

YANKEE GUNS QUIET RAGE OF MOB

M'CREA ACTS PROMPTLY.

Gunboat Arrives at Cape Haitien in Nick of Time. Interests of All Classes Guarded.

The strong arm of the United States was thrust into the Haitian revolution Tuesday for the purpose of protecting the foreigners resident in Cape Haitien as well as other non-combatants. Advice has been received from Commander McCrea, the captain of the gunboat Machias. That vessel was ordered to the scene of the trouble apparently in the nick of time for when she arrived Commander McCrea found the city in the hands of an unorganized mob. His cable dispatch on the subject of conditions is as follows: "Affairs are very disturbed. Unorganized mob in the city. Foreign Consuls have been threatened. Will give protection on board. I will prevent bombardment without due notice." The officers in the Bureau of Navigation, when they received that message, were in doubt as to the Commander's right to use force to prevent the bombardment, so they consulted Dr. Hill, the Acting Secretary of State. The doctor assured the doubting officers that the Captain of the gunboat would undoubtedly be upheld in any effort that he might make to prevent the shedding of innocent blood by the forces of either party now struggling for the possession of the government of the republic. The State Department had no hesitation in fully approving the energetic action of Commander McCrea in taking care of the foreign consuls and in preventing a bombardment without warning. The American and foreign interests in Cape Haitien are large and an American Captain is required by an unwritten law to look after the life and property of other foreign residents as well as Americans in such cases. It is said that the rules of international law, as well as the dictates of humanity, require that proper notice be given before a bombardment in order that women, children and non-combatant may leave the town and carry off their personal belongings. The Navy Department feels that the Machias is sufficiently large for the work at hand. The Machias is a vessel of 1,177 tons, carrying eight Four-inch rapid-fire guns and a crew of 111 officers and 143 men. While not many men could be spared for a landing party, the vessel undoubtedly could lie in the anchorage and cover the town with her guns.

Arrested for Alleged Swindle.

Edward E. Kemmerer, who has an office in the Schmidt building, Pittsburg, where he conducts a brokerage business under the name of Karson & Co., was arrested by Deputy United States Marshal W. M. Henry upon information made by Postoffice Inspector Frank A. O'Brien before United States Commissioner W. T. Lindsay, charging him with using the mails to defraud. It is believed he has swindled people of over \$100,000.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Chinese Minister Wu Ting Fang has been ordered to continue in his office for the present, as his successor is not expected for several months. The board of visitors to the naval academy has reported a recommendation that the study of Spanish be substituted for that of German. Lieut. Albert Jossman, of the Twenty-seventh infantry, died today at Manila from wounds received in battle with the Moros in Mindanao. The war department received a cable dispatch that Sanford G. Baker, of Ohio, clerk in the bureau of the insular purchasing agent, is dead from cholera in Manila.

By making an unprecedented cut in the price of asphalt has secured the asphalt paving contract at Washington, D. C., for the coming fiscal year at \$1.50 a square yard.

The Great Northern Railroad Company has placed on the disposal of the office of public road inquiries of the United States Department of Agriculture an educational good roads railroad train.

The Temporary Executive office now being built on the White House grounds will be a brick structure, one story high, 100 feet long and 50 feet wide. It is to be painted white.

The marriage of Miss Alice Hay to James W. Wadsworth, Jr., will take place on September 30 at the Falls, Newbury, N. H., the country home of the Secretary of State and Mrs. Hay.

As the senior major general on the active list, Gen. S. B. M. Young will succeed to command of the army when Lieut. Gen. Miles retires on August 8, 1903, when he will reach the age limit of 64 years.

Probably more than \$1,000,000 will be spent by the navy for the maintenance in the Caribbean sea next winter. This sum includes 12 new coal barges to be built at Pensacola at an expense of \$96,000, and then towed to Culbra island.

Commissioner General of Immigration Sargeant has sent to immigration officials throughout the country photographs of anarchists who have been expelled from Turkey and who are believed to be on their way to this country.

Papers received at the war department give an account of the beginning of the trial of 23 natives in the island of Mindoro, Philippine Islands, who were charged with killing four Americans. From one of the 23 men arrested a partial story of the massacre has been obtained.

It is suggested that the question whether the indemnity to be paid to the powers by China shall be paid on a gold or silver basis may be referred to The Hague tribunal for decision. The United States will not be forced into demanding payment on a gold basis. "Battle still being fought desperately," were the words of a dispatch received at the Colombian legation from Gen. Salazar.

RUSSIA STANDS ALONE.

Expecta No Favorable Reply to Invitations to Anti-Trust Conference Alternative Measure.

It is semi-officially announced that the Russian minister of finance expects replies in the negative from the powers on the note regarding international action against trusts. When such replies are received the Russian government will affirm that any increase in duties on Russian sugar will be regarded as an infringement of existing treaties, and if such increase is enforced the Russian government considers itself free to disregard its treaty stipulations. The ministry of finance does not propose to take action against the powers collectively, M. Rouzkowsky, financial agent of the Russian government in the United States, has been instructed to communicate to the American press that in case of the negative answer of powers to the note and the establishment of a countervailing duty on Russian sugar, the Russian government will consider the establishment of such a duty as an infringement of its commercial treaties with powers so doing, and therefore free from obligations imposed by them and at liberty not to comply with their stipulations. However it will be to the advantage of Russia. Many of the American newspapers, Rouzkowsky explained, have interpreted the note as a move on the part of the Russian government to inaugurate a European coalition against American trade. Such an understanding, he declares, is entirely incorrect and does the Russian government an injustice. In retaliation for the countervailing duty against Russian sugar imposed by the United States, Russia now imposes its maximum tariff rates. The object of the statement issued is to show that Russia is not engaged in any effort to wage a campaign against American trade, but to make plain to the parties to the Brussels conference that the imposition of countervailing duties against Russian sugar will be met as it was in the case of the United States.

GOLD TURNED INTO PENNIES.

Furnished Material for an Alleged Counterfeiting Scheme. Lost \$2,500. The story of a bunco game in which the victim lost \$2,500 was told in police court at Boston, Mass., and Frank Bornstein was held for the Grand Jury on the charge of the larceny of 500 \$5 gold coins on July 16 from Bernard Bennett. It was in evidence that Bennett was induced by Bornstein and a confederate to go into a plan to counterfeit English sovereigns. He furnished 500 gold coins, which the other men apparently placed in a tin can into which a strong acid was poured. After considerable juggling of the can Bennett received it to carry home. He grew suspicious and concluded it was an infernal machine. A policeman opened the can and \$9.37 in pennies came out. Bennett had Bornstein arrested.

NEW FACILITIES FOR ORE.

Wisconsin and Michigan Railway Will Spend \$2,000,000. Over \$2,000,000 will be expended by the Wisconsin and Michigan railway on improved plans in the ore-carrying trade from the mines to the Eastern furnaces. Next fall the road will have tracks into Norway, Quinnesec and to Lake Superior through a rich ore and timber belt. Side tracks will be laid to mines in the vicinity of Norway, Vulcan and Quinnesec. The plan is to load ore into cars at the mines, send them over the Wisconsin and Michigan to Peshigo and by car barges to South Chicago. From South Chicago the ore will go East into the interior points of Pennsylvania and Ohio and be unloaded at the furnaces.

DAKOTA HURRICANE.

Even the Prairie Grass Blown Off in Some Places.

Lisbon, North Dakota, was the center of a fearful hurricane and destructive hail storm. Crops within an area extending ten or more miles northwest to many miles south are totally destroyed. In places even the prairie grass is swept off. Barns and out-houses in all directions were wrecked and dwelling houses damaged. All windows on the north side of buildings were shattered by hail and the houses flooded by the torrent of rain which fell. In Lisbon hardly a building escaped some damages. Stock is scattered and thousands of birds and chickens were killed. No person was killed although a few were injured. The neighboring towns were also affected.

INSIST ON NOT WORKING.

Miners Declare They Will Stay Out to the End.

At a meeting of the executive board of the United Mine Workers at Shamokin, Pa., reports were received from every local that not one member of the union has returned to work since the strike, and furthermore that they have no intention of doing so until ordered back to the mines by their officers.

Shot the Postmaster.

Two men wearing masks entered the postoffice at Lynville, 20 miles from Evansville, Ind. One of the men shot the postmaster, L. D. Zimmerman, over the heart. The men then went behind the letter case and took a tin box containing money and stamps to the value of \$500.

Decision Against Johnson.

Judge Phillips, of the Common Pleas court, Cleveland, O., rendered a decision against Mayor Johnson and the city of Cleveland in the mandamus proceedings brought to compel County Auditor Craig to put the \$18,000,000 additional tax assessed by the city board of equalization against five big local corporations, on the tax duplicate.

TROOPS ORDERED TO SHENANDOAH

STRIKE REACHES CLIMAX.

Mob of 5,000 Pursue Strike Breakers— Cousin of Sheriff Killed—Police Fire Into Crowd.

A score of strikers and five officers were shot or beaten in a riot at Shenandoah, Pa., Wednesday night. One of the officers died of his wounds. He was Joseph Bedall, a prominent hard ware merchant and cousin of Sheriff S. Rowland Bedall. The severely injured are: Frank Truttis, a policeman, shot through the head, will die; Chief of Police Fry, shot in arm and badly beaten; condition serious; Policeman Rengshelshar, shot in shoulder and hand, also beaten with stones and clubs; condition serious. One other officer and about 20 of the strikers were wounded. The condition of the injured strikers is not known, as they were hurried away by friends. A reign of terror compared with which the scenes enacted during the riots of 1900 seem insignificant, held the town in its grasp. From 6 o'clock in the evening Center street, which is one of the principal thoroughfares of the town was in the hands of an infuriated mob. Sheriff Bedall arrived from Pottsville at 7:45 o'clock with a posse of deputies. He took up his headquarters at the Ferguson hotel, which was soon surrounded by several thousand men. Sheriff Bedall wired to Gov. Stone to send the militia. The Governor answered that if the citizens of the town petition for troops he would send them. The trouble started when Deputy Sheriff Thomas Bedall attempted to escort two non-union workers through the strikers' line of pickets. The workmen were dressed in their street clothing, but one of them carried a bundle under his arm, and this aroused the suspicion of the strikers. The bundle was torn from him, and when it was found to contain a blouse and overalls the man was taken from the deputy and beaten almost to death. In the meantime Bedall opened fire on the mob which had gathered and emptied his revolver. Two of the shots took effect, one man being shot in the leg and the other in the foot. The deputy and the other strike breaker were now compelled to flee for their lives and took refuge in the Philadelphia and Reading depot. The depot was soon surrounded by an angry mob of 5,000, which was becoming more threatening and demonstrative every moment. Joseph Bedall, a hardware merchant and brother of Deputy Thomas Bedall, was seen making his way through the crowd in an effort to reach his brother, and the mob, deeming that he was carrying ammunition to those inside the depot, seized him and beat him with clubs and blifes into insensibility. He died en route to the miners' hospital. Shortly after this the entire borough police force arrived on the scene and escorted the deputy sheriff and his man to a engine which had been backed into the depot for that purpose. When the mob realized that their prey was about to escape, they surrounded the engine. Stones were thrown thick and fast about the heads of the police, whereupon Chief John Fry gave the order to fire. It is estimated that upward of 1,000 shots were fired and the wonder is that more fatalities did not result. More than 20 strikers, all of whom were foreigners, were shot, and at least two of them will die. The Third Brigade consisting of the Eighth and Twelfth Regiments and the Governor's troop under command of General Gobin have been ordered to Shenandoah.

CARDINAL LAUDS SCHLEY

Accepts Vice Presidency of Triumphant Arch Association. In a letter accepting the appointment of the vice presidency of the Schley Triumphant Arch Association, erect an enduring monument to the admiral, Cardinal Gibbons says: "Admiral Schley's victory shed glory on our state, and I cheerfully accept the position assigned to me, earnestly hoping that the patriotic enterprise will meet with a hearty response from the citizens of Maryland."

A \$66,000,000 COMBINE.

C. M. Schwab and the Steel Corporation Interested. Details of the plan to combine the George A. Fuller Company, the New York Realty Corporation, the Alliance Realty Company and the real estate properties of the Central Realty Bond and Trust Company of New York in one corporation with a \$66,000,000 capital, have been made public. The consolidation has enlisted the National City Bank, or Stillman-Rockefeller party, the United States Steel interests, headed by Charles M. Schwab, and the two great money leading institutions of New York, the Mutual Life Insurance Company and the Equitable Life Assurance Society.

BLOW STRUCK AT AUTOS.

Vehicles to Be Barred From the Omaha Parks and Boulevards. The Park Commissioners at Omaha, Neb., have declared that automobilists must stay off boulevards and keep out of the parks. The police department has received instructions to enforce it. The reason is that the Omaha horse is not educated up to an acceptance of the automobile as a fixed institution, and until such education has been acquired the chauffeur must keep to thoroughfares dedicated to common traffic and to the "dirt" roads.

DeWindt in the United States.

Harry Dewindt, the Arctic traveler, who recently completed a remarkable journey overland through Northern Siberia and across Bering sea, has arrived at Port Townsend, Wash., on the steamship Topoka from Skagway, accompanied by Viscount de Clinchamps Belligarde, George Harding and Stephen Rastoufouff.

LATEST NEWS NOTES.

The Beaumont, Texas, oil wells have ceased to gush, and the oil must now be pumped.

Fire in the plant of the Thomas J. Lipton company at Chicago caused a loss of \$225,000.

Secretary Shaw estimates the treasury surplus for the fiscal year begun July at \$25,900,000.

The government of Porto Rico has established a telegraph school with 25 girl pupils of San Juan.

Gov. Cummings of Iowa has begun an investigation into the legality of the Rock Island reorganization.

Official returns show that cholera is spreading with terrible rapidity throughout Manchuria, Russia.

Mayor Ames and Chief of Police F. W. Ames of Minneapolis, have been indicted for exacting blackmail.

George D. Middleton was electrocuted at Clinton prison, Dannemora, N. Y., for the murder of his wife in 1901.

Senator Elkins says West Virginia will soon Challenge Pennsylvania for the record of leading coal-producing State.

Charles Green and John Richards, accused of the murder of Austin J. Crowe, in Buffalo, were arrested in Denver.

Forty lives were lost by the sinking of the steamer Prince Alexander in a collision with another vessel off Malacca.

Mrs. Nell Campbell is under arrest in Chicago, charged with allowing a child to die for want of proper nourishment.

Report of Internal Revenue bureau shows reduction in taxes under new revenue bill amounts to more than \$35,000,000.

The United States training ship Mohican arrived at Honolulu on July 16, after a voyage of 59 days from Yokohama.

Mabel Wells, Eva Saker and Laura Tye were drowned by the capsizing of their boat on Lake Jefferson, Monticello, Minn.

President Mitchell addressed 7,000 striking miners at Scranton, promised victory to them and urged them to be law-abiding.

John Devine, colored murderer of Policeman Donohue in Baltimore, will get married and be baptized before he is hanged.

Peace prevails in the Shenandoah mining region and the National Guardsmen are occupied with drills and camp duty.

Capt. William A. Phillips, of the Tenth infantry, has been appointed governor of the island of Paragua, Philippine Islands.

The United States Bankers Corporation is organized in Boston to establish a chain of trust companies throughout the country.

Miss Anna D. Collier, a Worcester school teacher, and Miss Jean Brown, of Detroit, Mich., were drowned in the undertow while bathing.

Mayor Low of New York asked Police Commissioner Partridge to investigate the riot which occurred during the funeral of Rabbi Joseph.

A new process of armor plate invented by Lieut. Cleland Davis, U. S. A., and tested at Bethlehem is said to be superior to any yet produced.

Police Commissioner Partridge, of New York, reduced 106 detective sergeants to the rank of patrolmen and three to the grade of roundsman.

Gen. Jacob H. Smith, on arrival at San Francisco from the Philippines, was deeply affected on learning that he had been retired by the president.

David Wait was burned to death and L. Miller fatally injured in a fire that destroyed the Stoner Wall Paper company's building in Des Moines, Ia.

The conference between the flint glass bottle manufacturers and workers at Atlantic City, having failed to reach an agreement, adjourned sine die.

President Schurman of Cornell university declares, in an address at Chautauque, that many points in the Philippine question are relegated to the past.

At Mingo mines, Middleboro, Ky., Warren Smith killed Calvin Seiber by shooting him through the heart, but before Seiber was shot he mortally wounded Smith.

While under arrest and on a street car at Birmingham, Ala., George Leonard was shot and killed by Hollis B. Parrish, a young attorney with whom he had quarreled.

The Association of Manufacturers of Food Products discussed plans to induce legislation at a meeting in New York, and adjourned subject to the call of the president.

Smallpox having broken out in Barbados, all the other British West India islands have imposed a quarantine against the colony. There have been 17 cases on the island.

A large collection of Aztec antiquities is being packed for shipment to New York, where they will be shown at the Congress of Americanists, who are to assemble there October 1.

The trial of the assassins of Marquis de Mores at Sussa, Africa, resulted in the condemning to death of El Kheir and the sentencing of Hamma Cheikh to 20 years' imprisonment.

Judge Chytraus modified the injunction restraining the Chicago board of trade and certain board of trade operators from conducting a corner in July standard oats by restraining the defendants from asking the president of the board of trade to indorse down margins deposited by the complainants.

Three hundred men employed in the American tube works, at Somerville, Mass., struck because the company refuses to reinstate two discharged union men and to discharge non-union Italian laborers.

Commissioner General Sargeant has issued a circular in which he states that Porto Ricans and Filipinos on coming to the United States must be examined the same as other foreigners.

The coroners' jury at Camden, N. J., held James Bland, a negro, responsible for the death of John Morrissey.

FRIARS WILL REMOVE GRADUALLY

SATISFACTORY SOLUTION.

Vatican to Have Orders Out of Archipelago When Moment Comes to Resume Negotiations.

The "Observatore Romano," the vatican organ, at Rome, Italy, reproduces an interview with the Rt. Rev. Thomas O'Gorman, bishop of Sioux Falls, S. D., concerning the Taft negotiations. He says that those negotiations were happily ended, and adds: "The gift of the pope to the President is proof that all was concluded according to the wishes of the vatican." According to statements, it is the intention of the vatican that the four branches of Augustiana, Dominican, Franciscan and Recoletto orders now in Manila, who number about 450 men, should leave there in small numbers at different times, so that when the moment comes to resume negotiations between Governor Taft and the apostolic delegation all the friars will have left the archipelago in such a way that the friar question will have solved itself without the necessity of further discussion. The foregoing plan is interpreted as a late, but significant, recognition by the vatican that secretary of War Root's first proposition made to the vatican through Governor Taft were the most liberal that could be devised for the settlement of the question. The influence of religious orders in Rome must be reckoned with, however, should they think it to their interests to resist these measures. From present indications this would seem not to be so, as the general of the Augustinians will soon leave for the United States to choose American Augustinians to replace the Spanish members of that order now at Manila.

CHOSE A WEARY WALK.

Young Couple Tramping From Richmond, Va., to Dayton, O.

To walk from Richmond, Va., to Dayton, O., is the task set by a young couple who left Baltimore, Sunday. They eloped from Dayton four months ago and went to Washington, where they were married. From Washington they went to Richmond, where the man had secured employment as a conductor on a trolley car. Then came a strike and he lost his position. His lungs were not strong and they decided that he would be better off at Dayton, especially as they did not seem to be any way of making a living for himself and wife in Richmond. They had very little money, and decided to walk and started out, heading for Baltimore as one of the stopping places. It took them four weeks to reach Baltimore. The officials refused to give the names of the couple, but said the man was 27 years old and his wife 17. They declined to accept transportation to Dayton, but were provided with shoes.

FOUR TRAINMEN KILLED.

Two Milk Trains Come Together on Ontario & Western.

A head-on collision between milk trains on the Ontario & Western railroad at Hortons, Delaware county, New York, resulted in the death of four persons, the wrecking of two engines and the ditching of several cars. The dead are Andy O'Neal of Norwich, Robert Reese, fireman, Michael Tully, trainman, Frank E. Monroe, trainman, Benjamin St. John, engineer of the other train, jumped from the cab, escaping serious injury.

TRIAL ORDERED.

Naval Paymaster Will Be Court-Martialed for Careless Bookkeeping.

A court-martial has been ordered to try Passed Assistant Paymaster Charles W. Penrose, who has been the pay officer on the cruiser Michigan, on the charge of carelessness in keeping his accounts. The court is to convene at Erie, Pa., as soon as possible after the receipt of the order. There is nothing in the charge involving moral turpitude. The young man has, however, been very lax in his bookkeeping and the accounting officers of the United States Treasury have not been able to make much headway in examining his books.

EXPORTS OF MANUFACTURES.

Iron and Steel Showed a Decrease of \$18,000,000.

The total reports of manufactures during the fiscal year ended June 30 were valued at \$403,800,763, against \$412,155,066 in 1901 a reduction of \$8,264,303. In iron and steel manufactures the exports have fallen from \$117,319,320 in 1901 to \$98,552,562, a reduction of \$18,766,758. The decrease in iron and steel manufactures alone is \$10,000,000 greater than the total reduction of exports of manufactures, indicating that in other articles there has been a net increase. In copper the exportations of ingots, bars, plates, etc., amounted in the fiscal year 1902 to 288,720,655 pounds against 252,769,328 pounds in the preceding year, an increase of 35,951,329 pounds, while the value was in 1902 \$39,190,619, against \$41,200,376 in 1901, a reduction of \$2,009,757.

Won't Insure Feudists' Homes.

On account of an attempt to burn the general store of C. X. Bowling, believed to have grown out of the Hargis-Cockrell feud, at Jackson, Ky., the insurance companies will cancel all policies held in that place.

Grass Wound is Fatal.

While mowing his lawn at Mattoon, Ill., Walter Kilner, a wealthy retired business man, cut his finger with a blade of grass. Blood poisoning set in and he died in great agony.

BALL CARTRIDGES ISSUED.

Hot Volleys From Ambush Awake Guards. Sentry Knocked Down By Stoning From Bushes.

Every effort is being made by the strike leaders to have the troops withdrawn from Shenandoah. They have promised to protect the town and guarantee protection to all citizens, torrestetatoin shrillu shrillu shrillu but General Gobin is not deeply impressed with their ability and he is not relaxing his vigilance. The entire Eighth regiment was called to arms during Saturday night as a result of three attacks made by men in ambush, who threw stones at the troops in camp on the plateau outside the town. A double guard supplied with ball cartridges surrounds the camp, and the sentries have been instructed by Gen. Gobin that if stone throwing is repeated they must shoot to kill and investigate afterward. District President John Fahey and Organizer Miles Dougherty are doing all in their power to keep the lines of the strikers unbroken. Fahey said, in commenting on the strike situation, that every man who resorts to any sort of disorder, whether he be a mine worker or not, is the worst enemy of the miners' cause. He also said that the mine workers will do anything in their power to help capture and convict every man guilty of breaking the law, and if he be mine worker or not, putting him in prison and keeping him there. The leaders of the striking miners at Wilkesbarre promise to spring a surprise in a few days. They claim that after an investigation they find that miners' certificates are being issued contrary to law and that the recipients of the certificates, many of whom, it is alleged, never saw the inside of a coal mine, are being pressed into the service of the coal companies. Everything indicates that the troops will remain at Shenandoah until mining actually begins.

ATE POISONED BREAD.

Ten Persons Seriously Ill as Result of Baker's Carelessness.

Ten persons are ill at St. Louis, and the whole neighborhood under care of physicians as the result of carbolic acid in bread. C. J. Warner, a baker and confectioner, is the maker of the bread containing the acid. He stated to the city authorities that he had used the acid to cleanse his milk cans. Some of the liquid soaked into barrels of flour and the poison epidemic was the result.

Robbed of 5,000 Postal Cards.

A boy was robbed of 5,000 postal cards in the hall of a building at Chicago, and the three robbers escaped though pursued by a crowd, which was joined later by policemen.

CABLE FLASHES.

The London Gazette (official) published a proclamation fixing August 9 as the date of the coronation.

A number of anarchists were arrested in Rome, Italy. They were in correspondence with anarchists at Patterson, N. J.

A consular reports says Mrs. Wilson, mother of Dr. Russell Wilson, has reached Nicaragua to visit the imprisoned filibuster.

A mixed railroad train was derailed near Muret, Calcutta, India. Sixteen natives were killed and 20 natives and Europeans were injured.

67 bodies have been recovered from the Mount Kimbla colliery, at Wollongong, Australia, where an explosion occurred. The work of rescue is much hampered by aftershocks in the mine.

Emperor William of Germany has pardoned Lieut. Hildebrand, who had served only seven months of his two years' sentence of imprisonment for killing Lieut. Blaskowitz in a duel last November.

Mrs. Makay at London, England, has had a rather serious relapse since the trying strain of the last few weeks. Twice there has been consultations of doctors. She is suffering especially from sleeplessness.

Dr. G. Carlin, late Swiss minister to Italy, has been appointed to Great Britain, replacing Dr. C. D. Boucart, who is ordered to Washington to relieve J. R. Ploda, Swiss minister to the United States, who goes to Italy.

A dispatch from Canton, China, says renewed disorders have occurred in Sze-Chuen province, with daily engagements between government troops and rebels. Massacres of native Christians are reported in the province.

Queen Alexandra, while attending the coronation fetes at Whippingham, Isle of Wight, confirmed His Majesty's splendid progress, and said he could walk across the deck of the royal yacht, and that he preferred remaining off Cores to taking another cruise.

A dispatch from Tarbes, France, gives news of a terrible fire at Lourdes, the town famous for its shrine to Our Lady. The fire brigade was unable to check the flames, and an entire block of houses had been destroyed and a number of persons were victims of the fire.

The object of the visit of the king of Italy to the German emperor at the end of August is to propose a reduction in continental armaments. This was the purpose of the visit to the Czar, from whom he received every encouragement. He will come to the emperor with Russia's full support.

The Cuban authorities refuse to grant the request of United States Minister Squiers for the papers in the Rathbone and Neely cases. The papers are wanted by the United States postal authorities for a senate investigation.

It is announced in Paris, France, that General Patrick A. Collins, Mayor of Boston, Mass., has been appointed an officer of the Legion of Honor, and Paul Capdevielle, Mayor of New Orleans, Thomas St. John Gaffney, and Mr. Duveen, of New York, have been appointed Chevaliers of the Legion.

Bradstreet's says: Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending July 31, aggregated 4,285,334 bushels, against 3,980,965 last week, and 6,453,391 in this week last year. Wheat exports since July 1 aggregate 18,153,849 bushels, against 26,201,038 last season.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH.

Wheat-No. 2 red	\$ 71	71
Do-No. 3	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 4 yellow	70	70
Do-No. 5 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 6 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 7 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 8 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 9 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 10 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 11 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 12 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 13 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 14 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 15 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 16 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 17 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 18 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 19 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
Do-No. 20 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2

Grain, Flour and Feed.

Butter—Elgin creamery	\$ 21	21
Ohio creamery	20	20
Fancy straight winter	15	15
Cheese—Dodge, 20 lb	11	11
New York, new	11	11

Poultry, Etc.

Hens—per lb	\$ 18	18
Chickens—dressed	15	15
Eggs—per doz	23	