

Official--Reynoldsville.

(No. 107.)

AN ORDINANCE providing for the grading, curbing and paving of that part of Jackson street in said borough which lies between the West side of Fifth street where the said Fifth street crosses said Jackson street on the West and the West side of Seventh street where said Seventh street crosses said Jackson street on the East abutting on the present paved street.

WHEREAS, a large number of persons owning real property abutting upon that part of Jackson street in the borough of Reynoldsville which lies between the West side of Fifth street where the said Fifth street crosses said Jackson street on the West and the West side of Seventh street where said Seventh street crosses said Jackson street on the East, which is now laid out and opened in said borough, have presented to the town council of the said borough a petition of two-thirds of the owners of property, representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on that part of Jackson street aforesaid proposed to be graded, paved, curbed, etc., requesting that the borough by an ordinance require that part of said Jackson street as above designated to be graded, curbed and paved with brick or other suitable material, and that the council assess and collect in the manner required by law, two-thirds of the costs and expenses of the said grading, curbing, paving, etc., from the owners of the real estate bounding or abutting thereon, by an equal assessment on the feet fronting or abutting as aforesaid, which said petition has been verified by the affidavit of two of the petitioners.

Now, therefore, be it ordained and enacted by the town council of the borough of Reynoldsville, Pa., and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same:

Sec. 1. That the above mentioned proposition of property owners be and the same is hereby accepted.

Sec. 2. That that part of Jackson street which is designated above shall, during the present year, be graded, curbed and paved with paving brick in accordance with the plans and specifications prepared by John C. Hirst, Esq., approved by the town council, are here attached and made a part of this ordinance; that two-thirds of the costs and expenses of the said grading, curbing and paving are to be collected from the owners of the real estate bounding or abutting thereon, by an equal assessment on the feet fronting or abutting as aforesaid, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, relating thereto and regulating the same, and the remainder of such costs shall be borne by the borough of Reynoldsville. J. Van Reed is hereby designated by the council of the said borough, to be in charge of said work, representing the borough as to the faithful performance of the contract on the part of the contractor, grading, curbing and paving said part of Jackson street, with power on behalf of the borough to employ a competent engineer, when, in the judgment of the said J. Van Reed one is necessary in the matter of the said grading, curbing and paving. Said J. Van Reed is also designated by the council to estimate said equal assessment.

Sec. 3. The President and Secretary of Council are hereby directed to advertise in one or more newspapers published in the borough of Reynoldsville, and by hand bills, for bids or proposals for the grading, curbing and paving of said part of Jackson street in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance, and the plans and specifications hereto attached. All bids to be for the completed work, including all materials, and to be accompanied with samples of the brick proposed to be used by the bidder. The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Sec. 4. The bids to be made shall be for completed work by the square yard, measurements to be from the inside of both curbs. Said bids shall be sealed and be filed with the President of council not later than 8:00 o'clock p. m. on the 15th day of July A. D. 1906.

Sec. 5. The successful bidder will be required to enter into a contract in writing to perform the said work and furnish the materials therefor, in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance, and the plans and specifications hereto attached. The said contract shall provide for the commencement of the work on or before the 1st day of August A. D., 1906, and the final completion thereof on or before the 15th

day of October, A. D., 1906. The successful bidder will also be required to file with Secretary of Council, within forty-eight hours after the acceptance of his bid, the bond of a reliable Trust Company to be approved by the council, in the sum of five thousand dollars, conditioned: (1) for the faithful performance of the work within the time above mentioned and in accordance with the plans and specifications, and (2) for the payment to the borough of Reynoldsville of any and all sums which may be recovered against it by reason or on account of any carelessness or negligence on the part of said contractor or any of his agents, servants or employees, together with all fees, costs and expenses incurred by said borough in defense of any and all suits or actions brought against it on account or by reason of such carelessness or negligence.

Sec. 6. This successful bidder will also be required to furnish, within five days from date of the acceptance of his bid, a written agreement on part of the manufacturer of the brick to be used in said paving warranting all brick to be used in said paving to be equal in all respects to the samples submitted to the council and warranting that said brick will, if laid in accordance with the plans and specifications, withstand all the ordinary and usual exigencies of travel upon said street for a period of five years from date of the completion of the work. The said agreement shall also contain a stipulation to the effect that said manufacturer will replace, at any time during said period of five years, upon notice by the council, all brick which shall not withstand the ordinary and usual travel on said street or which may disintegrate or break up on account of heat, cold, moisture or defective or improper material in or work upon the brick themselves.

Sec. 7. If the successful bidder shall fail, neglect or refuse to sign the contract, file the bond and agreement mentioned in sections 5 and 6 in this ordinance, his bid shall be rejected and the council shall be at liberty to either advertise for new bids or accept a bid on file made by the person who shall comply with the provisions of this ordinance, which the council may consider most advantageous to the borough.

Sec. 8. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Passed and enacted finally by the council at a regular meeting held at the council chamber, on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1906, at 11:30 o'clock p. m.

Attest:
J. B. NEALE
Pres. of Council.
L. J. MCENTIRE,
Clerk of Council.
May 21st A. D. 1906, the foregoing ordinance is submitted to me, read and approved.
L. L. GOURLEY,
Chief Burgess.

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LAUNCHING A VESSEL.

The Crucial Moment is When She Takes the Water.

That a launch is a matter of mathematics, as well as of great skill and labor, is shown by the fact that the man of science who has the matter in charge always makes a set of calculations showing the strain of the ship and its precise condition at practically every foot of the journey down the ways. If a boat should get in the way, or if it should take an unusual length of time to knock out the keel blocks, or if any one of half a dozen things should cause serious delay, the scientific man knows just how long he can wait and just how far the limit of safety extends.

There is always one supreme moment in a launch, and it is at a time that escapes the average spectator. It is when the vessel gets fairly well into the water. This is when an important factor known as the "moment of buoyancy" comes into play. If you can imagine a vessel sliding down an incline without any water into which to drop, you can see that the vessel would tip down suddenly at the end which has left the ways and would rise at the end still on the incline. But really in successful launches the stern of the vessel is gradually lifted up by the water, and this throws the weight forward on that part of the ship still resting on the ways. The force of the water is called the "moment of buoyancy," and the natural tendency of the ship to drop to the bottom of the stream is called the "moment of weight." Now, the moment of buoyancy must always be greater than the moment of weight, but it must not be very much greater, for if it were it would throw too much weight forward on the part of the ship still on the ways and might break them down or injure the plates or keel of the ship. When the English battleship Ramillies was launched, this did really happen, and so great was the strain near the bow that parts of the cradle were actually pushed right into the bottom of the vessel. It is this danger of disaster that causes the scientific launcher to make the most careful calculations as to the conditions surrounding the ship at every foot of her journey into the water.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Good intentions rarely survive the headache that actuates them.

"When you talk about people behind their backs, do you give them a square deal?"

You have probably met the bore who, no matter what the attraction, always recalls a better one.

There is this much to be said about the men: Some very fine fish have been caught by very inferior bait.

They say a man's disposition is sure to come out when he's drunk, and it is sure to come out also when he is buying—when he is spending his money.

When you meet a man on the streets and feel a desire to tell him a story, shorten it. Don't string it out with long and unimportant details. Get to the point at once.—Aethelton Globe.

None can tell where the diamond goes in combustion. When burned it leaves no ash and not a trace of the once brilliant stone.

Throwing Mud.

Unless words without meaning are used a person's vocabulary must be bounded by his knowledge. Many years ago I was teaching a class of poor children in the school connected with the Church of St. Paul's, Covent Garden. One day I exhibited a picture of a hayfield with men carting hay. I asked the children what the men were throwing up into the cart. They answered, without a moment's hesitation, "Mud!" It then occurred to me for the first time that these children had never seen a hayfield or the carting of hay, but the scavenger's cart, carting mud, they were quite familiar with, and hence they spoke within their knowledge.—London Notes and Queries.

The Word "Tar."

Why is the word "tar" a synonym for "sailor?" Some dictionaries say that the allusion is to the seaman's tarry hands and clothes—the "savour of tar" of Stephano's song in "The Tempest." Burns uses "tarrybrecks" as equivalent to "sailor." But it is regarded as much more probable that "tar" is short for "tarpanilla," since Clarendon and other writers colloquially use "tarpanilla" to signify a seaman. Of course, this ultimately gets back to tar, a tarpanilla being a tarred "pall," or covering (the same word "pall").

Sure of His Choir.

A peppery New England parson who was disturbed by his choir during prayer time got even with them when he gave out his closing hymn by adding, "I hope the entire congregation will join in singing their grand old hymn, and I know the choir will, for I heard them humming it during the prayer."

A Curio.

Reggy Frappe—Yes, I met the charming Miss Flasher when she was on her tour, and she asked me for my picture, weally. Miss Tabasco—Yes, I heard her say she was collecting pictures of all the curious objects she ran across in this country.—Chicago News.

The Exceptions.

Mrs. White—And do you mean to say that you and your husband always agree about everything? Mrs. Black—Always—except, of course, now and then, when he's out of humor or pig-headed, or something of that sort.—London Answers.

He Was Good.

Miss Ashbam—And do you paint nothing but animal pictures every day? Mr. D'Auber—Well, on Fridays I paint fish.—Cleveland Leader.

Miss Boston—Oh, aren't you very much interested in the study of primitive man? Miss Cleveland—Not much. He's dead.—Cleveland Leader.

VIBRATION.

Examples of Its Wonderful Power and Penetration.

The wonderful force of vibration is recognized in all its power by few architects and builders. It would amuse them if they were told that the most solidly built of their walls would be injured by the continuous scraping of a bow across a violin. Of course it would take years of playing to loosen masonry and render iron brittle, but there are facts on record which show that such a result has occurred. On a first class battleship a man may feel the vibrations of a violin though he may not be able to hear the music. It is the regularity of the vibrations which tells. The player is not affected by them, for he is a flexible object and can give way to motion.

Every one knows that a squad of soldiers or any body of marching men break step in crossing a bridge, no matter what its size and strength may be, for none could withstand the vibrations of this concerted action. Even the tread of a dog may make a bridge shake because of the regularity of the vibration, so that on many of the big suspension bridges dogs are not allowed unless carried in the arms of their owners.

A good illustration of the power of vibration can be found in the Greenwich observatory. It stands on the top of a hill on whose slopes hundreds of children play on fine evenings. Their favorite play is to join hands at the top and dash headlong to the bottom, where they fall in a heap. This starts the vibration of the hill to such an extent that the scientists of the observatory are unable to carry on their observations, which depend upon the motionless state of a tray of mercury. The solid hill is in such a state of tremor that the vibrations continue till long past midnight, when the children who have caused it have been asleep for hours.

A still more wonderful illustration of vibration is in the human throat. Sixty vibrations per second is the least number by means of which a sound can be produced. This is a sound never used in speaking, but is found in men's voices in an extremely low register. The highest sound produced by the human voice—that is, E in altissimo—is caused by 1,024 vibrations per second. This, too, is exceptional, being only obtainable in the highly cultivated female or boy voices.

It is simply the vocal chords which vibrate, not the throat. In the lower notes the whole length and thickness of the vocal chords are used, the thin edges being employed for the highest ones. Thus in speaking for a minute or two there is sufficient vibration engendered in the throat, were its walls of a solid nature instead of soft and flexible, to shatter and destroy it. Every minute we speak the vocal chords vibrate from 20,000 to 40,000 times.

MADE AT THE GREAT WATCH WORKS AT CANTON, OHIO.

The more you know of the excellencies of Dueber-Hampden Watches the surer you are that they are among the finest watches America produces.

See them at the following stores:

A. Gooder
Jeweler

6-5-4 Gives A Russia Iron Finish

6-5-4 SELF-SPRINGING STOVE LUSTA

COVERS 25 STIMES MORE SURFACE DRIES IN 10 MINUTES

If your dealer hasn't it Bing-Stoke Co. has

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JAN. 1, 1906.

TRAINS LEAVE REYNOLDSVILLE:

For New Bethlehem, Red Bank, and principal intermediate stations, Oil City and Pittsburg, 6:30, 8:05 a. m., 1:29, 5:07, 7:58 (New Bethlehem only) p. m. week-days. Sundays 6:30 a. m., 4:20 p. m.

For DuBois, Hittwood, and principal intermediate stations, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, 6:30 a. m., 12:52 6:25 p. m. week-days. Sundays 12:50 p. m.

For DuBois only 11:42 a. m. week-days, 9:25 p. m. daily.

W. W. ATTERBURY, Gen. Manager.
J. B. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Mgr.
Geo. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

Notice to Taxpayers.

Save Ten Per Cent.

Pursuant to an Act of Assembly will attend at the following times and places to receive county, poor, bond, state and dog taxes for the year 1906, to-wit:

Thurs., Health and Barnet townships, Thursday, May 31st, at hotel, Sigel, 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Corsica borough and Union township, Friday, June 1st, at Hotel Glenn, Corsica, 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Summerville borough and Glover township, Friday, June 1st, at Commercial Hotel, Summerville, 7 to 9 p. m.

Knox township, Saturday, June 2d, at Hopkins' store, 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Finerock township, Saturday, June 2d, at store of E. Wiser, Finerockville, 2 to 4 p. m.

Warsaw township, Monday, June 4th, at hotel in Richardsville, 8 to 10 a. m.

Polk township, Monday, June 4th, at house of Fulton Schaffner, 11 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Warsaw township, Monday, June 4th, at store of John Mays, Hazen, 3 to 5 p. m.

Beaver township, Tuesday, June 5th, at Pansy, 8 to 10 a. m.

Ringgold township, Tuesday, June 5th, at Hotel Ringgold, 11 a. m. to 3:30 p. m.

Oliver township, Tuesday, June 5th, at Post Office, Sprinkle's Mills, 4:30 to 6 p. m.

Worthville borough, Wednesday, June 6th, at Hotel, 7 to 9 a. m.

Oliver township, Wednesday, June 6th, at Hotel Rea, Cool Spring, 11 a. m. to 3:30 p. m.

Rose township, Saturday, June 9th, at the Treasurer's office.

Brookville borough, Tuesday, June 12th, at the Treasurer's office.

Snyder township and Brockwayville borough, Wednesday, June 13th, at Logan House, Brockwayville.

Washington township, Thursday, June 14th, at Hotel Barclay, Westville, 8 a. m. to 12 m., and at store, Rockdale Mills, 1:30 to 3:30 p. m.

Falls Creek borough, Friday, June 15th, at Every Hotel.

Henderson and McCalmont townships, Monday, June 18th, at Hotel Wayne, Desire, 9 a. m. to 12 m., and at Miller's Hotel, Eleanor, 1 to 3 p. m.

Porter township, Tuesday, June 19th, at McDevitt's store, 8 to 10:30 a. m.

Perry township, Tuesday, June 19th, at Hotel, Perryville, 12 m. to 3:30 p. m., and at Post Office, Valley, 4 to 5 p. m.

Oliver township, Wednesday, June 20th, at Post Office, Oliver, 8 to 10 a. m.

Perry township, Wednesday, June 20th, at Post Office, Frostburg, 11:30 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Young township, Wednesday, June 20th, at Squire Lamson's office, Herald, 3 to 5 p. m.

McCalmont township, Thursday, June 21st, at Hotel Anita, 8 a. m. to 12 m.

Punxsutawney, Thursday, June 21st, 1 to 6 p. m., and Friday, June 22d, at Squire N. D. Corey's office.

Young township, Saturday, June 23d, at Squire N. D. Corey's office, Punxsutawney, 7 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Bell township, Monday, June 25th, at Post Office, Clove, 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Gaskill township, Monday, June 25th, at Post Office, Winslow, 1 to 4 p. m.

Big Run borough and Henderson township, Tuesday, June 26th, at Hotel McClure, Big Run, 1 to 3 p. m.

Clayville borough, Wednesday, June 27th, at Hotel Haley.

Reynoldsville borough, Thursday, June 28, at Imperial Hotel.

Winslow township, Friday, June 29th, 9 to 11 a. m., at Hotel Sykes, Sykesville, and in the afternoon at Imperial Hotel, Reynoldsville.

Ten per cent. will be added to all taxes not paid County Treasurer before duplicates are placed in the hands of borough and township collectors. Mercantile, restaurant and billiard licenses will be received at all places visited and all licenses remaining unpaid after the first day of July will be placed in the hands of the proper officers for collection, as per Act of Assembly.

IRA J. CAMPBELL,
County Treasurer.

May 3, 1906.

Subscribe for
The Star
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A FOOLISH

It's a joy to eat—I welcome my dinner hour: Because I rout indigestion with August Flower!

Constipation is the result of indigestion, biliousness, flatulency, loss of appetite, self-poisoning, anemia, emaciation, uric acid, neuralgia in various parts of the system, catarrhal inflammation of the intestinal canal and numerous other ailments that rob life of its pleasures if they do not finally rob you of life itself.

"I'm bound in the bowels," is a common expression of people who look miserable and are miserable—yet who persist in "letting nature take its course."

What a foolish plan, when nature could be aided by the use of Green's August Flower, which is nature's own remedy for constipation and all stomach ills.

August Flower gives new life to the liver and insures healthy stools.

Two sizes, 25c and 75c. All druggists.

For sale by Stekel & Feicht Drug Co.

THE CLEAN CHEW— PASS IT ALONG!

Here's the chew that is passed along—never passed by!

No chew so soft, so sweet, so juicy—so desirable in every way as

SCRAPNO

The Clean Chewing Tobacco

In SCRAPNO you get a great big package of clean, pure tobacco—full-length long leaf—soft to bite, easy to chew.

Kept fresh and clean in a wax paper wrapper inside a flat envelope that fits your pocket. Lasts three times as long as the usual five cents' worth.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Big Package 5c.