

TERRIBLE STEAMBOAT DISASTER.

60 DEAD OR MISSING.

Passengers Asleep in Berths When Fire Starts in City of Pittsburgh near Carlo, Ill.

The side-wheel steamer City of Pittsburgh, with 70 passengers and a crew of 70 on board, from Cincinnati to Memphis, was burned to the water's edge early Sunday morning at Odessa landing, near Olmstead, Ill., 11 miles from Mound City, Ill., and 24 miles from Cairo. The fire was discovered at 4:05 a. m. It started in the forward port hatch and burned fiercely. Very few passengers or members of the crew were aware of fire until it was too late. The burning steamer was quickly headed to the bank, but passengers were forced to jump from the stern and in trying to swim ashore through the swift current many were drowned. Many also perished in the flames. The following is a partial list of those lost: Mr. Adams, Ohio; Mr. Downs, Memphis; Thomas Smith, Memphis; Patrick Burke, wife and six children, Owensboro, Ky.; Joseph Ridding and Fred Jones, Cincinnati; William Hallinger, Cincinnati; Sweeney, little girl, Owensboro, Ky.; L. L. Hunter, Tipton, Pa.; three children of Mrs. McCullum, Leavenworth, Ind.; Ardie M. Allen, aged 9, of Pittsburgh; Clay Brees, wife and son, Uniontown, Pa.; Miss Mary Lister, Carrollton, O.; child of Pilot Pritchard; two cooks and two chambermaids. A partial list of those saved is as follows: James Neville, Dayton, Ky.; Emma Smith Paduch; Archie M. Allen and wife, Pittsburgh; L. N. McGraw, Louisville, Mrs. Judge Mulkey, Metropolis, Ill.; Arthur Shely, Buckner, Ky.; Mrs. Tunny Myer, Point Pleasant, W. Va.; Margaret Bridges, Louisville; Jennie Beakley, Lexington; C. K. Stallons and wife, Careville, Ky.; head mate Shimers and wife; Mrs. Leach; Pilot Pritchard, wife and child; Miss Marie Tissim, Cannelton, Ind.; Sylvester Doss, Cincinnati, died after being taken ashore. The captain, three engineers, two engine room strikers, two cooks. Among the members of the crew missing are: Henry Thomas, Cincinnati; John Botta and Tony Gilfoyle, Cincinnati; also 20 members of the crew, whose names are unknown. One woman passenger was severely burned, Mrs. Ellen Fenmore, Arbuckle, W. Va. The following are known to have boarded the boat at Cincinnati: John Allen, Pittsburgh; Mrs. John Allen and 10-year-old son; Joseph Craig, Grand View, Ind.; H. Brunen, Cloverport, Ky.; Mrs. Arch Scriber, Moscow, O. Just prior to the boat's departure she underwent her annual inspection by United States Inspectors Dameron and Fearn, and was granted first-class papers. The captain and clerk claim 80 persons have been accounted for, leaving 60 people lost or unaccounted for.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITOL.

The Senate Tuesday confirmed Colonel Mott Hooten, of Chester county, Pennsylvania, as a Brigadier General.

The House Committee on the Judiciary has authorized favorable report on the Ray bill to amend the existing bankruptcy laws.

The Senate, in executive session Wednesday confirmed the nomination of Robert J. Wynne to be First Assistant Postmaster General.

The Presbyterian creed revision committee Thursday agreed upon a report to be made to the General Assembly, which meets in New York, May 15.

Funeral services were held at the Church of the Covenant Tuesday over the body of Rev. Dr. DeWitt Talmage. The large church was crowded to the doors.

President-Elect Palma, of Cuba, says his first message will urge peace between warring factions, the development of national resources and friendship with the United States.

Brigadier General Isaac D. DeRussy, Andrew S. Burt and Michael V. Sheridan, recently appointed, have been placed on the retired list on their own applications after 40 years' service.

General Pearson, Boer representative, was at the White House Monday and had a few minutes' talk with the President. He left for Chalmers, La., to investigate British operations there.

The President Thursday sent to the Senate the nomination of James S. Clarkson, of Iowa, to be Collector of Customs at New York; Colonel Simon Snyder and William Auman, to be Brigadier Generals.

Columbia has increased her import duties on all merchandise except alcohol and rum by 50 per cent, according to a report to the State Department from United States Consul Malmros, at Colon, dated March 25.

Secretary Root has made arrangements to maintain a light in the status of liberty on Bedlow Island in New York harbor. The electrical apparatus belonging to the light-house establishment will be employed for that purpose.

The House Committee on Naval Affairs has inserted an item in the naval appropriation bill for the appointment of a board of officers to investigate the subject of a naval training station on the great lakes. Erie is a formidable application for the station.

Secretary Root has ordered General Chaffee to investigate reports of Waller trial, and if found correct, to court martial General Smith, and also court martial officers who administered the "water cure" to the president of Igarra.

The Executive Council of the Federation of Labor had a conference with President Roosevelt upon Chinese exclusion, an eight-hour law, a prison labor bill, increase in the salaries of letter carriers and the right of government employees to solicit legislation in their own behalf.

CONGRESSIONAL NOTES.

Markers at Gettysburg.

The Senate Tuesday practically concluded debate on the Chinese exclusion bill. Two amendments offered by Mr. Fairbanks, Indiana, striking out the definition of Chinese students and teachers, were agreed to, with the view of reconciling the opposition to the rigid restrictions imposed on the educated Chinese coming to this country.

In the House Tuesday Mr. Payne, New York, failed in his attempt to make an agreement for the close of debate on the Cuban reciprocity bill, and it was announced that 35 members still desire to be heard. A bill was introduced authorizing the Secretary of War to expend \$50,000 for marking the positions of the Union army regiments in the battle of Gettysburg.

Substituted Platt Bill.

By a vote of 48 to 33 the Senate Wednesday substituted for the vigorous Chinese exclusion measure framed by Senators and Representatives from the Pacific coast, the bill offered by Mr. Platt, Connecticut, which re-enacts the present law and extends it to the Philippines, Porto Rico and Hawaii, pending a new treaty between China and the United States. The House has already passed an exclusion bill, but the Senate's bill will have to be acted upon in the House as an original measure.

The Platt bill was then passed by a vote of 76 to 1. Mr. Hoar, Massachusetts, alone voting in the negative. An amendment excluding Chinese seamen from American ships was defeated, 29 to 50. An amendment was adopted admitting Chinese connected with National Expositions.

Friends of Cuban reciprocity were badly scared for a few moments in the House Wednesday, when Mr. Payne, New York, moved to close debate on the bill at 3 o'clock Friday. On a rising vote the motion was defeated, 105 to 124, and Mr. Watson, Indiana, demanded a yeas and nays vote. Mr. Tawney, Minnesota, a leader of the opposition to reciprocity, had agreed with Mr. Payne that there should be no objection to closing the debate, and in consequence of Mr. Tawney's pressure upon his friends and the fact that many supporters of the bill rallied, Mr. Payne's motion was finally carried by a vote of 143 to 123. Debate on the bill continued throughout Wednesday.

House Rules Attacked.

In the Senate Thursday, the session was devoted principally to the consideration of the Nicaragua route for an isthmian canal. Mr. Morgan, of Alabama speaking.

In the House Thursday Mr. Cushman created a sensation in attacking the House rules, and the Speaker's administration of them. The debate on Cuban reciprocity bill continued during the entire day.

Duty Off Sugar.

After the Senate Friday passed a bill appropriating \$25,000, for the expenses of a commission to obtain designs for a monument to Abraham Lincoln, the bill to provide a temporary government for the Philippines was taken up. Mr. Rawlins, Utah, offered a substitute, granting consideration of the restoration of peace in the archipelago, independent of the formation of a constitutional government in the Philippines. Mr. Carmack, Tennessee, offered two amendments, one providing that no person or corporation should hold persons in slavery in the islands, and the other declaring that the United States regard with extreme disfavor the admission of the Philippine islands as a State of this Union.

The House Friday, sitting in committee of the whole, considering a Cuban reciprocity bill, overruled the decision of the Chairman, Mr. Sherman, of New York, ruling out as not germane to the bill an amendment to remove the differential tariff duty on refined sugar. This was accomplished by a vote of 171 to 139. Having won this preliminary victory, the amendment was adopted by a vote of 164 to 111, and when the committee reported the bill to the House they carried the amendment by a still larger vote, 199 to 105. The bill was then passed, 247 to 52.

TO RELEASE RATHBONE.

Cubans Want All Americans in Jail on the Island Pardoned.

The Audiencia court at Havana, Friday, accepted the bond of \$100,000 offered by a fidelity company for the appearance of Estes G. Rathbone. The court requires, however, that this bond be drawn before a notary. This involves much time and expense, as the notaries fees and a state tax must be paid. Rathbone's attorneys insist that the habeas corpus proceedings be continued and claim that the bond should be drawn before the court, as is customary without further delay or further expense.

CAPT. LUCAS ON AN OIL HUNT.

Finds Indications Along the Mexican Gulf Coast to Yucatan.

Captain A. F. Lucas, who struck the first gusher at Beaumont, has been investigating the oil fields of Mexico. He has just returned from a trip along the coast far south as Yucatan and declares there are indications of oil along the coast, although it has been commonly supposed that the oil region extended only along the northern portion of the coast.

Farmers After Big Reward.

Rockland county, N. Y., was entirely surrounded Monday by armed men, stimulated by the offer of \$12,000 for the capture of Frank Martin and Frank Wyman, the burglars who escaped from the Nyack City jail after nearly killing Keeper Van Nostrand. Many farmers have joined in the search, and weapons of all kinds figure in the armament.

PHILIPPINE REBELLION SUBDUED.

SUBMISSION OF MALVAR.

North Philippines Insurrection Ended—Last Rebel Commander in Luzon Has Surrendered.

General Malvar has unconditionally surrendered to Brigadier General J. Franklin Bell at Batangas province with the entire insurgent force of the provinces of Laguna and Batangas. General Bell says his (Bell's) influence is sufficient to quell the insurrectionary movement in Tayabas and Cavite provinces and capture all those in the field who have not yet surrendered; but Malvar has ordered the complete surrender of every insurgent to the nearest American force. General Wheaton, reporting to the division headquarters, says that all resistance in his department has ended and that the surrenders just announced mean that the ports will be opened and that the Filipinos in the detention camps can be allowed to return to their homes in time to plant the crops. General Wheaton is especially pleased with General Bell's care of the natives confined in the camps. The officers in charge are held responsible for the quality and quantity of the food served out and for the general welfare of the occupants of the camps. The people of Manila are delighted at the prospect of a resumption of trade with the pacified province and are anxious to send Generals Chaffee, Wheaton and Bell their appreciation of the fact that the insurrection is really over. About 3,300 rifles have been received by the American officers in Batangas and Laguna provinces during the past four months. The lack of news from the island of Samar is due to defective cables. It is believed, however, that the American commander there received, Tuesday, the surrender of all the insurgents in Samar unless the planned proceedings were altered. General Chaffee, in announcing the surrender of Malvar, writes that "organized armed resistance to the United States is terminated in the department of North Philippines, except error W. H. Taft, of the Philippines, said in St. Louis, Mo., Wednesday: "The real war in the islands is over when 30 provinces are pacified, and only three remain to be brought under control, and I do not expect to see these three provinces in rebellion very long. Civil government is a success and the whole archipelago will soon offer a field for American enterprise."

WAS LIKE ROBINSON CRUSOE.

Jap Rescued After Seventeen Years on Deserted Island.

The steamer China, at Honolulu, brings from Nagasaki, a story of a rescued Japanese, Robinson Crusoe after 17 years' solitary life on a deserted island near Gensan, off Korea. The Japanese master of a fishing schooner first discovered the man on what was supposed to be an uninhabited island, but he was afraid to take him off, as he looked like some wild monster with shaggy hair. He reported the case to the Japanese government and a torpedo boat was sent to the island. He was brought back to Nagasaki, but it was some days before he could speak and his mind appeared nearly gone. He had lived entirely on seaweed and fish, as he had no tools or iron implements of any kind.

BUILDINGS BLOWN UP.

Safe Blowers Wreck Structures in Two Places—Too Much Explosive.

Burglars in attempting to blow the safe of the Duluth, Messabe and Northern Railroad depot at Eleventh, Minn., used such a large amount of nitroglycerine that the building was demolished and the safe blown to atoms. Windows were shattered throughout the town, and many citizens were awakened. No trace of the burglars was found, and it is not known whether they were also blown to pieces or escaped. A telegram from Maiden Rock, Wis., Monday, says burglars blew the bank safe. The explosion was so heavy that the bank and several adjoining buildings were wrecked. The burglars escaped.

HOLLAND IS PRESIDENT.

New Yorker Chosen Head of United Railroads Company.

The United Railroads Company of San Francisco, Cal., is to have as President Arthur Holland, of New York, who is one of the eight directors already chosen for the company. The directors have given him the title of Acting President and the full title of President will be conferred in case he sees fit to remain permanently in San Francisco, which is most probable. It is said he is to receive a salary of \$15,000 a year. Mr. Vinling, the general manager, is said to be receiving \$10,000 per annum.

Canceled a \$300,000 Debt.

The semi-centennial of the Young Men's Christian Association was celebrated at Bedford City, Va., and will convert the building into a National Elk Home.

Robbers entered the Bank of Goodlettsville, Tenn., blew the safe and secured \$2,000 in cash, in addition to looting the box of the postmaster, containing \$500 in stamps and \$80 in currency.

Riots in Belgium.

At least five persons were killed and a large number wounded in riots near Brussels, Belgium, Thursday, following the defeat of the Socialists' bill in the Chamber of Deputies for universal suffrage.

Americans Hit First.

The first wheatship to come under the new taxation regulations at London, England, was the German ship Henriette, from San Francisco, which arrived in the Tyne Saturday.

PENPED UP NINE MONTHS.

Chinamen Awaiting Deportation Threaten Riot if They Are Not Shipped or Turned Loss.

The Treasury Department has received from the Collector of Customs at San Francisco a telegram saying 98 Chinamen in detention sheds on steamship docks at San Francisco threaten violence if they are not either taken back to China by the steamship companies or allowed their freedom. Several Chinamen who were detained have managed to escape, and the case is giving the Treasury Department some trouble. In answer to the report of the Collector, Assistant Secretary Taylor Tuesday wired him to make a written demand on the steamship companies for the deportation of the detained Chinamen, and to further notify the companies that the Treasury Department will prosecute them for every Chinaman who has escaped. The Chinamen who are detained in the sheds have been held there from three to nine months awaiting deportation, and the steamship companies have nothing to send them away. They came to San Francisco ostensibly for transit through to Mexico, but the immigration officials had reason to doubt the good faith of those looking after their destination, which was believed to be this country, and the Chinamen were prevented from landing and ordered to be deported. The steamship companies have a case pending in the Supreme Court which they believe may settle the right of the Treasury to require them to 'deport' Chinamen, and that is one reason why they are holding the Chinamen.

LATEST NEWS NOTES.

General Smith is detained at Manila pending an investigation of the campaign in the island of Samar.

W. H. Taft, aged 17, died at Oswego, N. Y., after having been asleep eight days.

The Maryland General Assembly met in extra session and passed the tax levy bill.

Widow Kohlen, her son and daughter and a visitor, were found dead by asphyxiation in New York.

An authority in London declares that the American demand for steel cannot begin to be supplied.

Admiral Schley has accepted an invitation to visit Jackson, Miss., as the guest of the State early in May.

The triennial convocation of the general society of the American Revolution convened at Washington Friday.

The factory of the Bradley White Lead Company in Brooklyn, N. Y., was burned, causing a loss of \$100,000.

Abraham May was shot and killed by his wife, whom he married four months ago, in a quarrel at Kingston, Tenn.

The transport Thomas arrived at San Francisco from Manila with the officers and 685 men of the Third Infantry.

President Roosevelt went to New York to attend the installation of Prof. Nicholas M. Butler, as President of Columbia University.

Fire in Kansas City, Mo., caused a loss of \$75,000 and destroyed 60 dwellings, houses and rendered 60 families homeless.

The city of St. Paul has sued the City Railway Company for \$500,000 damages caused to water mains by electrolysis.

Eastern manufacturers of structural steel and steel plates demand an advance of from \$3 to \$5 a ton over published rates.

Mrs. Henry Vilas was seriously wounded in the neck at Pasadena, Cal., by a stray bullet fired by a boy who was hunting.

Mrs. Wallace E. King and her two children and niece were burned to death in a fire which destroyed their home, at Wallin, Mich.

W. W. Astor has given \$100,000 to endow those professorships in the University College of London which are without endowment.

Bisett Roologer, a negro deaf mute, shot and killed Lee Robinson, a colored barber, in Chicago, and fatally wounded James Jefferson, a contractor.

An ordinance is being prepared in Baltimore to reject all Western Maryland bids and order sale of the railroad at an upset price of \$10,000,000.

The strike at the General Electric Works, Schenectady, N. Y., has been settled by the promise of the management to adjust the causes of trouble.

General Funston decided not to attend the Middlesex Club banquet, at Boston, Mass., on April 26, at which he had been invited to deliver an address.

The jury trying William Strother, colored, at St. Louis, Mo., for the murder of A. Deane Cooper, the millionaire, was unable to agree and was discharged.

Bryan L. Rawson, credit clerk for F. H. Leggett & Co., wholesale grocers, New York, charged with the embezzlement of \$25,000 was released on \$5,000 bail.

The Benevolent Protective Order of Elks has purchased the Hotel Bedford at Bedford City, Va., and will convert the building into a National Elk Home.

Robbers entered the Bank of Goodlettsville, Tenn., blew the safe and secured \$2,000 in cash, in addition to looting the box of the postmaster, containing \$500 in stamps and \$80 in currency.

The cholera epidemic is unabated in the Philippine Islands. The totals for Manila were 532 cases and 253 deaths. For the province 651 cases and 430 deaths.

THE NEW PANAMA CANAL PROTOCOL.

NOW IN HAY'S HANDS.

Provides for Joint Occupation and Dual Police for the Strip—\$7,000,000 for 14 Years.

The Colombian canal protocol, which was delivered at the State Department on April 1 and afterward recalled by Minister Concha for modifications, was again presented to Secretary Hay Friday. The proposal as to the price is set out as follows: One year after the exchange of ratifications of a treaty, the United States shall pay Colombia the lump sum of \$7,000,000. This figure will represent 14 years' rental at \$500,000 a year. At the end of the 14 years' period that price which the United States shall pay each year is to be fixed by mutual consent of the two countries. In case the parties cannot agree upon a sum, it will be left to an arbitration selected between the two governments. The protocol provides for the appointment of a joint commission which shall arrange for all matters pertaining to the administration of the canal within the proposed canal belt, including the membership of the mixed tribunals for the administration of justice, and other steps necessary to the joint occupation of the belt. The strip shall be policed by both American and Colombian constables. It is stated positively that the modifications for the protocol were recalled were in the nature of explanations which make certain points clearer, but do not change their effect. The retention of Colombian sovereignty over the canal land is a point which has been conscientiously adhered to all through the protocol, and none of its provisions relinquish this sovereignty in any degree, it is said. The protocol consists of 27 articles, and represents an exhaustive review of every detail of the proposed canal project. It is viewed as a study and a comprehensive presentation, it is regarded very favorably at the State Department.

STEAMSHIP TRUST.

Competition on the Atlantic Eliminated—Germans Co-Operate.

J. P. Morgan, who is now abroad, has practically consummated a plan to combine all the leading trans-Atlantic steamship lines. The companies to be consolidated will, it is understood, include the American and Red Star lines, White Star line, Dominion line, Atlantic Transport line and the Leland line. The last two named have been under Morgan's control for some time. Probable additions to this list are the Cunard, Wilson and Holland-American companies, and it is understood that a "working agreement" will be reached with the other leading trans-Atlantic companies, including the North German Lloyd, Hamburg-American, General Trans-Atlantic (French) and Allan and Anchor lines.

HELPED KILL GOEBEL.

Man Arrested in Tennessee is Badly Wanted in Kentucky.

If the statements of Ira Gillespie are true he is the murderer of Governor William Goebel, of Kentucky. Gillespie was arrested 30 miles from Knoxville, Tenn., charged with robbery. He appeared to think he was being arrested to be taken to Kentucky, claiming Lexington as his home. Being in a mountain community he begged the officers to protect him, as there was a reward offered for him. He afterward admitted that it was for the murder of Goebel, and that he was guilty.

it was Sizzling Hot.

Sunday was the hottest April day in 15 years in Omaha. The thermometer at 5 p. m. reached 95 degrees, the highest previous record being 91. A continuation of the hot weather will prove dangerous to growing grain.

Queen Wilhelmina III.

Queen Wilhelmina, of Holland, has typhoid fever. The physicians say the condition of the royal patient is satisfactory and Her Majesty's physicians are said to be less anxious, as it is believed the malady will not assume the ordinary malignant character.

Tobacco Users All in the Rear.

Dr. Herbert Fiske, of the Northwestern University, at Chicago, says tobacco is one great cause of student failure. "Not a single student using tobacco has stood in the first rank this year, and this has been the case the last nine years, with one exception."

General Rufino Surrenders.

The constabulary force commanded by Captain Green has received the surrender of General Rufino, 26 other officers and 400 bolomen. Captain Green announces that this band is the last of the armed insurgents in the Misamis district, island of Mindanao, in the Philippines.

Hanna's Bond Good.

E. G. Rathbone, the convicted Director of the Cuban mail service, will not stay in prison while his appeal is pending. Senator Hanna received word from Havana Tuesday that the unsigned bail bond he had sent down was satisfactory, and would be approved when he returned it duly executed.

New Cuban Loan.

The Municipal Council of Havana, Cuba, has decided to issue a new loan of \$2,000,000 for the purpose of redeeming the first and second mortgage bonds of the city, to take up the floating debt and to provide money for the payment of the city sewer and paving contract.

Morgan Gets \$55,000,000.

J. Pierpont Morgan's syndicate, of New York, has underwritten \$55,000,000 of the new \$160,000,000 war loan of England.

COLUMBIA'S NEW CHIEF.

Nicholas Murray Butler Installed as President of the University, Roosevelt Honor Guest.

Nicholas Murray Butler was on Saturday installed as President of Columbia University of New York in the presence of a large company of distinguished persons headed by the President of the United States. Butler was graduated from Columbia in 1882. The exercises of the day were begun with a reception in the Avery library to the presidents and representatives of other universities and colleges, followed by an inspection of the university buildings. At 12:30 o'clock a luncheon was given by the university council to the visiting presidents and representatives of other universities and colleges, and the day's program included a luncheon to be given at 1 p. m. by the trustees of the university to President Roosevelt, and those who were to speak during the exercises. The installation ceremonies proper were set for 2:30 p. m. in the gymnasium and the list of speakers included Charles William Elliott, LL. D., President of Harvard University; Arthur Twining Hadley, LL. D., President of Yale University; Francis L. Patton, D. D., LL. D., President of Princeton University; William Rainey Harper, D. D., LL. D., President of the University of Chicago; William Torrey Harris, LL. D., United States Commissioner of Education. Mayor Low, the former president of the university, arrived at 12:40 o'clock. He was enthusiastically welcomed by the students. As President Butler took the oath of office the great mass of students rose and the hall rang with Columbia cheers. At the conclusion of the ceremonies the university students formed in a great square at the head of the steps leading from the gymnasium and gave their college cheer ending up with the cry: "Roosevelt, Roosevelt." In response the President said: "I want to thank you all from the bottom of my heart for this kind and hearty reception. I also wish to say how glad I am to be here to see my old and valued friend and made president of this great institution. Incidentally I wish to say that the cheering and enthusiasm recalls to me my foot ball days." In the evening the alumni of Columbia gave a banquet in honor of the new president of the university.

FULLER'S BACKERS.

John W. Gates and All Three Goulds Are Interested.

Edward L. Fuller, the active head of the Wabash or West Virginia Central bid for the Western Maryland, has made a more detailed statement in New York of the backing of that syndicate in its West Virginia Central and Western Maryland plans than has yet appeared from an official source. John W. Gates is a subscriber on his own personal account to the extent of \$1,000,000. His son, who is a member of the firm of Harris & Gates, Wall street, is a subscriber to the same extent. Three of the Goulds, George, Howard and Edwin, are members and have paid all the money asked of them.

CABLE FLASHES.

firmly request of the United States all the advantages of reciprocity treaties when they are ratified.

The strike of dock laborers is spreading. Upward of 8,000 men are on strike at the ports of Denmark.

The Minister of the Interior, of Russia, M. Siplaguine, was shot and fatally wounded Tuesday by a student at St. Petersburg.

Sigurd Ibsen, son of Henrik Ibsen, the Norwegian poet and dramatist, has accepted the portfolio of State in M. Elehr's new Cabinet in Norway.

The Chamber of Deputies of Italy approved the discussion, the purchase of a building in Washington to be occupied by the Italian Embassy.

President Loubet signed a decree providing for the participation of France in the St. Louis Exposition and appointing Michael Lagrave Commissioner General of the French section.

The Supreme Court of Porto Rico rendered a decision acquitting Santiago Iglesias, President of the Federation of Workmen, of Porto Rico, on charges of conspiracy; but imposed a fine of \$25 for contempt of court in not answering a summons.

Lieutenant Day, of the Marine Corps, testified at Manila, at his trial by court-martial on the charge of executing natives of Samar without trial, that the President of Basey, Samar and his fellow plotters were shot, as he believed, by the orders of Major Glenn.

The American youth who, with the son of a Lausanne publisher named Iner, was killed some days ago by falling to the bottom of a gorge in Switzerland, was Daleck Chambers, 15 years old, only son of a missionary stationed at Adona, Anatolia, in Asia Minor.

M. Hamard, the French sculptor, has just completed at Paris, France, the model of the statue of Marshal Rochambeau, to be presented to the city of Washington, as a companion to the statue of Lafayette. It is hoped that the finished statue will be ready to send to the United States by April, 1903.

A courier who arrived at Canton, China, Tuesday, reported that over 2,000 imperialist soldiers, sent by Marshal Shi against the rebels, were ambushed in a narrow defile and all were killed or captured. Lack of news from General Ma and Marshal Su is taken to indicate that the rebels have surrounded the imperial troops and cut off communication with them.

For the first time in the parliamentary history of Italy an avowed Anarchist, Pietro Calceagno, is a candidate for a seat in the Chamber of Deputies. Calceagno says that if he is elected he will not take his seat, as he does not believe in the Italian Parliament.

Queen Wilhelmina, of Holland, is suffering from fever at Castle Loo. It is said that her condition is not serious.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH.	
Grain, Flour and Feed.	
Wheat—No. 2 red	76 77
Rye—No. 2	65 67
Corn—No. 2 yellow	69 69 1/2
No. 2 yellow, shelled	69 69 1/2
Millets	45 45
Oats—No. 2 white	45 45
No. 3 white	45 45
Flour—Winter patent	4 00 4 00
Fancy straight winter	3 25 3 25
Hay—No. 1 timothy	15 00 15 25
Clover No. 1	10 25 10 25
Feed—No. 1 white mid. ton	30 00 31 00
Brown middlings	18 00 19 00
Pratt, white	19 25 19 50
Straw—Wheat	7 00 7 50
Oat	7 00 7 25
Dairy Products.	
Butter—Elgin creamery	6 33 6 34
Ohio creamery	6 30 6 31
Fancy country roll	30 31
Cheese—Ohio, new	13 13 1/2
New York	13 13 1/2
Poultry, Etc.	
Hens—per lb.	13 1/4 13
Chickens—dressed	15 16
Eggs—Pa. and Ohio, fresh	16 1/4 17 1/4
Fruits and Vegetables.	
Green Beans—per bushel	\$2 75 3 00
Peas—No. 1 white per bushel	2 00 2 00
Cabbage—per ton	35 00 37 00
Onions—per barrel	3 50 3 75
BALTIMORE.	
Flour—Winter Patent	\$3 90 4 00
Wheat—No. 2 red	70 1/2 70 1/2
Corn—No. 2 yellow	68 68 1/2
Oats—No. 2 white	29 29 1/2
Butter—Creamery, extra	31 33
Eggs—Pennsylvania extra	16 1/4 17