

M'KINLEY AND ROOSEVELT

ARE THE VICTORS

Present Indications Are That the Republicans Have Carried the Same States as in '96, With the Possible Addition of South Dakota and Nebraska.

McKinley is elected. Reports from all parts of the country indicate that his victory is sweeping and emphatic. He has carried New York State by a good, round plurality, and most likely Greater New York by about 3,000. The early returns from this city showed a heavy falling off in the Democratic majorities, and late figures swept them away altogether. The Republican plurality in the State will be probably 120,000. Illinois has been carried by McKinley like a whirlwind and his plurality is estimated to be at least 25,000. The city of Chicago and Cook county is solidly Republican. Illinois was claimed before the election by Bryan, as were New York, Kentucky, Maryland, Indiana and half a dozen other States that returned a heavy Republican majority. Maryland may give McKinley 25,000 plurality. At all events the State goes to him, with increasing majorities coming in from all districts. He has carried Baltimore by 15,000, and perhaps more. Massachusetts is Republican by a safe majority, and the same is true of New Jersey.

In addition, there is every evidence that the administration has been strengthened by an increased Republican majority in Congress.

ALABAMA.

Alabama voted for 11 electors and nine congressmen. Democrats had a walkover, the Bryan electors winning by more than 60,000. The Democrats elected their candidates in all of the nine congressional districts.

ARKANSAS.

It is estimated that the Democratic ticket will have a majority of 60,000. Six Democratic congressmen have been elected.

CALIFORNIA.

The returns from this city and the State at large indicate that California has gone Republican by 10,000 to 15,000. The Republicans will elect five congressmen. The Second and Fifth districts are running very close. The city of San Francisco will give at least 7,000 plurality for McKinley.

COLORADO.

Returns received indicate that Bryan's plurality in the State will be from 30,000 to 40,000. Arapahoe county, including Denver, gives Bryan 6,000 to 8,000 majority.

The result on the State ticket is in doubt, also the Legislature, with the probability in favor of the fusionists.

CONNECTICUT.

One hundred and fifty-five cities and towns in Connecticut, out of 168, give Bryan, 31,310; McKinley, 49,167; Republican net gain, 9 per cent; Democratic net gain, 37 per cent. On this basis McKinley's plurality in Connecticut is estimated at 20,000. It is claimed that the Republican State ticket has been elected by 12,000 to 15,000.

DELAWARE.

Returns show that the Democrats have elected two senators and 9 out of 10 representatives in Kent county, thus giving a Democratic majority of the next Legislature.

W. O. Hoeffcker, Republican, for the short term, and L. Heister Ball, Republican, for the full term, are elected to Congress in Delaware by from 1,200 to 1,500 majority.

FLORIDA.

Bryan electors polled about 45,000 votes as against 12,000 for the McKinley electors. The Democrats carried both congressional districts by sweeping majorities. The principal fight in the State was over the location of the State Capitol. Four cities, Cala, Tallahassee, St. Augustine and Jacksonville, made a fight for it.

GEORGIA.

Democratic plurality State approximately 30,000. Possible contest in First district between Lester, Democrat, and Leaton, Republican. Democratic congressmen all other districts.

IDAHO.

There are as yet no returns from this State. Only one district has been heard from, East Caldwell. It gives McKinley 91, Bryan 83. Two years ago it gave the Fusionists 118, Republicans 12.

ILLINOIS.

Returns are very meager to date. Dispatches from Bloomington state that Stevenson's precinct had been carried by McKinley by 306 to 112.

INDIANA.

Returns are coming in slowly, but all indications point to a Republican majority. A very heavy ballot was cast. Col. W. T. Durbin, Republican gubernatorial candidate, is running very close to the National ticket.

Democratic congressmen have been elected in the Second and Third dis-

Mississippi Pearl Bonanza.

Discovery of pearls in the Upper Mississippi river has caused a tremendous rush to the clam beds. Houseboats are crowding the river and more than 1,000 persons are encamped along the banks.

The finding of a few thousand dollars' worth of pearls by the divers has started a raid on the river. One of the pearls recently found, the Allen pearl, weighed 100 grains and is said to be the largest perfect pearl yet taken from the river, was sold for \$3,000.

tricts, while Republican congressional candidates were successful in the Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh and Thirteenth districts.

IOWA.

First 10 precincts returns received give McKinley 1,731; Bryan, 789; net Republican gain, 2,038. If ratio is continued the State will give a Republican plurality of more than 100,000.

Twenty precincts received from all over the State give McKinley 2,224; Bryan, 1,449; net Republican gain, 331.

KANSAS.

J. Mack Love, chairman of the Kansas Democratic State committee, makes the following statement: "I fear that Kansas has gone Republican and that McKinley and Stanley, governor, will carry the State by small majorities."

Returns already indicate that the State will give McKinley over 30,000 plurality; that a solid Republican congressional delegation will be elected; that the Legislature will be Republican on joint ballot, and that the Republican State ticket will be elected by 25,000 plurality.

KENTUCKY.

Returns continue to show Democratic gains, though both sides still claim the election. A total of 62 counties out of 117 in the State is included in the precincts heard from. Out of 17 counties in the Eleventh district eight counties have been heard from, each giving McKinley and Yerkes an average majority of 1,000. The result is in doubt, with both sides claiming the State and Presidential tickets. The Democrats may be considered to have a trifle the better of the argument.

LOUISIANA.

Bryan's majority in the city of New Orleans will be about 12,000 and in the State 30,000. All the six Democratic nominees for Congress in Louisiana are elected.

MAINE.

Returns from 50 cities and towns give Bryan 7,671; McKinley, 12,403. Same places in 1896: Bryan, 6,155; McKinley, 14,765. This is a Republican net loss of 16 per cent, and a Democratic net gain of 24 per cent.

MARYLAND.

With but six precincts missing the Maryland vote indicates a plurality for McKinley of about 7,300.

MASSACHUSETTS.

McKinley carries Massachusetts by a largely reduced plurality. The early returns from precincts in Boston and in other cities, as well as from the towns, surprised the political prophets.

MICHIGAN.

The Republican majority in Michigan will reach 90,000. The Republican State ticket has also been elected, as well as all the congressional nominees.

MINNESOTA.

Forty-five out of 114 precincts in St. Paul give McKinley 6,674; Bryan, 4,666. Twenty-six precincts in Minnesota outside of the cities give McKinley 1,816; Bryan, 1,161. If these figures continue throughout the 2,400 precincts in the State McKinley's plurality would exceed 87,000.

MISSISSIPPI.

It is conceded that Bryan will have a majority of about 50,000. Only three of the seven congressional districts of the State are contested by the Republicans. The entire State delegation, however, will be undoubtedly Democratic.

MISSOURI.

The returns from the State are very meager, owing to the operation of the new and untried Nesbit election law, the unusually heavy vote and the fact that the counting of seven constitutional amendments had to be done first. It is known, however, that the following Democratic congressmen were re-elected: Champ Clark, James Cooney, James T. Lloyd and Charles F. Cockran.

Returns from Butler, Nodaway, Green and Lawrence counties indicate that McKinley and Flory (Rep.) for governor, have carried them. These counties show Republican gains over the vote cast in 1896 of from 400 to 1,000.

MONTANA.

Returns from Silver Bow county, which casts about a fourth of Montana's vote, indicate that Bryan has carried the State by something like 20,000; that the Democratic Fusion State ticket is elected, and that the Fusionists will have a majority in the Legislature, which elects two United States senators.

NEBRASKA.

Only 200 precincts out of 1,511 in the State have so far returned results of the election. A majority of them give Republican gains, which, if they hold good throughout the State, would indicate a Republican plurality of from 2,000 to 5,000.

Chairman Lindsay, of the Republican State central committee, says all their returns indicate a complete Republican victory, with a plurality of from 8,000 to 10,000 for McKinley, with no definite returns on the State ticket and the Legislature.

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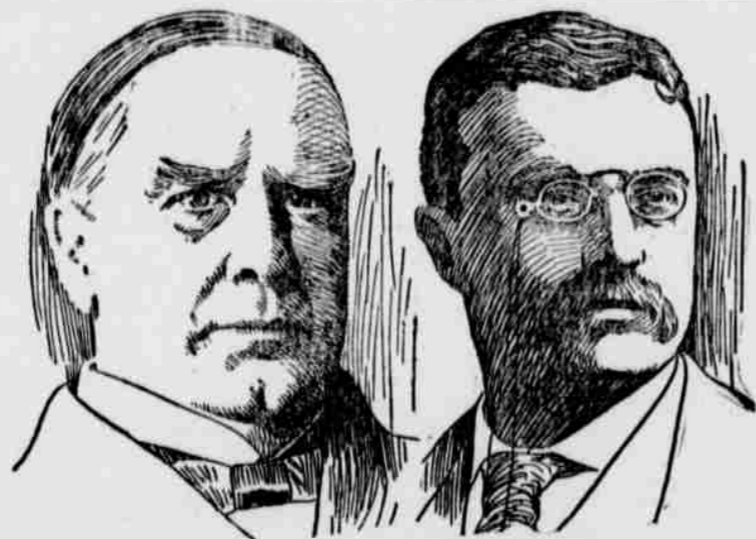
The election passed off quietly throughout Nevada. Present indications point to Bryan carrying the State by anywhere from 500 to 1,000, and Newlands (Dem.) for Congress, by about 800. The legislative ticket has not yet been canvassed.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

An unusually heavy vote was polled throughout New Hampshire. The Republican electoral ticket will undoubtedly carry the State by at least 20,000; both Republican candidates for Congress will be elected by about 6,500 each; the Legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican in both branches, and the governor's council will be solidly Republican.

NEW JERSEY.

New Jersey will give McKinley and Roosevelt 50,000 plurality. The new Senate will stand 16 Republicans to four Democrats, and the House will contain 44 Republicans and 15 Democrats, the same as last year.



WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

The Successful Candidates.

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A Timely Explosion.

An explosion took place Monday in the dry house connected with the works of the Winchester Repeating Arms Company, at New Haven, Conn. The walls of the building were blown out and the window lights in adjacent buildings were shattered.

No one was in the building at the time and very few in the other shops of the plant, owing to the fact that the explosion occurred at noon.

Three Dowdies were mobbed and chased out of Mansfield, O., Sunday.

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give McKinley 9,055; Bryan, 5,974. Forty precincts in the city of Portland give McKinley, 6,231; Bryan, 2,781. One hundred and sixty-seven precincts out of 772 in Oregon, including the city of Portland, give McKinley 15,678; Bryan, 8,755. If the same ratio is maintained McKinley will have a plurality of 20,000 in the State.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Estimates of Pennsylvania show a slight gain for Bryan, as compared with 1896, when McKinley's plurality in the State was 205,072. The present State Senate consists of 37 Republicans and 13 Democrats. Of these 12 Republicans and 12 Democrats hold over. Elections were held in 26 districts.

RHODE ISLAND.

On an increased vote Bryan has made considerable gains in Rhode Island. McKinley's plurality of four years ago was 22,987. McKinley's plurality will be about 20,000, it is believed. The Republican State committee admits a reduced plurality. Congressmen Bull and Capron, Republican, are re-elected.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

South Carolina voted for nine electors, seven congressmen, a State ticket and a Legislature. As usual of late years the vote was light, and only in the First Congressional district was a really serious effort to vote made by Republicans. The Legislature elected will select Senator Tillman to succeed himself. The plurality for the Democratic electors is in the neighborhood of 40,000. It will be several days before all returns are received.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Returns thus far received show heavy Republican gains. Indications point to the defeat of United States Senator Pettigrew.

TENNESSEE.

Returns show Bryan to have carried the State by a decreased vote. His plurality in 1896 was 19,403. Nashville has gone for Bryan. McKinley carried the city in 1896.

TEXAS.

The Democratic State ticket, headed by Joseph D. Sayers for governor, is elected by a majority in excess of 100,000. The Legislature is almost solidly Democratic. It will elect Joseph W. Bailey, United States senator to succeed Horace Chilton. It is estimated that the majority for State electors will not fall short of 175,000, and may go above that figure.

UTAH.

Returns are very slow, owing to the long ticket to be canvassed. Two precincts of Salt Lake City show a Republican gain of 65.

VERMONT.

Vermont voted for four Presidential electors. The congressmen and State officers were elected in September. The returns indicate that Vermont will roll up the usual old-fashioned Republican majority. Conservative estimates place the figure at about 30,000.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia's majority in favor of Bryan is apparently about 20,000. The majorities on the congressional ticket will aggregate more than this. The indications are that certainly nine, and probably all of the Democratic candidates for Congress are elected.

WASHINGTON.

Returns from the State are coming in slowly, but indications are that McKinley leads Bryan by a large majority and is well in advance of the Republican State candidates.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Returns throughout the State indicate Republican gains and a certainty that McKinley has carried the State.

A number of precincts of Ohio county, in which Wheeling is located, indicate a Republican majority of 1,250 and the entire county ticket elected.

McDowell county has been carried by the Republicans by a majority of 2,000. This is a Republican gain of 400. Hughes, Rep., is elected to Congress from the Fourth district.

WISCONSIN.

Republicans have carried the State by a large plurality, equal to, if not exceeding, the figures of 1896. Robert M. LaFollette, Republican candidate for governor, is running about even with the Presidential candidate. The congressional delegation will be solidly Republican.

WYOMING.

Returns from the State are coming in slowly. It will be some time before the result is known, but indications thus far are that the State is safe for McKinley and congressman by 2,000 plurality.

ANOTHER STORM AT NOME.

Much Property Was Destroyed, But No Lives Were Lost.

The steamship Charles Nelson has arrived at Port Townsend, Wash., from Nome. She reports that prior to her sailing Nome Beach was swept by another severe storm which did much damage to small shipping and to buildings whose owners were unwise enough to commence construction on the beach after the September storm.

On this occasion, while the damage was heavy, there was no loss of life. No large packets suffered in the gale, but many small craft were demolished.

An Inhuman Father.

John Kremposky, an Austrian, who keeps a boarding house at Kearney, Pa., shot his 6-year-old daughter, it is claimed, because she, while suffering with whooping cough, annoyed her father and kept him from sleeping. While Kremposky was being conveyed to the jail at Bedford his daughter died and he will be tried for murder. The prisoner said the shooting was accidental and happened while he was showing his gun to his nephew.

Two electric cars collided near Cleves, O., owing to a misunderstanding of orders. The cars were wrecked and 11 persons injured.

The police have traced the securities that were recently stolen from the Vatican. They were sold at Genoa to some persons that are supposed to have gone to the United States.

A WEST VIRGINIA MINE DISASTER

DYNAMITE EXPLOSION.

Workmen Torn to Pieces and Blown From the Mouth of the Mine—Night Repairmen the Victims.

A terrible explosion occurred Saturday at the Berrysburg mine of the Southern Mining and Transportation Company at Berrysburg, a mining settlement six miles south of Philippi, W. Va., in which 12 men were killed instantly and two others fatally injured.

The miners were not working and only a repair gang were at work putting in order machinery and other repair work. There was a magazine containing a quantity of dynamite and blasting powder in the mine and the repairmen were using dynamite in some blasting. It is supposed that one of the workmen dropped a stick of dynamite near the magazine and the explosion set off the whole supply. However, the cause of the disaster will probably never be known. The mine is a single long tunnel extending into the mountain side for over a mile, and from this tunnel short tunnels branch off to the rooms where the men work.

The repair gang was working toward the mouth of the mine from the magazine, and got the full force of the terrific blast of air forced toward the entrance. The entry tunnel furnished an unobstructed tube like the barrel of a rifle and along this everything movable was thrown. There were three mules in the mine and half a dozen or more mine cars. These were lifted bodily and shot out of the tunnel like bullets from a gun. The mules were torn to pieces and the mine cars went tearing out of the mine in splinters.

Several of the men were torn to such bits that recognition was impossible. The body of another miner was cut in twain. The others were knocked against the walls of the mine and bruised and crushed out of all semblance of human form. Fortunately the outer works of the mine were not located fairly in front of the tunnel mouth, and escaped with but little damage, the force of the awful discharge passing harmlessly into the valley, carrying its freight of wreckage hundreds of yards from the mouth.

The force of the explosion was felt in Philippi, six miles away, and for miles around the earth trembled as if from an interior disturbance. The two men who were spared to tell of the disaster were carried by the force of air 60 feet from the mouth of the mine, the blast fortunately striking them broadside and carrying them without their coming into contact with any obstructions. There is no evidence of carelessness on the part of the management either in providing safety devices or methods of operation.

The work of clearing the mine Sunday progressed so well Sunday that operations were resumed Monday. It has been ascertained now that there were only 14 men in the mine, and that the explosion was caused by dynamite and not by gas.

THIRTEEN ARE DEAD.

Three More Explosion Victims Cannot Recover—The Coroner's Verdict.

The latest reports from the Berrysburg, W. Va., mine show that 13 are dead, eight of whom have been recognized, and three are so seriously injured that they cannot recover. A dozen theories are advanced as to the cause of the explosion.

The coroner's jury was out for an hour and a half and returned the following verdict: "The jury finds that the men came to their death by an explosion on the night of November 2, 1900, caused by the firing of powder and dynamite in the south entry of the mine, either intentionally or accidentally, by persons to the jury unknown."

JAIL DELIVERY FRUSTRATED.

Warden of Cook County, Illinois, Jail Finds Concealed Revolvers.

That a jail delivery had been planned by prisoners, in the Cook county (Ill.) jail was discovered by Jailer Whitman Monday. Two .38-caliber pistols and ammunition were found in the cells occupied by three prisoners awaiting extradition to Canada, where they are charged with robbing a bank. The three men are known to have been in a plot to escape, probably Tuesday, as some of the guards would have been away on election business. It is believed others were in the conspiracy.

The revolvers were smuggled into the cell concealed in lunches, one in a pan of baked beans, and the other in a package of grapes.

Kruger Sick on Shipboard.

Dispatches from Port Said assert that the Dutch cruiser Gelderland has been obliged to reduce speed considerably in consequence of the illness of Mr. Kruger. The Gelderland is not expected to reach Marseilles before November 15.

The municipal council has adopted a motion expressing warm sympathy and admiration for the Boers "in their heroic defense of their independence" and resolving that the president and other officers of the council shall welcome Kruger at the station upon his arrival in Paris and invite him to a reception at the Hotel de Ville. The Nationalist group in the chamber of deputies appointed a delegation to meet Kruger at the station.

A gang of sharpers, who speak Hungarian, are engaged around Youngstown, O., in floating \$100 confederate bills and inducing Hungarians to give them change in good money.

At Paris, Ky., R. B. Hutcherait's bluegrass establishment caught fire and destroyed his large warehouse and other buildings, and 50,000 bushels of wheat, 20,000 bushels of grass seed and 20,000 pounds of wool. Loss, \$75,000; insurance, \$40,000.

In hopes of stemming American and German competition, the leading iron manufacturers of Staffordshire and Worcestershire, England have issued circulars announcing a reduction in price of 20 shillings per ton.

CANADIAN SOLDIERS RETURN.

Returning Volunteers Loudly Welcomed at Toronto—Each One Presented With a Fine Farm—Several Fatalities.

Monday Toronto accorded a welcome to members of the Canadian contingent returned from the Boer war such as has never been seen here. During the parade several fatalities occurred.

All business was suspended to greet the heroes of a score of victories and innumerable sufferings on the veldt, as they passed under arches of beautiful design and passed numerous effigies of Kruger hung by the neck to telegraph poles.

When the "boys in khaki" arrived at the drill hall they were presented with formal addresses of welcome, and each received a deed of a fine farm in this province. Rejoicing was kept up until after midnight with fireworks and a general illumination. A cablegram from Queen Victoria expressed pleasure that the Canadians had reached home safely and gratification at their services for the empire.

GOLD PROSPECT IN ALASKA.

Gen. Randall Says Cape Nome Beach Has Been Worked Out.

In his annual report Gen. George M. Randall, commanding the department of Alaska, says of the gold prospects: "There were about 1,500 men working on the beach at Nome with machinery at one time, and many declined to give answers concerning the prospects for gold, while others admitted they were taking out only from \$4 to \$6 a day. The beach was practically worked out last year. The tundra is believed to be rich, but it would require large capital to produce results. There is a large area of country which has not been prospected where gold can yet be found, but it requires men of experience to develop such a country."

LATEST NEWS NOTES.

Robbers got \$250 by blowing open the safe of Goodwin's store at Jacktown, Pa.

The burning of a tannery near the City of Mexico caused a loss of \$500,000.

Ninety Americans who fought for the Boers in South Africa are homeward bound.

At Chicago, Samuel Simpson, colored, shot two men seriously and slightly wounded a third.

It is said in Berlin that the German government is about to put out another and larger loan.

The St. Louis street railway companies subscribed \$250,000 to the World's Fair fund.

The steamship St. Paul has arrived in Seattle from Nome with 132 passengers and \$100,000 in treasure.

Frank Sickle, the thief of the Akron (O.) rioters to be convicted, has been found guilty of burglary.