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THE HIGHWAYS OF AMERICA.

One of the greatest boons America ever enjoyed was also her misfortune. For the steam railroad made America the wonder of the world in progress, in territorial expansion, and in wealth, but it caused by its coming the total neglect of the common public highways. In the history of all nations civilization has been followed, and doubtless helped on, by the construction of substantial public roads between various sections of the country. The United States, progressive as she is, has probably the poorest constructed system of commercial and military highways of any civilized nation in the world. The reason of course is apparent, for steam came into use shortly after our national birth and all the energy and money once put into public carriage highways has been devoted to the building of steam railroads, until there are now six hundred millions of dollars invested in this business in the union alone. For the purpose of opening up a new country these ribbons of steel are far better than carriage roads ever could be, but the nation loses greatly by its almost total oversight of the latter. The railroad, while operated by private wealth, is expected to be a source of profit and can never take the place of roads free to all. The great body of agricultural travel must ever be on the cross-country high-ways, and of recent years the bicycle and automobile have showed that the demands of pleasure may be quite as urgent and perhaps a more powerful incentive for improvement.

When the power of Rome spread over all the known world, much of its stability was due to the vast system of public highways which, taking the place of our modern railroads, extended from Rome to every province of the state. Broad, solid and smooth, paved with stones and even granite, they run everywhere with hitle heed for obstructions of nature; mountains were tunnelled, broad streams arched and expense was not a factor. That was sixteen hundred years ago. The empire is dead and its people no more. But these roads still endure in many places and their ex-istence helped long after the empire's decay to hold together the scattered remains of the state.

In its early history the United States entered upon just such a system of road building as this. In the administration of Monroe the famous National road was started on the banks of the Potomac and ran west, crossing the southwestern corner of Pennsylvania, to Wheeling, and later it was extended to Illinois. Six million dollars were expended in construction and it amply repaid the cost to the country. But it was the last attempt made by the government towards building a national system of roads. Two causes were responsible : first, the introduction of the railroad, which seemed to supersede the ordinary highway ; second, a deep seated prejudice against using national money for seemingly local internal improve-ments. The result has been deplorable. Here and there enterpris-ing counties have systematically improved the roads, but the larger portion of the country, sparsely inhabited, has shrunk from the cost of macadamizing or otherwise constructing solid and enduring highways.

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THE IMPERIAL EAGLE.

When the Continental Congress adopted the eagle as our national emblem, Franklin was angry because the eagle is a mer-ciless bird of prey, cleaving the skies but robbing the earth, and America was to be a haven for the oppressed of earth, a country of peace and content. The emblem was an apparent misfit, but there said to be superior to that obtained from Brazil.

Fancy White Etamine and

Pique Vests.

are times when men are wiser in their blindness than they dream. When the nation was young the eaglet defended herself and in-creased in power. In her youthful strength she flew to the south and west and added to our borders. With a scream of martial fury she crossed the wide ocean four years ago and caught up distant islands as her prey. She is rising higher every day and from her heighth looks down upon the nations of the earth. Some day and it is not far distant—she will pounce upon the petty nations of America, north and south, and carry them captives to her im-perial nest at Washington. That is to say, the United States, wil-lingly or not, is the destined ruler of America and her flag and her authority will some day be acknowledged from the bleak snows of Cape Horn to the ice floes of the Arctic ocean. It is not wrong to take that which is our own, and it has ever been recognized in the polities of the world that superiority of mind, of aim—and of might, too—gives the right to spread a better government over unstable, unprogressive and revolutionary states. The countries of South America are among the richest in the world in natural resources and need but progressive men to work the field. We were not ready when Monroe was president to assert our rights, so we only warned Europe America was not for it. We are mighty now and can plainly say America is not for Europe because it is our

WARS AND RUMORS OF WARS.

own.

"A revolution," says Victor Hugo, "is the grease the Omnipo-

tent uses to keep the groove of human events smooth. If the human machine hitches and will not go-quick, a revolution, and all goes smooth again. Progress moves by men and events, but geniuses are needed among men and revolutions among events. Great accidents are the law ; the order of things must have them. Heaven itself needs a sensation and sends a comet across its face.' This may account for the multitudinous wars and rumors of wars now flying around the world. Blockades on the coast of Venezuela, revolutions in the state ; Guatemala snarls at Salvador and Honduras chimes in ; rebels in Columbia and unrest in China ; saintly pretenders to the Sultan of Morocco's throne and rumors of insurrection in the Philippines ; while to cap all Turkey, the "sick man of Europe," threatens to give the diplomatic doctors of Europe bloody work to do. Revolutions are not new, wars are as old as the sons of men, and this world would have an exceedingly dry

history were it not enlived by these ever recurring scrimmages. یش بی بی

THE WAGES OF THE TEACHER.

A bill is now before the Pennsylvania legislature fixing the minimum of a school teacher's wages at \$35 per month. Originally it was fixed at \$40 but cut down on second reading. Even the larger amount is small compensation for a profession which requires such high moral character and long preparation. It is little wonder that teachers in general regard their work not as a life business, as they would in any other profession, but merely as a stepping stone to some more lucrative position, but merely as a pupils in school is acknowledged one of the noblest professions and should be rewarded accordingly. Germany has the true conception of this and her school teachers are appointed for life, or during good behavior. It is natural that a man knowing his work for years will be in the same spot would take deeper interest in his work, put who has no assurance that he will spend even two years in the same position, and whose salary, seldom large, is made smaller by the usual summer months of idleness.

A vine has been discovered in Central America which on cutting produces a sap like rubber. The vine grows in wild luxuriance, ranging in diameter from four inches to two feet. The rubber is Saved Her Child's Life

"In three weeks our chubby little y was changed by Pneusaonia almost "In three weeks our chubby little boy was changed by Pneussonia almost to a skeleton," writes Mrs. W. Wstkins, of Pleasant City, O. "A terrible cough set in, that, in spite of a good doctor's treatment for several weeks, grew worse every day. We then used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and our darling was soon sound and well. We are sure this grand medi-cine saved his life." Millions know it's the only sure cure for Coughs, Coids and all Lung disenses. H. Alex Stoke, the druggist, guarantees satisfaction. 50c, \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

For Sale.

127 acres of land, 15 acres cleared and balance in woods, with a lot of second growth chestnut and other hardwood, and a two story house, 18 x 28 ft., stable and other outbuildings, and 50 growing fruit trees. Located one mile west of Emerickville. Inquire of A. G. Dinger, Emerickville, Pa.

Millions put to Work.

The wonderful activity of the new century is shown by an enormous de-mand for the world's best workers— Dr. King's New Life Pills. For Con-stipation, Sick Hendache, Billiousness, or any trouble of Stomach. Liver or Kidneys they're unrivaled. Only 25c at H. Alex Stoke's drug store.

Try the "Menu" brand of deviled crabs at the City Hotel restaurant this

It is pleasure and economy to deal at Millirens department store.

WANT COLUMN.

s:-Ohe cent per word insertion. LOST-French poolle dog Monday afternoon. Return to Supt. John Reed's residence, Main street.

For Rent-Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Inquire of Mrs. James Cathcart, Jackson street.

For Sale-Second hand cook stove. Inquire at THE STAR office.

For Sale-A seven room house, lot 60 by 150 feet, in West Reynoldsville. M. E. Weed.

For Sale-Newcome fly shuttle carpet som. Inquire at THE STAR office.

NOTICE-Employees of the silk mili using electric cars going to and from work can purchase car tickets at lower

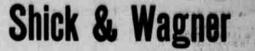
LOST-Side comb with sterling silver top was lost night of Elk banquet. Finder please leave at STAR office.

WANTED-Girls that are looking for teady employment. Apply at slik mill. For Sale-Brown and white single comb Leghorn and Plymouth Rock eggs for hatching in season. Inquire of J. J. Hoffman.

Spinners Wanted-Apply to Brook-ville Woolen Mills.

For Sale-Lot on Main street. In-quire of L. J. McEntire.

For Sale or Rent-A good property, including a store room, on Worth street. Inquire at THE STAR office.



THE BIG STORE

S A RESPONSE to the inquiries of our many friends when we expect to show spring lines, we desire to say we put on display this week those lines which are so earnestly sought af-ter by the ladies for their early sewing. We are prepared to give you the best possible service and in keeping with our reputation. We can assure you we will be able to give you at all times the best and newest productions of our most reliable manufactures as well as many of the newest and most striking novelties of foreign importation.

Inventory is about over and we shall give our entire and devoted attention to your spring wants, but we find a few things—left overs from a most successful win-ter season—which we will dispose of at a fractional part of its original cost. We have not the time to enumerate these things and tell you about them, but in case of need of anything in cold weather merchandise kindly ask for it and you will receive the proper attention of some one from a most efficient sales force.

Next door to Postoffice.

Reynoldsville, Pa.

Arrow Brand Collars, Two for 25 Cents.

Greatest Department Store in Jefferson County

MILLIRENS

Arrivals in SPRING Apparel=Winter Wear Sacrificed

Winter Goods are being hard-pressed by the inrushing spring stocks. We will not pack away any heavy goods, hence the only outlet is through slashed prices and this we do. Ladies' Coats and Men's Overcoats must be worn for some time yet, and can be secured here for ridiculously small figures.

The advance guard of our spring apparel is here and shows that we have bought to surpass all previous seasons in richness and completeness of display.

