Old Abe's Narrative About How the Fint Bottomed Bont Went Aground and How She Got Safely Back Into

On one occasion a little drummer boy, securing leave of absence, accompanied a sergeant to a public levee that "Old Abe" was holding at the White House. They went early, and when President Lincoln appeared and the handshaking began they were not long in reaching him.

The tall man, almost a giant in physleal proportions, looked down with an amused smile at the tiny drummer boy, who appeared hardly 10 years of age. Grasping the little fellow's right hand, the president suddenly reached out his left, swung the boy off his feet and set him gently down on a small table beside him.

"Ahn, my little soldier," he said. laughing, "you shall help 'Uncle Abe' review this line today, and if your superior officer objects, why, I'll prolong your leave of absence!"

Lincoln asked the boy his age, place of residence, regiment and where be was on duty. Then, as some of the more important officers of the army or navy, members of congress or of the executive departments chanced to pass in the line, the president would gravely introduce his young assistant, with whom they were required to shake hands as well as with himself.

When the reception was over, President Lincoln took the boy into his private apartments and introduced him to Mrs. Lincoln. After entertaining him at luncheon he dismissed him with a brief note to the commanding officer of the hospital where he was then stationed telling why the boy's leave of absence had been extended.

Lincoln's geniality and willingness at all times to hear or to tell a good story were conspicuous traits, not always agreeable to some of his able but worried and irritable advisers.

On one occasion a sergeant had a squad of men at work unloading supplies from an Oblo river steamboat that in some mysterious manner had made its way from the interior to the coast waters of Virginia. It was a flat bottomed boat, drawing not more than three feet of water when londed and bardly dampening its plank bottom when light. It was propelled by a borizontal stern wheel, driven by a small upright engine. Bonts of that type were common on the Ohio, which runs almost dry at some sensons. They were known as "Pittsburgers" and were fabled to navigate freely in a heavy dew.

The sergeant's men were hard at work carrying rations ashore from this craft when suddenly they stopped and sent up a lusty cheer. A little tuglike steamer had pulled up alongside, and from it stepped a tall, awkward man ly unmoved. dressed in rusty black and wearing a napless silk hat. The sergeant recognized the president and saluted.

"Your boat is well named, sergeant." said the latter gravely.

The soldier was puzzled. He did not know that the steamer had a name and

The president took him by the arm and led him back on the tug. There the stern of the "Pittsburger" loomed above them, and on its dirty white surface in tarnished gilt letters a yard

long appeared the single word, Mist. "Yes," said Lincoln, "it's very well named indeed, sergeant. All those boats need is a mist, and they'll run anywhere.

'Years ago," be continued, "I was atoding court in Cairo, Ills., when the Ohio was so low that all the water there was between its banks was what had spilled over from the Mississippi. Those 'Pittsburgers' were passing and repassing all the time. One night there came up a little shower that raised the level maybe a half inch. One of 'em got out of the channel, slid ashore and grounded in the mud right beside

"It was there the next morning, and I remarked to a brother attorney that that boat was aground to stay. He was from 'Egypt' and knew more about 'Pittsburgers' than 1 did. He merely smiled and said, 'You wait and

There came on another shower that afternoon. I heard an engine puffing and looked out of the courthouse win dow. Maybe you'll think I'm exaggerating, but there was that boat steaming down the road toward the river, and in two minutes she was back in the Ohio, just as the shower was over.

expressed my surprise to the re, but he said that was nothing. If the shower hadn't come up in time. the captain would simply have hired a boy with a sprinkling pot to go ahead. They're great boats, sergeant. Likely as not this one got her, by coming across country."

President Lincoln repeated this extravagant story without the ghost of a smile. During its recital Secretary Stanton and Generals Halleck and -the last named having run ap the day before from his march through the Carolinas—who were with the party, had approached the presithe party, and approached the presi-dent. General Sherman smilled broadly, but Stanton looked annoyed. The pres-ident caught his glance and, with a wink at the others, said, "But maybe you've heard this before, Stanton."

"Very likely I have," the secretary grimly responded, "but I would sug-gest, Mr. President, that General Grant is awaiting us."

man's eyes. He gravely turned ok bands with the sergeant and role after his companions as ide their way ashore.—Roe L.

#### Value of the Footbath,

To break up a cold, which certainly disfigures the face of beauty, as well as a valuable adjunct in the removal of facial eruptions, the nightly foot bath is invaluable. The largest sweat glands of the body are located in the palms, armpits and soles of the feet. It is of primary importance that the multitudinous outlets should be unclog ged. Where facial eruption exists and the whole attention is devoted toward the care of the face, every pore is active and open to afford the escape of

clogging impurities. This is all wrong. The feet should be made the gateway for the escape of effete deposits. The temperature of the footbath should range from 105 to 110 degrees or as hot as can be endured with comfort. Should there exist chronic profuse and offensive perspiration, add a lump of washing soda to neutralize the acid exudation. The feet should be rubbed briskly to draw the blood down to the extremities. Cool the water before withdrawing the feet, so that they may not become unduly tender. Rub long and thoroughly with a soft towel.

Good pedal circulation is a foe to corns and chilblains. Frequent warm footbaths prevent callouses and make walking a pleasure. For beauty and complexion take extraordinary care of the feet .- Ledger Monthly.

#### Wit and Wisdom of Children.

One very cold day Tom, in his first trousers, was walking out with his tiny overcoat turned back to its utmost limit. "Tom," said his father, "button your coat." The boy demurred. "Look at mine," added his father. "Yes," said Tom ruefully, "but everybody knows that you wear trousers."

Mamma-Why, Susie, you've offered your butterscotch to everybody but little brother. Why didn't you hand it to him? Susie (with innocent candor)-Because, mamma, little brother always takes it.

A Sunday school superintendent who happened to be a dry goods merchant who was teaching a class of very little tots, asked when he had finished explaining the lesson, "Now, has any one a question to ask?" A very small girl raised her hand. "What is it, Martha?" asked the superintendent. "Why, Mr. Brooks, how much are those little red parasols in your window?" said

Mary was a very conscientious child. One day she was allowed to go and spend the day with some little cousins about her own age. After taking off her wraps she went to her aunt and said very soberly, "Now, Aunt Cassle, if Sallie and Lizzie are bad today please don't hesitate to punish them because I am here."--Current Literature.

#### A Large Order.

The man from the country took his green necktie and his best girl into the restaurant, and, like some other men, he was disposed to be facetious at the waiter's expense.

'Walter," he said, "I want you to bring me a boiled elephant." "Yessir," replied the walter, perfect-

"And, waiter, bring it on toast."

Then he stood there like a statue for a minute. "Well," said the man, "are you not going to bring it?"

"Yessir." "Why don't you, then?"

"Order is, sir, that we get pay in advance for elephants, sir. Elephant on toast, sir, is £1,500 0s. 2d. If you take it without toast, sir, it is only £1,500,

The waiter did not smile, but the girl did, and the man climbed down.-London Tit-Bits.

## A Saving Quality.

Gilbert White, the naturalist, was once a university proctor, and of his performance of the office this anecdote is told: "On his rounds one evening White discovered an undergraduate lying on the ground, sleeping the sleep of intoxication, with his outer garments removed and neatly folded up at his side. The proctor awoke him and sent him to his college with an order to appear the next day for judgment. The culprit turned up in a highly contrite frame of mind. White said to him: 'You deserve an exemplary punishment, but I observed one circumstance which shows you are not wholly degraded. Your clothes were folded up by your side, indicating habits of care and neatness which appear incompatible with habitual degradation. I shall therefore say no more."

One Still Nicer. Mrs. Newma-Oh, I wish you could see Mrs. Winkler's baby. It's perfectly lovely! Such a delicate, sweet little creature as it is! It's a perfect little cherub, with the loveliest eyes, the sweetest little mouth, the cunningest little nose and eyes of beavenly blue. It looks as if it had just dropped from heaven and every tiny feature had been fashioned by the angels.

Mr. Newma-Is it as nice as our baby? Mrs. Newma-Mercy! No; not half

## as nice.-Pearson's Weekly.

The most costly state funeral which has ever taken place was perhaps that of Alexander the Grent. A round million was spent in laying Alexander to his rest. The body was placed in a coffin of gold, filled with costly aromatics, and a diadem was placed on the head. The funeral car was embellished with ornaments of pure gold, and its weight was so great that it took 84 mules more than a year to convey it from Babylon to Syria.

The Bank of Venice, the first estab-ishment of the kind in Europe, was conded in 1171. It continued in ex-stence without interruption until the overthrow of the republic in 1797 by he revolutiously army of France.

#### STANDARD TIME.

To Ascertain and Promulgate It Is a

"What time is it?" Few questions more common than this, and yet each day the United States government goes to a great expense in giving it an official answer. To ascertain the instant when it is noon on the seventyfifth meridian and to send that information all over the country is a great and a costly task. The astronomical observatory in Washington computes the true time, which is thence transmitted by electricity to every important city and town.

About five minutes before the Washington noon the telegraph companies cut off all their regular business except on lines where they have more than one wire. They then connect all Important points, from which there may be numberless ramifications, with an electric wire going into the great clock in the observatory so that all over the country its tickings may be heard. For the ten seconds just before 12 o'clock there is silence, which is broken by the "noon beat." Regular business is then resumed.

In some cities the wires connect with n time ball which drops with the noon beat. The time ball in Washington over the state, war and navy department building is three feet in diameter and can be seen from all parts of the city. Crowds frequently gather about to see it fall, a distance of 21 feet, high in the air. The man whom some of the spectators suppose to be dropping the ball is merely there to hoist it again to its place.

In the building beneath are 23 clocks which are each day automatically corrected by it. An electrical device "sets' them, placing hour, minute and second hands exactly vertical at the instant the ball drops. The hands that are too fast are pushed back, and those that are slow are thrust forward.

Although Washington is on the seventy-seventh meridian, the noon hour is for convenience computed for the seventy-fifth, the time standard for the eastern part of the United States. In the central belt, which is governed by the ulnetieth meridian, the signal from Washington means 11 o'clock, in the Rocky mountain belt it is 10 o'clock, and on the Pacific coast line it is 9 .-Youth's Companion.

#### FEASTED ON SPARROWS.

#### A Diet That Did Not Agree With the Crane.

"Some time ago I had occasion to observe an interesting change in the habits and temperament of a crane which had been picked up in the swamps of Arkansas," said a gentleman from one of the towns on the Mississippi river, "and the change was startling too. The crane was placed in a small park which was literally filled with English sparrows. These pests did not like the visftor from the lowlands, and they made daily assaults on the poor bird. The crane was a pretty fowl, long, slender, pure white and with the stately stride of a tragedian. The sparrows would systematically swoop down on the crane in droves, and the attacks were flerce

and victous. The crane stood the assaults with indifference for awhile, but finally the fowl from the swamps figured out a method of retaliation, and it was effectual. In some way the crane learned that sparrow was a pretty sweet mor-From the time she learned it she feasted on sparrows. She would slip up cautiously on these pesky twitterers and throw her yellow beak out like a She never missed the mark. She always landed a sparrow, and a singular part of the thing is that she would swallow them whole, feathers and all. But the crane would always dampen the bird by dipping it in one of the water basins of the park.

"The diet evidently did not agree with the crane, and she became a trifle droopy and showed signs of indisposition. She finally died, and the keeper of the park believes that the crane's death was caused by a severe case of indigestion brought on by eating sparrows."-New Orleans Times-Democrat.

## Saved the Dog.

Some time ago there was a shipwreck at St. Margaret's bay, England. and the life line brought sailor after sailor to shore amid the cheers of the rescuers. At last only the captain remained on board. The line was ready. the signal was given, but the answering jerk did not come. Again and again for a quarter of an hour the question passed along the rope without reply. At last, when hope was nearly dead, the signal came, and the captain was hauled dripping ashore. He picked himself up, drew a small, wet, quivering dog from his breast pocket and set it tenderly down. Then he tooked round and said in simple apology, "I couldn't find the little brute anywhere!"

# Parson Brownlow.

Browniow, the famous preacher, editor and patriot, is described by Dr. William E. Barton, author of "A Hero in Homespun." as the very incarnation of east Tennessee's rudeness, strength and exaited love of country and of right. "Ef hit warn't that 's a preacher," says one of the characters, "you wouldn't know sometimes w'ether he's a-prayin or a-quotin Scrip ter chapter an varse or jus' plain ev-eryday sorter cussin." Browniow wrote to Secretary Benjamin at Richmond: "Just give me my passports and I will do for your Confederacy more than the devil has ever done, I will quit the country."

Out of an average anomal loss to the world's shipping of 2.172 vessels 94 are completely missing and never beard of

Ambition causes a fool to jump at moon and full in the mud.-Chienge

## A COUNTRY ROAD.

A dusty, stony way, whose bord'ring sod Is thick with blackberries and goldenrod; Abrupt, bare bills on one side looking down, And from the other you can see the town Pollow the river's course through meadows greet O'er which thick woods and numble ledges lean.

A little farther, where the road descends, A brook's soft tinkle with some bird song blends (Gone from its edge the dear old dame's small

cot Half hidden by quaint flowers); jush bergamot Makes sweet its bunks, its depths the boys st or watch the minnows from some willow limb.

Upon its bridge how often I have stood, Watching the west, whose glory seemed to flood With tenderest light the pour mass and the graves Reside it—turn to gold the broublet's waves— Till from the hill, oh, dearest eight of all, I saw my father, and I heard him call!

He came with sturdy stride and swinging pall-

As his sweet words fell on my scul like balm While we walked homeward through the (yagran

-Mary M. McCarthy in Boston Transcript.

#### SALTED BUTTER.

# Why It Keeps Better Than Butter That Is Fresh.

Why does salt butter keep better than fresh butter? We must first realize that the bacterial population of a moderate sized pat of butter may be reckoned by millions, that a tiny lump only large enough to go into a thimble has been known to be tenanted by nearly 48,000,000, that, in fact, in consuming a slice of bread and butter you may unconsciously be assimilating individual lives exceeding in number those of the whole of Europe. Thus the urgency for keeping these bordes in check and hence the efforts which are made, first, to set up effectual barriers to their ingress by taking proper precautions in the production of milk and, second, in the conduct of the processor involved in the manufacture and dis...! bution of the finished article.

Included in these processes is the addition of salt in such quantities as to justify the butter being known as salt butter, this addition being made with the object of extending the keeping powers of the butter or, in other words to suppress to a large extent the activities of the butter bacteria. That sait does act in this manner is shown by the fact that in butter thus treated a very large reduction in the number of micro-organisms present is effected. There can be little doubt, therefore, that the common butter microbes do not by any means regard salt as their

elixir of life. In England boracle acid is said to be extensively used in butter as a preservative or antiseptic agent, while in the United States a recent public health document states that none was reported to have been found in the samples of butter examined. This is probably due to the fact that in America there exists a strong prejudice in favor of salt butter, whereas in England the use of salt butter is the exception and not the rule. Hence in America sait can be used as a preservative instead of the boracle acid employed for that purpose in England.

The densely populated condition of butter above referred to is not to be wondered at if we realize that the raw material in the shape of milk may contain from 500,000 to as many as 169, 000,000 of bacteria in a few drops .-Longman's Magazine.

He is from England, and not long from there. He was visiting his friends in Hyde Park and, of course, he was bonsting.

"Oh, yes, me boy, the United States does very well for a new nation," he said kindly. "You are great in some respects, but look at us. We have our never licked; our great steamship lines, our bank, Lombard street, the financial center of the world; our loyal colonies, and all the rest. What can equal them?

"And we have age too. Look at our abbeys and our ancient towns and our papers of state. Why, man, in what can you boast of beating us?"

His Hyde Park friend studied a moment. Then be replied:

"Down in Texas there is an old chap who was talked to just this way once by a man from your country who went there for his bealth. And after all the Englishman's boasting was done the man of the cattle country winked at me. rolled his tobacco over in his mouth and spit 14 feet into the eye of a pig

standing that far away.

"Kin any bloody Englishman on earth do that? says he. And I ask you,

The Englishman suggested brandy and soda in disgust .- Kausas City Jour

## Advice From the Box.

On one occasion in the fifties an amateur dramatic performance was given in San Francisco for the benefit of some deserving charity. Among the performers was the late Hugh Farrar McDermott, the poet, and in a box was Mr. Mills. The play was some classic piece, and the acting was so bad that what should have been a tragedy became a farce. In the last act McDermott dropped his sword and, stooping awkwardly, picked it up. There was a titter in the audience, which increased as the luckless performer asked, "What shall I do with this envenomed blade?"

From the banker's box came in a queer stage whisper, "Stab yourself, Hugh, and be done with it?"—Frank Leslie's Monthly.

Malevolence is misery. It is the mind

of satan, the great enemy, an outcast

from all joy and the opponent of all goodness and happiness.—J. Hamilton. or flat, you'll roll off it if you don't keep your balance,-Atlanta Constitu-tion.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Of West iteynoldsville Public School District for the Piscal Venr Snaing June 3, 1901.

DR. To ano't of duplicate 1900. 5% udagel, Bullding	Sechi 81,472	00l.	816 \$253	析
\$28 43. School \$168.58	18	44	- 1	42
UR.	\$1,490	80	\$290	333
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To am't due district	\$1,1891 .\$ RD	36 49	8218 8 7	30
W. L. JOHNSTON, Collector		loc	Tax.	
To bal, due last settlement	8 80	87	8.99	67
By am't exonerations treasurer's receipts				

Whole number of schools 5
Number of teachers employed 5
Number of pupils enrolled in school 26
Average daily a translated in school 17
Am't taxes lev'd for school purposes 51,472 42
Am't taxes I'v'd for build'g purposes 5281 91 TREASURER'S ACCOUNT - RECEIPTS. Bal, on hand from last year. \$124-34 Rec'd from Stain appropriations 711-34 collarses, all kinds 1,000-98 (County Treasurer 11-19 other sources, 37-95

To bal, due die riet ...

THEASURER'S ACCOUNT EXPENDATIONS enchers' wages \$1,080 25 ent and repairs 240 17 uni and contingencies 100 80 Fuel and contingenties
For col. 5 fees \$47.60 fees. \$25.60
Salary of Sec. expenses, &.
For printing nod auditors' fees.
For text books
For ext books
For supplies, Stoke, Woodsing
For all other purposes Resources.

Cash on hand 292 51 Am't due district from Co. Com. 23 23 From Col. Dempery 81 41 Johnston 24 1 JOHN CHAWLEY. Auditors. O. H. JOHNSTON,

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Of School Board of Winslow Town

Ending June 3rd, 1901.	
No. of schools No. of finale teachers No. of female teachers Average satary undes Average satary females No. of male schotars No. of female schotars Whole number of pupils Average daily attendance JOHN DOUGHERTY, Treasurer,	のはない 一年 日日の
Ral, on hand from last year, \$ 491 is Rec'd from Co. Treas. 255 in State appropriation. 4, 75 is Fac. Collector Stroins. 8,452 if By are choses orders paid. 2,775 in By are chosen surfaces paid. 2,775 in By area and interess paid. 5,955 in By 2° on above indees paid. 5,955 in By 2° on above indees paid. 5,955 in By 2° on above indees paid.	0.275.0
To Balance \$ 700 :	) (15)

AMOS STROUSE, Tax Collector, To school duplicate \$7,000 71 building 3,102 01 By am't p'd Jno. Dougherty Bal, due district at host set. Am't p'd J. Bougherty, 1995 tax By 5a discount on \$5,331 09 collected before Sept. 1st. By 25 com. on above Cel. after Sept. 1 to Jan. 1 To 5a added on \$410.00 col. after Jnn. 1, 1901. By 55 com. on above school orders paid. 55 on above \$10 50 return orders to Com. 2,140 84 7,408 0 \* return orders to Com.

\* exonerations

\* 55 discount on \$2,794 collected by W. H. Ret taxes before Sept. I. and never credited...

By balance.

\$12,264 11 12,264 1 2,230 18 BENJAMIN HAUGH, Pres. W. A. LONDON, Secretary.

June 3, 1601, audited the above account and find it as set forth.

ALLEN CATHERS, W. H. RABER, J. H. SYKES,

CELEPL Sand Some VATURE'S CURE

# Pain in Head, Side and Back

venes I suffered with pain in the head, in the side, and in the small of the back. to us and constipated and could not be palls and other medicines I tried to the medicines of me.—Mrs. Th. Kleeterdonen-Hudson, N. Y.

For sale by H. Alex Stoke.



# Clydesdale Ointment

will quickly cure the results. For cuts, bruises or wounds of any kind it is a sover-eign remedy. It cures without causing pain or irritation and does not leave a scar. There should be a jar of CLYDESDALE OINTMENT in every house. There is nothing else so good for curing all sorts of injuries, rheumatism, lame back, sprains, etc. Harmless even to infants.

Cheaper and better than to let it cure itself. Price, a5 cts. per jar, at all dealers.

The Geo. W. Bicknell Co., PITTSBURG, PA., U.S. A

#### BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RY. CONDENSED TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 19, 1901.

NORTH BOUND. BASTERN TIME. | 22 | 6 | 10 | 14 | 2 | Spair | Spai 

EASTERN TIME. 13 9 3 5 7 Leave A. H. A. M. A. M. P. M. P. M. 9 00 9 80 + 8 15 10 18 Arrivo. A. M. A. M. P. M. P. M. A. M. Additional train leaves Falls Creek for Punxsu-tawney, 8 20 P. M. CLEARFIELD DIVISION

75 78 EASTERN TIME. 70 72 P. M. F. M. Arrive. Leave. A. M. P. M. 120 Reynoldsville 226 8 15 1 00 Falls Creek. 7 07 2 40 8 07 12 35 DuBois 7 15 3 25 8 00 12 28 C. 4 M. Junction. 7 22 3 32 7 21 11 49 Curwenville. 5 00 4 17 7 08 11 38 Clearfield, N. Y. C. 8 22 4 45 P. M. A. M. Leave. Arrive. A. M. P. M. P. N. A. M. Leave. Arrive: A. M. P. Dally except Sunday.

Daily. † Daily except Sunday.

D—Stops on signal for passengers to points south of Punxsulawhey, and to let off passengers from Bradford and points north of Bradford, E—Stops to let off passengers from south of Punxsulawhey, and on signal to take on passenger for Bradford and points north of Bradford.

G—Stops to let off passengers from north of Punxsulawhey, and on signal to take on passengers for Allegheny and on signal to take on passengers for allegheny, and on signal to take on passengers for signal to take on passengers for points north of Punxsulawhey.

Trains 3 and 6 are solid vestibuled, with hand some day coaches, cafe, and reclining chair cars, Trains 2 and 7 have Pullman Sleepers between Buffale and Pittsburg, and Roebester and Pittsburg.

EDWARD C. LAPEY, General Passenger

# Northamer Kellock's

You will find the best line of

# Pictures and Easels

in the town, below city prices. We also have 2000 feet of

## Picture Moulding

75 different kind to select from. GRILLES

And any odd pieces of furniture MADE TO ORDER

And now that housecleaning time has arrived any

you have, send them around and have them fixed over as good as

Broken Furniture

# **FCCORSETS** American Beauties.



figure, and every corset is sold under this most liberal warrant-"Money refunded after four weeks' trial if corset is not satisfactory."

We have them

Look for this Trade Mark on inside of corset and on box.

KALAMAZOO CORSET CO. Sole Makers. Kalamasoo, Mich. FOR SALE BY

J. J. SUTTER A DMINISTRATOR'S SOTICE.

Estate of John D. 130ss, late of Brock-myville, Pa. Estate of John D. 1988.

Notice is hereby g sen that letters of administration on the estate of John D. Ross, late of Recekwaywille borough, Jefferson county, Pennsy wants, deceased, having been granted to the undersined, to whom all person's indefield to said estate are requested to make pa meet, and those having claims or make pa meet, and those having claims or

## **Daintiest Styles** in Footwear . .

#### SHOES BUILT ON HONOR .

Our footwear for ladies mirrors the latest dictates of Dame Fashion. What is proper and popular in Oxfords and High Shoes, in dainty styles and worthful leathers is here. Up-to-date shoes for genelemen. Also handle first-class working shoes.

Our Prices, like our styles, Are All Right.

#### Johnston & Nolan, NOLAN BLOCK.

DENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. BUFFALO & ALLEGHANY VALLEY DIVISION. Low Grade Division.

In Effect May 26, 1901. [Eastern Standard Time.]

| No 109 | No 113 | No 101 | No .68 | No 107 |
| A. M. A. M. A. M. P. M. Pitisburg Red Bank Lawsenham Lawsenham New Hethlehet Oak Ridge Maysville Rrockville Hows Fuller Reynoldsville Pancoast Falls Creek Du Rois Sabula Winterburn Pennfield Tyler STATIONS. ennezette.

Train tol Sunday leaves Pittsburg 9.00 a. m. Red Bank 11.10 Brookville 12.41, teynoldsville L14, Falls Creek 1.23, DuBois 1.35 p. m.

Train 942 (Sunday) leaves DuBols 4.10 p. m. Falls Creek 4.17, Reynolds ville 4.30, Brookville 5.00, Red Bank 6.30, Pittsburg 9.30 p. m. Trains marked \* run daily; † daily, except sunday; † flag station, where signals must be

Phicadelphia & Eric Railroad Division

In effect May 26th, 1901. Trains leave Driftwood as follows: EASTWARD 9:00 a m-Train 12, weekdays, for Sunbary, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Pottsville, Scranton, Harrisbarg and the intermediate sta-tions arriving at Philadelphia 6:23 p.m., New York, 9:30 p. m.; Baltimore, 6:00 p. m.; Washington, 7:15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and pas-senger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia

senger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

2:46 p. m.—Train 8, daily for Sunbury, Harrishurg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7:32 p. m. New York 19:23 p. m. Baltimore 7:39 p. m. Washington 8:33 p. m. Vestibuled parior cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia nad Washington.

4:32 p. m.—Train 6. daily, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:25 a. x.; New York, 7:13 a. m.; Baltimore, 2:30 a. m.; Washington 4:35 a. M. Puilman Sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York, Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 a. M.

11:30 p.m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:23 a. M.; New York, 0:23 a. M. on week days and 10:38 a M. on Sunday; Baltimore, 7:15 a. M.; Washington, 8:30 a. M. Puilman sleepers from Erle, and Williamsport to Philadelphia, and Williamsport to Philadelphia, and Williamsport to Baltimore, Plassenger coaches from Erle to Philadelphia, and Williamsport to Baltimore, 1:22 a. m., New York, 0:23 a. m. weekdays, 10:22 a. m., Sunday; Baltimore 7:15 a. m., Washington, 8:30 a. m. Vestibuled buffet sleeping cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD

Washington. WESTWARD

3:3' a. m.—Train 7. daily for Buffalo via
Emporium.
4:3' a. m.—Train 9. daily for Eric, Ridgway, and week days for Dublois, Clermont
and prin-ipal intermediate stations.
9:44 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Eric and intermediate points. mediate points.
3:48 p. m.—Train 15, daily for Buffalo via

5:43 p. m.-Train 61, weekdays for Kane and intermediate stations. B. III. WEEKDAYS. to 45 ar Clermont Iv 10 38 Woodvale 10 35 Quinwood 10 31 Smith's Run 10 25 Instanter 10 20 Stenight 10 11 Glen Hazol 19 11 Johnsonburg