benzinger | 12 50 |
| 11 | John Kelly & Co., Benzinger | 7 00 |
| 11 | Fred. Rudolph, Benzinger | 7 00 |
| 11 | Chas. Lohr & Co., Benzinger | 7 00 |
| 11 | Sheffel & Newman, Benzinger | 7 00 |
| 11 | Mary Fisher, Benzinger | 7 00 |
| 11 | A. Derlacher, Benzinger | 7 00 |
| 11 | J. Sassenheimer & Co., Benzinger | 7 00 |
| 11 | Bernard Wellendorf, Benzinger | 7 00 |
| 11 | Adolph Fochtman, Benzinger | 7 00 |
| 11 | A. T. Aldrich, Jones | 7 00 |
| 11 | Michael Weidert, Jones | 7 00 |
| 11 | Martin Sowers, Jones | 7 00 |
| 11 | G. R. Boyd, Jones | 7 00 |
| 11 | Edward Fischer, Benezette | 7 00 |
| 11 | B. F. Morey, Benezette | 7 00 |
| 11 | R. D. D. Winslow, Benezett | 7 00 |
| 11 | D. J. McDonald, Benezette | 7 00 |
| 11 | W. W. Walker, Benezette | 7 00 |
| 11 | J. J. Robinson, Spring Creek | 7 00 |
| 11 | Powell & Kane, Ridgway | 12 50 |
| 11 | Healy & Gillis, Ridgway | 7 00 |
| 11 | J. V. Houk, Ridgway | 7 00 |
| 13 | J. S. Hyde, Ridgway | 10 00 |
| 11 | E. O. Clements, Ridgway | 7 00 |
| 11 | Horton & Robinson, Ridgway | 7 00 |
| | BREWERS AND DISTILLERS. | |
| 10 | Joseph Windfelder, Benzinger | 15 00 |
| 10 | Charles Volk, Benzinger | 15 00 |
| 10 | Charles Haas, Benzinger | 15 00 |
| 10 | John Greible, Benzinger | 15 00 |
| 10 | August Rabel, Benzinger | 15 00 |
| 10 | George Weidman, Benzinger | 15 00 |
| | PEDDLERS OF PATENT MEDICINES. | |
| 14 | Jacob Begsinger, Benzinger | 7 00 |
| 14 | G. G. Messenger, Ridgway | 7 00 |
| | BOOKS AND STATIONERY. | |
| 11 | W. J. Blakely, Benzinger | 7 00 |
| | CONFECTIONERIES. | |
| 14 | John Wachtel, Benzinger | 7 00 |
| | MERCHANT TAILORS. | |
| 14 | G. P. Hintemach, Benzinger | 7 00 |
| 14 | Overheltzer & Maxwell, Ridgway | 7 00 |

Notice is hereby given that an appeal will be held in Ridway on the 29th of June 1867, at 10 o'clock A. m.

WILLIAM M'CAULEY,
jun20-2t Mercantile Appraiser.

**CHANGE OF FIRM.**

WM. M. SINGERLY AND JOSEPH KIRKPATRICK have this day withdrawn from the firm of Short, Hall & Co.

The undersigned remaining co-partners will continue the banking business under the old firm name, SHORT, HALL & CO.

S. SHORT,
JNO G. HALL,
L. VOLLMER,
May 20, '67 tf. J. K. P. HALL.

IN THE MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT recently opened by Miss DAGGETT at the residence of Mrs. J. V. Houk, has been removed to the rooms over J. V. Houk's Store, where will be kept a nice assortment of

Spring and Summer Millinery.
DRESS-TRIMMINGS, STAMPED WORK.
Stamping and Dress making done.
Mrs. J. V. HOUK.
may23-1867tf Ridgway, Pa.

LUMBER.

WE ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH upon short notice the following kinds of Lumber of the best quality.

FLOORING AND SIDING,

dressed in the best possible manner, from seasoned lumber, ready for use. Also,

LATH FOR PLASTERING

We will put on cars when required.

☞ All orders addressed to us at this place promptly attended to.

SOUTHER, WILLIS & CO.
jun5-1871 Ridgway, Pa.

Stockholders' Meeting.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 220, Walnut street, in the city of Philadelphia, on Saturday the 29th inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, to take into consideration a joint agreement entered into between the managers of said Company and the directors of the Warren & Franklin Railway Company, for the merger of the rights, franchises and property of the latter Company into the said Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Company.

GEORGE P. SITTLE,
Phil'a, June 15, 1867. Secretary.

Big Level State Road.

THE work to be done on the M'Kean, Elk, Forest and Clarion State Road will be let on or before June 20th inst. Parties who wish to have shown them the work to be done and jobs to be let will assemble at Howard Hill, Hamlin township, M'Kean county, Monday June 10, at 9 a. m. M. J. Evans, Tuesday, June 11, 9 a. m. T. James', Highland township, Elk county, June 12, 9 a. m. I. Watson's, Forest county, Thursday, June 13, at noon. Payment will be made in Road Funds. Written proposals are invited before the 20th, addressed to one or more of the undersigned.

THOS. L. KANE.
WILLIS BARRETT,
June13-tf. J. D. HUNT.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of Bordwell & Messenger, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts of the late firm remain in the hands of G. G. Messenger for settlement.

J. S. BORDWELL.
G. G. MESSENGER.
June 3d, 1867-6t.

SETTLE UP!

THE FIRM OF BORDWELL & MESSENGER having been this day dissolved, all persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate settlement with the undersigned, in whose hands the books are left for that purpose.

G. G. MESSENGER.
June 3d, 1867-4t.

MEYERS' NEWLY IMPROVED Crossed Scale Overstrung Pianos!

Acknowledged to be the best! London Prize Medal, and highest awards in America, received!

Melodeons, Second-hand Pianos and Music, No 722, Arch Street, below Eighth, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ap27-3m

COAL, COKE AND FIRE-CLAY!

All of superior quality, for sale by the

Tannerdale Coal Company,
St. Mary's, Elk County, Pa.

☞ Orders by mail promptly attended to. [sept15 '3-tf

FURNITURE STORE
AT
ST. MARY'S, PA.

SASH, DOORS AND FURNITURE!!

The subscriber keeps constantly on hand all sizes of Sash and Doors, also

Wardrobes,
Bureaus,
Washstands,
Bookcases,
Tables,
Desks,
Lounges,
Bedsteads,
Sofas, &c.
Picture Frames,

Sash Painted and Glazed.

All work warranted to be of the best material and workmanship.

Call and examine my work and prices as I feel confident my work will give satisfaction and my prices are as low, if not lower than they are in any other market.

CHAS. L. BAGER,
my23-1871. St. Mary's, Pa.

GETTYSBURG ASYLUM

For Invalid Soldiers,

Incorporated by Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, March 6, 1867.

The Board of Supervisors appointed by the above Corporation to carry out the objects of the act of incorporation, respectfully announce to the public that the Legislature of Pennsylvania has authorized the raising of funds for the erection, establishment, and maintenances of an Asylum for Invalid Soldiers of the late war, to be built on the Battle Field of Gettysburg, and as an inducement to patriotic citizens to contribute to this benevolent object, have empowered the Corporation to distribute amongst the subscribers such articles of value and interest, from association with the late war, or any moneys, effects, property, or estate, real or personal, whatever, in this State or elsewhere, at such time or upon such terms, and in such way and manner whatsoever, as to them shall seem fit, any laws of this Commonwealth to the contrary notwithstanding.

The enterprise is cordially recommended by the following named well known gentlemen:

Major General George G. Meade
Ex-Governor Andrew G Curtin
Major General Galusha Pennypacker
Major General E M Gregory
Major General John R Brooke
Major General Charles H T Hol'is
Major General James L Selfridge
Brig Gen James A Beaver
Brig Gen Haratio G Sickels
Brig Gen Joseph F Knipe
Brig Gen Wm J Bolton
Brig Gen Samuel M Zulick
Brig Gen John K Murphy
Brig Gen T F McCoy
Brig Gen R E Winslow
Brig Gen Henry Pleasants
Brig Gen J P S Gobin
Brig Gen J M Campbell
Brig Gen Thomas M Walker
Brig Gen W Cooper Tally
Brig Gen D M M Gregg
Colonel F Stumbaugh

The site for the institution (thirty acres) has already been purchased, and it is hoped that the good work may commence before midsummer.

Subscriptions will be received at the office of the association, No. 1126, Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, on and after Monday, the 6th day of May, 1867.

For each subscription of five dollars a certificate will be issued, which will entitle the holder to such article of value as may be awarded to its number.

The first distribution of awards will be made immediately upon the receipt of 80,000 subscriptions of $5 each.

The distribution will be public, and under the direct supervision of the Corporators.

Persons at a distance are requested to remit their subscriptions (when practicable) by Post office money order, or registered letter, to insure prompt delivery.

Direct all letters to

J. D HOFFMAN,
Sec'y Board of Supervisors,
Box 1481, P. O., Phil'a.

The following is a schedule of the awards to be made under the first distribution. The items of diamonds and other precious stones were purchased from citizens of the South during the war, and their genuineness is certified to by Messrs. Henle & Bros., the most extensive diamond importers in the country, and by J. Hermann, diamond setter, New York.

GETTYSBURG ASYLUM FOR INVALID SOLDIERS.

Incorporated by Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania March 6th, 1867.

Office 1126, Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

FIRST DISPOSITION,

Eighty Thousand Subscribers at $5 Each.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1—1 Diamond Necklace, 48 Brilliants, valued at | $30,000 |
| 2—1 Diamond Cluster Brooch and Ear Rings | 15,000 |
| 3—1 Award 10-40 Gov't Bonds | 10,000 |
| 4—1 Diam'd Cross, set in silver | 7,000 |
| 5—1 Diamond Cluster Brooch | 5,000 |
| 6—1 Award 10-40 Gov't Bonds | 5,000 |
| 7—1 Diamond Single St. Ring | 4,500 |
| 8—1 Diamond Cluster Bracelet | 4,000 |
| 9—1 Diamond Single Stone Scarf Pin | 4,000 |
| 10—1 Diamond Cluster Brooch | 4,000 |
| 11—1 Diamond Cluster Bracelet | 4,000 |
| 12—1 Pair single stone Diamond Ear Rings | 3,500 |
| 13—1 Diamond Cluster Brooch | 3,000 |
| 14—1 Award 10-40 Gov't Bonds | 3,000 |
| 15—1 Diamond single stone Pin | 3,000 |
| 16—1 Diam'd single stone stud | 3,000 |
| 17—1 Diamond Cluster Brooch | 2,500 |
| 18—1 Diam'd Single stone Ring | 2,500 |
| 19—1 Diam'd & Eme'ld Brooch | 2,500 |
| 20—1 Diam'd Single stone Ring | 2,000 |
| 21—1 Diamond Cluster Ring | 1,500 |
| 22—1 Long India Camel's Hair Shawl | 1,500 |
| 23—1 Choice Emerald Stud | 1,500 |
| 24—1 Single Stone Diamond Ring | 1,000 |
| 25 to 34—10 Awards of 10-40 Gov't Bonds, each | 1,000 |
| 35—1 Three stone diamond & Ruby half hoop ring | 800 |
| 36—1 diamond single stone Ear Knobs | 800 |
| 37—1 P'r diam'd cluster studs | 600 |
| 38—1 diamond single stone Ring, star setting | 500 |
| 39—1 diam'd single stone Pin | 500 |
| 40—1 diam'd Cluster bracelet | 500 |
| 41 to 50—10 Awards of 10-40 Gov't Bonds, each | 500 |
| 51—1 Lady's diam'd set watch | 400 |
| 52—1 diam'd single stone ring | 350 |
| 53—1 Diamond and opal cluster ring | 300 |
| 54—1 diam'd single stone ring | 300 |
| 55—1 pair Em'd scarf Pins | 200 |
| 56—1 P'rl single stone stud | 150 |
| 57—1 diamond Cluster Pin | 100 |
| 58—1 earnes and pearl Brooch and ear rings | 100 |
| 58 to 108—100 Awards 10-40 Gov't Bonds, each | 100 |
| 159 to 258—100 Awards, Gov'nt Legal Tenders, each | 50 |
| 3,000 Awards, Government Legal Tenders, each | 5 |

The distribution of the above awards will be made in public as soon as the subscription is full, of which due notice will be given through the papers. On and after May 6th the Diamonds will be on exhibition at the office of the Association.

The public can rely on everything being conducted in the most honorable and fair manner. All the awards will be handed to certificate holders, immediately after the distribution, free of all cost, at the office of the company, No. 1126, CHESTNUT Street, Phila.

CERTIFICATE.

We hereby certify that we have examined the Diamond Goods, Pearls, Emeralds, Rubies, and other Precious Stones, as described in the above list, and find them all genuine.

HENLE BRO'S, Diamond Importers,
26 Maiden Lane, New York.
J. HERMANN, Diamond Setter,
394 Broome St., New York.

AGENTS WANTED.

Books can be had containing 20 certificates ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

All orders for certificates must be addressed to

J. D. HOFFMAN, Sec'y.
Box 1481, Postoffice,
5—9—2m. Philadelphia.

FOR SALE! FIVE ACRES OF Village Lots in Ridgway!

Price, One Thousand Dollars!

A small part in CASH—balance in ten years.

Inquire of J. Powell, Ridgway, Pa., or C. R McNULTY, No. 830, Broadway, New York, [Care Lathrop, Ludington & Co., New York City.

May 9th, 1867-4t.

IN THE MATTER of the Incorporation of the "Elk County Railroad and Mining Gazette." } In the Court of Common Pleas of Elk County. No. 11, Aug. T. 1867.

Notice is hereby given that the certificate of the Corporators of the "Elk County Railroad and Mining Gazette" has been filed in my office, and if no sufficient cause is shown to the contrary, a decree of incorporation will be made at the next term of the Court.

GEO. A. RATHBUN,
May 9th, 1867. Prothonotary.