



Miss Gannon, Sec'y Detroit Amateur Art Association, tells young women what to do to avoid pain and suffering caused by female troubles.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can conscientiously recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to those of my sisters suffering with female weakness and the troubles which so often befall women. I suffered for months with general weakness, and felt so weary that I had hard work to keep up. I had shooting pains, and was utterly miserable. In my distress I was advised to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I bought a bottle, and it was a red letter day to me when I took the first dose, for at that time my restoration began. In six weeks I was a changed woman, perfectly well in every respect. I felt so elated and happy that I want all women who suffer to get well as I did."—Miss GUNLA GANNON, 359 Jones St., Detroit, Mich., Secretary Amateur Art Association.—\$5000 Purified if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

When one considers that Miss Gannon's letter is only one of the countless hundreds which we are continually publishing in the newspapers of this country, the great virtue of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine must be admitted by all.

Bright Side of Race Problem. Personal familiarity with the men engaged in Southern educational work, and acquaintance with the power they exert, is a wonderful antidote to despondency. There may be expressions of the baser phases of human nature; race antipathies and bitterness may seem to be on the increase, and even the institutions of religion may show little force against their spread. But think of the nine hundred white teachers, taken from among the choicest people of both sections of our land, with their 30,000 colored pupils; think of the multitude of school officers who are having more or less to do with very much larger numbers of the children of this people and usually in an earnest spirit, and think of all the high-minded, large-hearted men and women in every part of the country who are contributing something, as they are able, to their enlightenment.—G. S. Dickerman, in the Southern Workman.

At The Post
Up and down, to live and help to live, the old reliable
St. Jacobs Oil
is an universal healer
in the cure of
Hurts, Sprains and Bruises
Price, 25c. and 50c.

A Million Dollars a Week. There is no business in the world that grows half so fast as our postage money order system. Last year its total business increased at the rate of \$1,000,000 a week. To make it plainer, the money order department will handle next week \$1,000,000 more than it handled this week. It loses by fraud less than \$1,000 a year. It showed its regular increase in the period of financial depression from 1893 to 1897, perhaps the only large business in the country that did.—M. G. Cunniff in the World's Work.

COMPLETELY RESTORED. Mrs. P. Brunzel, wife of P. Brunzel, stock dealer, residence 3111 Grand Ave., Everett, Wash., says: "For fifteen years I suffered with terrible pain in my back. I did not know what it was to enjoy a night's rest and arose in the morning feeling tired and unrefreshed. My suffering sometimes was simply indescribable. When I finished the first box of Doan's Kidney Pills I felt like a different woman. I continued until I had taken five boxes. Doan's Kidney Pills act very effectively, very promptly, relieve the aching pains and all other annoying difficulties."—Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.



The Burden of the Tree.

Unfortunately a tree on a farm is often a convenient place for tying horses. Into it nails are mercilessly driven. In the crotches old hinges, horseshoes and old iron of various kinds are deposited. These are often grown over and are found later imbedded in the wood.

The tree serves as a place to rest old rails against and to shelter old wagons and machinery. Trees are too often used to support wire fences and in order to stretch it properly, a scantling should be mortised on edge in the top of the posts for a top rail. Posts are best set eight feet apart, using 2x4 sixteen feet long for tops. In order to make the fence as lasting as possible we charred the butts of the posts and filled in the holes with rock and cinders, also put about six inches of rock under each post. The posts should be saved off five feet and a half from the ground, and the netting buried six inches. This prevents fowls scratching and getting under the fence, and also does away with a bottom rail or base-board. In putting on the netting one end should be made fast with a double row of staples and the other end clamped between the 2x4s with bolts, and, with a small wire stretcher attached to the middle, stretched up tight. The top wire should be then stapled on securely, and then by pressing down the bottom wire at each post and stapling to the post the netting is deeply and tightly secured. In making gates time and labor can be saved by stretching the wire on the fence and then setting the frame for the gate against the netting, when it can be stapled to the gate without further stretching.—Montana Experiment Station.

Roots for Hbg Cholera. The claim has been made that if hogs are fed regular rations of root crops such feeding will prevent cholera. The statement is too broad for, while it is admitted that roots will do much to keep the hog in good condition, preserving the animals vitality and enabling it to fight off disease, such rations would be of no avail if the animals were surrounded by everything conducive to the dread disease, such as a filthy pen and a more filthy yard, damaged grain for food and impure drinking water. After an experience of more than a quarter of a century in swine raising, I believe that cholera is due wholly to filthy quarters and the other conditions just mentioned. True, the disease is contagious or more properly infectious, but even then few hogs will be afflicted if they have been properly fed and housed. The feeding of roots is advisable and by all means practice it, but do not consider it a cure for cholera or even a preventive.—Indianapolis News.

Fattening Poultry. It is natural that the poultryman-farmer turns to corn for fattening purposes for he has more of that than of other grains, but the man who would make the most from a select trade in poultry will feed some variety during the fattening period; not so long as when the fowls are fed on corn, but still long enough so that the increased weight is obtained and at not too great cost. A man who has long supplied an exclusive trade works on the following plan: Six weeks before the fowls are intended for market, they are fed oats, barley and millet in connection with corn. That is in every feed of corn at least one-third of the ration is some other grain with a dash of oilmeal. The claim of this feeder is that the grains used give flesh of good weight, while the corn supplies just enough fat to make the fowls proper for the table. He claims, and rightfully, that the corn-fattened bird is too fat, and that the flesh does not weigh as much as the flesh formed by the use of other grains. This plan is worth the attention of those who have fowls to prepare for market.—Indianapolis News.

Swine in Orchards. While many orchardists do not believe in having stock of any kind in their orchards, there are others who find it profitable under certain conditions. If the orchard needs additional food, and most bearing orchards do, the plan of keeping swine or sheep in it is not a bad one provided the arrangement is so planned that the presence of the stock does not in any way work injury to the trees or to the soil. If swine are to be kept in the bearing orchard the ground should be prepared for some such crop as sorghum, clover and rye, or any similar crop, which will serve as grazing for the animals and add fertility to the soil through their droppings. On this plan one will help the orchard, but if the hogs are turned into an orchard that is in grass with the idea of increasing the value of the animals by what they may get in grazing, it will not require many seasons of this sort of work before there will be decided injury done to the trees. If an orchard is worth anything at all, it is worth caring for in itself and should not be used as an adjunct to the hog pen or the sheep pen unless the animals will more than pay back to the trees through the soil all they take from them.

Blanketing Horses. A blanket is an essential part of the equipment of every stable. It is always necessary when a horse is standing in the stable in winter. A light sheet is about as necessary in summer during fly time. A blanket should always be thrown over the horse in cool weather, or even in the cool weather of spring and autumn, when standing after being driven. While the horse is working there is no danger that he will suffer from the cold. If a blanket is used the average horse will sweat and the moisture will be retained, and in this way the danger from taking cold is much greater.

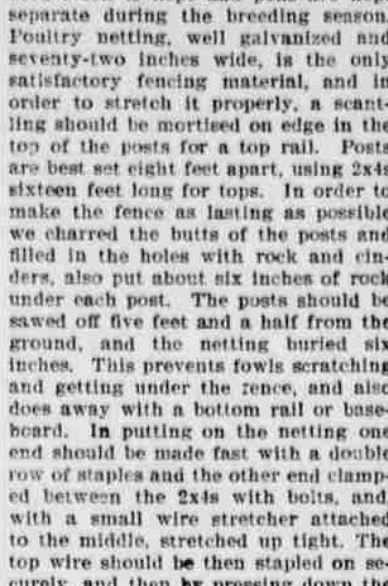
A horse should always be blanketed when standing in a draft or in the rain, using a cloth or rubber blanket as the case may be. After a hard drive and the horse has become heated, do not cover him for about five minutes, letting him steam. Then put on a light blanket; allow this to remain half an hour, then remove this and put on your heavy one. This gives the animal a warm, dry covering, after you have removed the light blanket which is wet from the steam of the horse. A thorough rubbing first, if convenient is excellent.

In blanketing your horse see that the blanket is sufficiently large to cover the animal from neck to tail; see also that the breast flaps are sufficient to protect this sensitive part, and that the sides and flank are fully protected. If not do not buy it at any price.

The Poultry Fence. Some permanent form of fencing is desirable and necessary about all poultry buildings, and essential where pure-bred stock is kept and pens are kept separate during the breeding season. Poultry netting, well galvanized and seventy-two inches wide, is the only satisfactory fencing material, and in order to stretch it properly, a scantling should be mortised on edge in the top of the posts for a top rail. Posts are best set eight feet apart, using 2x4 sixteen feet long for tops. In order to make the fence as lasting as possible we charred the butts of the posts and filled in the holes with rock and cinders, also put about six inches of rock under each post. The posts should be saved off five feet and a half from the ground, and the netting buried six inches. This prevents fowls scratching and getting under the fence, and also does away with a bottom rail or base-board. In putting on the netting one end should be made fast with a double row of staples and the other end clamped between the 2x4s with bolts, and, with a small wire stretcher attached to the middle, stretched up tight. The top wire should be then stapled on securely, and then by pressing down the bottom wire at each post and stapling to the post the netting is deeply and tightly secured. In making gates time and labor can be saved by stretching the wire on the fence and then setting the frame for the gate against the netting, when it can be stapled to the gate without further stretching.—Montana Experiment Station.

Fighting Borers in Apple Trees. We have had a great deal of trouble with borers in our apple trees in this section. When I came on the farm, now almost 15 years ago, I set out sixty thirty trees from a state nursery. Not one of the trees died the year of setting them out, but it is wonderful how soon the borers began to work in them. I followed the instructions of the old fruitgrowers and waged a fierce warfare against them with the knife, cutting so deep and so far around the trunk at times that it seemed as if we were doing more injury to the trees than the borers themselves. Then we began to think of other expedients. I painted the trunks, I wrapped them about with tarred paper. I used a wire instead of the blade of the knife, but with every recurring season I found that one of more of our pretty trees would be ruined. Sometimes they would be so girdled that the trees would blow over in one of the winds that swept across the country. I began to get discouraged, and yet I did want to get my orchard started. I spent a good many dollars setting in trees where they had been destroyed. Finally I tried wrapping the trunks with newspapers in the month of May. This work I did with the utmost care, digging away the earth at the base of the tree and pressing the paper closely about the lower part of the trunk. Then I wound the paper tightly around the trunk for a distance of eighteen inches from the ground, tying it both at the top and the bottom. This paper I removed in September or the early part of October. This year it remained on until about October 15, and when I took it off I made a careful search for signs of the borers. Out of a dozen trees thus prepared not one had been attacked by the worm. This is a repetition of the story of last year, so that I am encouraged with this way of protecting trees. The theory of it is, that the milk which does the mischief cannot get into the tree at the season when she is busy about her destructive work, and so the tree escapes.—E. C. Vincent in New York Tribune.

COMMODORE NICHOLSON OF OUR NAVY
Recommends Pe-ru-na—Other Prominent Men Testify.



Commodore Somerville Nicholson, of the United States Navy, in a letter from 1837 R St., N. W., Washington, D. C., says: "Your Peruna has been and is now used by so many of my friends and acquaintances as a sure cure for catarrh that I am convinced of its curative qualities, and I unhesitatingly recommend it to all persons suffering from that complaint."—S. Nicholson.

The highest men in our nation have given Peruna a strong endorsement. Men of all classes and stations are equally represented. If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O. Ask Your Druggist for a free Peruna Almanac for 1904.

A small boy in East St. Louis, Ill., recently went to the authorities of the town and claimed that he had been kidnapped by a negro, who wished to make a monkey of him. The boy's skin had been stained, and he said that he had been in a cage of monkeys in a circus for a week.

FITNESS—Scientifically cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Official bottles and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 391 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

10,000 Plants For 10c. This is a remarkable offer the John A. Falter Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., makes. They will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow:
1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
2,000 delicious Carrots,
2,000 Blenheim, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Rhishes,
1,000 brilliantly brilliant Flowers.
This great offer is made in order to induce you to try their warranted seeds—for when you once plant them you will grow no others, and

FOR ALL BUT 10c. POSTAGE, providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c. in postage, they will add to the above a package of the famous Berliner Cauliflower. [A.C.L.] Perhaps the time will come when the intelligence of the people will make politics unprofitable.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle.

Nothing pleases the average woman so much as her ability to reverse a man's opinion.

May Tulle, National Theatre. A Breslau journal announces that Gerhart Hauptmann has a plan of building a national theatre, a in Balreuth, at Schreiberhau, in the Giant Mountains, where every summer about fifteen or twenty performances of German plays could be given.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional treatment. Deafness, caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube, when this tube is inflamed you have a running ear or it is not running, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. Custer & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Wealth of South Africa. The numerous islands of Patagonia archipelago are covered with evergreen forests capable of supplying immense quantities of valuable timber, while the mountain ranges, being of the same geological formation as those of Chile and Peru are probably rich in mineral resources.

The rays of radium are of three different kinds. Those of one class are but feebly penetrating. Another class are negatively charged electrons moving at a high velocity, like those discovered in Cooke's tube. A third class are not deflected by a magnet and are highly penetrating, like those of Roentgen.

P. N. U. 2, '04.
DRUGSY NEW DISCOVERY!...
Price: Dr. E. S. HARRIS, 1500, 1st & Adams St., St. Louis, Mo.

LIVING WITH A TARANTULA.
For Six Months the Big Spider Terrorized and Eluded a Family.
An ugly, venomous tarantula from the tropics was despatched at the home of William Zink, at Hudson and Willow streets, Gloucester city, yesterday, after it had terrorized the family for a period of six months. Zink was a former fruit dealer, and one day a half year ago while he was handling a bunch of bananas the huge spider hopped out and escaped. Zink and members of his family searched for the insect for some time, but without avail, and then concluded that it had gone out into the wide world. Not long after that, however, the tarantula was discovered in the house, and again chased was given it, but once more it escaped by hiding.

At intervals ever since then the tarantula had been seen at various places through the dwelling, but in every instance it managed to elude its pursuers, who began to have creepy feelings every time they saw anything move in a shadowy place. It got to be a reign of terror in the house, but no one seemed able to find the thing that menaced them.

Just as he and his wife were about to retire on Saturday night Zink once more caught sight of the tarantula as it clung to a picture frame in his bedroom.

"H!" cried Zink. "I have you at last, you pesky varmint!" and he made a heroic effort to do the thing to death.

The huge insect seemed to wink at him as it dodged behind the picture frame and mysteriously disappeared like a ghost or some other horrid creation of the fancy. Sure that he was on the trail of the insect Zink got up early yesterday morning, determined to rid the house of the creature. He searched in every possible crevice and cranny, and at last, after two hours of unceasing scrutiny, he came upon the spider crouched in a little hole in the wall where it may have hidden all these months. Zink killed it and proudly exhibits the hairy body at his home. It measures over five inches across its legs.—Philadelphia Record.

The Alaskan Moose.
"The Alaskan moose are a small animal weighing, I should imagine, about 500 to 600 pounds for a big one," continued Lodge. "There are no deer, strictly speaking, in Alaska. Caribou are plentiful in some parts. The miners would starve to death in many sections during the winter were it not for the willow buds and can be had any time. They are a wise bird in some ways, and a great fool in others. I have seen them put sentinels out, and the next minute be knocked off a tree by the dozen. A shooter need only conceal himself with a 22 rifle and pick off the lower ones first; he can get all there are on the tree that way. The others will poke their heads over and look at the ones fluttering beneath like so many fools.

"Any man who likes to hunt would do well to visit Alaska in the summer. It is a healthy country, and there is all manner of things to shoot. I went up there half sick and came out feeling better than ever before in my life; have spent two summers there, and will probably have to go again next year.

The Alaskan winter, on the coast or inland, is very cold; it runs from 50 to 85 below at Nome, but yet the people would rather stay there than get out. They have their dances and parties all winter, and the climate certainly seems to agree with everybody," concluded the great bear hunter.

Lodge brought out a number of magnificent fox pelts, red, gray, black and cross. The lot are worth a great deal of money; he was offered \$700 for the bear hide, but says money would not buy it.

GOVERNOR OF OREGON

Uses Pe-ru-na For Colds in His Family and Grip.



CAPITOL BUILDING, SALEM, OREGON.

A Letter From The Governor of Oregon.

Peruna is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Letters of congratulation and commendation testifying to the merits of Peruna as a catarrh remedy are pouring in from every State in the Union. Dr. Hartman is receiving hundreds of such letters daily. All classes write these letters, from the highest to the lowest.

The outdoor laborer, the indoor artisan, the clerk, the editor, the statesman, the preacher—all agree that Peruna is the catarrh remedy of the age. The stage and rostrum, recognizing catarrh as their greatest enemy, are especially enthusiastic in their praise and testimony.

Any man who wishes perfect health must be entirely free from catarrh. Catarrh is well nigh universal; almost omnipresent. Peruna is the only absolute safeguard known. A cold is the beginning of catarrh. To prevent colds, to cure colds, to cheat catarrh out of its victims, Peruna not only cures catarrh, but prevents it. Every household should be supplied with this great remedy for coughs, colds and so forth.

The Governor of Oregon is an ardent admirer of Peruna. He keeps it continually in the house. In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman he says:

"The birth rate among the foreign born in Massachusetts is 52 per 1,000; among the native-born it is 17.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has unequalled for coughs and colds.—JAMES E. DOWEN, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

WOMEN laugh when they are in love for the same reason that cowards whistle—to keep up their courage.

No nose or failures made with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.
A man never appreciates his insignificance until he attends his own wedding.
Tessie and Billie Dollar Grass.
The two greatest fodder plants on earth, one good for 14 tons of hay and the other 50 tons green fodder per acre. Grows everywhere, so does Victoria Rape, yielding 60,000 lbs. sheep and swine food per acre. [A.C.L.]
JUST SEND 10c. IN STAMPS TO THE JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples.
Beware of the man who never did anything wrong. There's a first time for everything.
Woes of Bachelor Maid.
The bachelor maid, as she is termed in these days, is not regarded among educated people, at least, as an object of pity and commiseration, and not infrequently the freedom she enjoys in this land of the free is envied by her sisters whose visiting cards bear the prefix "Mrs." In the slum quarters, however, the single woman is not looked upon with particular favor, and this fact was recently impressed upon a district visitor whose services for the good of humanity take her at times into the poorest sections of a large city.

Coughing
"I was given up to die with quick consumption. I then began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I improved at once, and am now in perfect health."—Chas. E. Hartman, Gibbstown, N. Y.
It's too risky, playing with your cough.
The first thing you know it will be down deep in your lungs and the play will be over. Begin early with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and stop the cough.
Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$1. All druggists.
Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do so. If he says you need not take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. He is willing.
G. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

SILOS, LUMBER, BOXES, CRATES.
You cannot afford to do without a SILO. If you want one for more, or need any lumber, timber, mill work to repair or build, or boxes, or crates, write
G. ELIAN & BRO., Buffalo, N. Y., and get the best for the least money. Direct from the manufacturer. HERRINGTON BLDG. CO. NEW YORK CITY.

BAD BREATH
"For months I had great trouble with my stomach and used all kinds of medicines. My tongue has been actually as green as grass. My breath has had a bad odor. Two weeks ago a friend recommended Cascarets and after a few days my tongue was clean and my breath sweet. I feel better than I have ever before. I am now suffering from such troubles. Write for a free trial bottle."—Mrs. J. H. Hays, 100 Irvington St., New York, N. Y.

Cascarets
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP
Best For The Cows
CANDY CATHARTIC

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN
A Boston physician's discovery which cleanses and heals all inflammation of the mucous membrane wherever located.

RIPANS TABLETS
The best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Every illness arising from a disordered stomach is relieved or cured by their use. So common is it that diseases originate from the stomach it may be safely asserted there is no condition of ill health that will not be benefited or cured by the occasional use of Ripans Tablets. Physicians know them and speak highly of them. The five-cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion, and the Family Bottle, sixty cents, contains a household supply for a year. One generally gives relief within twenty minutes.

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)
A substitute for rubric in superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-relieving and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will relieve rheumatism, neuralgia, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant now known. Also an excellent remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many penopley "it is the best of all your trouble solvers." Price 10c. at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to the publisher we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, and our name is not genuine. HERRINGTON BLDG. CO. NEW YORK CITY.

PISO'S CURE FOR
It cures all the ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is the best of all your trouble solvers. Price 10c. at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to the publisher we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, and our name is not genuine. HERRINGTON BLDG. CO. NEW YORK CITY.