

PROCLAMATION

GENERAL ELECTION

WHEREAS, in and by the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, approved the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1829, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this commonwealth," and in and by an Act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, approved the 26th day of June, A. D. 1893, entitled "An Act to amend the 10th section of an Act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections,'" it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county, at least ten days before any election to be held therein, except for township and borough officers, to give notice of the same by proclamation by advertisement in at least three newspapers, if there be so many published in the county, and to enumerate the officers to be elected, and give a list of all the nominations made, as provided in this Act and to be voted for in such county, and to designate the places at which the election is to be held.

Now therefore, I, A. E. GALBRAITH, High Sheriff of the county of Jefferson, do make known and give notice to the voters of said county of Jefferson, that a general election will be held in said county on

TUESDAY, NOV. 8, 1910

it being the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, for the purpose of electing the following officers, to-wit:

- One person for Governor.
- One person for Lieutenant Governor.
- One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs.
- One person for Representative in Congress.
- Two persons for Representatives in the General Assembly.

LIST OF NOMINATIONS

The following is a list of all nominations, made as provided in the Act of June 10th, 1893, and to be voted for in said county at said election:

GOVERNOR.	
(Mark One.)	
Republican	John K. Tener
Workingmens League	
Democratic	Webster Grim
Prohibition	Madison F. Larkin
Socialist	John W. Slayton
Industrialist	George Anton
Keystone	William H. Berry
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.	
(Mark One.)	
Republican	John M. Reynolds
Workingmens League	
Democratic	Thomas H. Greevy
Prohibition	Charles E. McConkey
Socialist	Louis Cohen
Industrialist	Wm. H. Thomas
Keystone	D. Clarence Gibboney
SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.	
(Mark One.)	
Republican	Henry Houck
Workingmens League	
Democratic	James I. Blakeslee
Prohibition	Charles W. Huntington
Socialist	Beaumont Sykes
Industrialist	James Erwin
Keystone	John J. Casey
REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS	
(Mark One.)	
Republican	J. N. Langham
Democratic	John Smith Shirley
Prohibition	John Houck
Socialist	M. A. Van Horn

REPRESENTATIVE IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.	
(Mark Two.)	
Republican	Henry I. Wilson
Republican	S. Taylor North
Democratic	Elmer E. Beck
Keystone	
Democratic	William Shields
Keystone	
Prohibition	Andrew W. Smith
Prohibition	Jerome C. Sprankle
Socialist	I. E. Keslar
Socialist	E. C. Beckman

Places of Holding Elections.

And the qualified electors of the county of Jefferson will hold their elections in the several districts as follows:

Brookville borough, First precinct, in the Court House, in the room known as the County Treasurer's office.

Brookville borough, Second precinct, in the Court House, in the rear room of the County Commissioners' office.

Brookwayville borough, in the north-east corner of the Municipal building, in said borough.

Big Run borough, in the basement of the new brick schoolhouse building, in the southwest corner room thereof, in said borough.

Bell township, North precinct, in a room to be furnished by L. Curry, located on land of L. Curry, at forks of the Ceres and Big Run public roads.

Bell township, South precinct, in the village of Clove, in said township, in a building erected by Samuel States for that purpose, on lot owned by said States.

Barnett township, in the house of Oran Butterfield, in said township.

Beaver township, North precinct, in what is known as A. H. Reitz's hall, in the village of Ohl, in said township.

Beaver township, South precinct, in the second story room over the blacksmith shop of E. C. Ferguson, in the village of Ohl, in said township.

Corsica borough, in school building, in said borough.

Clover township, in the new township election house, situate near residence of Samuel Lerch, on the road leading from Summerville to Heathville, in said township.

Eldred township, First precinct, on first floor of vacant store room of A. J. Gruber, in village of Sigel.

Eldred township, Second precinct, in old store room at Howe, lately occupied by White & Galley.

Falls Creek borough, in the rear or East room on the second floor of the building at corner of Fuller and Second streets, erected by said borough for election and other purposes.

Gaskill township, in Gibson Hall, at Winslow, in said township.

Henderson township, East precinct, in the new building erected for election purposes by said township, near the center of said election district, and near lands of James B. London.

Henderson township, West precinct, Sugar Hill pavilion, ground floor.

Heath township, in the house of Samuel Edeburn, in said township.

Knox township, East precinct, in the old Knox township election room, in the building owned by J. L. Cummings, in the village of Knoxdale.

Knox township, West precinct, in the hall over Chas. Hollander's store, in the village of Ramsaytown, in said election district.

McAlmont township, First precinct, on the first floor, in the Frank Shaffer house, on road leading to Reynoldsville, in town of Panic.

McAlmont township, Second precinct, in the old school house building, in the village of Eleonora, in said district.

McAlmont township, Third precinct, in the basement floor or lower room of the W. S. Mosier store building, in the village of Anita.

Oliver township, First precinct, in the old election house, in the village of Cool Spring.

Oliver township, Second precinct, in the room known as the "weaving room" on the first floor of Geo. Baughman's building, in the village of Sprankle Mills.

Perry township, First precinct, in room in rear end of school house in Perryville.

Perry township, Second precinct, in the room over the store room of J. M. Means, located on lot of J. M. Means, in the village of Valier.

Perry township, Third precinct, in the room over the store room of S. E. Mohney, located on lot of S. E. Mohney, in the village of Frostburg.

Pinecreek township, East precinct, on the ground floor of Simon Busard's store room, in the village of Emerickville.

Pinecreek township, West precinct, in basement of Humphrey's blacksmith shop, at Port Barnett.

Porter township, in P. O. S. of A. Hall, in said township.

Polk township, in the old school house at Shoffner's Corners, in said township.

Punxsutawney borough, First ward, in the room on the second floor of the Municipal building.

Punxsutawney borough, Second ward, in room on the first floor of the H. C. Gutelius building, situate on Front street.

Punxsutawney borough, Third ward, in a room on the first floor of the J. D. Williams building, situate on East Mahoning street.

Punxsutawney borough, Fourth ward, in the lower story front room of the Odd Fellows Hall, on south side of West Mahoning street.

Punxsutawney borough, Fifth ward, in the old Municipal building, on the south side of Water street, and west of the blacksmith shop of T. C. Colkitt.

Punxsutawney borough, Sixth ward, in room on first floor, northwest corner fronting on Foundry street.

Reynoldsville borough, First precinct, in Rose house No. 2, in said borough.

Reynoldsville borough, Second precinct, in the Council Chamber on the corner of Swamp and Willow alleys, in said district.

Ringgold township, in the first floor vacant store room of Reuben Wenderling, situate in the village of Ringgold, township of Ringgold.

Rose township, in the new town house, in Carrier's Addition, on the Indiana street, erected by the supervisors of said township.

Snyder township, in the lower room of the school building, near Brockwayville, in said township.

Summerville borough, in the borough building, on the north side of Red Bank creek, in said borough.

Sykeville borough, in the basement of the Knights of Pythias building, situate at the corner of Main and Station streets, in said borough.

Union township, in the house of Geo. Schultze, in said township.

Warsaw township, East precinct, on first floor or lower room of the building known as the Hazen Academy, in said township.

Warsaw township, West precinct, in the house of G. W. Richards, at Richardsville.

Washington township, North precinct, in the Joseph Lair store room, in Westville.

Washington township, East precinct, in the James C. Wilson grain mill, located on the Falls Creek road, in said district.

Washington township, West precinct, in the William H. Britton tenement house, on his farm, located near the center of said election district.

West Reynoldsville, in school room in said borough.

Winslow township, First precinct, in the lower room of Knights of Labor Hall, at Rathmel.

Winslow township, Second precinct, in township tool house, near residence of J. J. Sutter.

Winslow township, Third precinct, in house known as W. F. Cox's store room, in Sandy Valley.

Winslow township, Fourth precinct, in the one storied frame building of the United Mine Workers, on a leading of the Big Boulder to Keaville.

Worthville borough, in the room directly over the store room of Samuel M. Geist, in said election district.

Young township, North, First precinct, on the ground floor of Garibaldi Hall, in the village of Walston.

Young township, North, Second precinct, in the one story frame building provided by the supervisors of roads of said township, in the village of Adrian.

Young township, South precinct, in the house of Thomas Lamson, in said township.

Qualifications of Electors

By Article 5 of the Constitution, the qualifications of electors are prescribed as follows:

SECTION 1. Every male citizen, 21 years of age, possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections. First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month. Second. He shall have resided in the state one year, or, having previously been a qualified elector or a native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned (within six months) immediately preceding the election. Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election. Fourth. If 22 years of age and upwards, he shall have paid within two years, or a portion thereof, a tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

SECTION 5. Electors shall in all cases, except treason, felony, and breach of duty, be disqualified from voting from arrest during their attendance on elections, and in going to and returning therefrom.

SECTION 13. For the purpose of voting no person shall be deemed to have resided in a residence by reason of his absence, while employed in the service either civil or military, of this state or of the United States, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the state or of the United States, or on the high seas, nor while a student of any institution of learning, nor while kept in the poor house or other asylum at public expense, nor while confined in public prison.

Also, that in the fourth section of the Act of Assembly, entitled, "An Act relating to elections and for other purposes," approved April 16th, 1846, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section shall not be construed as to prevent any military officer or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk at any general or special election of this commonwealth.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of any election under the act from holding such an election, or use or threaten any violence of any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window or the avenue to the window where the same may be held, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use or practice any intimidating threats, force or violence with design to influence or unduly overawe any elector or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person shall be deemed guilty of a crime, and shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and to be imprisoned for any time not less than one month nor more than twelve months; and if it shall be shown the court when the trial of such an offense shall be had that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or the township where the offense was committed and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereto, or by any written or printed advertisement, or shall invite any person or persons to make such a bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount offered to bet.

If any person shall vote at more than one election in any district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together with the intent illegally to vote, or advise or procure another so to do, he or they shall on conviction be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned not less than three nor more than twelve months.

If any person not qualified to vote in this commonwealth agreeably to law (except the sons of qualified citizens) shall appear at any place of election, for the purpose of issuing tickets or influencing citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offense and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding twelve months.

In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding spring election shall act as inspector in his place; and in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected, judge shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected judge shall not attend then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; or if any vacancies shall continue in the board for the space of an hour after the time when by law the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officers shall

have been elected, present at the place of election, shall elect on out of their number to fill the vacancy.

As commanded by the said Act of June 10th, 1893, I hereby give notice that every person, except justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States or of this state or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judicial Department of this state or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature and of the select or common council of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then of election, shall elect one out of their officer.

I also make known the provisions of the fifteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States.

SECTION 1. The right of the citizens of the United States, color or previous condition of servitude.

SECTION 2. That Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

AND WHEREAS, The Congress of the United States on the 31st of March, 1874, passed an act entitled "An Act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States to vote in the several States," the first and second sections of which are as follows:

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED, &c., That all citizens of the United States who are or shall be otherwise qualified to vote in any election by the people of any state, territory, district, city, county, parish, township, school district, municipality or other territorial subdivision, shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections, without distinction of color, race or previous condition of servitude; any constitution, law, custom, usage or regulation of any state, territory, or of any other authority, to the contrary notwithstanding.

SECTION 2. AND IT IS FURTHER ENACTED, That if, by or under the Constitution or laws of any state or territory, any act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite qualification for voting, and by constitution and laws persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisites and become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisites and to become qualified to vote without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude; and if any such person or officer shall refuse, or knowingly omit to give effect to this section, he shall for every such offense forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with the full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall, for every such offense, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not less than one month nor more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

AND WHEREAS, It is declared by the second section of the Sixth article of the Constitution of the United States that "this Constitution and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, shall be the supreme law of the land, anything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

Given under my hand, at Brookville, this 25th day of October, in the year of

our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and thirty-fourth.

A. E. GALBRAITH,
High Sheriff of Jefferson County,
October 26th, 1910.

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