Syrup of Figs and Elixir & Senna acts gently yet prompt-ly on the bowels, cleanses the system effectually. assists one in overcoming habitual constipation permanently. To get its beneficial effects buy the genuine.

Manufactured by the CALIFORNIA SOLD BY LEADING DRUGGISTS - 501 pr BOTTLE

Plenty of Asphalt.

Asphaltic layers have been found in Syria near Kferie, a village about 25 miles northeast of the port of Latakia, along the road leading toward Aleppo, which have been declared by competent mining engineers to be not only rich in asphalt, but also practically inexhaustible.

ECZEMA FOR FIFTY-FIVE YEARS.

Suffered Torments from Birth—In Frightful Condition—Got No Help Until Cuticura Cured Him.

"I had an itching, tormenting eczema ever since I came into the world, and I am now a man fifty-five years old. I tried all kinds of medicines I heard of, but found ne relief. I was truly in a frightful condition. At last I broke out all over with red and white boils, which kept growing until they were as big as walnuts, causing great pain and misery, but I kept from scratching as well as I could. I was so run down that I could hardly do my work. I used Cati-cura Soap, Ointment, Resolvent, and Pills for about eight months, and I can truth-fully say I am cured. Hale Bordwell, Tip-

This say I am cured. In the bound went, Inp-ton, Ia., Aug. 17, 1907." "I cheerfully endorse the above testi-monial. It is the truth. I know Mr. Bord-well and know the condition he was in. Nelson R. Burnett, Tipton, Ia."

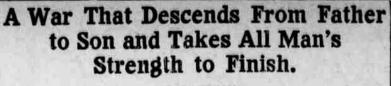
Lightning Strokes.

Fire insurance men estimate that 40 per cent of barn fires are due to lightning, 10 to 15 per cent to careless ness, 8 to 12 per cent to overheated flues, the balance to other causes, in cluding incendiarism. According to the report of the weather bureau of the department of agriculture for 1900, the total number of strokes of lightning in 1899 which caused dam age was 5,527, the number of build ings injured 6,256, value of property lost \$3,016,520, number of deaths by lightning 563, number of persons in-jured 820, number of live stock killed in the field 4,251.

Tall chimneys emitting smoke that carries moisture with it are more oft en struck than other objects, barns containing hay that gives off moisture by evaporation, and porus tree barks are frequently struck. For the same reason ice-houses are more attractive to lightning than other storehouses.-Suburban Life.

His Time Will Come.

The thing most talked about in the closing scenes of Harvard and Yale is the boat race. The man who leads in mathematics, sociology or Latin composition wanders in the valley of forgetfulness. But he will turn up some time when the fellows who won



The Fight Against Alcohol is Largely Physiological in Its Nature, Say the Medical Experts, Involving Many Complex Factors and Developing Some Remarkable Instances of Heroism.

a victim of drink.

young woman said to him:

the present. Unless you have fore-sworn this habit inside of six months

our marriage is out of the question.

The Value of Religion.

tate himself were fruitless. One Sun-

day morning the woman prevailed

upon him to go to church. After the

service she requested him to make a

call with her. Before he knew it he was inside of an institution for the

treatment of the victims of alcohol.

there until cured. That was several

years ago, but he has not taken a

drink of any intoxicating beverage

In the Middle West there is a re-

tired railroad man, now well along

in years, whose name is known to

since leaving the institution.

and tobacco, and his profanity.

forth twice in twenty-four hours. He

took a train out in the morning, came

back in the afternoon, and covered

Still the man's efforts to rehabili-

War has its gains and its losses, | ever since as heavily as in his younger but the grim records of men who days. fight the liquor habit to a finish, The combination of a woman's influence and the artificial support of a

when they are divested of every element of hysteria, every trace of pathos, are as eloquent of tragedy as the stories of individual strife on the bloodiest battlefield. A fairly large share of the tragedy

of the world is the tragedy of alcohol. Physicians will tell you that what is generally regarded as a moral and psychological battle is in reality a physiological battle—a fight against disease. The neurologist, the special-In a month he was readily classed as ist in mental diseases, will declare that the dipsomaniac who uses every effort of will power and resorts to the aid of science to be freed from the curse of drink is a victim of heredity; he fights a double battlethat against himself and that against his ancestors.

A peculiarly disheartening feature of this conflict of man against the enemy which overwhelms him, in the view of the scientific observer, is the waning resistance of the victim's will under the insidious and aggressive power of alcohol. Usually the victim is unaware that each fresh wrestle with the enemy weakens his determination, giving alcohol, in its physiological action, a distinct advantage.

The purpose of this article is to record plain, unembellished stories of men in all clases of life who did their best to overcome the drink He was informed that he must stay habit. Some of them won out, and some were defeated. Some of them tre alive, and others dead. In some instances the will power alone seems to have been the conquering agent, while in other cases artificial aid in the shape of the newer devices of Icience were brought into play.

A Case of Inheritance.

The first instance is that of a brain-worker, a man in his early for- years. In all that period of service ties. His story, as told to the writer by himself, indicates a strong hereditary element.

"My father," he said, "drank moderately in his early manhood. He received a sabre cut on the head in the Civil War, and I feel sure that his mentality was impaired as a result.

the same route again before the next "Later in his life he began to drink heavily. He was clearly a victim of morning. This train stopped at every station, and the physical strain on the alcohol. Finally he became practicalconductor was tremendous. ly a mental wreck from it, and he man was literally soaked in whisky ended his life with a shotgun. Two all the time, but apparently kept himof my mother's brothers died as the result of drink. self well in hand while on duty. Once

"I began to drink at fourteen; in fact, at that age I walked four miles through the snow at night to a distillery to get brandy. I got a gallon of it, and with the assistance of some young friends drank it. I kept on drinking. When a young man I began to study for the ministry. I put in three years taking a course in theology, and as a student preached in three parishes in one of the Southern States. I still drank, and I suddenly abandoned all thought of the church.

"It was necessary to do something else, and I engaged in literary work. kept on drinking, and I lost position

was a commotion in the water all about him, and then those on deck witnessed a horrifying spectacle. The swimmer was selzed by sharks, dragged down and was seen no more." Shipmasters, as a rule, abstain from intoxicants sufficiently to insure the safety of life and property so that it is not endangered through inebriety. There are, nevertheless, startling instances where sea captains have been unable to resist the craving for drink until there was reformation through the stimulus of despair. The writer was acquainted with a man who had a master's certificate, but who, because of his drinking habits, was unable to get command of a vessel. His father, a shipowner, at his death left him a square-rigged sailing ship.

The newly made captain and owner so-called cure averted the threatened was drunk when he left port with his wreck of the prospective happiness of two young people in this city. A ship. He remained drunk for two young man who had a responsible po-weeks, gave a wrong course to his first mate, and the vessel was sition as general agent of a great wrecked in shoal water. The crew wholesale house in this city was enclung to the top rigging, and lashed gaged to be married. A round of social calls and after-theatre parties themselves there. At the expiration of nine days a vessel sighted them, in company with his flancee was rebut all had died of thirst and hunger with the exception of the captain, whose remarkable vitality had pre-The young woman viewed the situaserved a spark of life.

tion with increasing alarm, and finally The captain recovered, and later obtained command of another ship. with growing horror and despair. The young man fought the bitter When he left port he was intoxicated fight, but all his efforts to overcome again. The vessel was wrecked, and what had grown into a confirmed he was rescued. He never drank again, but his master's certificate was habit were unavailing. Finally the canceled, and he served as mate in "Our engagement is at an end for humble vessels until his death two

years ago. Some years ago a two-term convict found himself on trial for a third felony. He declared that he had no recollection of any of his crimes and asserted that all were committed while under the influence of liquor. He was sentenced to State prison, and upon going there stated that while in prison he intended to find a way to cure not only himself of the whisky habit, but all who would listen to him.

He was put to work in the kitchen and in some way he obtained a quassia cup. These cups are turned from the trunk of the guassia treet, which is extremely bitter. Quassia is a well-recognized medicinal agent with tonic properties. The convict discove

ered that water embittered by contact every other railroad man in the with the guassia cup diminished his United States. He was a conductor taste for liquor, and in time he overon passenger trains for twenty-five came it altogether.-Once out of prison, this man dehe was noted for his great physical

voted a great deal of time to advocatendurance, his consumption of liquor ing the "quassia cure" for the liquor habit, and, so far as is known, he For several years this conductor had no relapse. had a run of fifty miles back and

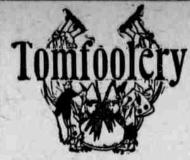
Frequently the change to an unexpected and unwelcome occupation provides the stimulus necessary to bring out the indomitable will power which rehabilitates a man who has been in the grip of drink.

A Texan told of his own experience in this connection, as follows:

"I was young, married and had what I considered an easy job as bookkeeper in a store in a small every two weeks he got two days. town. I began to drink, and before With the mental and physical relaxa-I knew it I was drinking altogether tion, alcohol gained the ascendency, too much. I found that my hands and he usually reeled home to sit in were shaky in the morning, and 1 front of a table loaded with pipe and had to take a 'bracer' before going tobacco, cigars and bottles of whisky. to work. Then I got to drinking in Finally there came the inevitable the daytime, and neglected my work. row with the division superintendent Finally, I lost my job. Then my over the conductor's habits, and the father took me aside and said: conductor lost his place. He stopped

" 'Young man, I have fifteen acres drinking, smoking and chewing on of sandy soil out back there. You the same day. That was twenty years know where it is; get out there and ago, and he has not touched whisky see if you can find your salvation.' or tobacco since. Although an ex-"I worked that piece of ground tremely profane man, this was his

reply when asked how he was able to overcome the fixed habits of a quarter worked it a second year with little



THE FATAL GIFT OF BEAUTY.

The novel reader cried: "I'm sick of the beauties of Enid and Fair, And proud Lady Gwendelen gives me a pain. Paint me a freckle-faced girl with red hair; Write me a novel of plain Mary Jane."

So the novelist wrote. But the novel read: Like roses bepowdered with gold was her face. A halo of flame-colored tresses had she; Though a duchess, she waived all her rights to "Your grace." And said. "To my lover, I'm plain Jeanne Marie."

-Judge.

FEW SPEAKING PARTS. 'All the world's a stage."

"Yes; and the majority of us are billed as 'citizens, villagers, populace,' and the like."-Houston Chronicle.

ONE EFFECT.

Knicker-"What would women do if they could vote?"

Bocker-"They would always look cool in a convention hall."-New York Sun.

A HAIRBREADTH ESCAPE. Stella-"I suppose you have had many hairbreadth escapes?

Knicker-"Yes; a woman's coiffure was all that kept me from seeing s play once."-Harper's Bazar.

HER INHERITANCE.

Jeannette-"Does Miss Boardman get her lovely complexion from her father or her mother?" Gladys (sweetly)-"From her fa-

ther. He's a chemist."-Tit-Bits.

WOMEN IN POLITICS. "Mrs. Wardheel is making trouble for the organization."

"As to how?" "Declares she'll wear no bosses

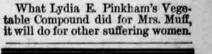
collarette."-Washington Herald. MUST BE.

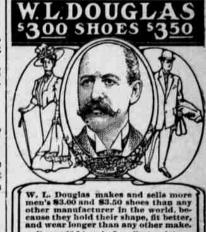


She-"is he such a credulous chap?" He-"I should say. Why, he car-

ries an umbrella if the weather man predicts snow."-New Orleans Picayune.

WHAT SHE WANTED.





At a time when the prohibition of alcoholic beverages has become more than an academic question in parts of the United States, it is in-teresting to read that Switzerland has outlawed absinthe, which, as is well known, is an emerald liquor made largely af wormwood macerat-ed in alcohol. The decision to forbid the manufacture and sale of absinthe in Switzerland was arrived at through the medium of a national referendum, which showed a majority of over 80,000 in favor of the proposition. This action of the democratic electorate is little short of heroic, for the most famous brands are made in Switzerland, notably at Neuchatel, and have been extensively exported, so that the prohibition put upon their manufacture and sale will seriously affect the government's revenue.-Providence Journal.

Switzerland Prohibits Absinthe

AND A WOMAN'S WORK



E. PINKHAM

Nature and a woman's work combined have produced the grandest remedy for woman's ills that the world has ever known.

In the good old-fashioned days of our grandmothers they relied upon the roots and herbs of the field to cure disease and mitigate suffering.

The Indians on our Western Plains to-day can produce roots and herbs for every ailment, and cure diseases that baffle the most skilled physicians who have spent years in the study of drugs.

From the roots and herbs of the field Lydia E. Pinkham more than thirty years ago gave to the women of the world a remedy for their peculiar ills, more potent and effica-cious than any combination of drugs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable

Compound is now recognized as the standard remedy for woman's ills.

Mrs. Bertha Muff, of 515 N.C. St., Louisiana, Mo., writes:

"Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my troubles public. "For twelve years I had been suffer-ing with the worst forms of female ills. During that time I had eleven different

ing with the worst forms of female ills. During that time I had eleven different physicians without help. No tongue can tell what I suffered, and at times I could hardly walk. About two years ago I wrote Mrs. Pinkham for advice. I followed it, and can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com-pound and Mrs. Pinkham's advice re-stored health and strength. It is worth mountains of gold to suffering women." women.

the boat race have been forgotten.

German Trust.

Negotiations among the German manufacturers of wall paper have finally led to the organization of a The seven leading manufacturtrust. ers who have already joined have a combined annual production of about \$2,620,000.

FRIENDLY TIP Restored Hope and Confidence.

After several years of indigestion and its attendant evil influence on the mind, it is not very surprising that one finally loses faith in things generally. A N. Y. woman writes an interest-

ing letter. She says:

"Three years ago I suffered from an attack of peritonitis which left me in a most miserable condition. For over two years I suffered from nervousness, weak heart, shortness of breath, could not sleep, etc.

'My appetite was ravenous but felt starved all the time. I had plenty of food but it did not nourisa me because of intestinal indigestion. Medical treatment did not seem to help, I got discouraged, stopped medicine and did not care much whether I lived or died.

"One day a friend asked me why didn't try Grape-Nuts, stop drinking coffee and use Postum. I had lost faith in everything, but to please my friends I degan to use both and soor became very fond of them.

"It wasn't long before I got some strength, felt a decided change in my system, hope sprang up in my heart and slowly but surely I got better. I could sleep very well, the constant craving for food ceased and I have better health now than before the attack of peritonitis.

"My husband and I are still using Grape-Nuts and Postum." "There's a Reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkga.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

of a century: after position. I was prevailed upon

to try one of the so-called 'cures.' I remained in the institution for five weeks, taking the full course of treatment. A week later Lwas drunk, and I kept on getting drunk. A year passed and I took the same course of treatment, but two days later I was drunk again. Then I took another variety of 'cure,' got drunk again, repeated the latest treatment I had tried, left the institution and went on a prolonged drinking bout.

"I went on this way as the occasion arose until eighteen months ago. Then I regained my senses after a long spree and announced that in thirty years I had had my share of rum. I said I would drink no more, and I have not touched liquor since."

In the northwestern part of the State there is a lawyer, an old man now, of whom his friends used to say: "If it hadn't been for rum he would have been President of the United States long ago."

This man's battle with alcohol and the domination of his iron will is the this was the peculiar feature of his most remarkable instance of the kind that has come under the personal observation of the writer in an experience in this line of observation extending over two continents.

profession and an eloquent pleader at the bar, was, to use his own expression, "drunk for thirty-nine years." He became involved in an argument with a school principal one day on the effects of alcohol on the

human anatomy. "Why, Judge," said the teacher in conclusion, "you couldn't stop drinking if you tried, and if you did you'd die

"You're a llar, Sir, to both of those propositions," was the furious retort. I've been drunk for thirty-nine years and I'm an old man, but I'll stop now. Not another drop shall pass my lips.

the did not die, but for three months from his chair and dived through the Times the struggle, mental and physical, was as bitter as death itself.

Eight years later the old lawyer was called to defend the prisoner in a notorious murder case. He began astern. A moment later the young to drink again. That was eleven man was seen swimming strengly, as

worked it a second year with little better success. The third year about The only thing that gave me

quered.

sailed.

The

strength to quit was God Almighty." The following story was told to the writer by a man who travels around the world once a year, on the average, and who has had many strange experiences in out-of-the-way places: Some years ago, at Shepheard's Hotel, in Cairo, I met a young man who, apparently, was engaged in a most earnest endeavor to rid himself of the liquor habit. He was a New Yorker and wealthy, having inherited his wife: a considerable fortune on the death of his father. Before leaving New York he had taken three courses of treatment in an institution whose

A Case of Violence.

business is to cure inebriety.

"This man was twenty-eight or twenty-nine years old, six feet three inches tall, and altogether a splendid physical specimen. He was accompanied by a physician and a valet. When in drink he was invariably in a fighting mood, I was informed, and

case. He had been up the Nile to Wady Halfa, then to Khartoum, and down to Cairo, where I saw him. With his attendants he boarded a P. & O. steamer to go to India, and on

The lawyer, a brilliant man in his this part of his tour a steward had instructions to watch him for eight hours of the twenty-four. With the doctor, valet and steward he had a sort of three-shift watch over him. "He boarded the P. & O. steamer

> at Suez, and there he met some friends he had known in Paris. Then, despite the vigilance of his attendants, he obtained some intoxicant.

"The boat was steaming along through the Red Sea on a calm, clear night with a full moon. This young man was in his pajamas and was sitting in his cabin talking to his valet, whose watch it was. This ship had large, square ports. Suddenly, with-He did stop-for eight years. And out warning, the young man sprang

open port into the sea.

"Instantly there was the cry o 'Man overboard!' The big ship was stopped and then put full speed

years ago, and he has been drinking though trying to save himself. There valued at \$15,000,003.

averaged up with the others. Then or gristle." I resolved that I was no farmer, but made a solemn promise to myself that if I could get a job in the city

again I would manage to get along without liquor.

"I got the city job, and I have kept my promise."

Tale of a Sea Captain.

Seventeen years ago a sea captain, whose home was in this city, said to

Herald. "If I ever get drunk again I'll blow

out my brains." He remained sober for fifteen

years. Two years ago the craving returned. He went to the nearest saloon, took three or four drinks of whisky, and shot himself to death at the table where he sat to drink. Of all the sea stories that have to do with loss through drunkenness of

ton Herald. the commander of a ship, the most tragic is one fresh in the minds of all seafaring men, and which involved the loss of more than a hundred lives.

The captain of a liner had made the most desperate efforts, according to endurance.' his friends, to stop drinking. Finally, it was believed that he had con-

"In fact," said the retired seafaring man who related this account to the writer, "he remained sober for ter years. Then he lost a son or a daughter, and began to drink again. He

left an English port for the United States, and he was not sober when he He drank heavily the first night from port, and gave a wrong course to the quartermaster.

The vessel struck that night on the Cornish coast, and a hundred lives were lost. It was officially reported that the captain perished, but it is whispered to this day wherever sailormen congregate that somewhere in the world the unhappy captain still lives."-From the New York

The number of books exported from Germany by German publishers last year exceeded 42,000,000, weighed 42,100,000 pounds, and were

Captious Customer-"I want a piece of meat without any bone, fat

Bewildered Butcher-"Madam, 1 think you'd better have an egg. Sketch.

ONE GOOD FEATURE. "I am not adroit. Every day I do something that makes me worry." "That's bad."

"Well, each new worry makes me forget the worry of yesterday. It might be worse." - Washington

IT IS.

"The vaudeville people seem to think the old jokes go best."

"That's a mighty comforting thought," declared the press humorist, as he tried to arrange some new angles to an ancient jest .--- Washing-

THE EXTREME OF STRENGTH.

"When I see what Barlow accomplishes I am forced to admiration." said Busting. "He has great physical

"Yes," replied Gargoyle. "That man has the constitution of a debutante."-London Telegraph.

A SCHEME.

"To what do you attribute your success?"

"To taking people at their word," answered the Polonius with chin whiskers. "Take a man at his word nowadays and it surprises him so that ie never fails to live up to it."-Houston Chronicle.

NEW ARABIAN NIGHTS.

A struggling author was once dreaming of the time when magazine publishers would come to him and fight for the exclusive rights to his writings at \$1 per word.

"But I shall spurn them." murmured he, at the same time launching a vigorous kick, which wrecked his typewriter.

It cost him \$2.35 to get the instrument repaired,-Louisville Ceurier Journal.

Shoes at All Prices, for Every Member of the Family, Men, Boys, Women, Misses & Children L. Donglas \$4.00 and \$5.00 GDE Edge Shoes exanot equalled as any price. W. L. Denglas \$2.00 and \$2.00 shoes are the last in the world

92.00 show are the best in the world Fast Color Expects Used Exectusively, ger Take No Substitute, W. L. Dongle nemes and price is stamped on bottom. Sol everywhere, Shoes mailed from factory to an part of the world. Catalogne free, W. L. DOUGLAS, 157 Spark St., Bruckton, Man.



Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from un-healthy germ-life and disagreeable odors, which water, soap and tooth preparat alone cannot do. A germicidal, disin-

ting and deodorizing toilet requisite of exceptional excellence and economy. Invaluable for inflamed eyes, throat and nasal and uterine catarrh. At drug and toilet stores, 50 cents, or by mail postpaid. Large Trial Sample



THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

