MISERLINESS.

Starving and Saving For Others to Spend When You're Dead.

"I'm not opposed to a man saving remarked the undertaker, lighting a fresh clgar, "but I can't help feeling that it is wrong for one to do it by meanness and by denying one self comforts. It is because I see so much of this that I feel this way.

"Whatever is the reason I must say that in my observation the usual result is that when one has saved up money by this self dental the ones who receive the money after death usually

"To illustrate this let me tell you of a specific case. A few years ago an elderly woman died in our city. I was called to care for the remains. I assure you that the room into which I went was one of the barest and most desolate places I ever saw. There was none of those little things which go to make a room comfortable and cheer ful. I couldn't but help thinking that the poor woman's life had been a dreary one. In a way I still think so.

She was a maiden lady about seventy. In the town was one woman who had been her friend. She sent word to me to bring the remains there No one supposed the decensed had a cent in the world. When we were about to remove the body the people of the house called my attention to a small box which they said contained all the effects of the dead woman,

When we opened that box we found that it contained \$5,000, the old lady's saving of a lifetime

"In her efforts to heard on this money she had gone without comforts and necessities; had dealed herself every little luxury. What for? Answer it if you can. I can't.

A relative, the nearest one and the only heir, came on from a middle Atlantic state and took the remains home with her for burial. She also took the money. On the day of the funeral she had several backs at a cost of \$15 each. then she made the driver of each back a present of \$5, gave the driver of the earse the same sum and each of the two men who dug the grave \$5 and spent \$2,500 for a monument rest of the \$5,000 she blew. At the end of six months every dollar of i

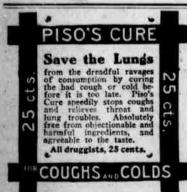
"And that old lady had gone without necessities of life to accumulate it. "And, my friend, that is but one of several cases-yes, of scores of themthat I could recise to you did I have the mind."-Lewiston Journal.

BOOKWORMS.

There Are a Dozen Different Kinds of the Borers.

"One of the queerest superstitions," says a secondhand book dealer in this city," is the idea that the bookworm commits immense ravages among printed volumes and yet has never been seen. People think it bores holes through books and eats out large cavities in the middle of a volume, then disappears, and the superstition even goes so far as to assert that the bookworm will eat a hole that would hold a marble right in the middle of a book, then vanish without leaving any

"The plain truth is that almost any borers that infest wood will bore holes



TIBEL IN DIVORCE

Minnie Pyle versos Hurry Pyle. No. 194 April Term. 1967, Pluries Subpiena

In Divorce.
JEFFE'ISON COUNTY 88:
The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. To Harry Pyle, Greeting;

We command you, as twice before you were commanded that all matter of business and excuses being set aside, you he and appear in your proper person before our Judge at Brooke ble at our Court of Common Pless, there to be held on the second Monday of November next to show cause, if any you have, why your wife. Minnie Pyle, should not be divorced from the bonds of matelmony which she hath contracts. not be diverced from the bonds of matrimony which she bath contracted with you, the said Harry Pyle, agreeable to the Petition and Libel exhibited against you before our said Gourt, and this you shall in no case omit at your peril.

Witness the Hon, John W. Reed, President of our said Cooks at Brockville, the 18th day of Sept., A. D., 1966. Allowed by the Gourt. Attest—Cyrus H. Blood, Prothonotary

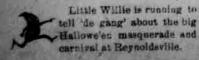
To Harry Pyle Greeting:
You are hereby notified to appear before
the Honorable sudge of the Court of Common
Pleas, at Brookville, Pa., on the second Monday of November next, to answer as set for its

the above subports.
GRANT SCHEAFNOCKER,
October 4, 1907.
Sheriff.

Horseshoeing, Blacksmithing and General Repair Work

of all kinds. Horseshoeing a sprcialty. All work neatly done. Give me a trial Shep on Willow alley.

E. C. REED



KIDNEY, LIVER AND BOWELS

kness is next to impossible if you keep Kidneys, Liver and Bowels in perfect ting order with an occasional dose of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

Mr. S. B. Holden, No. 2844 Cass Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich., says:—'I have for years been subject to sluggishness of the liver and constipation, the kidneys were also inactive and caused me a great deal of pain across my loins. I got some of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Fills and they cured the inactivity of the organs rapidly and easily. I would not be without them.'' 25c a box at all dealers. Write for a free sample. Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by Stoke & Feicht Drug Co.

through books and also that cockronenes do about as much harm to books as any other insects. There are a dozen different kinds of borers that do more or less damage to books, and the reason why the insects are not more frequently caught is that they do their work and generally leave the book to enter the chrysalis state in other quarters. None of the boring worms are large, and even when a borer is actually at work the sudden opening of the book allows the insect to drop out unobserved.

"American made books, nowever, are very little troubled by borers. There are so many different kinds of chemicals used in the covers, bindings, paper and paste that boring insects generally get very sick at the stomach before they have made their way far into an American book. In southern Europe, however, great damage is often done to libraries not only by borers, but also by ants, which eat their way into the heart of a book and leave galleries and chambers easily mistaken for the work of the borers."-St Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Knocker That Meant Life. So cruel were some of the punish ments meted out to criminals in Eng land centuries ego that it was small wonder the poor wretches claimed the 'right of sanctuary." If they reached a church or some other privileged place the law could not touch them. A curious relie in connection with this custom exists today in the form of the quaint knocker on the door of Durham cathedral. The applicant having hammered at the portal, one of the priests inside would inspect him through the eyes of the copper mask above the knocker and after due parley would admit the frightened criminal.

Following Instructions "Here, my poor man," said a kind old

lady, "here is a shilling for you. Now don't go and spend it in vile drink."

"Thank you, ma'am," answered the tramp heartily. "I'll not. I suppose you was a-referring to the wretched stuff they 'as at the Dun Cow, mum? Ah, but I'll go to the Black Bull. They keep the right sort there!"-London

Active Enough.

Physician (reflectively)-H'm! The case is one, I think, that will yield to a mild stimulant. Let me see your tongue, madam, if you please. Husband of Patient (hastily)-Doctor, her tongue doesn't need any stimulating.--Pearson's Weekly.

Too Much to Expect.

Camp Meeting John Allen, the grandfather of Mme. Nordica, was for many years a picturesque figure among the Methodist ministers in the state of Maine. He was a good deal of a wag. and his utterances were much apprecated by both saint and sinner. At one time, having gone to Lewiston to itend a quarterly meeting, he was apcoached in the street by several young

nea who were evidently out for a good kesman, "who was the deril's "Camp Meeting John," said the kesman. "The devil's grandmother," replied

old man in the quick, sharp tone characteristic of his speech. "the evil's grandmother-how do you exbet me to keep your family record? Cleveland Leader.

Peanut Mon! Bread.

Peanut meal has been for a long time a staple article in the dietary of the poor classes in Spain. Bread made from pure peanut meal is light and porous, but it is said to be unpalatable because of a persistent, popnvilke taste. Rve bread containing 25 per cent of peannt meal cannot be distinguished from ordinary rye bread, while far more nutritious. Skim milk cheese is the only ordinary article of diet comparable to peanut meal in its percentage of nitrogenous matter.

All Alike.

Visitor (in country village)-Well, it's simple thing to elect a man surely. Choose the cleverest man. Villager-There isn't one unfortunately.-Meggendorfer Blatter.

Exact justice is commonly more merciful in the long run than pity, for it tends to foster in men those stronge qualities which make them good citizens.-Lowell.

ECZEMA

Promptly and Pemanently Relieved by

DR. Taylor's Remedi

Never known to fall. Most stubborn and distressing cases, permanistly cured, Nouve-no pay-that's the stute like.

For sale by Stoke & Feicht Drug Co. A+k for free illustrated booklet.

PANBESA'S LETTER.

An Account of an Egyptian City Thirty Centuries Ago.

Probably the oldest letter in the world is the letter of Panbesa, written fifteen centuries before Christ to his friend, Amenemapt, a scribe.

The manuscript is of perishable papyrus, and it is amazing that it should have survived for more than thirty centuries and still be legible.

It is preserved in the collection of the British museum. It has been several times translated. It presents an interesting picture of life in Egypt in the time of Rameses II. It is more in the nature of a literary production, a poem composed in celebration of the visit of Pharaoh to the city of Pa-Rameses, than an ordinary letter of to-

Panbesa "greets his lord, the scribe Amenemapt, to whom be life, health and strength," and then goes on to describe the verdant fields, the thrashing floors, the vineyards, the groves of olives, the orchards of figs, the great daily markets, with their fish and waterfowl and swarms of purchasers.

The citizens had their "sweet wine of Khemi, pomegranate wine and wine from the vineyards," and to these they ndded "beer of Kati."

There was music in plenty furnished by the singers of the school of Memphis. On the whole, Pa-Rameses seems to tave been a pleasant place to live in. The lesser folk are there equal with the great folk," and Panbesa writes that its maidens were "in holiday attire every day," with locks "redolent of perfumed oil."

THE CITY OF CANALS.

Venice and the Many Islands Upon Which It Is Built.

Venice is one of the most singular and famous cities in Europe and is built upon a cluster of islands in the lagoon. This lagoon is banked off from the Adriatic by a long, narrow sand bank which is divided into a number of islands, six in number. Inside of this sand bank and between it and the mainland is the lagoon, a sheet of shallow water. In parts of this marshy, sen covered plain islets have become consolidated into ground, firm enough to be cultivated.

And in the midst of a crowded cluster of such islands, amounting to between seventy and eighty in number, the city of Venice is built. The chief of these islands is called Isolda de Rialto, or Island of the Deep Stream. The Islands, in many places mere shoals, afford no adequate foundation for buildings, and the city for the most part is built upon an artifi-

cial foundation of piles and stones. The Grand canal divides Venice into two equal parts and is the main thoroughfare for traffic and pleasure. The city is subdivided by some one hundred and forty-six small canals or water streets, and the gondola is used for the carriage. Access can also be had to various parts of the city by land, there being over three hundred bridges across canals. The Rialto, the most famous bridge, spans the Grand canal. There are also narrow lanes in among the houses.

The Overruling of a Judge.

A judge once awoke in the night to find his room in the possession of two armed burglars. Covered by the pistol of one of the marauders, the judge watched the proceedings with his usual judicial calm. One of the depreda-tors found a watch. "Don't take that." the judge said; "It has little value and is a keepsake." "The motion is overruled," replied the burglar. "I appeal," rejoined the judge. The two bur-glars consulted, and the spokesman then replied: "The appeal is allowed. The case coming on before a full tribunal of the supreme court, that body is of the unanimous opinion that the decree of the lower court should be instained, and it is accordingly so ordered." Pocketing the watch, court ad-

Logic and Metaphysics.

Joaquin Miller was once conversing with a learned professor who was visiting California. To the poet's query. 'What do you do?" the professor answered that he held the chair of metaphysics and logic at a New England university. Whereupon the venerable Miller, with an encouraging smile, reassuringly patted the professor on the shoulder. "Logic and metaphysics, ch? Well, I suppose we must have people to look after those things, even if they don't exist."

"The Carthaginian mercenaries," he said. "incased their prisoners in a cement that as it hardened contracted. You can't imagine how uncomfortable

"Oh, yes, I can," she answered. "I once had on a tight bathing suit when it began to shrink." - Los Angeles Times.

Plenty of Old Ones. Mr. Chipps (looking up from the paper)-The doctors have discovered another new disease. Mrs. Chipps-Well, The Agony of wish they'd stop looking for new diseases long enough to find a cure for my old rheumatism. - London Tele-

Both Disappointed.

He-I suppose, then, we may as well break the engagement and say we have both been disappointed in love. She-There seems to be no other conclusion. You thought I had money, and I certainly thought you had,-Judge.

He Told Her. She-I wish I knew how I could make you extremely happy, dear Karl. He-Well, write to your father and ask him to double your dowry.—Meg-gendorfer Blatter.

A FOG AT SEA.

It Frightens the Timid and Even Discountenances the Brave.

This curious picture of an arrival at the Hook of Holland is by O. Lewis Hind: "I awoke suddenly. It was full daylight My watch indicated 4 in the morning. We should be nearing the Dutch coast. But why had the boat stopped? Why had the devastating scrunch of the screw censed? I clambered from my berth and withdrew the curtain from the porthole. Sea and sky had gone. We were enveloped in a dense fog. The wail of the siren roused the passengers. A fog at sea unstrings the nerves of the timid and discountenances the brave. I noticed that the landing platform had been exiended and that two life lines were colled upon it. On the bridge were five men. The captain stood in the center with two of his subordinates on either They leaned over the rail peering into the wall of fog. I went forward. Three of the crew were bent double over the bows seeking the black mass that might be moving toward us. I could almost fancy I heard the crash, the shouts and the rush of feet.

"The air was damp. I went below A dozen passengers were gathered around the breakfast table sipping tea and toying with toast. When the siren walled my neighbor, a girl, who was about to eat a mouthful, replaced the crust upon the table and folded her hands. A woman cried silently. A large, flabby man took the seat adjoining mine, rested his elbow upon the table and covered his eyes. I thought be was praying but when the steward advanced and stood inquiringly before him he raised his head for a moment and said, 'Ham and eggs.'

"Those homely and unfamiliar words relieved our depression; also the vessel began to move faster. Soon the siren ceased, and when the captain slouched into the cabin and called for a cup of hot coffee we-well, I think some of us could have danced a jig. I went on deck.

"There was Holland. The sun was scattering the fog. We passed the place where the Berlin was wrecked. Pooh! Who minds fear on the morning after, with all the adventures of a new day waiting?"

AN ENIGMA IN STONE.

"Nirvana" In the Rock Creek Ceme tery at Washington.

So many things may be said of St. Gaudens-of the traits of his genius, his modesty, his deep sympathy with all who possessed high ideals or who had noble thoughts; of his own noble generosity, his willingness to sacrifice himself for the advancement of art. his keen perception of beautiful character, or of a fine impulse that often shone for him out of the most commonplace of lives or of features. One incident of many, says Harper's Weekly, may not only illustrate him, but belp to illumine a masterpiece of his which has perplexed some minds that may be worth the enlightening. "The work is the figure of 'Nirvana' in the Rock Creek cemetery at Washington. St Gandens was in Washington in the winter of 1902, making his beautiful relief of Wayne MacVeagh and Mrs. MacVeagh, and Hildegarde Hawthorne was there, too, and visited more than once that dreaming figure in the cemetery. At last she was moved to write some verses, which she sent to a magazine, but the editor thought that he had seen verses on the sculptor's work that better expressed its sentiments, and returned the verses with the stimulating suggestion that some day he would show the young woman ome real poetry about the figure. St. Gaudens, top, had seen both poems, and when he heard of this expression of the editor's he wrote to him and said that Hildegarde Hawthorne had divined his intention as no writer had done, and therefore the verses are in print. So, if you like, you may solve the riddle by reading them."

"My wife adores The majesty of the Alps, whereas I the majesty if the ocean," said Pfeif.

"And your daughter?" inquired a friend.

"Oh, she just adores majesty by it self."-Lustige Blatter

for 12 Years

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills effect a cure after everything else

failed.

It took Mrs. James H. Titus, of 107 Clinton St., Warren, Pa., many years to realize that there was only one way to cure nervous dyspepsia. That all the digestive mixtures and Bitters in the world would not do it, and that the only true way was to first put the nervous system that controls the organs of digestion in perfect working order so that the food might be properly handled and digested. She says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are just splendid. My stomach bothered me for twelve years—food digested slowly—heavy after eating. I was fearfully dizzy by spells and very nervous. I tried everything—other medicines, doctors, anything I was told to, but the Nerve Pills I got cured me. I feel well in every way today—no weakness or dizziness, and digestion splendid. I can not recommend them too strongly to others as I believe the medicine to be unequaled in its ability to cure such troubles. It gertainly acted like magic with me." 50c a box at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. None genuine without the signature and portrait of Dr. A. W. Chase. None genuine without the signature and portrait of Dr. A. W. Chase.

For Sale by Stoke & Feicht Drug Co.

WINDSOR HOTEL, 1217-1229 Filbert street.

"A SQUARE FROM EVERYWHERE"

PHILADELPHIA

Trustees Sale

Of Valuable Real Estate.

In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Penn-sylvania. In the matter of

JAMES V. YOUNG, Bankrupt, No. 3583 in Bankruptcy. Trustee's sale

of valuable real estate By virtue of an order of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania in the above stated case, to me directed, there will be expose to public sale by auction or outery on the premises first bereinor outery on the premises first berein-after described, on Main street, Reyn-oldsville, Jefferson county. Pa., being the residence of the said James V. Young, on Thursday, the 14th day of November, A. D., 1907, at 2.00 o'clock in the afternoon, all the following described several pieces or parcels of land, situate in the boroughs of Reynoldsville and West Reynoldsville, and the township of Winslow, county of Jefferson and state of Pennsylvania, ounded and described as follows, to-wit:

THE FIRST THEREOF: A certain lot or piece of land lying and being situate in the borough of Reynoldsville, county of Jefferson and state of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows: Be ginning at a post, corner of Main and Caldwell (now Second) streets; thence along Caldwell (now Second) street south 673 degrees west 150 feet to a post on Gordon alley; thence along Gordon alley south 521 degrees east, 60 feet to a post, corner of lot No. 11; thence north 67½ degrees east 150 feet to a post on Main street; thence along Main street north 52½ degrees west 60 feet to a post, the place of beginning. Con-taining nine thousand square feet, and being lot No. 12 in Albert Reynolds addition to the borough of Reynolds ville, as surveyed by James Caldvell.

The above described land has erected thereon three dwelling houses and other necessary outbuildings. The first of said dwelling houses is large, commodous, convenient and in first class tion of repair, having a bath and closets: and the second thereof is a good tene ment house which rents readily at a fair rental; and the third thereof is new one story two roomed tenement which will rent for a reasonable sum.

THE SECOND THEREOF: Being a certain lot of land lying and being situate in the township of Winslow, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post on the public road, the southeast corner of land of Henry Herpel; thence along said road south 20 degrees and 50 minutes east 50 feet to a post; thence along other lands of Jacob Booth north 76 degrees and 25 minutes west 150 feet. nore or less to a post in another road thence along said road northwest 50 leet to a post on line of lands of Henry Herpel; thence south 76 degrees and 25 minutes east 150 feet to a post, the place of beginning. Containing seven housand five hundred (7,500) square feet, more or less, being the same lot of land conveyed to James V. Young by Jacob Booth et ux, by deed dated August 25, 1903. Excepting and reserving therefrom all the coal and other minerals and mines in, under or upor the same, with full and free leave of ingress,

egress and regress to the said tract of land, as fully and completely as excep-ted and reserved in the deed of the Cen-tral Land and Mining Company to said Land Reath Jacob Booth.

THE THIRD THEREOF : Being an equity interest in an Article of Agreement, dated November 2nd, 1903, between David Reynolds and Jorothan Whitmore, for the sale by said Reynolds to said Whitmore of lots Nos. 147 and 148, in David Reynolds addition to the borough of Reynolds with a court. and 148, in David Reynolds addition to the borough of Reynoldsville, county and state aforesaid, bounded and de-scribed as follows: On the west by Ahna street, on the north by lot No. 149; on the east by Neff alley, and on the south by Jack Gibson. Each of said lots being 150 x 50 feet.

The consideration agreed to be paid by said Whitmore to said Reynolds was by said whitmore to said Reynolds was Four Hundred Dollars (\$400), as follows: Fitty dollars in hand at the time said agreement was made, and Five dollars each month thereafter until the said Four Hundred dollars was paid, said Reynolds agreed to convey said lote

said Reynolds agreed to convey said lose to said Whitmore by Warranty Deed. On June 18th, A. D. 1906, for value received, the said Jonothan Whitmore sold, set over and transferred, by a written assignment on said agreement, all his right, title and interest in said Article of Agreement and Lots, to the said James V. Young. There has been paid by said Whitmore and said Young, on said agreement, the sum of One Hun dred and Five Dollars, thus leaving a balance of Two Hundred and Ninety-Five dollars due said Reynolds, and by a writing duly signed by said David Reynolds and attached and made a part of the petition filed in this case, he, the said David Reynolds, agrees to extend the terms and conditions of the above mentioned Agreement to the purchaser thereof at this sale, and make a deed to such purchaser for said lots upon the payment of the balance of said purchase

The aforesaid described pieces of land and the equity interest in said Agree-ment will be sold free and discharged from all liens, except the two lots men-tioned in the aforesaid Agreement, which will be soid subject to the pay-ment of the balance of said purchase money, subject to the terms of payment mentioned in the original contract for the purchase thereof: and said real es-tate will be sold either as a whole or by the piece, at the discretion of the under-signed so as to bring the best possible

TERMS OF SALE

Ten per centum of all bids to be paid on day of sale; one-half of the purchase price of the first piece (being the premwill because hon the confirmation of sale; and the balance with approved security with interest must be paid in six months after confirmation of sale; all the balance of the purchase price, for the pieces of land designated in said pe-tition and advertisement as "The Sec and Thereof" and "The Third Thereof" must be paid in cash upon confirmation of sale.

October 14th 1907. October 14th, 1907.

If you have anything to sell, try our Want Column.

Closing Out all Summer Goods at Less than Cost.

Dotted Swiss, 25, now 17c. Dotted Swiss, 20, now 14c. Dotted Swiss, was 20c, now 14c.

Figured Batiste, was 15 and 18c, now 10c. Figured Batiste, 121/2c, now 8c.

Figured Batiste, 10c, now 6c.

Ladies' Dressing Sacques, 50c, now 39c. Ladies' Hose 9c. Children's Hose, broken lots 15 and 18c, now 10c.

Men's Dress Shirts, 50c, now 35c. Men's Dress Shirts, \$1.00, now 75c.

Men's Summer Underwear, 22 cents.

Men's Pants, 75 cents. Men's \$1.50 Pants for 95c. Can't quote prices on all goods, but everything reduced proportionately to prices quoted.

N. HANAU.

Nervous Dyspepsia Zamanamanamanamanamanamana

Frank's Restaurant



SEALSHIPT OYSTERS PURE FOOD.

The only absolutely fresh, wholesome, appetizing oysters ever sold in bulk. They are practically shell oysters as they are merely slipped from their own shells into a porcelain-lined case which is sealed, thus forming a shell on a large scale. This case is embedded in ice in a Patent Sealshipt Carrier, not opened till it reaches the dealer.

All the piquant "half-shell" flavor, the delicate tang given by the salt-water, the smooth firmness, the nourishing quality, the natural color are fully retained. No preservatives are ever

Sealshipt Oysters Fresh Daily.