

THE EDICTS OF FASHION.

Important place in the wardrobe of the young girl, as well as in that of her mamma. The pretty little May Man-



MISSES' SHIRT WAIST

ton model shown is adapted to silk, Henri da, French flar I and all the list of washable materials, cheviots, madras, batiste, etc. As illustrated, it is of albatross in Russian blue, with bands of black taffeta and small gold buttons overlaid with a tracing of black.

The foundation is a fitted lining that closes at the centre front. On it are also close at the centres, but separately. The fronts proper are laid in groups of tucks, three each, that extend from the neck and shoulders to

New York City.-Shirt waists fill an over the hands. At the front where the revers meet is a generous bow of soft Liberty satin ribbon, and at the thront is a stock of lace banded with narrow strips of velvet.

To cut this gown for a woman of medium size eleven and three-quarter yards of material twenty-one inches wide, ten yards thirty-two inches wide, or six yards forty-four inches wide, will be required, with seven-eighth yard of piece lace eighteen inches wide for yoke, stock collar and revers.

Some of the new tailor-made hats are quite pretty with short skirts, but whether they are practical is another thing. Very smart is the felt torendor with a silky pompom at the left side, and this is all very well if one is sure one's hat will remain at just the angle fashion decrees it should be worn. But, alas, the wind and weather and the elements in general soon show the scorn with which they regard fashion's latest decrees and do their best to make them look absurd. The French sailor in black and white plaid velvet. trimmed with a black velvet ribbon and one quill, is the latest and is worn straight and tilted over the nose.

Ready-Made Dress Ornaments. There is very little difficulty in the ornamentation of a bodice or a skirt nowadays, as suitable decorations of lace or silk passementerie can be purchased ready for attachment to match any kind of material and in almost any color, and innumerable ideas as to arranged the back and the fronts, that their arrangement can be obtained from the leading fashion journals. Woman's Seamless Corset Corer. The corset cov r that fits with per-



HOUSE GOWN.

yoke depth, and are drawn down in fect smoothness, and that means fulgathers at the waist line. The back includes a centre V-shaped portion and side-backs, which are laid in three narrow tucks each. The sleeves are in bishop style with narrow cuffs that terminate in pointed ends. At the neck is a stock collar, that also is pointed, and closes slightly to the left

To cut this waist for a miss of fourteen years of age, three and a half yards of material twenty-one inches wide, two and three-eighth yards twenty-seven inches wide, one and seveneighth yard thirty-two inches wide, or one and three-quarter yard forty-four inches wide, will be required.

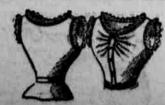
Woman's House Gown. nature of the tea-gown, yet is not too orate for morning wear, fills a practical need and always finds The May Manton model illustrated in the double-column cut has the merit of being exceedingly effective and giving a decidedly smart effect le, in reality, it is simplicity itself. deft arrangement of trimming and e applied revers give a bolero effect, the applied revers give a bolero effect, and the Watteau back means charm and grace. The model is made from wool crepe de Chine in robin's egg blue with a blas frill at the lower edge: e and trimming of cream lace and ds of bias black velvet.

gowi is made with a fitted front , over which the front proper is god, side-backs and Watteau with under-arm darts that renth under-arm darts that ren-porth and well fitting without the. The lace yoke is faced lining, the revers are at-the lower edge and rolled mam, so giving the jacket ef-the lace is applied as indi-

where fulness is needed, with absolute freedom from folds where they would interfere with the fit of the gown, is a need that every woman has felt at one time or another. The model illustrated includes all these features and, withal, is simplicity itself. The original is made from nainsook with needlework edging, but cambric, long cloth and fine muslin are all correct for white goods, and lawn is admirable when a colored slip is desired, and lace makes an excellent

The corset cover is known as seamless, and is very nearly literally such, for back and fronts are cut in one piece, joined by short shoulder seams. The fronts are elongated and arranged The house gown that partakes of the in gathers, which give a most satisfactory result. The garment is closed at the centre front, and may terminate at the waist or include the circular peplum, as preferred. The latter fits to a nicety and has certain practical advantages that are apparent at a glance, but the cover is complete without it.

To cut this corset cover for a woman of medium size one yard of material thirty-six inches wide will be required when peplum is used, five-eighth yard when it terminates at the waist, with



one and three-quarter yards ing and three-quarter yard of to trim as illustrated.

FARM TOPICS

Reeping Green Bone For Powls. Green cut bone can be kept for fowls as long as it remains sweet, but when it begins to turn moldy or spoil it is not safe to feed. In cold weather it can be kept from a week to a month; in warm weather only one or two days.

Winter Care of Sheep.

Sheep require shelter in winter to shield them from the cold blasts and assist them in sustaining as nearly as possible the natural heat of the system. There is no department of sheep husbandry more difficult and requiring the exercise of more good sound judgment than the winter management,

Roots For Horses,

Succulent feed of some kind should be provided in sufficient quantities to give the horses a feed at least once a week. Probably nothing is better than carrots, but horses will soon learn to eat rutabagas, sugar beets and potatoes. Cabbages are also eaten readily, If the roots or vegetables cannot be obtained, horses soon become accustomed to and thrive on ensilage. If the ensilage is made from clover, soy beans and the like it furnishes an excellent means of balancing the winter ration.

Experiments in Subsoiling.

Experiments in subsolling in the spring for corn did not show any beneficial results. Subsoiling should be practiced in the fall and on land that has good drainage facilities. When the soil is loosened to the depth of one or two feet its capacity for extra moisture is increased, but this extra supply of moisture will keep the land cold if it has to escape by evaporation. Should plenty of rain fall in the spring until the ground is saturated the soil will not become sufficiently warm to induce rapid growth of plants until the water is carried off by under

Milk and Temperature.

In sterilizing milk it is important that the temperature should not be made too high, as the milk when heated above seventy degrees centigrade loses its flavor and nutritive qualities. On the other hand, the heat must be sufficiently intense to kill the pathogenic organisms, particularly the tubercle bacillus. A temperature of sixty-five degrees centigrade for twenty minutes is believed to destroy this bacillus, and milk which is Pasteurized or heated to sixty-eight degrees centigrade for twenty minutes is said to be quite safe, while its flavor is practically unchanged. Certain authorities claim that tuberculous milk can still possess infective power after Pasteurization, but it has been found that the tubercle bacilli suspended in water, a solution of salt, bouillon, or milk were destroyed at sixty degrees centigrade in from fifteen to twenty minutes. If, however, a pellicle forms on the milk and encloses any of the tubercle bacilli, they seem to be protected, for they may sustain an hour's heating at sixty degrees centigrade without being destroyed.

One Way to Remove Hay.

Often bunches of hay must be removed by hand from land too soft to drive a team upon. It is often desira-



A DEVICE FOR POLING HAY.

ble, also, to move a few bunches to the stable from a point nearby without hitching up the team. An old wheelbarrow wheel fitted to two long poles as shown in the cut will be found a convenient device. ends of the poles can be slipped under the bunch, which can then be wheeled away. -American Agriculturist.

A Problem For Dairymen.

A large percentage of distress and complaint among farmers is not because of hard times, but because they have not learned the great lesson of the age-cheaper production. The moment the milk leaves the farm it goes out on a new road, where a careful watch is kept over every cent to see that each one does its largest work. Is the farmer doing this with his milk before it leaves the farm? You may have the best cows in the world, but if you do not manage them properly you will fail. You may have good cows and be a skilful feeder, but if you are not a good soil manager, and do not grow the milk food crops wisely, you will fall again. How much does your milk cost per 100 pounds? Every poor cow makes it cost more. market for milk and butter and cheese does not care what it costs you. The market is only concerned about two things-the amount offered and the

Nine out of ten farmers are looking at the market instead of looking at the cost. Just as soon as the farmer produces milk by the cow by the acre will he attain the goal of true profit—a low cost of milk per 100 pounds. Then you will see him looking around for a good cow. He will study scientific feeding, soil enrichment, and the production of the largest amount of the best food possible. The cheese factory or the creamery, or the Boston contractors creamery, or the Boston contractors are not causes, but results. The great question is not what shall we pay for making cheese and butter, nor what shall we get per pound, or what shall we get for the milk, for we cannot raised the market price a penny.—N. G. Somerville, in New England Farmer.

A cord of pitch pine under distillation tives the following substances: Charcoal, 50 bushels; illuminating gas. about 1,000 cubic feet; illuminating oil and tar, 50 gallons; pitch or rosin, 1½ barrels; pyroligneous acid, 100 gallons; spirits of turpentine, 20 gallons; tar, 1, barrel; wood spirits, 5 gallons.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Ferer is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELES CHILL TONIO. It is simply iron and quinte in a lasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Launceston in Tasmania has its electric lighting system derived from a riv-er that forms one of the city's boun-

Germany has a 'fe insurance associayears has paid ove oo,000 to the fam-

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES to fast to sun-light, washing and rubbl. Sold by all druggists.

Cincinnati is the only municipality in the United States that owns and oper-ates a railway system. It is valued at

Dyspepsia is the bane of the human sys-tem. Protect yourself against its ravages by the use of Beeman's Pepsin Gum.

The Spirit of the Drug

Cures disease. Hoxsie's Croup Cure contains that subtle power rendering it an infallible remedy for Croup, Pneumonia, Diphtheria. 50c.

California sends \$1,000,000 worth of canned fruits to Germany a year, and more are wanted.

An interesting chair in the newly restored church called the Garrison Church, at Berlin, has been ordered by the kaiser to be placed in his pew there. It is a simple wooden affair, and bears the following inscription: "King Frederick William I. once sat on this chair during divine service."

The value of all Kansas products for 1900, including animals slaughtered, is placed at \$187,796,406.

Uncle Sam Aims to buy the best of every thing which is why he uses Carter's ink. He anows what's good.

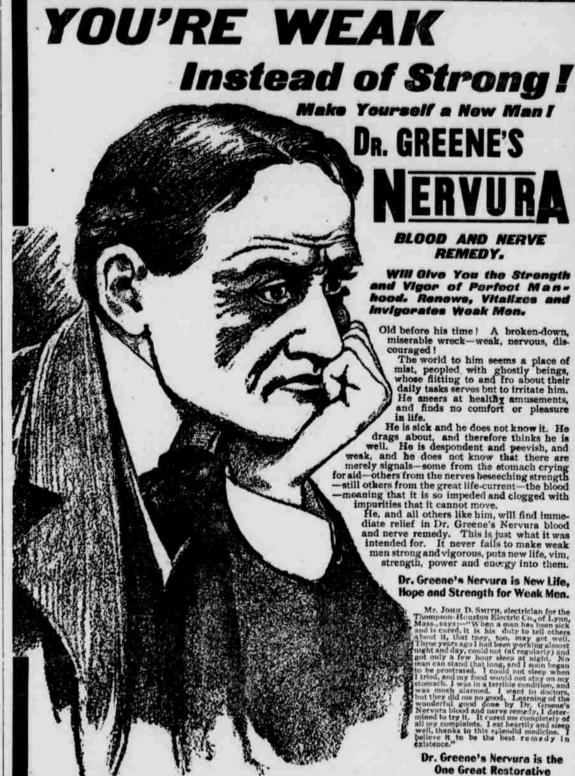
American apples are becoming known in France as well as in England and Germany.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—Wx. O. Endeley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

There are no statutory holidays in Mississippi, Kansas or Nevada.

Dr. Bull's Cough Cures a cough or cold at once. Conquers crosp, bronchitis. Syrup grippe and consumption. 25c.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Froe. Dr. H. H. GEERS SOURS, Box B. Allasts, Ge.



Dr. Greene, 85 West 14th St., New York City, is the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He has remedies for all forms of disease, and offers to give free consultation and advice, personally or by letter. You can tell or write your troubles to Dr. Greene, for all communications are confidential, and letters are answered in plain sealed envelopes.

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When you buy an unbroken package of LION COFFEE you have coffee that is absolutely pure, strong and invigorating. A single pound makes 40 cups. No other coffee will go so far. You will never know what it is like till you try it. LION COFFEE is not a glazed compound, but a pure coffee and nothing but coffee.

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