

WESTREYNOLDSVILLE

Auditors' Statement for the Year Ending March 9, 1908.

W.B. STAUFFER, Tax Collector, in account with the borough of West Reynoldsville, Pa., for the year ending March 9, 1908.

DR. TO 1907 TAXES.

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes 'To amt due last settlement' and 'By amt exonerations'.

Water Tax. DR. To amt due last settlement.

By amt exonerations. 5% Col.'s % on \$18 10.

Treasurer's receipts. returned to Commissioners.

due boro. Light Tax. DR. To amt due last settlement.

By amt exonerations. 5% Col.'s % on \$11 24.

Treasurer's receipts. returned to Co. Comm.

due boro. Light Tax. DR. To amt duplicate.

5% Col.'s % on \$107 04.

By amt exonerations. 5% rebate on \$61 84.

5% Col.'s % on \$81 84.

5% Col.'s % on \$34 44.

5% Col.'s % on \$23 91.

Treasurer's receipts. returned to Co. Comm.

due boro. Light Tax. DR. To amt duplicate.

5% added on \$52 59.

By amt exonerations. 5% rebate on \$60 41.

5% Col.'s % on \$18 26.

5% Col.'s % on \$30 82.

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SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, etc., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Jefferson county, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose to public sale on outcry at the court house in Brookville, Pa., on

FRIDAY, APRIL 10th, 1908

At 1:00 o'clock p. m., all the following described real estate, to-wit:

All the defendant's right, title, interest and claim of, in and to all the following described real estate, to-wit:

First: All those certain town lots situate in Rose township, Jefferson county and state of Pennsylvania, known as lots numbers 21, 22 and 23 in the plot or plan of Mabon's addition, situate in the borough of Brookville, and that these lots adjoining each other and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of the same, thence north 23 1/2 degrees east along a 51 foot street 150 feet to the corner of lot No. 20 in said addition; thence along line of lot No. 23, south 81 1/2 degrees east 150 feet to an alley; thence along said alley south 28 1/2 degrees west 180 feet to a 16-foot alley; thence along said alley north 81 1/2 degrees west to the place of beginning, containing in all 27,000 square feet, more or less, and bounded on the west by a 30-foot street, on the north by lot No. 20, on the east by the alley, on the south by an alley, and containing the same three lots of land conveyed by Thomas Mabon and wife to Mathias Bridge and Barbara Bridge, his wife, who is now the present grantor, the title to the same having been vested in her as the survivor of her husband, Mathias Bridge, deceased. Recorded in Deed Book 4, page 28. Said land and good state of cultivation and having thereon a number of fruit trees and a well of good water.

Second: All that certain tract, piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Rose, county of Jefferson and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post on the corner of M. Heffer and the Indiana road; thence south 61 1/2 degrees east 74 feet to a post; thence along land of said Heffer north 29 degrees east 150 feet to an alley; thence south 61 1/2 degrees east 102 1/2 feet to a street; thence along said street south 28 1/2 degrees west 150 feet to a post at the intersection of said street and Indiana road; thence north 103 feet to a post, in the line of said Indiana road; thence west 5 feet to a post; thence north 2 degrees east along the Indiana road 23 1/2 feet to the place of beginning, containing 3,129 7/10 sq. ft., more or less, and being the same piece of land that was conveyed by Thomas Mabon and wife to the said Jeremiah Wilson by deed dated 1st day of November, 1872. Recorded in Deed Book No. 45, page 41. Said land and having thereon erected a frame dwelling house 16x23 feet, one and one-half stories high; one frame building containing 120 square feet, one and one-half stories high, with addition 12x22 feet, one story high, fruit trees and a well of good water.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of W. G. Kochemeyer, at the suit of Jeremiah Wilson, for use of Thomas Mabon, deceased, now for use of Edna Welch, Harriet Ferguson, Louisa Milliken and Mary A. Jenks, legal heirs and representatives of Thomas Mabon, deceased.

TERMS: Cash. J. STEWART, Sheriff.

Also—All the defendant's right, title, interest and claim of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Rose, county of Jefferson, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the northeast corner at a post on Mill alley; thence south 100 feet and fifty feet to a line of lot formerly owned by Joseph Strout to Hill street; thence west along Hill street sixty feet to a post, corner of lot owned by Robert Mull; thence along Mull line one hundred and fifty feet to Mill alley; thence along Mill alley sixty feet to place of beginning, containing 2,900 square feet, more or less. Having erected thereon one dwelling house 22x32 feet, containing 7 rooms; also barn and other necessary outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Joseph Renna and Andrea Renna at the suit of M. M. Fisher.

McDONALD, Sheriff.

Also—All the defendant's right, title, interest and claim of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Sandy Valley, Winslow township, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on the line of the public road leading from Falls Creek to Reynoldsville; thence north one hundred and fifty (150) feet; thence west sixty (60) feet; thence south to the aforesaid public road one hundred and fifty (150) feet; thence east along said road sixty (60) feet to the place of beginning, containing nine thousand square feet (9,000 sq. ft.). All the coal and minerals are reserved with the right of ingress and egress upon and from the said land for the purpose of examining and searching for and mining and manufacturing the said coal and other minerals for market and taking, removing and transporting the same. Having erected thereon a two-story, five roomed frame dwelling house and necessary outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Ella Kalne and Philip Kalne and Ruth Kalne and Ella Kalne, minor children of Ella Kalne, at the suit of the Reynoldsville Building and Loan Association.

LeV. Pa. No. 21. DAVIS, Sheriff.

Also—All the defendant's right, title, interest and claim of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Warrington township, county of Jefferson and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post on the east line of Warrant No. 378; thence by land of Joseph McCracken south 34 degrees east 16 perches to a post; thence by lands of Edwin heirs south 89 degrees west 20 perches to a post; thence by land formerly of T. K. Litch east north 24 degrees west 16 perches to a post; thence by same lands north 89 degrees east 24 perches to place of beginning, containing two acres, more or less, being same land conveyed to Mrs. Anna Ewing by Rebecca Litch, et al., by deed dated the 3rd day of September 1881. See deed book No. 45, page 28. Having thereon erected a four roomed frame dwelling house, small barn and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Mrs. Anna Ewing at the suit of E. V. Kyle.

LeV. Pa. No. 34. BROSIUS, Sheriff.

TERMS: The following must be strictly complied with when property is stricken down: When the plaintiff or other creditors become the purchaser, the cost on the writs must be paid, and a list of liens, including mortgage searches on the property sold, together with such other creditor's receipts as the amount of the proceeds of the sale or such proportion thereof as he may claim must be furnished to the sheriff.

\*See Purdon's digest, 9th, Ed., page 448.

\*Smith's form, Page 384.

All bids must be paid in full.

All sales not settled immediately will be continued until two o'clock p. m., of day of sale at which time all property not settled for will again be put up and sold at the expense and risk of the person to whom first sold. All writs stated after being advertised, the cost of advertising must be paid.

GRANT SCHEAFNOCKER, Sheriff.

March 9, 1908.

Breaking the News.

Capt. Pritchard of the Mauretania was talking about sailors.

"We are a bluff lot," he said. "Did you ever hear about the sailor and the parrot?"

"Well, once upon a time an old lady was returning from abroad with a parrot of which she was very fond. She intrusted the bird, with many admonitions, to a sailor for the voyage.

"Seasickness, or something, killed the parrot the third day out. The sailor, knowing how upset the old lady would be, could not bring himself to tell her the sad tidings, but asked a companion, famous for his skill in such matters, to break the bad news to her very, very gently. The man assented.

"And approaching the old lady with a tragical face, the famous news-breaker touched his cap and said: 'I'm afraid that 'ere bird o' yours ain't goin' to live long, ma'am.'"

"Oh, dear!" exclaimed the old lady in alarm. "Why?"

"'Cause he's dead," was the reply."

—Washington Star.

The zinc mines of Prussia produce more than one-half of the world's total consumption.

WOMEN: THEIR FADS.



THEIR FASHIONS. THEIR WORK. THEIR ART.

HOW TO SIT GRACEFULLY.

When sitting, says The Delineator, be sure that your hips are never brought farther forward than your shoulders.

The proper way is to get your hips as far back as possible in the chair and firmly settled there.

Then you can imagine the upper part of your body a stem, swaying as it will. You can bend forward or sideways, but you will never want to bend back, and even if you grow to be stout, you will still look well when sitting, and if you want to lean back in a steamer chair you may even be graceful.

MERELY A POLITE FICTION.

The polite fiction obtains that marriages are made in heaven. This romantic viewpoint is particularly popular in America, where it is held to be highly improper for parents to make any move toward securing good husbands for their daughters, and instead for girls to manifest any interest in the subject themselves.

The conventional theory is that the matter is on the knees of the gods, and that in due season husbands will be provided like manna in the wilderness for the sustenance of the faithful. Unfortunately this miracle does not always come off for every woman. The supply of manna gives out. There are not enough husbands to go around, and these are unevenly divided. Some women get three or four, while others get none, but neither the old maids nor their parents realize that the reason that they did not share in the dispensation was their own fault, because they did not put themselves, as old-fashioned Methodists used to say, in an attitude to receive the blessing. — Dorothy Dix, in Ainslee's.

WORTH ON COLOR.

"I will not insult the intelligence of my audience by insisting upon the now exploded theory that there are certain colors exclusively dedicated to the brunette, and others the sole possession of the blonde," says Worth, of Paris, in Harper's Bazar.

"When crude dyes only were obtainable, it was perhaps necessary to say to the dark woman, 'For you there must exist only yellow and pale blue,' and to the blonde, 'You must look upon no other color save green and light red.'"

"But now contemplate the nuances of every dye; contemplate, too, the changes that are run on the definition 'brunette' and 'blonde.' Besides, if there is one point upon which women are usually good judges for themselves it is color.

"While, however, roughly speaking, white is for everybody, mauve for the very fair, blue for the brunette and red for the blonde, I would add that age should be circumspect in a decision as to color schemes. With white, black, gray and purple at her command, why should the woman of sixty insist upon pink, which is certain to make her appear years and years older than she really is?"

HER SIMPLE LIFE.

Never have the benefits of the "simple life" been more thoroughly—albeit unwittingly—demonstrated than by a poor widow lacemaker at Rapallo, on the Italian Riviera near Genoa. Known popularly as "La Caterina del Cent' Anni" (Hundred-Year-Old Catherine), the old lady in question, who is quite a local character, was commonly supposed to have completed her century long ago, but a search of the baptismal registers has established the fact that she was born in December, 1807.

Her one hundredth birthday took the character of a public celebration. La Caterina's jubilee is a unique event, inasmuch as she has earned her scanty living as a lacemaker for exactly ninety years, her average daily net profits amounting to fifteen centesimi, or three cents. Her meals are necessarily of the simplest, consisting as they do of a salad of herbs which she herself gathers in the fields, a piece of bread and now and then an orange. Meat is a luxury she has not been able to afford often than once a year.

After forty years of married life she was left a widow, and since then she has lived in a little room which is never heated, although the tramontane sometimes bites shrewdly. A fire in a room, she declares, makes her ill. This cheerful exponent of the "simple life" has preserved amazing physical and mental vigor. She still works without spectacles, and sees no reason why she should not celebrate in ten years' time her centenary as a lacemaker.

JUST GOSSIP.

Edith Wharton, when she wrote "The House of Mirth," described a large New Jersey country home, where members of the smart set often meet for week-end or fortnight visits. This great manor house has stood for a century or more, and probably will be improved rather than harmed by time in those days when "The House of Mirth" will be considered a curiosity rather than a classic. If the smart world improves in "manners and morals," doubtless the readers will be shocked to the same degree as we people of the twentieth century when we read of some of the mirth and sin of old court days in France. At parties given in the home that, perhaps, was only a suggestion as Mrs. Wharton's imagination shaped "The House of Mirth," the guests live and act just as they would at a great hotel. To a degree, this is a custom at Dr. W. Seward Webb's country home, but at "The House of Mirth"—for the real structure of brick and stone is now known by this name when the owner is not within hearing—the parties are strange indeed. People dine in their rooms, form little parties for cards, ignoring some of the visitors, order what they want in the way of refreshment and entertainment, and are as indifferent to each other as they would be in a large hotel. Bachelors who are hangers-on covet an invitation to this house, and, without all the old-fashioned courtesies between hostess and guests, certainly it is not visiting, but simply an easy way to get board for nothing. The farmer folk would undoubtedly, in many cases, call it "sponging." Probably from a house such as this emanated the story regarding the book entitled "Complaints of Guests." The hostess, it is related, placed in the hall a large volume so entitled, and its purpose and name were plainly printed on the cover. She failed to look at the book until the fourth day, and then she read "knocks" and "kicks" as follows: "If you are looking for motives for divorce I know some very good ones, and am ready to inform you of them."

"Your husband is much too garrulous. If he goes on talking so much all your guests will go away."

"My wife has been ill all night; the cooking is much too highly seasoned."

—From Brooklyn Life.

INDUSTRIAL CONDITIONS.

The Woman's Fortnightly Club, of Albany, N. Y., held a largely attended open meeting, at which Miss Helen Varick Boswell delivered an address on "Industrial Conditions of Women Wage-earners," on behalf of the welfare department of the Civic Federation. She said in part:

"Every woman in this country is a part of the industrial life of the country, if not through her own efforts, then through those of the men in her family. She should acquaint herself with its conditions, and the fundamentals upon which industrial life is built. We are striving for a higher standard of living. How shall we start to build up that if not by improving the condition of the people who help to create the products of the world? The welfare department covers such subjects as apply to the health, the recreation, education and housing of employees. Under its organization of co-operation employers get together to compare notes, and to plan such improved features as may be worked out. Progressive business men realize the economic strength of their position when they put time, thought and money into the highest development of the conditions surrounding their work-people. Many business men do this without other than their own prompting, but we all know that public sentiment is a great factor in bringing about any needed reform, and it is well that there should be brought before men and women the old and new methods under which work is done, so that we may see improvements, see bad conditions, and where judicious suggestions may be made for improvement. Just here is where the clubwomen of this State can, and often do, exert a powerful influence for good by personally looking after the degree of enforcement of laws and endeavor for improving factory and shop conditions. There will be found no greater antidote to the dangerous encroachments of socialism than such welfare work. The cry of the Socialist is always that nothing has been done, nothing is being done, and nothing will be done for the amelioration of the working man and woman. To show that much is constantly in progress to improve conditions is the best answer to the Socialist cry, and the way to prevent the making of Socialists is to surround workers with such conditions as will make them comfortable in their work, happy in their homes, and appreciative of the form of government under which they live. The real laborers of the country have no Socialistic trend. One of the best known leaders, Samuel Gompers, has said: 'I have kept close watch upon your socialistic doctrines and the work of your movement for thirty years, and I am entirely at variance with your philosophy. I am not only at variance with your doctrines, but believe economically you are unsound, socially you are wrong, industrially you are an impossibility.'"

The pessimists of the country have had so much to say of the horrors of our industrial life that I am glad to show some of its brighter sides and to bring before you by means of stereoscopic pictures the many advances and improvements that are daily being made for the comfort and health of women workers especially.

It is better to make one reform and stick to it than to scatter on a dozen and miss all of them.

TEN YEARS OF BACKACHE.

Thousands of Women Suffer in the Same Way.

Mrs. Thos. Dunn, 153 Vins St., Columbus, Ohio, says: "For more than ten years I was in misery with backache. The simplest household completely exhausted me. I had no strength or ambition, was nervous and suffered headache and dizzy spells. After these years of pain I was despairing of ever being cured when Doan's Kidney Pills came to my notice and their use brought quick relief and a permanent cure. I am very grateful."

Bold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sorry as Usual.

A man in a Florida town, smoking in bed, went to sleep with a lighted cigar in his mouth. As a net result over 200 buildings were burned, including residences, hotel, factories and business places; 1,000 people were made homeless, a woman died from shock, 4,000 workers were thrown out of employment and his smoke cost about \$800,000. Of course the smoker was sorry, just as the next careless smoker who works more destruction than a blizzard or a tornado will be.

What Causes Headache.

From October to May, Colds are the most frequent cause of Headache. Laxative Bromo Quinine removes cause. E. W. Grove on box. 25c.

Greatest Hebrew Scholar.

Rabbi Bernhard Felsenthal, the oldest Jewish theologian in the United States, who recently died in Chicago, was recognized as the world's greatest Hebrew scholar. He was born in Germany and had been a resident of Chicago since 1858.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Woman's Secret.

Every woman has a secret that she will not tell her neighbors. If she is of the house-keeping kind of woman it is a secret connected with good bread making, or a certain way of testing whereby she can make coffee that her neighbors despair of equaling. If she is a vain woman, it is a secret of putting face powder so that it does not show, or the secret of making some kind of lotion that will take off sunburn. Don't say that a woman can not keep a secret.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.

Pazo Ointment is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

A New Engineering Feat.

In bridges and other structures of iron or steel, it often happens that some one of several parts in tension does not support its share of the load, and instead of the usual expensive and troublesome plan of taking down the parts and forging them in a blacksmith shop, Hasenkamp, a German engineer, proposes making the adjustments in lengths with the structure intact. His plan is to use a thermite for heating the part in place. This material, a mixture of iron oxide and aluminum, is readily ignited, and it burns with an intense heat, which may reach 5,000 degrees Fahrenheit, through the affinity of aluminum for the oxygen of the iron oxide. Clamps are fastened to the steel part on each side of the split to be heated. These clamps are connected by bolts, and when the right temperature is reached turning the nuts shortens the steel permanently to the extent desired. The operation, requiring but a few minutes, does not interfere with traffic.

Proof is inexhaustible that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound carries women safely through the Change of Life.

Read the letter Mrs. E. Hanson, 304 E. Long St., Columbus, Ohio, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I was passing through the Change of Life, and suffered from nervousness, headaches, and other annoying symptoms. My doctor told me that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was good for me, and since taking it I feel so much better, and I can again do my own work. I never forget to tell my friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for me during this trying period."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

MASTER AND EXAMINER'S NOTICE.

The School District of Skylesville Borough, vs. The School District of Winslow Township.

In the Court of Common Ple