

Increased Cigaret Smoking.

we becoming a cigaret nation?" asks the United States Tobacco This query is prompted by exceeded by more than 50,000,000 the output of cigars. The figures are, respectively, 1,856,369,228 and 1,797,322,-811. In March alone there was a decrease of more than 5,000,000 in full-States and an increase of more than 109,000,000 in cigarets. It is unex-plained whether this condition is a result of the high prices of food, com pelling the cigar smoker to take to cigarets, or is a burning protest against the legislation in many states against the paper rolls.

The Navy league of Germany has a membership of 1.031,329 and its funds amount to \$8.395.952

SUFFERING

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound | solvent, and followed directions carefully. After the first dose of the Cuti-

Milwaukee, Wis. — "Lydia E. Pink-ham's Vegetable Compound has made me a well woman, and I would like to tell the whole world I suffered fromfemaletrouble and fearful painsin my back. I had the best doctors and they all decided that I had a tumor in addition to my female trouble, and advised an opera-tion. Lydia E.

Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman and I have no more backache. I hope I can help others by telling them what Lycia E. Pinkham's table Compound has done for -MRS. EMMA IMSE, 833 First St.,

me."—MRS. EMMA IMSE, 533 First St., Milwaukee, Wis.

The above is only one of the thousands of grateful letters which are constantly being received by the Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., which prove beyond a doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Companyd, made from roots and herbs. pound, made from roots and herbs, actually does cure these obstinate diseases of women after all other means have failed, and that every such suf-ering woman owes it to herself to at least give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegeta-ble Compound a trial before submit-ting to a constitution or giving up ting to an operation, or giving up

hope of recovery.
Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health and her advice is free.

> You Indoor People

must give the bowels help. Your choice must lie between harsh physic and candy Cascarets. Harshness makes the bowels callous, so you need increasing doses. Cascarets do just as much, but in a gentle way. Vest-pocket box, 10 cents—at drug-stores. 833 Rech tablet of the genuine is marked C C C.

BLAIR'S PILLS.
CKLEBRATED ENGLISH REMEDY for
GOUT AND RHEUMATISM. SAFE AND
RELIABLE. AT YOUR DRUGGIST.

PATENTS WALSON E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free, High

P. N. U. 22, 1910.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

Lockjaw, known to medical men as etanus, is one of those terrible maladies which occasion great suffering and baffle the best attempts of the proof the year. The figures show, that the output of cigarets in that period exceeded by more than 50,000,000 to produce violent convulsions, which ut-terly exhaust its victim's strength. preventing him from taking food, owmouth; hence its more popular designation of "lockjaw." Investigations nation of "lockjaw." have shown that this dreadful disease is due to a microbe which commonly exists in ordinary soil and the surface mud of the streets, which habitat explains the reason why tetanus frequently attacks persons who have been injured in street accidents and had their wounds contaminated with refuse and dust from the roadway. Although no certain cure for tetanus is yet known, progress is being made with injections of "anti-tetanic serum."-London Telegraph.

Baby's Scalp All Crusted Over.

"Our little daughter, when three months old, began to break out on the head, and we had the best doctors to treat her, but they did not do her any good. They said she had eczema. Her scalp was a solid scale all over. The burning and itching was so severe that she could not rest, day or night. We had about given up all hopes when we read of the Cuticura Reme-We at once got a cake of Cuticura Soap, a box of Cuticura Ointment and one bottle of Cuticura Recura Resolvent, we used the Cuticura Soap freely and applied the Cuticura Ointment. Then she began to improve rapidly and in two weeks the scale came off her head and new hair began to grow. In a very short time she was well. She is now sixteen ears of age and a picture of health. We used the Cuticura Remedies about five weeks, regularly, and then we could not tell she had been affected by the disease. We used no other treatments after we found out what the Cuticura Remedies would do for her. J. Fish and Ella M. Fish, Mt. Vernon, Ky., Oct. 12, 1909."

Small German Savings Banks.

There are many small savings banks in Germany which accept deposits of 10 pfennigs (2½ cents). Thirty per cent of the people in Prussia have savings accounts. Travelers are struck by the absence of beggars. ernment permits no person to solicit alms.—Indianapolis News

People Talk About Good Things. People Talk About Good Things.
Sixteen years ago few people knew of such a preparation as a Powder for the Feet. To-day after the genuine merits of Alien's Foot-Ease have been told year after year by grateful person, it is indispensable to millions. It is cleanly, wholesome, healing and antisoptic and gives rest an I comfo t to tired aching feet.

It cures while you walk. Over 30,000 testimonials, Imitations pay the dealer a larger profit otherwise you would never be offered a substitute for Allen's Foot-Ease, the organial toot powder. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, and see that you get it.

Things Get Better.

In spite of all the confusions and thwartings of life, the habits and resiliences and the counterstrokes of fate. it is manifest that, in the long run, human life becomes broader than it was, gentler than it was, finer and deeper. On the whole-and nowadays almost steadily—things get better. This is a secular amelioration of life, and it is brought about by good will working through the efforts of men.-H. G. Wells.

A substance called paraphenylene ves instead of nitrate of silver. This frug appears to change to a poisonous ubstance called quinone di-idide upon exposure to the air and oxidation. fany cases of poisoning, the London Lancet says, have resulted from hair dyes containing the drug.

Europe's forest school-at Charlottenburg, Dresden, and Effectedd, in Germany, also at Borstal Wood, near London—are attracting the interest of physicians and teachers.



One vine that grows quickly is the moon vine, botanically known as Ipomoea Mexicana grandiflora,

The flowers are four or five inches across and open early in the evening and remain open until the sun shines upon them. They are most fragrant.

It is interesting to watch the blossoms open. If at the right time you turn your back upon them, closed, when you turn again to face them they will be open. Literally, they open as quickly as one could open an umbrella.

The three things necessary to make them grow are sunshine, lots of fertilizer and lots of water. Plant the vine, which may be a cutting, in a slight depression so the water may soak in, and once or twice in two or three weeks give a liberal dressing of fresh cow manure or pulverized sheep manure for the water to carry down. It is not unusual for a vine to grow a foot a day.—Indianapolis News.

FLOWERS IN THE YARD.

Besides the shrubs in the yard we must have flowers. Plant all you can afford to buy, if you are prepared to take care of them. If you do not wish the trouble of caring for them, do not plant them. Starved, sick, discontented flowers cry out for help to every passerby. Cruelty to flowers should be made a criminal offense. It is almost as bad to abuse a beautiful flower plant as to beat a horse.

Don't plant in round beds. Plant In long beds in front of the shrubbery where the flowers can have the background of green foliage. Plant the tall, brilliant-colored flowers at the back, the cannas, bollybocks and the Take that big ugly canna bed out of the lawn and string the cannas out two or three plants deep in the front of the tall shrubbery way back in the yard. Plant the smaller and more delicate ones near the front. Plant some sweet-scented flowers near the porch and near the windows of the living room. Plant little triangular beds in the sharp corners of the walks. Above all, do not put clashing colors together.-Indianap-

PLANTS AND THE SOIL.

There is no soil so poor that it can not be made to grow flowers, vegetables, shrubs and trees well, if properly treated. Successful cultivation demands two things-a good mechanical condition of the soil and richness. The first is equally as important, even more important than the second. Given a soil in good mechanical condition, it is simply necessary to work in the proper amount of well decayed manure at planting time.

Never dig fresh manure into the ground just before planting. If you have none which is well rotted and can not get any, then spread the fresh manure thinly on top of the ground between the plants and allow the rain to wash it in gradually. If the soil has been cultivated before and has plenty of decayed vegetable matter in it, excellent results may be things should look blue for the winwith artificial fertilizers bought from the florist or seedsman.

Bone is good, but it is not a com-plete fertilizer. Wood ashes should be used with caution, as the large amount of lime they contain may do mischief. The best is what is known as a complete fertilizer. Ask when you buy it how to use it and never use more than directions permit. A very light sprinkling over the soil after spading or plowing and then raked in is best. Chemical fretilizers are very strong and will kill or injure plants if used to excess .- Indianapolis News.

THE SUGAR BEET.

A subscriber, in Adams County, asks a number of questions about the culture of sugar beets; it is quite probable that many of our readers are interested in the subject. In Michigan and other States where considerable attention has been paid to the industry, the interest seems to be growing, and the indications are that growing the beets for the factory is a fairly profitable business for the far-Years ago when experiments mer. with beets were carried on at Perdue and in other parts of the State the sugar per cent. in our beets was found to be fully equal to that in other States where trial was made with them, and where since then large and prosperous factories for making the sugar have been maintained. have never fully understood why Indiana failed to engage in the beet sugar industry.

One question asked by our correspondent is "How many tons of sugar beets can one expect to raise, per acre, on ground that will produce from seventy-five to ninety bushels of corn?"

That would be number one land and would produce a crop of beets considerably above the average which is from twelve to sixteen tons per acre. Such land as he describes ought to be good for twenty tons. The factories pay from \$4 to \$4.50 a ton for the beets, the cost of producing harvesting varies from \$25 to \$30 an acre, so that a twenty-ton crop would be quite profitable.—Indiana Farmer.

Farm Topics -----

CARE OF THE COW.

Mr. Ferree Hoyt, of Washington County, Indiana, says to prevent a cow sucking herself, he uses the headstall of a halter, and puts on the cow's head, and a circingle around her body back of the forelegs, then take a piece of wood sufficiently strong, and of the proper length, to extend from the headstall back between the forelegs to the circingle. This prevents sucking, and is not a burden to the cow, he says.

SUCCESSFUL PIG GROWER Our experience in saving the pigs and geiting them started right has been for about fourteen years.

The first thing necessary to be a successful hog rainer is to get ready in a right way. I build my houses so the sow can keep warm if the thermometer stands at zero. I breed my sows to farrow in February and in August. In the fall I sow about three patches of rye and when it gets up good I let my pigs run on it until about Christmas, then I take them off for the spring litter. When the pigs are about one month old I begin to give them warm cream separator milk, and by the time they are nine or ten weeks old I have them ready to wean and push to a finish at seven or eight months.-Warren J. Smith, in the Indiana Farmer.

SILAGE IN LIEU OF PASTURE. Referring to feeding corn silage the year round, Hoard's Dairyman says that when land is too expensive to pasture, that is, when silage from an acre will feed three or four cows while an acre of pasture will feed only one or two cows, the silo becomes one of the most economical as well as the best methods of preparing succulent feed for cows the year round. We believe that a silo is one of the best methods of supplementing short pasture during the dry time in summer. Silage is not equal to good June pasture, but we do not know of a better substitute. There is no question but that more mick can be produced per acre by the use of the silo than from

an acre of grass. This is just the thing a good many dairy farmers have yet to fully realize, that corn silage can always be relied on fer producing milk, and especially is the thing to carry milk production through dry seasons when there is no grass pasturage.

FEEDING COWS FOR PROFIT.

A practical dairy farmer in Canada referring to his experience, in the Farm and Dairy, lays down the following rules for dairy feeding at the greatest profit:

First, build a summer silo and grow more corn, using ensilage to supplement pastures in summer.

Second, take fifteen acres of land (on a hundred-acre farm) near the buildings. Divide into three fields. Follow a three-year rotation thereon. First year: Corn, an early variety.

Feed in August and September. Second year: Mixed grain, oats, peas and barley (four bushels per acre) seed down ten pounds red clover, four pounds timothy per acre. Cut quite green in July. Do not allow to lodge.

Third year: Clover cut in late June and early August.

Do not hesitate to feed this fifteen acres of crop in the summer, even if ter forage supply. Let no consideration prevent its utilization at the proper time, not even an abundance of grass. It will always pay to feed such forage in summer.

MIXING CATTLE BREEDS. There is a good deal of force in the following, on the subject of crossing breeds, by a correspondent of the Breeders' Gazette. He says:

The tendency of the American farmer in the past has been to hybridize all his farm animals. Even his hens all became a mixture after a year or two. Especially has this been the case with farmers in the Eastern States. Those who had Jersey cows have crossed and re-crossed with Holstein-Fresian bulls until they have got neither one nor the other, and some of them come very to nothing. Some farmers near seemed to think they could outwit the Almighty by crossing the Jersey with the Holstein and so get the large flow of the Holstein with the rich milk of the Jersey. The difference between the two breeds is too great. Nature was shocked and dumbfounded. The result has been in many cases the small yield of the Jersey coupled with the poor quality of the

There is a vast difference between a good Holstein and a poor one, both in quality and quantity of milk. Jerseys also differ very much in regard to quantity of milk. A herd of first class Jersey cows is as good as a gold mine to a farmer who knows how to handle them for best results and improve them by judicious selection. The same can be said of the Holstein. The breeder of Holstein cattle is quite apt to condemn the Jersey cow, and the breeder of the Jersey is apt to condemn the Holstein. There are noble specimens in each breed, and the breeders, the men who handle the animals, are responsible for so many poor ones. It is the result of careleseness, lack of judgment, taste and discrimination.

The Shorthorns are rapidly coming to the front and the milking strain of this breed will doubtless supplant many of the mongrel Jerseys and If "steins that now occupy the land.

Women's Secrets

There is one man in the United States who has perhaps heard more women's secrets than any other man or woman in the country. These secrets are not secrets of guilt or shame, but the secrets of suffering, and they have been confided to Dr. R. V. Pierce in the hope and expectation of advice and help. That few of these women have been disappointed in their expectations is proved by the fact that ninety-eight per cent. of all women treated by Dr. Pierce have been absolutely and altogether cured. Such a record would be remarkable if the cases treated were numbered by hundreds only. But when that record applies to the treatment of more than half-a-million women, in a practice of over 40 years, it is phenomenal, and entitles Dr. Pierce to the gratitude accorded him by women, a specialists in the treatment of women's diseases.

Every sick woman may consult Dr. Pierce by letter, absolutely without charge. All replies are mailed, sealed in perfectly plain envelopes, without any printing or advertising whatever, upon them. Write without lear as without fee, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Prest.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

Makes Weak Women Strong, Sick Women Well.



No Heat Except Where Needed

Dishes hot-food well cooked-kitchen cool. No underdone food - no overheated kitchen in summer. Everything hot when wanted. Heat under perfect control and concentrated.

The blue flame is all heat-no smoke-ne odor-no dirt. These are

some of the advantages in using the

New Perfection

It has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot. Drop shelves for the coffee pot or saucepans, and nickeled towel racks.

It has long turquoise-blue enamel chimneys. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove very attractive and invites cleanliness. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet. CAUTIONARY NOTE: Be sure you get this slove see that the name-plate reads "NEW PERFECTION." Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

The Atlantic Refining Company

What is the farthest limit to which the human vision can reach? Power, in his book, "The Eye and Sight," gives the ability to see the star Alcor, situated at the tall of the Great Bear, as the test. Indeed, the Arabs call it the test star. It is most exceptional to be able to see Jupiter's satillities with the naked eye though one or two cases are recorded, the third satellite being the most distinct.-Strand Mag-

Dr. Pjerce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels, Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take. Do not gripe.

Cultivate Beauty.

Whatever there is of ugliness on and allows accumulation of filth and pollutes the streams whose waters should flow clear and pure. It is man whose commercial instinct and indifference and selfishness create those things which offend the physical idea of beauty and permit those things that are detrimental to the health and mor als of a community. The importance of the rapidly growing crusade against ugliness in municipalities cannot be overestimated. It does not deal with architectural incongruities, though they would be practically impossible in a community properly educated along the lines of the new movement. -Chester Republican.

The Weak and Helpless.

Those men who try experiments on the eyes of little orphan girls, sometimes blinding them for life, are cautious persons. They are wise in se lecting friendless children, for no an gry parent will call them into account weak and help'ess are the safest victims. Hence orphans and dogs for the vivisector's table. Is there to be no punishment for these medical degenerates who can deliberately and in friendless children?-Life.

IT WEARS YOU OUT.

Kidney Troubles Lower the Vitality of the Whole Body. Don't wait for serious illness; be-

gin using Doan's Kidney Pills when you first feel backache or notice urinary disorders. W. Gosden, 711 4 E. Marshall St., Richmond, Va., says:

"My doctor said l

had inflammation of the bladder. My limbs swelled to twice their real size and it seemed as if there were thousands of needles sticking into them. I had

been bedfast for three months when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Soon I was in better health than in

Remember the name-Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Rice production in the United States grew from an average of less than 100,000,000 pounds per annum a few years ago to an average of 500,000,000 pounds per/annum in recent years, and reached over 600,000,000 pounds in

For Red, Itching Eyelids, Cysts, Styes, Falling Eyelashes and All Eyes That Need Care, Try Murine Eye Salve. Aseptic Tubes, Trial Size, 25c. Ask Your Druggist or Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Rumors have been rife that the con stitution of young Japan is degenerate ing year after year, says the fibua Tsushinsha, but they are firmly de-nied by the authorities.



For Quarrymen, Miners, Farmers and All Men Who Do Rough Work

This means you. Made of steel. Lighter than leather. Outwear the shoes. They save you money. Easily attached. Any cobbler can put them on or your shoe dealer has shoes already fitted with them. Send for booklet that tells all about them. UNITED SHOE MACHINERY CO. BOSTON, MASS.

REE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine. letter and more economical than liquid antiseptics

FOR ALL TOILET USES.

TOILET ANTISEPTIC

germ-free teeth—antiseptically e mouth and throat—purifies the br after smoking—dispels all disagree after smoking—dispels all dis perspiration and body odors— preciated by dainty women.



A little Paxtine powder solved in a glass of hot w makes a delightful antiseptic

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., E