AMERICAN CONSULS.

Duties Are Misunderstood by Their Many of Our Citizens,

In almost every city and town in Europe-or all over the world, for that matter, if the city is of any size-there is an American consul or consul general. And, while the office of these functionaries is commercial in reality. looking after the imports and the exports between our country and others. still they take a friendly interest in American citizens traveling and are always ready to go out of their way even to be obliging in personal things. I explain this somewhat in detail, says an experienced traveler in the Delineator, as so many people, especially women, seem to have a notion that a consul is created for their especial benefit. And one of the most serious troubles these men have is with those who if their money runs short expect the consul to furnish them with some and often get insulting and threatening if It is not done. The same may be said in regard to our ambassador, for, while their positions are political and diplomatic, their offices are always open, and any information is always cheerfully given in case an American is in difficulty.

There are always certain public reception days at the homes of our consuls and our ambassadors, to which it is not difficult to obtained invitations. In fact, it is often announced in the daily papers that Americans in general are welcome, say on days like Thanksgiving, Fourth of July, and so on. In this way it is possible for one to see something of the lives of one's compatriots away from home.

A CUSTOM HOUSE TALE.

The American Who Landed In Ger many With a Box of Candy.

Germany is jealous of the foreign candy maker and exacts a rigorous toll upon anything in the shape of confeetionery that comes across its borders. Ignorant of this, one of Uncle Sam's sons disembarked from a liner at a German port carrying in his hand a five pound box of candy bearing a New York trademark. At sight of the box the Teutonic customs officials exhibited marked activity and prepared to seize upon it.

"Not for mine," said the American. "I won't give up a son. I'd rather eat the stuff here and now." He opened the box and commenced to dispose of its contents without delay. Everybody in sight was offered a handful. Nobody declined except the customs officer, who said blandly that he had not a sweet tooth. The traveler himself ate many pleces. It was not long before the last bit had been eaten.

As soon as the box was empty the official seized the traveler by the arm. "The gentleman," he announced, "will accompany me to the bureau, where we'll make out his bill for duty. Come. It is at the other end of the dock."

"Never!" said the American. "You have no right to charge me duty. 1 didn't bring it in. I'll see my consul right away, and he'll send a big fleet and bombard this blooming town."

"Softly," said the officer. "You'll pay duty, all right. There are fifteen witnesses to prove that that candy of yours was consumed on German soll." The duty was paid, and the consul

has not as yet been consulted .-- Philadelphia Ledger.

Ancient Enamels.

It is certain that glazes having the composition of good enamels were manufactured at a very early date. Excellent glazes are still preserved, and some of the bricks which have been found among the ruins of Babylon have been ascribed to the seventh or eighth century B. C. The glaze on the

THE LONE STAR RANGERS.

Courageous Men Who Are Loyal Guardians of the Law

"When in Austin, Tex., a few weeks ago," said J: D. Robey of Memphis, Tenn., "my attention was directed to a party of about a dozen men-blg, husk; fellows-most of them under thirty years, who were tramping along Congress avenue, not in a swaggerig way, but with a kind of rolling, sallorlike gait that seemed to differentiate them from ordinary citizens

"They had on broad brimmed sombreros, blue woolen shirts and high heeled boots, and I would have taken them for cowboys but for the big six shooters and cartridge belts that were strapped about their waists. This led me to surmise that they were members of the celebrated ranger force. and it turned out that they were. Their peculiar walk came from spending so much of their time on horseback.

"The Texas rangers are a pet institution, for they are a body of men who are ready to brave death at a minute's notice and who are the most loval guardians of law and order any state or nation ever employed. Utterly fearless of peril, they will go after the cattle thieves of the western plains or the smuggler of the Rio Grande or sit in district court rooms with their hands on their Winchesters to preserve the peace some murder trial, the hearing of nt which would bring on fresh tragedies even before judge and jury were it not for their presence.

"Occasionally a ranger gets killed in the performance of his duty, but it is far more frequently the case that it is the bad man or rustler who tries an argument with the mounted officer that gets his quietus from the muzzle of a death dealing gun. There is not a man in the force who is not a dead shot, and the ruffians they are after very rarely want to bring matters to that point where the deadliest aim gets the decision."-Baltimore American.

An Unusual Bit of Wrecking.

Robert Reid, the artist, is about to attempt an unusual feat in the way of "wrecking" in the near future in the Fifth Avenue hotel. He is going to direct work of taking down from the ceiling of the great hall on the second floor of the dismantled hostelry two circular mural paintings that he did for the hotel about fifteen years ago. Decorations of this kind are first painted on canvas in the same manner as any ordinary oil painting and then are fastened to the wall surface by a "paste" of white lead. When this lead becomes hard, the canvas practically becomes a part of the wall, and that is where the difficulty of removing a decoration of this kind comes in. The "wrecker' who is to do the work for Mr. Reid is no more certain that he will be able to get the two panels off without damaging them than the artist is, but they are both hoping for the best. In spite of the number of years the decorations have been on the celling they still preserve their original brilliancy of coloring .- New York Press.

Rat Extermination Virus Wanted.

Consul Maxwell Blake, at Dunfermline, reports that a movement has just been inaugurated by the commercial and scientific associations of Great Britain for the extermination of rats, which are very destructive to proper-The consul adds that it would ty. appear that the United Kingdom offers to American exporting chemists an attractive market for the sale of some rat destroying virus, harmless to other creatures, but spreading contamination and death to its own kind. Owing to the spreading by rats of trichinosis among swine, the German imperial chancellor has issued a recipe for the extermination of the rat in any district where trichinosis occurs

ANGIENT RING SEALS.

The Szored Beetle and Batts of Isis or the Fharaohs.

Among the riugs found in ancient Egyptian tombs are many which era dite archaeologists metrice to a perioslightly anterior to the deluge.

This, however, is debatable ground the deceptive morass of conjecture rather than the solid earth of fact. But we feel the latter beneath our feet when viewing the massive gold Egyp tian signet rings with revolving cylindrical bezels of indigo colored porcelain or the deep blue porcelain rings bear ing a bust of Isis or of one of the pharaohs in full relief. The former represent the primitive seals in use when the Israelites were bondmen and before the pyramids were built. The latter were the common adornments of the prototypes of the modern fellahin when Solomon was in his glory.

In neither case is the workmanship meritorious, the "prentice hand" being plainly visible. Skill in design and execution was acquired later and among the Etruscans attained a degree of excellence never since equaled. Such of their work as remains is a silent yet elogy at testimony to their marvelous skill, but the secret that enabled them to manipulate gold "fine drawn as hair" is one of the lost arts of the ancients. In the Etruscan as in the Egyptian

rings the device of the scarabaeus, or sacred beetle, figures prominently, for to both these remarkable races this curious insect was an object of profound veneration and as sacred and symbolic in their eyes as the cross is to the Christian.-Quiver,

ABYSS OF OCEAN.

Effects of the Fearful Pressure in the Depths of the Sea.

More than half the surface of the globe is hidden beneath water two miles deep; 7,000,000 square miles lie at a depth of 18,000 feet or more. Many places have been found five miles and more in depth. The greatest depth yet sounded is 31,200 feet, near the island of Guam.

If Mount Everest, the world's highest mountain, were plucked from its seat and dropped into this spot, the waves would still roll 2,000 feet above its crest.

Into this terrible abyss the waters press down with a force of more than 10,000 pounds to the square inch. The stanchest ship ever built would be crumbled under this awful pressure like an eggshell under a steam roller.

A pine beam fifteen feet long which held open the mouth of a trawl used in making a cast at a depth of more than 18,000 feet was crushed flat, as if it had been passed between rollers.

The body of the man who should at tempt to venture to such depths would be compressed until the flesh was forced into the interstices of the bones and his trunk was no larger than a

there was only one very stout python visible. These large reptiles evidently know but one way of settling a quarrel.-London Sketch.

WINSLOW TOWNSHIP

Public School Financial Statement for the Fiscal Year Ending June 1st, 1908. Whole number of schools Number of teachers employed..... 10.00 Treasurer's Account-Money Received. \$1,968

Rec'd from State appropriation Balance on hand from lest year From collector, taxes of all kinds From Co. Trens., uns't d lands, fines. From dog tax. From dig tax. From dig tax sources. Total receipts \$13,293 if Treasurer's Account-Money Paid Out. 82 0 288 7 8,880 8,980 Cuition to High School For rent, repairs, &c For Teacher's wages Am't paid teachers for attend'g inst. Far text books Supples other than text books For fuel and contingencies. All any of Sec., expenses, station'y, &c. 73 Money refunded 'Sykesville Rorough '75 For Treasurer's percentage for 1967. 222 For transportation of pupils. 323 For Transportation of pupils. 324 I other purposes, sundry expenses. 236 • Total money paid out. 13,766 **Resources** and Liabilities. Amount due district. Amount due Treasurer. Total debt of district. 368 24 265 51 549 31 Winslow Township District in Account with : Amos Strouse, Collector, for 1907. Balance uncollected of 1906.....

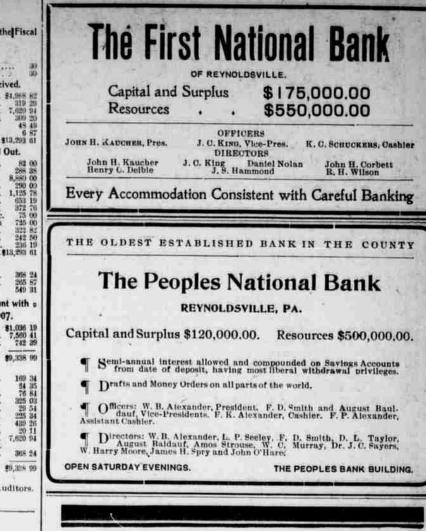
June 1, 1908.	JOHN SMP D. J. THO JOHN DAT	TH, MAS, JOHERTY,	{Au	ditor	÷.
	and set to		- 3	9,328	99
Amos St	rouse	** **** **	****	368	24
Balance due	er School Bos	soard	Col	7,620	114
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For property Exonerations	SCHOOL TH			225 430	
				20	54
Less 51 School taxes				76	
Taxes collect Less 2% Less 5%	teres a second or a			- 84	12
Taxes collect	nd lose 57			169	-
			1	19,338	191
Building				7,500	35
School				7.500	4

SHERIFF'S SALE. By virtue of a writ of Fierl Facias, etc., is-sued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Jefferson county, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose to public sale or outcry at the court house in Brookville, Pa., on

FRIDAY, JUNE 5th, 1908.

At 1.00 o'clock p. m., all the following de-scribed real estate, to wit: All the defendant's right, title interest and claim of, in and to all that certain piece, par-cel or tract of land, situated in Beaver town-ship, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania, bound-and and described as follows, to-wit: Begin-ning at a post, the southwest corner of the piece, on the Jefferson and Clarlon county line, thence north along said line and other land of 1. J. Swartz in Clarlon county, one hundred and seven (107) perches to a post; thence east forty (40) perches to a post; thence south one hundred and seven (107) perches to a dogwood; thence west forty (10) perches to a the place of beginning; con-taining it wenty-five (25) acrees and allowance of six per centum. Bounded on the north by ands of Mrs.C. W. Ditty and heirs of John C. Smith, deceased, on the south by lands of heirs John C. Smith, deceased, and on the west by the aforesaid other land of L. J. Swartz. Being the same hand Charles C. Gaskill, ex-cutor, conveyed to George Keck by deed dated Uctober 12, 1850, of record in the Rec-order's office of Jefferson county in beed Book No, 6, Page 28, from whom it pussed to his son, John Keck, who by deed dated Octo-ber 14, 1867, of record in the Recorder's office of Clarlon county in Deed Book No, 18, page s, conveyed the same to asid I. J. Swartz, and in good state of cultivation and under-laid with lime and coal; good spring water. Setted and taker in execution and to be sout of H. K. F. Blandy, for the use of Benja-in Keck, now for use of Benjamin Keck, executor of John Keck, deceased. M. COMBETT. At 1.00 o'clock p. m., all the following de-scribed real estate, to-wit:

forced into the interstices of the bones, and his trunk was no larger than a rolling pin. Still, the body would reach the bottom, for anything that will sink in a tub of water will sink to the ut termost depths of the ocean.—Brooklyn Eagle. How Pythons Settle Quarrels. It was in October, 1804, that the big python at the zoo fell into the deplora-ble error of swallowing his compan-ion, a snake only a few inches shorter than himself. A similar disaster is reported from Bombay, where for some years two large Indian pythons had occupied a cage in the museum of the Bombay Natural History society. There was some misunderstanding be-tween them over a partridge, for they were found so tightly entangled in each other's coils that the utmost en-deavors of peacemaking keepers fail-ed to effect a separation, and they were left to settie the matter accord-ing to their own lights. Next day there was only one very stout python visible. These large reptiles evidently





HE manufacturers of Clothcraft Clothes long ago foresaw that the easiest and best way to increase the demand for their garments-was to make them honestly and be honest with their customers-the wearers.

To put the best possible value in their garments and sell them at a moderate cost to many, rather than at a greater profit to a few -was their endeavor.

This is why Clothcraft Clothes are such big values at such moderate prices.

\$10.00 to \$25.00 BING-STOKE CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD BULLETIN

REDUCED RATES TO WESTERN CITIES.

For the benefit of delegates attending the sessions of the bodies enumerated below and others desiring to visit the cities of the west, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged to place on sale to all persons excursion tickets to the various meeting places at a considerable reduction from the usual fares;

Babylonian bricks was found upon examination to have a base of soda glass, or silicate of sodium. Glazes of a similar character were also manufactured by the Egyptians as early as the sixth dynasty. There can be little doubt that the Greeks and Etruscans were also acquainted with the art of enameling. -New York American,

The Living Present.

He that hath so many causes of joy. and so great, is very much in love with sorrow and peevishness who loses all these pleasures and chooses to sit down upon his little handful of thorns. Enjoy the blessings of this day if God sends them, and the evils of it bear patiently and sweetly, for this day only is ours. We are dead to yesterday. and we are not yet born to the morrow. But if we look abroad and bring into one day's thoughts the evil of many, certain and uncertain, what will be and what will never be, our load will be as intolerable as it is unreasonable. -Jeremy Taylor.

Fountain Pens.

It is a popular fallacy that fountain pens are quite a modern invention. As a matter of fact, an old work of reference published in 1795 contains an Illustration of a fountain pen, the appearance of which is very much like those sold at the present time. Its construction, however, was somewhat elaborate and clumsy, the pen consisting of various pieces of metal which had to be screwed and unscrewed before the pen could be used.

A Pessimist.

Agent-How long do you intend to re-main in Washington? Reformer-Unfil congress passes a couple of neces-sary laws that— Agent-Geel You ion't want to rent a house. You'd better buy one.-Washington Herald.

An Undercut.

Ruby-Charlle took me in to dinner the other night. He and Fred tossed and Charlie- Beryl-Lost, as usu-Will be never learn better than to gamble?-Kassas City Newsbook.

The Pneumatic Tube.

A nove! experiment to demonstrate the practicability of a pneumatic parcel carrier was recently made in Chicago. The "parcel" shot through a short length of sample tube was a thirteen-year-old boy. He traveled at the rate of sixteen miles an hour and was in no way the worse for the journey. J. M. Masten, superintendent of the railway mail service, and Postmaster Campbell of Chicago witnessed the experiment as representatives of the postoffice department, which is looking into the device. The inventor declares that with a tube between New York and Chicago mail can be shot from one city to the other in seven hours.

Objected to the Cradle.

The German emperor is said to have protested against the expenditure of \$1,200 on a cradle for the baby heir to the duchy of Saxe-Coburg, the cradle being profusely trimmed with real lace. "Had it been for a princess it would

have mattered less," remarked his majesty, "but how can a warrior fit to be a German prince come out of such a cradle, decorated at the cost of a year's salary of an official or professional man?

The Favorites In Japan.

Our referendum among the leading personalities of this country on the question, "What is your opinion of the great men of Europe and America?" has resulted as follows: Washington and Napoleon are the greatest favorites, after whom come Hannibal, Caesar and Charles XII. of Sweden. Among the most disliked are Brutus, Cromwell and Darwin. - Nihanoyabi Nihonjiu, Tokyo.

Put Up or Shut Up.

If you don't like the tone of this paper, tell us in a letter containing a dollar bill, the price of a year's subscription. Otherwise keep still, as it's none of your darned business.-Spring Hill (Kan.) New Era,

His Parting Shot.

The late Catholic Lishop Raphoe, Ireland, used often to tell this story with much enjoyment, "I was suddenly called," he said, "from my home to see an unfortunate sailor who had been cast ashore from a wreck and was lying speechless on the ground, but not quite dead. 'The life's in him still, your reverence-he stirred a little,' so 1 stooped down and said to him, 'My poor man, you're nearly gone, but just try to say one little word or make one little sign to show that you are dying in the true faith.' So he opened one of his eyes just a wee bit, and he said, 'Bloody end to the pope!' and so died.'

Every Bird a Weathercock.

"Where's the wind?" scoffed the sail-"Why, look at the birds. They'll tell you. Don't you know that every bird's a weathercock? Stop moistenin' your finger and holdin' it up," he went on in a tone of disgust. "The practice sin't hardly cleanly. Look at the birds is all you got to do, for every bird sets with its head always straight at the wind. Every live bird in a tree is as reliable a weathercock as them dead birds on the spires."-New York Press.

A Retreating Chin.

Nothing weakens a face more than a retreating chin. Unfortunately comparatively little can be done for it. It can be remedied to a certain extent in childhood by rubbing from the throat up and out, holding the head well up during the process. Sometimes, too, the trouble may be caused by the way the jaws close on account of the position of the teeth, and a good dentist may often be of help. Bandages worn round the chin at night, so placed that the lower jaw is forced forward, will sometimes remedy the defect slightly. especially when begun on quite young chlidren.-Exchange.

TERMS:

CHARTER NOTICE.

CHARTER NOTICE. Notice is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsyl-vania on Friday. June 19th, 1908, by W. B. Alexander, E. M. Queen, Charles M. Milliren and John O'Hare, under the Act of Assembly entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorpor-ation and regulation of matural gas com-panies," approved the 29th day of May, A. D. 1855, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation, to be called the Sutter Oil and Gas Company, the charter and object of which is for the pur-pice of producing, dealing in, transporting, storing and supplying natural gas to consum-ers in the various townships and boroughs in the counties of Jefferson and Clearfield, and for these purposes to have, possess and e. joy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto. G. M. McDoxan, volicitor.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of May, A. D., 1998, the Mahoning Pow-eer Company filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Lackawanna county its petition praying for a decree of dissolution, and that hearing upon said application for dissolution has been fixed by said court for the 16th day of June, 1988, at 9 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons interested may attend and show cause against the granting of the prayer of the said petition if they so desire. WRLES and TOUREY, Bolicitor for Petitioner.

If you have anything to sell, try our Want Column.

CHICAGO, ILL. American Medical Association, June 2 to 5. Tickets sold May 28 to 30, good returning until June 12, inleusive.

LOUISVILLE, Ky. International Sunday School Association, June 15 to 23. Tickets sold June 13 to 17, good returning until June 26, inclusive.

CHICAGO, ILL. Republican National Convention, June 17. Tickets sold June 12 to 16, good returning until June 27 inclusive.

DENVER, COL. Democratic National Convention July Tickets sold July 1 to 4, good to return until July 17, 7. inclusive.

CLEVELAND, OHIO. International Convention, Baptist Young People's Union of America, July S to 12. Tickets sold July 6 to 8, good to return until July 15, inclusive.

ST. PAUL, MINN. Imperial Council, Mystic Shrine, July 13 to 18. Tickets sold July 9 to 11, good to return until July 25, inclusive.

COLUMBUS, OHIO. Prohibition National Convention, July 14 to 16. Tickets sold July 10 to 13, good to return until July 24, inclusive.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND. National Convention, |A. 'O. H., July 20 to 25. Tickets sold July 17 to 19, good to return until July 31, inclusive.

TOLEDO, OHIO. National Encampment, G. A. R., Aug. 31 to September 5. Tickets sold August 27 to 3, good to return until September 15, inclusive.

DENVER, COL. Sovereign Grand Lodge, I.O.O.F., September 19 to 26. Tickets sold 15 to 17, good to return until September 30, inclusive.

The Pennsylvania Railroad maintains a comprehensive schedule of fast express trains to Chicago, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Louisville, Columbus, Cleveland, and Toledo from the principal cities of the east.

Full details of the reduced fare arrangements for these conventions and the through western train service may be obtained of any Pennsylvania Railroad Ticket Agent.

The Star's Want Column never fails to bring results