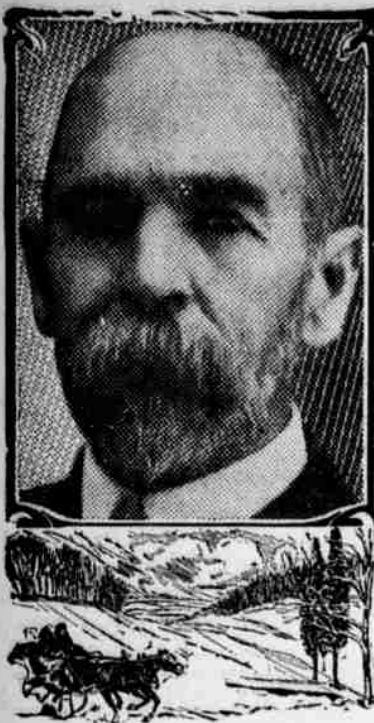


LIEUTENANT BOWMAN.



IN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS PE-RU-NA CURED HIM.

Cold Affected Head and Throat-- Attack Was Severe.

Chas. W. Bowman, 1st Lieut. and Adj. 4th M. S. M. Cav. Vols., writes from Latham, Md., as follows: "I have been particularly benefited by its use for colds in the head and throat. I have been able to fully cure myself of a most severe attack in forty-eight hours by its use according to directions. I use it as a preventive whenever threatened with an attack."

Birds a Necessity.

If the world were birdless, a naturalist declares, man could not inhabit it after nine years' time, in spite of all the sprays and poisons that could be manufactured for the destruction of insects. The insects and slugs would simply eat all the orchards and crops in that time.

SCRATCHED TILL BLOOD RAN.

Scalps on Face and Head--Threw Off Little Watery Substance--Complete Cure by Cuticura Remedies.

"I will be glad to give anybody suffering from eczema any information regarding Cuticura Remedies. When my little girl was about a year and a half old there developed small pimples on her face, which went into a scale which threw off a little watery substance. Her head was also affected with it. She used to scratch until it bled, making very bad sores. We tried two or three salves, including borax. They did not do any good, so I got some Cuticura Soap first, and then used the Cuticura Soap, Gintman and Pills. They completely cured her, and we have had no more bother with it. Wm. F. Knox, 1216 So. 35th St., Philadelphia, Pa., June 10, 1905."

A \$19,000 Overcoat.

Former Judge William H. Moore, the well-known financier of New York and Chicago, wears the most costly overcoat in the United States. It was made to order for him from selected Russian sable fur at a cost of \$19,000.

Robbed in Church.

Just think what an outrage it is to be robbed of all the benefits of the services by continuous coughing throughout the congregation, when Anti-Gripine is guaranteed to cure. Sold everywhere. Dr. F. W. Diermer, H. D., manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

There has been a great demand for pure bred cattle in Argentina recently.

The Postal Craze.

The collection of postals is more of a craze in England than anywhere else, Germany being second, with France third. When the English warships recently visited Brest the French postoffice profited by more than \$2,000 from the stamps sold for affixing to postals for friends at home.

Dr. Mitchell's New Novel.

Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, whose "Hugh Wynne," "The Adventures of Franciscus," and "Constance Trescott" are read wherever American literature is known, has written a new novel. It is called "A Diplomatic Adventure," and the first chapters will appear in the February Century.

A DESPAIRING WOMAN.

Weak, Nervous and Wretched From Wasting Kidney Troubles.

Mrs. Henry A. Reamer, Main and Garst Sts., South Bend, Ind., says: "When I began using Doan's Kidney Pills I was so weak I could hardly drag myself across the room. I was wretched and nervous, and had backache, bearing-down pain, headache, dizziness and weak eyes. Dropsy set in and bloating of the chest choked me and threatened the heart. I had little hope, but to my untold surprise Doan's Kidney Pills brought me relief and saved my life. I shall never forget it."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

ORCHARD and GARDEN

It's Weeding Time.

No, not in the garden, but out there in the poultry yard. You should not hold over any hens that are not going to make good layers or breeders; and as for those useless cockerels, fatten them up and turn them into cash as soon as possible, for it does not take long for them to eat their heads off. As for those that you intend to use for breeding, save only the best and keep them apart from the hens until breeding time comes round. Your hens will lay better and the eggs that they do lay will keep fresh much longer.—Weekly Witness.

An Excellent Tonic for Horses.

In the address of Professor Grisdale upon feeding work horses, which appears this week, we want to call particular attention to the suggestion that he makes of feeding gentian root and sulphate of iron. The writer has used this for a number of years and has never known it to fail. Many a horse does not look as he should because of being "hide-bound," and of you should have such an animal just take the advice given in the address referred to, and you will be more than surprised to see how quickly the animal's hide will loosen up and the horse get back into normal condition again.—Weekly Witness.

Vegetable Foods for Poultry.

Fowls, besides being grain and meat eaters, are also fond of vegetables and are benefited by the addition of green food to their diet. Whenever possible the poultry runs should be so arranged that the fowls will feed themselves from the natural growths. Poultry, like cattle, need good pasturage, and the cost of their keep can be reduced to the minimum if suitable grazing ground is provided for them. If the fowls are kept within a fenced enclosure it often pays to sow a small quantity of oats and peas and a liberal amount of red clover for the benefit of the chickens. Nothing is better than red clover. It is healthful and nourishing, the fowls relish it and nothing you can feed them will do more toward keeping them in good condition. Until they can get green food for themselves it is well to give them a small quantity of cabbage, or mangels, fed raw, or turnips boiled.—Thomas W. Lloyd in the National Fruit Grower.

Choice of the Brood Sow.

The Iowa station in one of its bulletins says that in picking out brood sows people differ somewhat in their ideas. A few general points which should always be considered are as follows: Select a sow of good height, depth and uniform width. Get one that stands well on her feet and legs. Size of bone and conformation of feet and legs is an ill-important feature of the breeding herd. Do not select a sow that is too drooping in the hind quarters, as such an animal is almost sure to be crooked in her hind legs, and thus is likely to break down on the same. The greatest difficulty with our hogs at the present time is that most of them are lacking in length and depth of body, and have not sufficient bone to carry their weight. A short-bodied sow will not make as good a mother as a sow of medium good length. The tendency of all breeds at the present time is to deteriorate in length of body and in size of bone. In addition to this, if you are breeding Chester White swine it is all important that you adhere rather closely to the breed characteristics. Of course, the ultimate end of all swine is the block; thus the fat hog type must receive due consideration. Too many men are breeding hogs for fancy color markings, shape of ears, head, etc., rather than because they have indications of returning profit to the average farmer.—Weekly Witness.

To Make Successful Sales.

The fundamental principle on which successful public sales are built is the possession of good stock, not only having a high grade of individual merit, but in addition such as answers the demands of the best breeders with reference to the blood lines involved, according to L. E. Ausman, writing in the Twentieth Century Farmer. The breeder should make it a point to keep for sale that kind of an animal and that strain of breeding that the public is buying most freely and paying the highest prices for. One sale is a good advertisement for the next, so good animals must be the basis on which to begin.

After having stock of the right sort the next thing is that they should go into the sale ring in the best possible condition. While they should not, at sale time, carry such a quantity of flesh as would make them desirable for the meat market, they will sell best if fat. They should be fed in a gradual way which shall at sale bring them to the culminating point of highest bloom. This preparation is one of great importance, involving careful judgment and unceasing oversight, as the bloom point lasts but a short time and too much fitting is as harmful in appearance as too little.

It is almost necessary to live with a sale consignment during the period of preparation, as they can never be too good. Careful grooming must not be overlooked. When the animal is driven into the ring let it be in its best possible form. Each animal should early in the day be marked plainly with the catalogue number, so that buyers may be able to identify, examine and make their selection before the sale opens.

Sheep for the Farm.

The Shropshire breed of sheep stands unsurpassed as an all-round farmer's sheep, adapted to all conditions, writes a correspondent of Shepherd's Criterion. Not only is the Shropshire a farmer's sheep, but it is the rich man's sheep also. They keep them on their large farms because of their beauty and prolificacy. The Shropshire is the universal breed. It is found in large numbers in England, Ireland, Scotland, the United States, Canada and almost everywhere known to sheep growers.

Everywhere Shropshire rams are used to grade up the common class of ewes. And why is this? It is because they have proved themselves to be the most profitable. Shropshires are also very profitable when raised in pure-bred flocks. The ewes of this breed drop a large number of lambs and nurse them well, and as soon as the lambs are partly matured ready sale at good prices for them is immediately found. The ranchmen buy Shropshire rams by the carload, a very large majority of the smaller sheep growers use Shropshire rams, and when you get the exceptionally good ones there are plenty of pure-bred breeders willing to pay you well for your product.

The fleece of the Shropshire sells at a very high figure. The Shropshire produces the highest priced mutton that goes on the market. Time and time again have grade Shropshire lambs topped the Chicago and other leading markets. At the leading shows, such as the International, held at Chicago, Shropshire wethers have always carried away a large portion of the laurels for champion mutton; hence a very profitable sheep adapted to most all conditions and most all people.

Before the Drive.

The young woman was about to take a ride in a cab. She was evidently a humane young person, because, when the driver of the vehicle brought it to her signal, she proceeded to question him.

"Has your horse done much work today?" she asked.

"He's just come out of his stable, lady," replied that person, mendaciously.

The girl felt the quadruped's sides.

"He seems to be very warm," she ventured.

"Yessum, his stable's warm. He's a heap more comfortable trotting about than he is in his boxstall."

The young woman peered at his hoofs.

"Are his shoes all right?" she asked.

"Sure," said the driver. "We have a veterinary who shoes the horses every morning before they come out of the stable and every evening when they go in."

"Is he very old?" faltered the girl, gingerly prodding the horse's lip in a vain attempt to see his teeth.

"That hoss ain't nothing more'n a colt, miss," responded the driver, seriously. "He ain't been in harness more'n a year. But he has the sweet disposition for sure, and he's as steady as an old horse. He's a regular kitten for gentleness and spirits."

The young woman smiled as one who feels that she does all she can in the cause of humanity. "Well," she said, "don't drive fast," and stepped into the vehicle.

"If there's anything I hate it is to take these S. P. C. A. ladies a-riding," confided the driver in a growl to a fellow cabman as he adjusted his reins. "Every time I try to make this old brute trot a bit now she'll be poking up the trap and a-screaming at me. I sure do hope his shoes'll stay on till I get her wherever she's a-going." —Baltimore News.

Wild Cherry Bark.

Has a commercial value because of its medicinal properties and uses. Uniting with a tonic power the property of calming irritation and diminishing nervous excitement, this bark is theoretically adapted to the treatment of diseases in which debility of the stomach or of the system is united with general or local irritation, and when largely taken it diminishes the action of the heart. It has therefore been much employed in this country in the hectic fever of scrofula and consumption. The price of the bark is quoted from 10 to 14 cents a pound.

Natural Curiosity.

He—Why do you persist in your refusal to marry me when I have declared my inability to live without you? She—Because you have aroused my curiosity. I want to see how long you will be able to survive.

Year 1905 Sales.

The total distributive sales for 1905 exceeded \$200,000,000.

This total is realized from the sale of fresh meats (beef, mutton and pork), provisions, produce (poultry, butter and eggs), soaps, glues, oils, bones, fertilizers, feathers, casings, hides, wools, pelts and other by-products derived from cattle, sheep, hogs and poultry.

Margin of Profit.

The industry is operated on a margin of less than 2 cents to each dollar of sales. Swift & Co. do not sell at retail. Their entire output is sold at wholesale to many thousands of dealers in various parts of the world. There are hundreds of local slaughterers throughout the United States, who buy their live stock in competition with the packer doing an interstate and international business. Likewise the packer must sell in competition with the local slaughterers. There are no secret processes in the industry, no complicated and expensive factories, and as live stock can be purchased in almost every hamlet and city, and the preparation of meats is simple in the extreme, local slaughtering will long remain a factor in the production of fresh meats and provisions.

Economic Advantages.

The large packing houses will, however, always have these advantages: Locations at the chief live stock centers, with the opportunity to buy the best live stock; manufacturing in large quantities, at the minimum of expense; utilization of all waste material; refrigeration; mechanical appliances; highly efficient business management. These advantages are reflected in the quality of the packer's output, a quality that has reached its highest development in the products bearing the name and brand of "Swift."

Purchasing Live Stock.

The principal live stock centers are Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, St.

Sticks to the Quill Pen.

George Meredith is one of the group of authors who remain faithful to the old-fashioned quill pen.

FITSPERMANENTLY CURED. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, 341 North 7th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Dr. R.H. Kline, Ltd., 901 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Revived by Death Notice.

A claim was once placed in the hands of Judge Peters, of Bangor, Me., for collection. A notice was sent to the debtor, who called and promised to pay the following Saturday.

The judge said, "Now don't say you will pay Saturday night unless you mean to; just take a few more days and be sure. Say you will pay next Wednesday." "All right," said the man, "if I live until next Wednesday I will pay that bill." Wednesday came, but no man appeared to settle the bill, whereupon the judge wrote out a notice of the death of the man and put it in the daily paper. The next day the bill was settled.

How to Treat Robbers of Women.

Ruffians who make a specialty of robbing women are particularly despicable; and while they are cowardly, they are desperate, and do not hesitate to kill. Fiction tells of robbers who were ever gentle with women, generous with the poor, kindly to children, but the robber of not day is a different creature.

Mr. James J. Hill in a recent address before the Commercial Club of St. Paul declared that profrigate is one of our national characteristics. As a specification he adduced the waste of the public domain and asserted that now there is no room on the land for the immigrants rushing to our shores, who must therefore crowd into the cities.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—Wm O. ENDREY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Each season Dundee sends her whaling fleet to the Arctic.

A Guaranteed Cure For Piles. Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money! Pazo Ointment fails to cure in 6 to 14 days, 50c.

The annual coal bill of the Pennsylvania Railroad system is \$18,000,000.

PRICE, 25 Cts. TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY. ANTI-GRIPINE HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE.

Nothing knocks out and disables like Lumbago and Sciatica.

Nothing reaches the trouble as quickly as ST. JACOBS OIL.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Color more goods brighter and finer color than any other dye. One box will dye 100 lbs. of material.

Swift & Company

Packing Plants.

Table with columns: Buildings, Floor Space, Land, Acres. Rows: Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Louis, St. Joseph, St. Paul, Fort Worth.

Employees.

The total number of persons employed in all the Swift packing plants and branch houses aggregate over 26,000 persons.

Sanitation and Hygiene.

The housewife makes no greater effort to keep her kitchen clean than we do to keep in sanitary and hygienic condition our abattoirs.

Wholesale Distributing Houses.

A wholesale distributing house is a giant refrigerator, but instead of shelves there are trolley rails, from which are suspended hooks to hang the carcasses.

All the Swift & Company plants are located at the great live stock markets, in the heart of the great agricultural sections, where can be purchased the finest grades of cattle, sheep and hogs.

Packing Plants.

The following gives the locations and sizes of the different plants:

More Men Than Women. There are 1,840,280 more men than women in the United States, and the same proportion prevails in almost every other country.

How Schliemann Changed His Luck. It is told of Schliemann, the ex-hunter of buried cities of the ancient world, that he was pursued by ill luck in his earlier undertakings.

Monument to a Clown. A well-supplicated movement is on foot to erect a handsome monument to Joe Grimaldi, the clown, who died in 1837, and whose tombstone in the graveyard of St. James' Pentonville, London, is in a dilapidated condition.

A National Weakness. Mr. James J. Hill in a recent address before the Commercial Club of St. Paul declared that profrigate is one of our national characteristics.

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are more widely and favorably known

than any other brand. Their popularity is due to the uniform quality and flavor of the meat, and to their fine appearance when received from the dealer. Each piece is branded on the rind, "Swift's Premium U. S. Inspected," and wrapped in cheesecloth and white parchment paper.

Swift's Silver Leaf Lard

Is a strictly pure lard, kettle rendered, and put up in 3, 5, and 10-pound sealed pails. It is America's Standard Lard, and enjoys a high reputation and an enormous sale.

Swift's Soaps.

An interesting feature of a trip through the Chicago plant is a visit to the soap factory, one of the largest and most complete in this country. There we manufacture numerous toilet and laundry soaps, and washing powders.

Swift's Specialties.

Swift's Premium Ham, Swift's Premium Bacon, Swift's Premium Sliced Bacon, Swift's Premium Lard, Swift's Winchester Ham, Swift's Winchester Bacon, Brookfield Farm Sausage, Swift's Silver Leaf Lard, Jewel Lard Compound, Swift's Cotoquet, Swift's Jersey Butterine, Swift's Beef Extract, Swift's Beef Fluid, Swift's Premium Milk-Fed Chickens.

Swift's Premium Hams and Bacon, Swift's Premium Hams and Bacon.

Good Teeth & Good Temper

Are characteristic of the Atkins Saws always. That is because they are made of the best steel in the world—Silver Steel—by men that know how.

Dr. E. C. ATKINS & CO. Inc. Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World. Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis, Indiana.

Drill for Water. Prospect for Minerals, Drill Test and Blast Holes. Coal Gas Oil.

That Delightful Aid to Health. Paxtine. Toilet Antiseptic. Whiteness the teeth—purifies mouth and breath—cures nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore eyes, and by direct application cures all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions caused by feminine ills.

That Baby of Yours. Needs Hoxley's Croup Cure for Croup, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc. It prevents Membranous Croup and Diphtheria.

Dropsy New Discovery. Great relief and cure for Dropsy, Biliousness, Constipation, etc. Sold by all druggists.

Piso's Cure for Consumption. Piso's Cure for Consumption is a great remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs.

Agents Wanted. Sell "rental getters" home-made family soap. Hold novelty. Not one sold outside a family. Not 25¢ a box. Not 10¢ a day. Sample 1c. C.A.W. Co., 24 W. 4th St., N.Y. City.

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