

ELECTION RETURNS.

Democrats Garry Pennsylvania and Ohio—Hearst Contests Returns in New York City.

Elections were held Tuesday, November 7, in seven states and six of the larger cities. In Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Virginia and Ohio a governor and other state officers were chosen, and in Pennsylvania, Maryland and Nebraska minor state officers, judges or regents of the state university. In New York, Indianapolis, Louisville, Salt Lake and San Francisco a mayor and other city officers, and in Chicago, sanitary trustees and judges were elected.

The Democrats and Populists fused in Nebraska, the Republicans and Democrats against the Union Labor party in San Francisco, and the Republicans and other parties against the Democrats in Louisville.

In Pennsylvania there has been a miscellaneous indorsement of the Republican and Democratic candidates. The Republican nominee for treasurer was indorsed by the Citizens party, the Democratic nominee by the Prohibitionist, Independents, and the Lincoln party. The Republican nominee for judge of the supreme court was indorsed by the Democrats, Citizens, Independents, and the Lincoln party. The Republican nominees for judges of the superior court (the minority party can elect one judge) were indorsed by the Citizens and Lincoln party, and the Democratic candidate by the Independents.

The Prohibitionists nominated a ticket in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Nebraska, New York, Indiana, Ohio, Nebraska, Virginia, New York and Indianapolis; the Municipal Ownership party in New York, and the American party in Salt Lake. There were six candidates for mayor in New York and four in Indianapolis.

BERRY DEFEATS PLUMMER

Unexpected Results in Country Districts—Philadelphia and Interior Counties Roll Up Tremendous Vote.

Complete returns from 61 of the 67 counties in Pennsylvania give W. H. Berry, Democrat, for State Treasurer, a plurality over J. Lee Plummer, Republican of 81,925 votes. The counties yet to be heard from are Armstrong, Chester, Crawford, Northampton, Susquehanna and Perry. Of the missing counties Armstrong and Susquehanna give estimated pluralities for Plummer of 1,300, while the estimated pluralities for Berry in Chester, Crawford, Northampton and Perry are 5,525. Basing the computation on these estimates, Berry's apparent plurality in the State is 85,251.

The vote for Superior court has not yet been computed in many counties, but in nearly every county the three Republican judges ran far ahead of Plummer.

The vote for State Treasurer in Philadelphia was, Plummer, 95,760; Berry, 134,797, giving the latter a plurality of 39,037. On the county ticket, Brown, City party and Democrat, has a majority of 43,333.

Nearly complete returns from Allegheny county indicate that the entire Republican county ticket was elected by majorities ranging from 1,500 to 5,000 and that J. Lee Plummer, defeated candidate for State Treasurer, carried the county by a majority which may exceed 27,000. Incomplete returns give Plummer 67,184 votes, while Berry received 40,130.

In the city of Pittsburgh the Citizens ticket won over the Republicans by reduced majorities.

In Philadelphia the Lincoln party, formed by the Independents, gave Berry a tremendous vote. The State Treasury has been under Republican control since 1880. Roosevelt's plurality last year was 504,000.

Philadelphia has been swept by the reform movement, the City party winning by a surprisingly large plurality.

The successful candidates of the City party were Wilson H. Brown, for Sheriff, F. A. Anderson and Rudolph Blankenburg for County Commissioners, and J. M. R. Jermon for Coroner. Circuit Judge Craig Biddle and Orphans Court Judge Morris Dallett had been endorsed by all parties.

In only two counties in the State Somerset and Washington, are gains shown by the Republican over the vote for State Treasurer two years ago. Large Democratic gains were made in all the other counties.

NEBRASKA DEFEATS FUSION

Charles B. Letton, Republican, Elected Supreme Court Justice.

Returns from the elections in Nebraska are sufficiently complete to indicate with certainty the election of Charles B. Letton, Republican, over William C. Hastings, fusion, as associate justice of the Supreme court by a plurality greater than that given Judge Barnes for the same office two years ago, which was 9,127. The Republican candidates for regents ran only slightly behind Letton.

Burns Himself to Death.

Michael McDermott, who was serving a sentence for drunkenness, burned himself to death in a padded cell of the county jail at Newark, N. J. Smoke from the fire and the odor of burning flesh created a panic among the hundred prisoners in the jail. Men and women made frantic efforts to tear away the iron bars of their cell doors, and were in such a condition after quiet had been restored that medical attention was necessary.

Pattison Defeats Herrick for Governor by Large Majority.

That John M. Pattison, Democrat, of Cincinnati, has been elected Governor of Ohio for three years by a plurality running above 40,000 over Gov. Myron T. Herrick, of Cleveland, Republican, is settled, as also is the Democratic working majority in both houses of the State Legislature, but there is still some uncertainty as to the rest of the State ticket.

Chairman Harvey Garber, of the Democratic committee, figured pluralities for Pattison that aggregated close to 55,000. The Republicans have given out no later estimates than that of Chairman Charles Dick, conceding the election of Pattison by 25,000 plurality.

Republican estimates give the Democrats from two to five majorities in the net Senate and from 10 to 15 in the House. The Democratic claim is a majority of five in the Senate and of 27 in the House.

The widespread scratching of tickets caused such delay in the counting that 20 hours after the close of the polls there was still uncertainty.

The State officers and Legislators chosen will serve three years, instead of two, as heretofore, the constitutional amendment for biennial elections providing that the terms of officers elected at this time shall expire on January 1, 1909, at which time the State officers and Legislators, chosen in November, 1908, will assume office. The Legislature chosen in 1908 will choose a United States Senator in succession to Senator Forsaker.

The Republicans of Cleveland concede the election of Mayor Tom Johnson by 5,000 majority over Attorney William H. Boyd. Brand Whitlock, the novelist, is elected Mayor of Toledo on the Independent ticket. Judge Dempsey (Dem.) is elected Mayor of Cincinnati over ex-Lieutenant Governor Harry Gordon (Rep.). Ex-Congressman D. C. Badger (Dem.) has been elected Mayor of Columbus.

NEW YORK CITY

Justice Gaynor Grants Order for Recount of Votes.

With the granting of an order by Supreme Court Justice William J. Gaynor in Brooklyn compelling Police Commissioner McAdoo to remove every ballot box from all the precincts in Greater New York to the bureau of elections William R. Hearst, the defeated Municipal Ownership league candidate, took his first legal step in a fight to secure a recount of the votes cast on election day.

The complete returns give McClellan a majority of 3,485 votes, the smallest ever recorded for a successful mayoralty candidate, and a result which might readily be reversed by a recount of the ballots.

The next Assembly will stand: Republicans, 111; Democrats, 35; Municipal Ownership, 4. Last year it stood: Republican, 104; Democrats, 46. The Senate holds over this year.

From present indications the following ticket is elected: Mayor, George B. McClellan (Dem.).

President of Manhattan Borough, John P. Ahearne (Dem.).

President of Brooklyn Borough, Bird S. Coler (M. O.).

President of Queens, Joseph Bermeil (R.).

President of the Bronx, Louis F. Haffen (Dem.).

President of Richmond, George Cromwell (Rep.).

Sheriff, Nicholas Hayes (Dem.).

The Municipal League will contest the election.

Mr. Hearst issued the following statement claiming his election as Mayor:

CHICAGO

With One Exception the Republican Ticket Won.

The Republicans made a clean sweep of the election in Chicago and Cook county, electing all of their candidates, with the exception of one man. The sole Democrat to reach the promised land was Webb, a candidate for trustee of the sanitary district.

The Republicans elected four judges of the superior court by pluralities ranging from 20,000 to 25,000; one judge to fill a vacancy on the bench of the superior court, by a plurality of about 1,900; a judge of the circuit court by 10,000 and eight out of nine members of the board of sanitary trustees by pluralities ranging from 1,000 to 5,000.

James Squires, a member of the Alton, (Ill.) high school football team, died from the effects of an injury received October 21 in a game with the East St. Louis high school team. He received a kick on the knee which resulted in blood poisoning.

RHODE ISLAND

Republicans Make Gains in Each Branch of Legislature.

A heavy poll for the Republican candidate for the executive chair, Gov. George H. Utter, which is expected to give him a plurality of 5,000 over the Democratic nominee, Lucius F. C. Garvin, was the feature of the State election. Utter's running mates on the ticket seem sure of large pluralities. Republican gains were made in each branch of the Legislature.

MASSACHUSETTS

Guild Defeats Bartlett for Governor—Democrats Make Gains in Legislature.

Lieutenant Governor Curtis Guild, Jr., of Boston (Rep.), was elected Governor of Massachusetts by a plurality of 29,485 over General Charles W. Bartlett of Boston, the Democratic nominee.

For the second place on the ticket, for which there was an unusually warm contest, Eben S. Draper of Hopedale (Rep.) won over Henry M. Whitney of Brookline, his Democratic opponent, and the leading advocate for reciprocity, by a plurality of 3,942. The total vote for the two leading candidates was:

Governor: Guild (Rep.), 203,834; Bartlett, (Dem.), 174,299; Lieutenant Governor: Draper (Rep.), 184,534; Whitney (Dem.), 180,592.

The Republicans also elected seven of the eight members of the Executive Council, and the usual large majority in both branches of the Legislature.

The closeness of the vote for Draper and Whitney for Lieutenant Governor was the principal feature of the election. The Democrats made gains in both branches of the Legislature, three members in the Senate, and one in the House. The Legislature of 1906 will stand as follows: Senate: Republicans, 31; Democrats, 9; House: Republicans, 169; Democrats, 70; Independent, 1.

MARYLAND

Surfrage Amendment Voted Down—Baltimore Goes Republican.

The election in Maryland was for a State Comptroller, Legislature and county officers, and in Baltimore for a Judge of the Supreme Court, Sheriff, City Clerk and Surveyor. The issue which engrossed popular attention was a proposed constitutional amendment, the avowed purpose of which was to disfranchise negro voters, but which aroused widespread opposition among many Democrats and foreign voters in both parties.

Owing to the extreme length of the ballot the count has been slow and the votes in some of the city precincts and remote county districts have not been counted. The returns so far received, however, make certain the defeat of the proposed constitutional amendment by a majority of 20,000 or more and very probably the election of McCullough (Rep.) State Comptroller over Atkinson (Dem.) and the election of Republicans in three out of four of the city legislative districts. The Republican candidate for Sheriff, City Court Clerk and City Surveyor in Baltimore also are elected. Chief Judge Harlan (Dem.) is re-elected by 10,000 majority.

The Republicans did not nominate a candidate against Judge Harlan, though there was an independent Republican candidate. The political complexion of the next Legislature is uncertain and will not be known until the official count has been completed.

DUN'S WEEKLY SUMMARY

Reports of Wholesale Trade Conditions and Good Prospects from all Quarters.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s "Weekly Review of Trade" says: Each week brings a stronger business situation, reasonable weather having removed the last drawback, and pressure for shipment of goods is so great in many lines that the partial holiday put deliveries still further behind and caused much inconvenience. Reports of wholesale conditions are now practically unanimous, and improvement in collections is noted in many districts.

REBELLION IN BRAZIL

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Hundreds of persons have been killed in encounters in the streets. The cause of the trouble it is said is due to a mutiny of the garrison of the fort of Santa Cruz.

GEN. TREPPOFF REMOVED.

The Czar Also Removes Obstacles to Count Witte's Projects.

Gen. Treppoff has been removed from the powerful position of governor general of St. Petersburg and assistant minister of the interior, and Russia's premier has agreed to immediate universal suffrage. The retirement of Gen. Treppoff is hailed with delight. It strongly enhances the chances of the populace giving Count Witte time to carry out his projects, which were in danger, owing to the impatience of the revolutionists.

The orthodox clergy have issued a stirring appeal to the provincial priests to aid in the restoration of peace in the country.

Consulship for Pennsylvania.

William T. Pike, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed American consul at Glouchau, and William R. Estes, of Minnesota, to be consul at Zittau, Germany.

Suit Over Art Collection.

District Attorney Baker filed a suit in the supreme court of the District of Columbia to determine the ownership of the art collection of the late Mrs. Harriet Lane Johnson, niece of President Buchanan. The collection was left by will to the Corcoran gallery of art of Washington city, to be held in trust until a national art gallery may be established.

Train Hits Stick of Dynamite.

An attempt was made to wreck the second section of a northbound passenger train on the Southern Pacific railroad at the Los Alamos bridge. A stick of dynamite was placed on the track, and, when the locomotive struck it, there was a terrific explosion. The pilot and wheels of the locomotive were blown off. No one was injured.

Long Wireless Message.

The Navy Department has been informed that the wireless telegraph operator at San Juan, Puerto Rico, read signals which were being sent from a wireless station in the vicinity of New York. The distance is approximately 1,400 miles.

Slaughter Goes On.

There is terrifying news still from Kishineff. The city is strewn with dead. An unwieldy provisional government has been established. Famine reigns throughout Bessarabia and the Jews are taking refuge in the cellars, where they are dying wholesale. A mob of a thousand rioters engaged in a massacre of Jews in Ismail, Bessarabia, and a force of dragoons arriving from Bendery fired on the mob, killing 42 and wounding 114 persons.

Y. M. C. A.'S FOUNDER DIES

Sir George Williams Passes Away in London at Age of 84.

Sir George Williams, founder of the Young Men's Christian association and president of its London headquarters for 20 years, died in London. He was born in 1821.

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RUSSIAN SAILORS MUTINY

Fierce Battle Fought in the City of Cronstadt.

RIOTING CONTINUED ALL NIGHT.

Mutinous Sailors Say Their Chief Grievances Are Poor Food and Clothing and Lack of Liberty.

The sailors of the Russian squadron at Cronstadt mutined, overpowered their officers, landed and attacked the shops, public buildings and spirits stores. The troops were called out and fighting ensued, during which machine guns were used and many persons were killed or wounded. In addition a number of houses were set on fire. The fighting lasted all night long.

The outbreak started when the sailors of the "Seventh Fort Equipment" revolted, and it is rumored, killed some of their officers. They marched out of the barracks and immediately plundered four spirits shops. Crazed with liquor they returned and seized their arms and went on a rampage, firing promiscuously upon the troops and the loyal sailors. Later they were joined by many of their comrades.

The number of mutineers totaled 3,900. It is difficult to ascertain the number of the casualties, but officers place the figures at 200. Many wounded persons are in hospitals. The sailors say their chief grievances are poor food and clothing and an insufficient amount of liberty from barracks. Roughs joined in the pillage, but the workmen did not participate.

The governor of Cronstadt telegraphed the general staff that the mutiny had been crushed; that there was no likelihood of any renewal of the revolt; that reports to the effect that members of the guard had joined the mutineers were false, and that there was no truth in the reports that the mutineers had seized the arsenal and the forts. The governor in his telegram said that many of the mutinous sailors tried to escape in boats to the mainland, but that they were captured and were being brought back to Cronstadt.

FATAL HEAD-ON COLLISION

Sixteen Hurt, Ten Seriously by Passenger Train Hitting Freight.

Five persons were killed, 10 seriously injured and a score slightly hurt in a head-on collision between a passenger train and a coal train on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad, near Hunoock's creek, a short distance from Wilkes Barre, Pa.

The dead: Frank Ringsdorf, Scranton, fireman on freight train; M. J. Graham, Scranton, express messenger; Frank Poole, Scranton, engineer passenger train; H. E. Stickey, Kingston, fireman on passenger train; George Snyder, Scranton, engineer on freight train.

Of the injured Christopher Beaver, Scranton, conductor on passenger train, is expected to die.

The injuries to the passengers were caused by the terrific force of the trains coming together, the engine on the passenger train being forced almost through the baggage car.

The wreck occurred on the Bloomsburg division. The passenger train, which was running from Northumberland, Pa., to Wilkes Barre, dashed into the freight on a sharp curve at the base of the mountain. The passenger train was running about 35 miles an hour. It is said that the freight crew misread the orders, and instead of waiting on a siding for the passenger train came out on the main track.

POLES DEMAND RIGHTS

National Coat of Arms Displayed in Two Cities.

On the heels of the successful issue of the Finnish national movement comes the news of a strong revival of the struggle for autonomy in Poland. Dispatches from Kalisch, in Poland, and Thorn, in West Prussia, say that flags with the Polish coat of arms have been hoisted in several churches and city buildings. At Kalisch a manifesto of the labor party, demanding the convocation of the national Diet, sitting at Warsaw, and the restoration of the ancient rights of the kingdom, was proclaimed with trumpets.

The Governor General of Poland has issued an order setting forth that as he has ascertained that the citizens of Warsaw are not fit to profane the national coat of arms, he hereby prohibits processions and open air meetings and threatens to disperse crowds by force of arms.

PRISONER KILLS HIMSELF

Caused Death of Woman Who Reported Having Eloped With Him.

Albert H. Darwin, a prisoner at the county jail, at Cleveland, O., charged with the murder of Mrs. Anna Gray, of Joliet, Ill., committed suicide in his cell by hanging. Darwin eloped with Mrs. Gray from Joliet several months ago, the couple going to Akron, O., later they came to Cleveland. When the woman decided to return to her husband and children she was shot and killed by Darwin.

Darwin had been on trial the past week. It is thought that the failure of a plot to escape from jail led him to commit suicide.

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POLICE AIDED SLAUGHTER

Militia Stood By While Women and Children Were Burned.

KNIVES AND AXES WERE USED

Procession of School Children Surrounding and Some Were Torn to Pieces.

As details of what happened throughout European Russia during the upheaval arrive the story grows more revolting. In the Baltic provinces murder, riot and incendiarism prevailed. In Poland even the clergy, Catholic and Protestant, participated in the manifestations in favor of autonomy of the ancient kingdom.

In Southwestern Russia hardly a city or town escaped Jewish massacres. At Tomsk, Siberia, according to the latest reports received here, the whole population of 40,000 and the military stood by while 600 women and children were burned in a theater.

The court house at Tomsk and the mayor's residence, where the students and revolutionists took refuge from the mob, were burned and those who tried to fly were killed in the streets. In Moscow the social revolutionists and the "Black Hundred" and the Cossacks and police fought bloody battles.

The descent of the butchers of Moscow with their knives and axes upon the students was one of the most horrible chapters, but not as pitiful, however, as the attack of the Black Hundred on a procession of school children carrying red flags. When the children sought to escape a cordon of police barred the way and the youthful martyrs were beaten into insensibility and in some cases were actually torn to pieces. In the Alexander garden at Moscow Cossacks lay in ambush in the shrubbery and set upon their victims with whips. Many were beaten to death and others were hardly able to crawl away.

The reports from the Caucasus show there is no immediate prospect of suppressing the present state of anarchy. Battles between Tartars and Armenians continue and the destruction of the railroads and lack of troops make it impossible for the authorities to cope with the situation.

FOUR MEN KILLED IN WRECK

Passenger Train Collides Head-On With Freight.

A passenger train on the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad, bound for Watertown, collided head-on with a locomotive drawing two freight cars, near Liverpool, six miles from Syracuse. Four men were killed and one seriously hurt. One of the freight cars was filled with matches, which ignited and set fire to the wreckage.

Trainmaster Halleran of Oswego placed the blame for the wreck upon the conductor of the freight train, who, he said, disregarded his orders.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Clyde