

FARM WORKERS' DESPERATE GAME.

EXTORTION AND ROBBERY.

Bold Attempt to Extort Money by Threatening Letters Lands Them in Jail.

A daring plot of extortion and robbery was foiled by deputies at Groton near Ithaca, New York. Farlow Casar and John Collins, two hard hands, were arrested after an exciting chase, during which many shots were fired and their horse hit. The object of the plot was the extortion of \$12,000 from former Assemblyman Ben M. Conger, the bridge manufacturer of Groton. An anonymous letter was sent to him, threatening his life and that of his brother unless he personally deposited \$12,000 at a designated spot on August 9. This letter was brought to the attention of Sheriff Seaton. Mr. Conger was instructed to leave a bag filled with stuff to represent money at the designated spot at the hour named. At 11 o'clock Mr. Conger placed the bag at the corner of the shed as planned. His carriage then returned to Groton. All around the shed were stationed the sheriff's men, who recognized Conger's carriage by prearranged signals. A half hour passed when another wagon drawn by a gray horse approached. It carried two men, one of whom alighted and went to the spot where the bag had been left. He stooped to pick it up when a shot fired from within the barn gave the signal. A dozen guns opened fire. The man crouched at first, then made a bold dash for the wagon, which he reached and drove off. The deputy sheriffs followed, but lost trace of them. The sheriffs then went down the road to Casar's house. They visited the barn and found that the horse was bleeding. Then they went to the house and arrested Casar and Collins and placed them in jail to await a hearing.

UNCLE SAM LOSES MONEY.

Auction Ships' Stores for Thirty Times Less Than They Cost.

All property condemned by the government upon the abandonment of the West Indian transport service a year ago was disposed of by auction at New York. The sale took place on the United States transport Sedgwick. The goods, which included an immense quantity of chairs, stoves, stoves and accessories, were knocked down at a price 30 times less than that paid by the government. Among the articles were two ice-making plants, 2,000 iron bedsteads, silverware, china glassware, desks and safes.

Strike Begins All Over.

The machinists of the Allis-Chalmers Company, Chicago, Ill., who were on strike for the greater part of a year, and returned to work June 12, are out again. The trouble originated through the determination of the union men to force all the non-union men from the shop.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

President Roosevelt rewarded the winning gunners on the Mayflower with cash prizes.

The date of the official trial of the jew battleship Maine has been changed to the week beginning August 18.

The board of ordinance and fortification has decided to make a sufficient allotment of funds to continue preparation and test of wirewound guns.

A dispatch from Panama, says the Colombian insurgent war vessels are in the bay. The government claims a victory in the battle at Agua Dulce, but this is not confirmed.

Attorney General Knox presented to the President his approval of conditions for the laying of a Pacific cable from San Francisco to Manila and China, and early construction is expected.

Commander Potter cabled that he had been informed that the governor of Panama contemplated seizing the British vessel Quito, and there being no British warship at Panama, he asked for instructions as to what course to pursue.

A careful investigation is being made at Manila into the army transport service, it being suspected that a systematic steal had been made in that branch of the quartermaster's department.

Col. Clarence Edwards, chief of the Insular bureau of the war department, is preparing an answer to the letter to the American people, published a few days ago by Charles Francis Adams and other anti-imperialists.

Surgeon L. M. Maus, U. S. A., reports that between March 20 and May 15 at Manila 698 Filipinos, 71 Chinese, 18 Americans and 10 Englishmen have died from cholera. A crusade has been started against flies which carry the germ.

C. F. W. Neely, who was convicted of Cuban postal frauds and afterward granted amnesty by the Cuban legislature has applied to the attorney general to be reimbursed for the money found in his possession at the time of his arrest, amounting to \$6,234.

Thelchumi Fixico, Gofosico, Ufoula Horigo and James L. Gray, delegates of the Creek Indian tribe in Indian Territory, have brought suit to enjoin Secretary Hitchcock and Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones from executing the Creek agreement for allotments.

United States Minister King, at Bangkok, Siam, has informed the state department that the Siamese uprising is spreading. Nakawa having been captured, Chongkai also is threatened. Thirty-four Americans thought to be in danger are reported safe.

The answer of Secretary Root to the petition of Miss Rebecca J. Taylor for a writ of mandamus to compel him to restore her to a clerkship in the war department has been filed. He contends that the action of the head of an executive department in respect to the case is not subject to review or control by a court of law.

ROOSEVELT AND JACK TARS.

Enthusiastic Over Work of Gunners and Gives Winning Crew Money. Encourages Better Shooting.

President Roosevelt participated on board the Mayflower in mimic warfare near Groenport, Long Island. The maneuvers which the ship executed were precisely those which might have to be gone through in an active battle. The Hispano-American war demonstrated the fact that the United States navy contained fine marksmen and the presence aboard the Mayflower of President Roosevelt was evidence of his desire personally and by every means in his power to foster and improve this important branch of the work of the navy. After witnessing the work of the crew of No. 9 gun—the winners of the contest—he went personally to the gun pointer, W. J. O'Donnell, and shaking his hand cordially, said: "You did well; excellently." In an embarrassed manner O'Donnell touched the forelock and really appeared as if he wished he had not done such fine work. Briefly Mr. Roosevelt addressed the officers and men. "I wish to say a word to all the officers and enlisted men of my gratification at the show you have made to-day. I hope this will be but the beginning of a practice which will make the Mayflower stand as the crack gunship of the navy. I am pleased with this showing you have made, and I expect next time to see a material improvement. It is a credit to the navy as a whole when the crew of a single ship does well. Every man who does well reflects credit upon the navy; every man who does badly reflects discredit upon it." When the four men comprising the winning crew, W. J. O'Donnell, gun pointer; H. Crowley, G. C. Gramm and A. W. Hill, debrand, had stepped forward by order of Lieutenant W. W. Phelps, the executive officer, the President said: "I am very much pleased with the work you have done, and I want to say that if you keep up this record it will be difficult to find a better six-pounder crew in the navy. In the training of first-class gun pointers is the solution of the problem of obtaining the highest efficiency of the navy. The President then shook hands with the members of the successful crew, and as he did so pressed a five-dollar bill into the palm of each, but giving \$20 to the gun pointer, O'Donnell. Advertising later to his giving of prizes to the successful gun crew the President announced that he was in correspondence with the Secretary of the Navy regarding the matter of offering prizes for special excellence in gun pointing. He believes there is no better way to improve the marksmanship of naval gunners than to excite among them friendly emulation.

HOW CUBA WAS AIDED.

Some Facts Collected by the Bureau of Insular Affairs. The bureau of insular affairs of the War department has prepared a statement showing what the United States accomplished during the occupation of Cuba from the time the militia government was established, July 18, 1898 until May 19, 1902, at the close of hostilities in Cuba. It is stated, the country was in a state of devastation and ruin. Sixteen customs houses and 300 post-offices were established. There were established a department of finance, presided over by a general treasurer, and six provincial treasurers, one for each province. The number of school houses provided, nearly equal those in this country for a corresponding area. There was constructed a telegraph line connecting with the principal cities throughout the island, and maintained by the United States Signal corps. Public roads were opened throughout the island which with the construction and repair of bridges has been of invaluable benefit to the inhabitants.

WITHOUT AN INHERITANCE LAW.

The State of Minnesota Placed in a Curious Position. The State of Minnesota has no valid inheritance law on its statute books. Judge Bunn, of the Ramsey county court, holds that the law of 1901 is unconstitutional, and decisions of other courts have found irreparable flaws in the laws of 1897 and 1902. Judge Bunn's ruling may be appealed to the Supreme court for review.

THE APPLE GROWTH.

Number of Trees Has Increased to 210,000,000 Since 1890.

At the conference of the National Apple Shippers' Association at Rochester, N. Y., W. A. Taylor, pomologist of the United States Department of Agriculture, said that the total of apple-bearing trees in the country is 210,000,000, an increase of 75,000,000 over the number in 1890. He added that the apple-growing section has been shifted to west of the Alleghenies.

Addressed By Shaffer.

President Theodore J. Shaffer, of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, addressed the Labele tin workers at Wheeling advocating the acceptance of the proposed 20 per cent. reduction upon the order of the Standard Oil Company. A vote of the lodge was taken and, while it was not made public, it is understood that it was favorable to the proposition.

Trouble Butchers.

Dairy and Food Commissioner Cope, of Pennsylvania, is preparing to bring suit against several large Pittsburgh meat dealers for alleged violation of the state pure food law, in selling preserved meats.

Train Held Up.

Train robbers held up the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy limited, three miles north of Savannah, Ill., about midnight Tuesday. The express car was blown up.

AMERICAN CASH WANTED BY CUBA.

WILL ASK TWO LOANS.

\$4,000,000 to Aid Sugar Industry, and for Army \$35,000,000. Yankee Financiers Skittish of Plan.

The State Department at Washington has received a cable dispatch from Minister Squieres giving the text of the loan bill passed by the Cuban senate. It authorizes the executive to negotiate a loan of \$4,000,000 American gold at a minimum rate of issue of 90 per cent. of the value thereof, payable in a period not exceeding 30 years and at a maximum rate of interest of 5 per cent. This loan is for relief of the sugar industry. The executive shall likewise negotiate within six months another loan of \$35,000,000 American gold on the same basis of time limit, rate of issue and interest as the first loan, from which he shall set aside in bonds a sum sufficient for taking care of the first loan, applying the cash to, first, the payment of the indebtedness and obligations legitimately contracted in benefit of the revolution by the corps commander of the liberating army after February 24, 1905, and prior to September 19 of the same year, and to the payment of the indebtedness and obligations which the revolutionary government itself, or through its legitimate representatives, may have contracted previously in foreign countries. Government officials in Washington are trying to figure whether or not the proposed loan would be a violation of the Platt amendment, which was adopted by the Cuban constitutional convention. Financial interests in New York were very skeptical respecting the possibility of floating a Cuban loan in this country. While a 6 per cent. bond, based on unquestioned security, might be marketed here, the chances for a 5 per cent. bond, secured only by an uncertain revenue return, it is thought, would be slight indeed. The chief consideration appealing to investors in such a loan would be the moral effect of having the United States government, in a measure, behind it. That is, a Cuban loan approved by the administration of the United States might receive support from American investors, notwithstanding their disinclination to take the bonds of any foreign country other than Great Britain, Germany, or some government of equal rank; but no one, they say, over the legality of which there is the slightest dispute could be offered here with any chance of success.

SAVED FROM THE OCEAN.

Steamer Brought in a Disabled Schooner With 65 Passengers.

The steamer Sardegna, which arrived in New York from Genoa, towed in the small schooner Notice, which sailed from Brava, Cape Verde islands on June 27 with 65 persons on board, including 11 women. On July 21, in latitude 34 longitude 64, a little east of the Bermudas, the schooner was disabled by a squall and drifted with the Gulf Stream, nearly out of provisions and water. One night Pina, the mate, headed three blasts of Capt. Antonio Rema's whistle and rushed on deck, but the captain could not be seen, and it is supposed that he jumped into the sea and drowned himself. On August 3 the Sardegna came in sight and took the schooner in tow. The passengers of the Notice are Cape Verde islanders and came here to find employment as fishermen.

SEVEN DIE IN FIRE.

Disaster in Texas Hotel Claims Lives of Several Women.

A fire in the Landon Hotel at San Angelo, Tex., destroyed the structure entirely, burning seven people to a crisp and doing property damage of \$75,000. The dead are: Mrs. Landon, wife of the proprietor of the hotel; Ed. Hendrick, of Waco, Tex.; Mrs. Fowler, of Houston, Tex.; and her grandson; Mrs. Schulimsky of Houston and two sons. All of the bodies that were recovered were fearfully charred and in no condition to be moved except in blankets. There were 75 people in the house and all of them got out safely with the exception of the seven named.

LAKE STEAMERS COLLIDE.

Panic on Deck, Part of the Crew Jumps Overboard.

As a result of a collision on Lake Erie between the steamer City of Venice, ore-laden, and the steamer Seneca, a steel lumber vessel, off Rondeau, Canada, the former vessel was sunk and three lives lost, while several other persons were more or less seriously injured. The drowned are Peter Simonsdon, fireman; Thomas Flanigan, deck hand; George Weir, watchman. The injured were John Sullivan, J. A. McDougal and John Hubecker.

Many Drowned by Cloudburst.

At Bloomsburg, five miles west of Raton, N. M., a cloudburst drowned four persons. Mrs. Francesco Dominguez and three children, and a family of husband, wife and three children are reported drowned at Terreno.

Monument to Lincoln's Mother.

The monument erected over the grave of Nancy Hanks, mother of Abraham Lincoln, at Lincoln, Ind., will be dedicated on October 1. Col. Charles S. Denby, former minister to China, will deliver the dedicatory address.

Held for Bedal Death.

The coroner's jury which has been investigating the death of Joseph Bedall at Shenandoah, Pa., rendered a verdict holding Joseph Paluwicz, a butcher; Matthew Paulkars, a one-armed saloonkeeper, and many other loters unknown to the jury, responsible for the killing. The men named in the verdict were locked up and other arrests will follow.

LATEST NEWS NOTES.

Secretary Root has arrived at Carlsbad, Austria.

The body of outlaw Tracy was buried at Salem, Ore.

The number of new national banks continue to increase.

An official report says that of 1,005 cases of cholera in Manila 500 patients died.

Heavy wind and rain storm causes great damage in Kansas City and vicinity.

A Viking ship 49 feet long has been unearthed on the island of Karmoe, Norway.

Bishop James E. Quigley, of Chicago announces that he does not want to be archbishop.

A New Castle, Pa., inventor produces a cane that contains a sword, a dagger and a pistol.

Fire at Port Au Prince, Hayti, destroyed 60 houses, causing damage estimated at \$200,000.

Senator James McMillan of Michigan, died suddenly at Manchester-by-the-Sea, Mass., his summer home.

A tornado at Carolina Beach, a resort near Wilmington, N. C., wrecked a hotel, injuring fourteen persons.

George W. Fritz, of Newark, N. J., was elected president of the National Jobbing Confectioners' Association.

Two towers of the varied industries building being erected at the St. Louis World's Fair were wrecked by wind.

The Prohibition State Convention of Michigan, nominated Walter S. Westerman, of Adrian, for Governor.

The Vatican just learns that interests in the friar land holdings in Philippines have been sold to private parties.

The International Christian Endeavor Union of the Society of Friends met in annual convention at Richmond, Ind.

John T. Brush has sold his Cincinnati baseball team to a syndicate headed by Mayor Fleischmann for \$150,000.

A Rio Grande train was hit by a wall of water near Florence, Col., and 300 excursionists had a narrow escape from death.

The President has made known the conditions under which rights will be granted to Commercial Pacific Cable Company.

The Catholic Total Abstinence Union adjourned at Dubuque, Ia., to meet next year in Pittsburg, August 5, 6 and 7.

Prince Chen says the empress of China sends her thanks to the American people for their friendly feeling towards China.

The University of Chicago has called a special convention to confer upon President Roosevelt the degree of doctor of laws.

W. A. Scott, a Chicago millionaire, is stabbed to death by W. L. Stebbings, a civil engineer, in a dispute over a bill for \$3,000.

Senator Hanna says his remark in the Urbana speech about retiring from the Senate was not intended to be taken seriously.

Gov. John Walter Smith, of Maryland, declined to honor the requisition of Gov. A. J. Montague, of Virginia, for Charles Knipfle.

Northwestern railroad officials are to establish a school to instruct employees in first aid to the injured, to help those hurt in wrecks.

It is reported at Chicago that Goulds' and Rockefeller's have formed an alliance between Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and Missouri Pacific.

A commission of Ohio veterans has selected sites for the erection of monuments and markers on the Antietam battlefield to the memory of Ostoans.

Brigadier General Frederick Funston, commander of the department of Colorado, is confined to his home by illness. His condition is not at all alarming.

Communication between Washington, D. C., and Annapolis, Md., has been established by wireless telegraphy under the auspices of the navy department.

All the stock exchanges in the United States were closed Saturday in honor of King Edward's coronation; the banks and grain exchanges were open as usual.

Outlaw Tracey was cornered in a wheatfield about 50 miles from Spokane by citizens who wounded him, and the desperado committed suicide.

The throng in Atlantic City is so unprecedented that Mayor Stay has appealed to private citizens to open their houses to accommodate the guests.

Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary captured by brigands, lectured before the largest crowd ever assembled at Winona, Ind., estimated at 9,000 people.

Daniel Barry, 45 years old, fell from the dome of the city hall tower, at Philadelphia to the seventh floor, a distance of 93 feet, breaking every bone in his body.

Aaron Halle was electrocuted in Sing Sing prison N. Y., for the murder of Mary Brannigan, whom he shot to death in a New York store because she refused to marry him.

John J. Coniff, attorney for the miners' organizers in prison in Parkersburg, W. V., will take an appeal from the decision of Judge Goff to the United States court of appeals.

A new case was filed in the district court at Denver, Col., in the interest of John W. Gates against the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company to permit the inspection of its books.

The hearing in the Northern Pacific merger case before Special Examiner Mable at New York was adjourned for three days, at the request of counsel for Canille Weldenfield, the broker.

It is reported in New York that the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing company and the General Electric company have made an agreement whereby competitive business will be divided.

Fire in a building owned by the Michigan Central Railroad Company at Kalamazoo, Mich., caused a loss to the American Carriage Company of \$80,000.

ATTORNEY GENERAL ASSAULTED.

ATTACKED IN CAFE.

Millionaires Assail the Head of United States Legal Department at Atlantic City.

Attorney General P. C. Knox was the victim of an assault at Atlantic City, N. J., Thursday night in the cafe of one of the most aristocratic hotels. The trusts, against which Mr. Knox has been pitted, were the cause of the attack on the Cabinet member. The three men who set upon Mr. Knox in the cafe were Charles T. Schoen, the multi-millionaire of Philadelphia and Pittsburg; Theodore Cramp, a member of the great shipbuilding firm of Philadelphia, and a Mr. Stevenson, also well known in Philadelphia. Attorney General Knox was knocked out in the argument—not figuratively, but literally. He was attacked by three men, and superior numbers defeated him. Mr. Stevenson is said to be the man who delivered the blow. The place of the occurrence was the cafe annex, adjoining the cafe of the garden, where there was a table of eight covers, all of which were occupied. The central figure at this table was Attorney General Knox, who had with him three other men and four ladies. They were enjoying a quiet dinner after a day of amusement. Mr. Knox and his party were well along with their repast when a carriage drove up to the hotel. Three men alighted, one with no little difficulty. The three men made their way into the cafe annex and took seats at a small table about 10 feet distant from that occupied by the Knox party. They began a lively conversation, apparently oblivious of the fact that at a nearby table were several women. The head waiter two or three times cautioned the men to be careful, but the talk would always break out afresh, even after Mr. Knox's presence was made known. At last the Pittsburgher began to make disparaging remarks about the attorney general's attitude toward the trusts. While Mr. Knox was making a protest against the intemperate language he was being called names that started everyone within hearing. Then came a blow that landed fairly on the belt of the attorney general, who found himself opposed to three men all larger and heavier than he. The blow staggered him against the wall. At that moment a half dozen waiters rushed in and Mr. Knox was speedily surrounded by his friends and no more blows were given.

TO DRIVE OUT NEGRO LABOR.

Old Fight Renewed in the Lumber District of Louisiana.

The old fight in the lumber district of Grant and Winn parishes, Louisiana against the employment of negro labor in the sawmills has broken out again and has resulted in the arrest of 75 white men, including an ex-member of the Legislature, charged with trying to run out the negro laborers employed at Dobson's sawmill in Winn parish, on the Arkansas Southern railroad. Sheriff Bailey learned that a mob of 75 white men was marching on the mill and left Dobson on a special train with a posse of 40 armed men. The mob was encountered and put under arrest with little difficulty.

BANK TELLER ARRESTED.

Charged With Embezzling \$40,000 From a Colorado Bank.

Leonard M. Dingle, former teller of the First National bank of Aspen, Colorado, has been arrested in Denver, charged with embezzling \$40,000 from the bank. It is said that his pecuniations have been going on for some time, and that Dingle lost the money in gambling. It is also stated that the gamblers of Aspen have returned about \$15,000 to the bank.

FREE OF CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Foreign Articles Are Not to Pay Tariff More Than Once.

Secretary Shaw decided that free-entry may be accorded to all articles of foreign manufacture, provided the articles so admitted have not been advanced in value or improved in condition while abroad. The articles should be registered with full description at the custom house on exportation, and a certificate issued to the owner, and on their return they must be fully identified as the articles exported. Heretofore the department has held that no matter how many times an article of foreign manufacture was brought into this country it must pay duty each time.

Steel Rails From Europe.

The Union Pacific railroad has placed in Europe an order for 100,000 tons of steel rails. Mills in this country are so rushed with orders that they could not promise delivery within the time limit set by the railway company.

Big Brewery Fails.

J. Herbert Ballantine, of the brewing firm of Ballantine & Co., Newark, N. J., has assigned for \$2,000,000 to John W. Crooks and John R. Hardin for the benefit of his creditors.

Mother and Two Children Burned.

Mrs. Charles A. Adams and her two children were so badly burned in a fire which destroyed their home at New Gretna, New Jersey, that Nellie, the eldest daughter, died. Mrs. Adams and the other child were not expected to live.

Ten Sailors Are Drowned.

The steamer Virginia Lake returned to St. Johns, N. F., from Labrador and reports the fishers prospect to be excellent. The catch promises to be above the average. A schooner has gone ashore at Farm Yard islands and her crew of 10 were drowned.

Struck Oil in Michigan.

While digging for water at his home near Mass City, Mich. John Pearson uncovered a vein of oil, which gushed out in large volume.

SOLDIERS STILL PRACTICE.

Four Men Now Charged With Killing Mine Watchman at Wilkesbarre.

Colorado Miners Contribute.

The fourteenth week of the anthracite miners' strike began Monday. President Mitchell says the strikers are in good shape. Contributions to the relief fund are coming in from many quarters and the dissatisfaction which was first evinced over the distribution has disappeared and the strikers have settled down to what they believe is going to be a muen longer siege than was first anticipated. A \$20,000 contribution from the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen is expected within the next 10 days. It is said 400 lodges will contribute \$50 each. Other railway brotherhoods are expected to follow suit. The likelihood of the mine workers' strike continuing for some considerable time at the anthracite region has led the officers and men of the National Guard in camp to believe they are in the field for a long period. The troops are whiling away the time by going through rifle practice, the high culm banks affording an excellent place for the targets. It was estimated that the total cost of the state for transportation and maintaining the troops for the first 10 days they have been in the field is \$25,000. This includes the pay of officers and men and cost of ammunition. Four men are in the county jail at Wilkesbarre charged with the murder of Daniel Sweeney, the mine watchman who was found dead in the roadway in Nanticoke. District Attorney Jones went to the jail and his statements from the three men who were arrested on the day of the tragedy, Michael Yusko, Joseph Smith and Ignatz Shukle. Before the district attorney left the jail he got information enough to cause the arrest of Paul Tomchak, a well-known resident of Nanticoke. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of 31 striking miners at Kingsport, Luzerne borough and Edwardsville, charged with rioting while doing picket duty in the vicinity of the Woodward breaker of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Company's colliery. A Lackawanna official authorizes the statement that a number of miners have returned to work recently. Two mines are in operation, under police protection, it is claimed and several washeries are also at work. The coal miners of the North-ern Colorado district in mass meeting, voted to assess each man \$1 a week for the benefit of the striking miners in the anthracite district of Pennsylvania.

Michigan Mine Strike Ends.

The strike of the United Mine Workers of Michigan has been declared off, the various locals having voted to accept the scale submitted by the operators on July 2, and approved by President Mitchell with the amendments relative to an 8-hour day for men above ground.

CABLE FLASHES.

Diavolo, the American bicyclist, sustained a terrible fall while performing his act of "looping the loop" in England.

Ambassador White to Berlin, Germany has mailed his resignation to President Roosevelt, to take effect early in November.

An unconfirmed report from London, England, says King Chulalongkorn of Siam was assassinated in his place by a trusted attendant.

Cholera is spreading in Manchuria, Russia, with alarming rapidity. The deaths at Harbin on the Eastern China railway number between 100 and 130 daily.

Former President Kruger of the Transvaal republic has left the Hague for Scheveningen to visit former President Steya of the Orange Free State.

The coronation of King Edward and Queen Alexandra, took place at London, England, Saturday. The King presented the Osborne House, Isle of Wight to the Nation.

Immediately after the coronation the Marquis of Salisbury, of England, will go to France, where he will spend the early winter. During November he will return to London to assist in work for the passage of the educational bill, which he originated.

The Earl of Dudley, of England, has been appointed lord lieutenant of Ireland. Charles Thompson Richie Chan-aker of the executive, and Aretas Akers-Douglass home secretary.

The betrothal of Archduchess Marie Annonciade, of Austria, and Duke Sigfried, of Bavaria, which was announced from Vienna, June 15, has been broken off by mutual consent.

The sudden death of General Lucas Meyer of heart disease is announced at Brussels, Belgium. General Meyer was attacked several times with this illness during the war in South Africa.

During the discussion of the appropriation bill in the House of Commons England the Government was severely criticised by various members regarding its policy in Europe and in China.

The Imperial yacht Hohenzollern, with Emperor William on board, sailed from Kell for Reval, Russia, where his majesty is going to pay a visit to the czar on the occasion of the Russian naval maneuvers.

Considerable alarm was felt during King Alfonso's journey from Oriedo to Leon, Spain. While the train was in a tunnel near Livares the door of the King's saloon suddenly opened and was broken off. The King convinced himself personally that the occurrence was accidental.

The two residents of Paris, France, who recently perished from exposure on Mont Blanc and whose guides were reported to have been killed while descending the mountain in search of assistance, were named Staehling and Mauduit.

The Congress of the Meccdonia Committee met at Sofia, Bulgaria. Delegates from 45 societies, in sympathy with the former leader of the committee were refused admittance and the congress elected officers favorable to General Zontcheff, the actual leader of the committee.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Wheat, Corn, Oats, Beans, Potatoes, etc.

Dairy Products.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Butter, Cheese, etc.

Poultry, Etc.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Hens, Chickens, Eggs, etc.

Fruits and Vegetables.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Apples, Peaches, etc.

BALTIMORE.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Flour, Wheat, etc.

PHILADELPHIA.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Flour, Wheat, etc.