NUMBER 5.

In Every Style!

Decide to buy whatever shoe you like best, but never forget one thing-there is one shoe that originates all these styles and offers them to you before they are copied by others. That shoe is "Queen Quality."



consider necessary. But "Queen Quality" aims to give you

"Queen Quality" is made in twice

as many styles as other makers

the exact equivalent of a custom - made shoe.

It means a large extra cost to the manufacturers, but you get the exact answer to your every requirement.

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ROBINSON'S

-WE KNOW WE TELL-

The Naked Truth

When we say we have the Largest Stock and Lowest Prices of any Grocery House in the County.

Good, substantial goods-the kind the people live on. Below we quote a few prices as sample. Our store is chuck full of bargains for the careful buyer. Make out your list of wants and let us quote you prices on bill goods. We are always here to correct errors and make everything right.

18 lbs Fine Gra	soulated b	Sugar	\$1:00
25 the. "		40	1.30
8 lbs. Arbuckie	s' Coffee		95e
Extra Fine Be	k Coffee	regular	
price 20 e-			15c
3 Cans Best St	andard T	omatoes	250
1 Doz. Cans Be	est Stand	ard Tom	atoes 95c
1 Doz. Cans Go	ood Strand	ard Tom	atoes 85c
Best Sugar Cu			18e

5 fbs Good Rice, - 25c 4 lbs a better grade 25e 7 bs. Rolled Oats 25e 10 fbs. Pure Leaf Lard \$1.00 7 cakes Gloss, Star or Lenox Soap, 250

5 lbs. big fat Prunes 25c 11 lbs. Best Navy Beans, 50c 4 ths. Best Lima Beans, 25c Best Sugar Cured Bacon

We sell Thos. J. Lipton's Teas and Coffees-Best in the land.

Robinson & Mundorff.



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FOR restoring original lustre and tone to old worn, scratched and faded furniture, woodwork and floors. LACQUERET dries over night and wears like rawhide. It will not lade, turn white or crack. LACQUERET is all right in everyway for everything. A child

LACQUERET is sold in convenient packages ready for use in Light Oak. Dark Oak. Mahogany, Cherry, Walnut. Rosewood, Rich Red. Moss Green, and "Clear". It is TRANSLUCENT, non-ading, brilliant and durable. Superior in points of merit to inything on the market. Ask for Color Card and Instructive booklet

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THE KEYSTONE HARDWARE COMPANY

On Electric line at the Summit, balf way between Punxsutawney and Reynoldsville.

This Beautiful New Pleasure Resort

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BIG DANCING PAVILION

AMERICAN BIOGRAPH MERRY-GO-ROUND.

LAUGHING GALLERY Refreshment Stands, Lunch Counter, Etc., Etc.

Tables, Seats, abundance of Pure Spring Water and every odation for pienies, with NO CHARGE for same. Music and Biograph Afternoons and Evenings.

HARRIS & GILMORE, Managers

P. O. Address, Beynoldsville, Penn'a.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD BUFFALO & ALLEGENY VALLEY VISION. Low Grade Division.

in Effect May 29, 1904. Eastern Standard Time

	MART	WARD	e Iul		
STATIONS. Pittaburg Red Bank La wsonham New Rethlehem	No 109	No.II3	No.101	Nelli	No 107
Pittaburg	1000	8 6 15	\$ 9 00	§ 1 ao	* 5 35
Red Bank	0.07	9 30	11 05	4.05	7.55
Lawsonham	. 644	9 47	11 18	4.18	8 07
New Bethlehem	2000	10 30	11 44	4.00	曹玉
			11 54 12 10	4.08	
Mayport.	****	10 34	11:54	5 04	
summerville	4 2166	10 52	12 10	5 21	
Brookville	\$ 6 05	11 10	12 24		
lowa	16.16	+11 20	10744	\$5.50	
Fuller,	16 23	211 20	12 55	6 15	
Fuller Reynoldsville Pancoast Falls Creek	5 37	11 42	12 90	6 10	9 50 9 58 10 05 10 15
ancoast	16 46	11 57	12144	#6 22 6 30 6 40 6 53	0.08
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Winterburn	1.50	****	1 50	1 40	
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Pennëeld. Tyler Bennezette	6 00	+3.64+	2 29	0.47	
Crant	40 13	25604	40 34	47.58	
Grant	100 340	+***	1 2 05	2 0 000	1.

A. M. A. M. P. M. P. M. F M. Train 951 (Sunday) leaves Pittsburg 9.0t. a. m., Red Bank 11.10 Brookville 12.41, Reynoldsville

WESTWARD					
STATIONS.	No 108	No 108	No 102	No. III	No. IIO
Driftwood	17.50	£ 5 50	\$11 10		\$ 5.50
Grant		+6 10	+11 100	19.00	16 16
Bennezette		6.25	11 45	44.44	6.25
yler	Xxxx		12 12	1000	6.53
Pennfield			12 20	15.35	7.04
Winterburn		7 05	12 25	1917	7 10
Sabula	1 42 22	2 18	13 35	48'40	7 23
DuBois Fails Creek	*6 05	A 1000	1 1 A 16 CHAP	5 10	7 100
Falls Creek	1 2 12	7.53	1, 10	15 14	42.43
Pancoast.	1 20 70	8 08	1 20	5 27	74 74
Reynoldsville.	1 46 49	+8 20		+5 43	46 11
Iowa		15 410	2007	AR HOL	48 19
Brookville	2 66	8 95	1.56	6.00	68:00
Summerville	7 90	15 40	22 10	6.15	10000
Mayport		40 06	12 es	6 32	227.7
Onk Ridge	7 83	90 12	44.0	6.38	
Oak Ridge New Bethlehen	7 51	9.20	2.35	6.45	
Lawsonham	8-21	9 47	\$3 06	7 14	1111
Red Bank	8-35	10 10	3 20	7 25	
Pittsburg			\$ 5,70	[19 10	
	A. M.	P. m.	P. m.	P. M.	P. M.

Train 933 (Sunday) leaves DuBois 4.10 p. m. Falls Creek 4.17, Reynoldsville 4.30, Brookville 5.00, Red Bank 6.30, Pittaburg 9.30 p. m. No. 107 daily between Pittaburg and DuBois. On Sundays only train leaves Driftwood at 8.30 a.m., arrives DuBois 10.00 a.m. Return-ing leaves DuBois 2.00 p. m., arrives Drift-wood 3.40 p. m., stopping at intermediate sta-tions.

Trains marked * run daily; \$ daily, except sunday; † flag station, where signals must be

Philadelphia & Eric Railroad Division In effect May 29th, 1904. Trains leave Driftwood as follows:

EASTWARD

1:04 a m—Train 12, weekdays, for Sunbury,
Wilkesbarre, Hagleton, Pottsville, Scranton,
Harrisburg and the intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:33 p. m.,
New York, 9:30 p. m.; Baltimore, 6:00 p. m.;
Washington, 7:15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car
from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia
and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

1:00 p. m.—Train's datts for EASTWARD

senger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltinore and Washington.

1:50 p. m.—Train 8, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7:32 p. m., New York 19:23 p. m., Baltimore 7:39 p. m., Washington 8:36 p. m. Vestibuled parior cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

1:00 p. m.—Train 6. daily, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:23 a. M.; New York, 7:13 a. m.; Haltimore, 2:29 a. m.; Washington 3:30 a. M. Pullman Sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York, Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 a. M.

11:06 p.m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:17 a. M.; New York, 9:33 a. M. on week days and 10:38 a. M. on Sunday; Haltimore, 7:15 a. M.; Washington, Side and Williamsport to Philadelphia, and Williamsport to Philadelphia, and Williamsport to Washington, Passenger coaches from Eric to Philadelphia, and Williamsport to Washington, Passenger coaches from Eric to Philadelphia, and Williamsport to Baltimore, 12:41 p.m.—Train 14, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg at Philadelphia 7:32 a. m., New York 9:33 a. m. weekshays, (10:38 a. m., Sunday) Baltimore 7:25 a. m., Washington, 8:46 a. m. Vestibuled buffet sleeping cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD 5:33 a. m.—Train 7, doily for Buffalo via Emportum, 141 a. m.—Train 9, daily for Erie, Ridg-way, and week days for DuBols, Clermont and principal intermediate stations. 150 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and inter-mediate points. 150a. m.—Train 3, daily for Earle and inter-mediate points.
3:45 p. m.—Train 15, daily for Buffalo via Emporium.
5:44p. m.—Train 61, weekdays for Kane and intermediate stations.

JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD WEEKDAYS. ar Clermont iv Woodvale Quinwood Smith's Run Instanter Straight Glen Hazei

lv Ridgway ar

and Connections.					
p.m. p.m. 7 30 2 10 7 30 1 58 7 00 1 49 7 05 1 40 3 57 1 37 1 47 1 27 1 43 1 23 6 38 1 15 6 30 1 10 6 10 12 55	8-m 9-20 9-09 9-09 8-55 8-51 8-8-34 8-34 8-34 8-36 8-36 8-36 8-36 8-36 8-36 8-36 8-36	ar Ridgway ly Mill Haven Croyland Shorts Mills Blue Rock Oarrier Brockway'l Lanes Mills McMlun Smt Harveys Run ly Fulls C'k ar ly Dulkois ar	8. m 6 50 7 7 10 7 7 17 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	P.m. 12 05 12 15 12 14 12 28 12 28 1	P.TO. 4 00 4 15 4 25 4 34 4 38 4 48 4 57 5 05 5 05 6 20
6 307 1 15 6 15 12 52 6 39 13 24 4 50 11 44 4 05 11 05 1 30 9 00 D.m. a.m	6 53 6 39 6 05	ar Falls C'k ly Reynoldsville Brookville New Bethl'm Red Bank ly Pittsburgar	7 55 8 88 9 20 10 00 12 85	1 15 -1 29 1 56 2 38 3 20 5 30	5 10 5 27 6 00 6 45 7 25 10 10

For time tables and additional information consult ticket agents. W. ATTERBURY, Gen'l Manager, GEO, W. BOYD, Gen'l Pass

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ANT PECULIARITIES.

Each Species Has a Distinct Odor

Each ant species appears to have its distinctive odor, discernible by other ants. Within each species there are also differences of odor dependent on the age of the colony and the age of the queen from whose egg its inmates are produced. The ant's organs of smell are its antennae, and the antennne consist, as it were, of a series of noses, each of which has a special task. One nose tells the ant whether it is in its own nest or that of an enemy. Another nose discriminates between odors of ants of the same species, but of different colonies. The third serves the purpose of discerning the scent laid down by the ant's own feet, so that it may retrace its steps along its own Another rose smells the ant larvae and pupae, and the fifth nose detects the presence of an enemy. Thus if an ant be left with only the four noses it will live peaceably with alien ants, but while it has its fifth nose it will fight the allen to the death. If ants make one another's acquaint ance before they are twelve hours old they will thereafter live amicably together, though of different species or subfamilies. But in three days after hatching their criterion of correct ant odor is established, and they refuse to affiliate with ants whose odor is not in accord with their standard.

LINCOLN'S POETRY.

Verses That Were Brought to Light Only to Be Destroyed.

It is a sentimental habit of speech to regret the "songs never sung." the dispassionate critic knows there is quite enough poetry unless it is of the very best. He has no tears for "mute, inglorious Miltons." But there is no true American who would not pay a price for a certain batch of poems probably long ago destroyed.

Gibson William Harris, who was a law student in Lincoln & Herndon's office from 1845 to 1847, has written for the Woman's Home Companion some of his recollections of Abraham Lincoln. In putting the office in order one morning he came upon two or three quires of letter paper stitched to gether inside a desk. He turned the leaves and found that they were covered with stanzas in Mr. Lincoln's neat running hand.

When Mr. Lincoln came in, the young man took the manuscript out of the desk again and held it up with the unnecessary and impertinent inquiry

whether the poems were his. "Where did you find it?" asked Mr.

He took the manuscript, rolled it up and stuffed it into his pocket. It was never seen again. The theory of the writer who tells the story is that it was taken home and put into the fire.

THE BLACK PANTHER.

So Fierce That Even Lion Trainers Dare Not Handle Him.

Of all the big, dangerous cats, none is more unapproachable and more treacherous than the black panther. Hailing from the heart of the deepest African jungle, lithe and supple of body, alert and nervous, this stealthy marauder exceeds in ferocity even a Bengal tiger. He is the only big feline that the lion trainer does not venture to train, and he is the only cat so absolutely distrustful that he shuns even the light of day. Often he will lie all day long in a dusky corner of his cage, his yellow slit eyes shifting and gleaming restlessly.

Even the feeding hour, when pandemonium breaks loose among the big cages, when hungry roars and squeak mingle with impatient snarls and impacts of heavy bodies against steel bars, is apt to have no effect on him. He may lie eying his chunk of raw beef suspiciously and not venture forth until day has waned and the last visftor left to tear meat from bones with his long, white fangs.
In fact, so ugly and vicious is this

beast that frequently he turns on his own kind, and in many instances it is impossible to cage him, even with a mate.-McClure's Magazine.

As to "The."

A voluntary contributor to magazines and newspapers had a desirable article returned to him the other day because he began the opening para-graph with the definite article, "the." The editor wrote: "If we should allow all of our authors to begin with 'the' every article would so begin." There is at least one newspaper in New York which will not accept a story of any kind if it begins with "the." The editor in charge, seeing the "the" at the opening, immediately throws the story into the wastebasket.-New York Press.

A Possibility.

He-If you don't intend to break your engagement with me why do you allow young Richmann to make you such valuable presents? She-My father advised me to accept them. He— He did! Why? She—He said that if I married you they might come in handy.

Time Coming For Fairy Tales. Little girl, you who are so insiste that I tell you fairy tales now, wait till you are grown up and married, and then you'll hear fairy tales in plenty.—

The Snake and the Eagle,

The American consul at Guayaquil, Ecuador, tells a good story about the difficulties he has had to keep a monkey on the consulate premises because of the depredations of the boa constrictors, and these agile little pets must keep a constant lookout for them.

If Jocko drops into a dôze he is likely to "walk up dead." On the occession with which the story deals a monkey's life was saved by the picture of the American eagle. The consulate sign all over the world is a fine reproduction of the king of birds in full color and with outspread wings. A new sign had just been received and was waiting on a chair inside the room. A big bon constrictor chased the house monkey across the yard and through the open window. Jocko was making a good race, but a losing one He was in the corner, quaking with fear and very near death's door, when his purauer confronted the picture of the eagle in its menacing attitude. A snake fears eagles even more than it craves monkeys, and that particular reptile turned tail and went out of the window as quickly as if the devil was after it. That monkey was a smart monkey, and now whenever it wants

Why the House Fell Down. An English traveler on his way from

the picture of the engle.-Mexican Her-

Morocco tells of a curious experience he had while making a trip by camel inland from Mogador.
"We had built a hut of wattle branch-

es to shelter us from the wind. In the middle of the night I dreamed that I was shooting rabbits in the bracken of Essex and suddenly awoke to find myself covered with vegetable matter. Every one has experienced the curious feeling of hopeless bewilderment which comes over a man when he wakes in the dark among strange surroundings. found that one of our camels had literally eaten us out of house and home for he had broken his tether in the night, walked over and devoured the wattled branches of our but to such an extent that the sides and roof collapsed upon our sleeping forms."

Giraffes are the most difficult of all animals to take by surprise. No matter from what direction you may approach the giraffe is sure to discover you. It has been called the original "rubberneck." It is not generally known that nature, because of the height of its eyes from the ground, has supplied it with a talent peculiar ly its own for making observations. As a matter of fact, a giraffe can see in all directions at the same time without moving its head. The eyes are large and prominent and so placed at the side of the head that, bulging out as they do, they are capable of seeing backward as well as forward.

The Sen of Space.

The human mind cannot comprehend what is meant by the four little words in the expression "the sea of space." If the volume of "space" included within our solar system-which is perhaps but a single train of planets among hundreds of millions of a similar kind -were occupied by one single globe be but as a feather in the marvel-ous spread of "vacancy" surrounding it. In fact, it has been calculated that In the space occupied by our solar system 2,700,000.000,000,000 globes the size of our earth could revolve, each at a distance of 500,000 miles from the

Curious Brend Law.

There is a curious provision in the British bread acts of 1822 and 1836, which are still in force, to the effect that "every person who shall make for sale or sell or expose for sale any bread made wholly or partially of peas or beans or potatoes or of any sort of corn or grain other than wheat shall cause all such bread to be marked with a large Roman 'M.' " It would thus appear that the baker who chooses to put potatoes in his bread could escape the charge of adulteration by marking the loaf with this letter in the manner described.

Rough and Ready Woolng.

The Australian aborigine when weary of a single life looks about for a partner, and, finding one to his liking, stalks her, and, watching his oppor tunity, stuns her with a heavy blow and carries her off to her new home, where it is to be hoped, on her return to consciousness, his after tenderness makes some atonement for his some what rough and ready way of wooing.

Marked Attention. "Has he shown you any marked at-

tention?" "Why, yes; he left the price tag on the ring he gave me."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Becoming.

"That dress is becoming, my dear,"
said the man who thinks he is a diplo-

She looked at him coldly for a moment and then replied:
"Yes. It is becoming threadbare."

Bain falls more frequently between 8 o'clock and 8 o'clock in the morning than at any other times during the twenty-four hours.

THE SEVEN WHISTLERS.

An Ancient Superstition That Still Exists In England.

some parts of England peculiar whistling or yelping noises are heard in the air after dusk and early in the morning before daylight during the winter months. Sometimes, however, the noise is described as beautiful sounds like music, high up in the air, which gradually die away. The general belief is that the "seven whistiers," as they are called, are the fore-tellers of bad luck, disaster or death to some one in the locality. It is a very ancient suggestion. Both swifts and plovers have been suggested as the "whistiers." It may be noted that plovers are traditionally supposed to contain the souls of those who assisted at the crucifixion and in consequence were doomed to float in the air forever. Really, the "whistlers" are widgeon, or teal, as they flit from their feeding grounds, a passage always made under cover of darkness. In Shropshire the sound is described as resembling that of many larks singing. and the folklore of both Shropshire and Worcestershire says, "They are seven birds, and the six fiv about continually together looking for the sevto take a nap it goes to roost over enth, and when they find him the world will come to an end."

Everywhere, without exception, the "seven whistlers" are believed to presage Ill, but the superstition seems to be more particularly a miners' notion. If they hear the warning voice of the 'seven whistlers," birds sent, as they sny, by Providence to warn them of an impending danger, not a man will descend into the pit until the following day. For example, in September, 1874, the following paragraph went the round of the papers: "On Monday morning large numbers of the miners employed at the Bedworth collieries. in North Warwickshire, giving way to a superstition which has long prevailed among their class, refused to descend into the pits in which they are employed. During Sunday night it was stated that the 'seven whistlers' had been distinctly heard in the neighborhood of Bedworth, and the result was that on the following morning many of the men positively refused to descend into

Morfa colliery, in South Wales, is notorious for its uncanny traditions. "seven whistiers" were heard there before a great explosion in the sixtles and before another in 1800, when nearly a hundred miners were entombed. In December, 1895, it was said that they had been heard yet again, whereupon the men struck work and could not be induced to resume it until the government inspector had made a close examination of the workings and reported all safe. In July, 1902 another instance of a colliery strike, founded upon the same superstition, occurred in England.

The difference between the two well known varieties of cement, the Rosendale and the Portland, lies in the fact that the first named is a natural product and the latter an artificial. The former is made by burning a shaly limestone in kilns and grinding the clinker produced with bur stones to a very fine powder, which, when mixed with water, soon sets and forms an artificial stone nearly as hard as the original rock. Portland cement, on the other hand, is made by combining chalk or some other form of limestone free from magnesia with siliceous clay, these materials being intimately mixed and made into bricks, which are burned in kilns with coke fuels at a very intense heat. The resulting clinker is ground in the same manner as natural cement and is much stronger and sets quicker than the

Not Certain.

"I suppose that picture is one of your choicest works of art?"

"I don't know for sure," answered Mr. Cumrox. "You see, mother and the girls have ideas of their own and they won't let me keep the price tags on 'em."-Washington Star.

Same Then as Now.

Mrs. Bacon-1 see that pins have been found among the Egyptian mummles and in the prehistoric caves of Switzer land. Mr. Bacon-Oh, yes; I suppose the fellows in other ages had as much trouble getting buttons sewed on as we do.-Yonkers Statesman.

National and Explanational,

"Is that congressman what you would call a national figure?" "Well," answered the village wag when he's in Washington he's national, but when he gets back here he's explanational."—Exchange.

Mrs. A. Cerbity-You have accepted Henry! Why, you know very well I don't approve of him. Her Daughter -That's all right, mother. Neither does he approve of you!

Two of a Kind.

Ambiguous. She—I am afraid we shall have trou-

ble with servants after we are mar-ried. He-I won't mind that, dear, as long as I have you.-Town and Coun-

Life without laughter is a machine without oil.—Schoolmaster.

A GIRL'S HERUISM.

It Required Courage to Make the Sacrifice She Did.

A girl stood one day in the waiting room of an office in London. She had come in answer to an advertisement to apply for a secretary's post and was awaiting her inspection. She needed the position, and she waited anxiously.

Presently she was called into the office, and the interview was satisfactory, but she was asked to wait, as there was another applicant to be interviewed. She went into an adjoining room, and through the open door she saw a small, pale woman, nervously answering the questions put to ber, and could hear the pitiful story of her husband's death, the small children dependent upon her and her need of work. The woman was told, however, that her services could not be accepted, as another person had already applied and had just received a promise of the

position. The girl listening in the next room had hardly understood what was going on, but at this point her heart bounded with joy as she realized that she was the accepted person. The next moment she saw despair written on the face of the widow and perceive! suddenly what this failure meant to her. "I can't do it: I can't take it from her," she murmured. And without stopping a moment to consider she walked quickly back to the other room and said quietly to the employer: "I wish to tell you that on consideration I find the position you offer would not suit me. Good morning." And she left the office without another word.

OIL PIPE LINES.

Ingenious Device by Which the Long Tubes Are Cleaned. The long pipes that carry crude petroleum from the oil wells to the refineries many miles distant are cleaned by an ingenious device. A writer

in the Omaha Daily Bee describes it:
As the oil flows through these underground conduits some of the par-affin in the fluid incrusts the sides of the pipes and proves a serious hindrance to the free passage of the current of oll

The device that is used to remedy this evil is a knife about two feet in length, with a sharp edge, constructed like the thread of a screw; indeed, the knife resembles a huge headless screw. It is, of course, slightly smaller than

the pipe through which it is to pass. When the thickness of the crust of paraffin renders a cleansing necessary this instrument is inserted in the pipe at the oil fields. The pressure of the stream of oil drives it forward, revolving rapidly as it hurries along and

scraping the channel clean. It turns and twists and cleanses in this manner throughout its whole journey and finally drops from the pipe in the midst of the vast stream of petroleum that empties into the receiving tanks. Its edges are duller than when it set out on its journey. but otherwise it is in perfect condition. It is at once shipped back to the oil wells, where it is sharpened and laid away until its services are again

Mark Twain's Luck.

career was a characteristically impecunious reporter. One day he had a note to meet, but labored under a total lack of funds. Half distracted, he was rushing around San Francisco in a feverish hunt for enough cash to tide him over the trying time. He rushed a little too quickly, however, for as he was turning a corner he collided with a little man and overthrew him. The victim regained his feet and yelled, "You do that again and I'll knock you into the middle of next week." "My dear sir," said the apologetic humorist, "do it by all means. If I can get through till then without breaking I'm safe." The originality of this reply struck the stranger, who, after some talk, handed Mark a check for the necessary amount.-Chicago Chronicle

Modeling In Clay.

Love has been the mainspring of a good many actions, and it seems that it may claim to be the first cause of artistic modeling from life. The daughter of Dibutades the Corinthian, being on the eve of separation from her lover, who was going on a distant journey, traced his profile by his shadow on the wall. Her father filled up the outline with clay, which he afterward baked, and thus produced a figure of the young man. This was about 985 B. C., and before then the art of modeling was unknown.

The Sharpest Instrument.

"That is the sharpest instrument in the world, O Ibrahim, is it not?" said a friend who watched that renowned armorer polish a Damascus blade.

"There is one sharper," was the re-"What is it?"

"It is a woman's tongue," said the

steel smith, "and could its acutene be imparted to any metal the infidels would have been driven from the earth ng ere this."

"It is true, Aliah be praised?" plously onded the friend.

The invitation to be happy is extended to us all, but that we may be happy we must be kind.—Schoolmaster.