

FILIPINO REBELS AGAIN HOSTILE

INSURGENTS REORGANIZED.

Aguinaldo Refuses to Accept Amnesty Offered by Uncle Sam—Many American Casualties Reported for Last Week.

Telegrams from Manila, dated Sunday, say: Senor Buencamino has received from Aguinaldo an answer regarding his peace proposals. Aguinaldo declines to consider them and declares that he is unwilling to agree to a compromise.

The amnesty expired September 21, and the conditions that existed previously have been resumed.

The insurgent demonstrations last week prove to have been more extended than was at first reported. From Cagayan and Isabela provinces and the northwestern districts of Luzon come accounts of insurgent operations and American precautionary measures. Merchants in the province of Albay are getting their help to Manila as rapidly as possible, fearing that otherwise it will be burned by the insurgents.

At Iloilo there was considerable anxiety lest an uprising should occur; but the insurgents there are ceasing their activity and returning in white clothing to the garrisoned towns of the district. As a resumption of insurgent operations is considered quite probable the Americans there are taking the necessary steps.

The American casualties in killed, wounded or missing during the last ten days approach 100, including those at Sinitukan, at the east end of Laguna de Bay, where the insurgents, after the engagement, delivered ten bodies of our dead.

Documents captured in Manila show that the insurgent activity in this vicinity was ordered by rebels here, following instructions from the Hongkong junta.

LONG FIGHT ENDED.

Iron Scale Signed Sunday—Many Mills to Resume Operations.

At 6:30 o'clock Sunday morning the conference committees of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers and of the manufacturers signed the wage scale for the bar iron and puddling mills, which will remain effective until July 1, 1901. This was accomplished after an all-night session of the two committees, and at its conclusion all who had taken part were well nigh exhausted. The agreement reached was a compromise between the demand of the workers and the offer of the manufacturers.

The conclusion of this conference ends one of the most important wage contests that has ever been peaceably settled between the iron workers and manufacturers of this country.

As soon as the scale was signed, telegrams were sent in every direction ordering fires to be built at once and preparations made for a resumption of the mills that have been in enforced idleness for nearly three months. About 20,000 men will be given work as a result of this settlement.

The mills affected are located principally in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Indiana.

DARING DAYLIGHT ROBBERY.

Nevada Bank Mulcted of \$13,000 Gold by Bandits in a Sensational Manner.

The first National bank of Winnemucca, Nev., was robbed of about \$13,000 Wednesday by three men who entered the front door with revolvers made all present throw up their hands. There were five people in the bank at the time. One robber, at the point of a pistol, made Nixon open the safe and take from it three sacks of gold coin. They threw this in an ore sack, together with all the gold coin in the drawer. The robbers then marched the five men out through a back door to an alley, where three horses were waiting. The men were kept covered with guns until the desperadoes mounted their horses and escaped.

The whole affair occurred in but five minutes. An alarm was quickly given and several shots were fired at the desperadoes as they sped through town, but without effect. The robbers returned shots, but no one was hit. Officers and armed citizens started in pursuit of the robbers, who took a course up the river. A posse also started from Gold Conda to head them off.

VICTORY AT HEAVY LOSS.

Allies Have Captured the Pei Tang and Lu Tai Forts.

Shanghai telegrams, dated Thursday, say: The allies to-day captured the Pei Tang and Lu Tai forts with great losses. These forts are about 25 miles north of Taku at the entrance of the Pei Tang Ho river. The surrender of the forts was demanded at 2 o'clock on Tuesday, with the threat of immediate attack by the Germans and Russians in the event of refusal.

Two thousand six hundred Germans left Tien Tsin Wednesday to join a force forming in the neighborhood of Taku, already composed of 4,000 Russians, 1,500 Germans and other foreign troops, the intention being to attack the Pei Tang forts Thursday at daybreak.

Jameson Raider Blinded.

While working in a mine north of Lead, S. D., Capt. Grant Tod, of Lead, was accidentally struck on the back of the neck by a mining hammer. The blow shattered the nerves in such a way that total blindness has come to the man, and it is feared that it will be permanent. Tod was a Jameson raider.

Proclamation to the Boers.

A proclamation has been issued announcing that the burghers who voluntarily surrender will not be sent out of the country, but will be detained at camps at Bloemfontein or Pretoria. This proclamation gives great satisfaction to those who are anxious to see the war concluded as it is believed that it will give the coupe de grace to the Boer resistance. It has been repeatedly stated that many of the burghers would lay down their arms if they were assured that they would not be sent to St. Helena or Ceylon by the British.

LATEST NEWS NOTES.

Stokes' planing mill at Altoona, Pa., burned. Loss, \$5,000.

Titusville, Pa., will have free rural mail delivery October 1.

Washington county (Pa.) farmers are suffering from a water famine.

The war department reports health conditions at Cape Nome much improved.

Pittsburg, Pa., contributions for the Galveston relief fund have reached \$49,135.67.

Short water supply forced the closing down of several Cambria mills at Johnstown, Pa.

Owing to a water famine at Lonaconing, Md., trains are hauling water into the town.

Colored Baptists of Butler, Pa., laid the cornerstone for their new church edifice Sunday.

Butler county, Pa., is stirred up by conflicting claims of auditors and overseers of the poor.

Grasshoppers are destroying the crops over the Captain Generalcy of Estremadura, Spain.

A fire in the Hass Keni district, Turkey, has destroyed 150 houses, 40 shops and a synagogue.

The grand jury at Steubenville, O., found nearly 70 indictments for alleged illegal liquor selling.

It is acknowledged in England that the Conservatives will be victorious in the coming election.

Connellsville (Pa.) region operators anticipate a coke boom in consequence of the anthracite strike.

James Radcliffe, fire boss at the Brazzelle (Pa.) mine when the explosion occurred, has been arrested.

Two steamers and six lives were lost in a collision at entrance to Lake St. Clair, Michigan, Friday.

An effort to smuggle 1,400 kilos of opium into Havana was frustrated by the authorities Saturday.

Mrs. George Smith was burned to death at Huntington, Pa., Saturday, while making grape butter.

Efforts of the Portuguese to disarm Boer entering Portuguese territory has resulted in several clashes.

Lord Methuen routed a Boer convoy and captured a gun lost at Colenso, many cattle and much ammunition.

Helle Archer, the actress, who died at Warren, Pa., left a fortune of about \$10,000, which will go to her parents.

The Argentine Republic has appropriated \$30,000 for a building and exhibit at the Pan-American exposition.

Anthracite operators are raising prices and taking other means to discourage the panicky demand for coal.

Fire Saturday destroyed the grain warehouses and elevators on the Atlantic dock, Brooklyn. Loss, \$100,000.

The Presbytery of Buffalo, N. Y., has voted 32 to 19 in favor of a change in the Westminster confession of faith.

Mrs. Almira Bruden, of Ashtabula, died from hydrophobia caused by the bite of a dog received two weeks ago.

At Texarkana, Ark., the plant of the Union Compress Company burned, with 2,000 bales of cotton. Loss, \$159,000.

The South Danvers bank, of Peabody, Mass., has closed its doors, being unable to meet its outstanding obligations.

The presidents of two great anthracite companies have agreed to confer with Archbishop Ryan on the strike situation.

Father Ducey, of New York, who investigated the strike on the spot, defends the miners and declares their quarrel just.

Two burglars at Punxsutawney, Pa., held up Father Weinker, Catholic priest, in his bed, securing a gold watch and \$30 cash.

President Mitchell proposes the bituminous method of settling labor troubles, and does not insist upon recognition of union.

Fire destroyed the main plant of the Independent Lakeside oatmeal mills at Joliet, Ill. Estimated loss, \$50,000; insurance, \$41,000.

The story of the massacre by Russians of the entire Chinese population of Blagovestchensk, 5,000 in all, seems to be confirmed.

Two more regiments of the national guard are on waiting orders. Troops patrolled thoroughfares in and around Shenandoah, Pa.

At Canal Dover, O., Laura Baxter, an heiress about to obtain her majority, has been abducted from the home of her foster parents.

An edict issued by the Chinese imperial government shows that Prince Tuan, the anti-foreign leader, is again in the ascendant.

The St. Louis presbytery, composed of the churches of Eastern Missouri, decided, by a vote of 32 to 1, against revision of the creed.

Virginia, West Virginia and Tennessee will celebrate the revolutionary battle of Kings Mountain at Sycamore Shoals, Tenn., Sept. 25.

The matinees given by all the theaters in Washington, D. C., for the benefit of the Galveston victims resulted in the total receipts of \$2,984.

At the banquet in Berlin Saturday evening in honor of the laying of the Atlantic cable the American and German national anthems were played.

Jim Howard, on trial in Kentucky for the murder of William Goebel, will likely be acquitted if he can prove that he was clean shaven on January 30.

Capt. S. B. Paxton, of California, Pa., has been appointed fireman in the State treasury department to succeed Capt. J. D. Patten, of Westmoreland county.

The battleship Kentucky, the cruiser Albany and four smaller warships were ordered to the Asiatic station to reinforce the already powerful American squadron there.

A receiver has been appointed for the Pennsylvania Germania Building and Loan Association, J. T. Hopple being selected by the Dauphin county court.

The executive committee of the Christian Endeavor society, has decided to hold the convention of 1901 in Cincinnati, providing that satisfactory railroad rates and local arrangements are made.

A brother of John D. Rockefeller has organized an anti-cattle thief association in Kansas, and is engaged in running down thieves who raided his droves.

CLOUDBURST DEVASTATES TEXAS

HEAVY LOSSES.

The Nueces River Country Under Many Feet of Water—Death List So Far Numbers Eighteen.

A cloud burst in the Nueces river country, Texas, 90 miles west of the Southern Pacific road, resulting in a terrific flood and much loss of life, is reported. It is claimed that from 30 to 40 Italians employed on the sheep ranches were drowned and all the ranches swamped. Extensive damages have been inflicted on the upper Colorado and the Concho river valleys, particularly at and near Brownwood, Blanket and San Angelo. Wire communication with all these places is cut off. It is feared many lives have been lost. The last telegram from Brownwood, Sunday morning, stated that the town was flooded and entirely surrounded by water, and that people and goods were being removed to places of safety in rowboats and rafts. Bulletins from Temple state that the tracks of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railroad are under water to the depth of 15 feet south of Brownwood, and that nothing can be heard from places up the line. It is raining hard for approximately 100 miles in all directions from Brownwood, and as the streams in that part of Texas are now very treacherous in the matter of sudden rises, a disaster is feared.

FOUR NEGROES LYNCHED.

Louisiana Mob Invaded a Tangipoa Parish Jail—Reign of Terror.

In Tangipoa parish, La., Friday night four negroes were hanged after the jail in the village of Pontchatoula has been broken open and the prisoners, accused of robbing the family of Henry Hoffelder, had been taken from their cells. Mrs. Louise Hoffelder, who resisted the colored men, was choked and beaten so unmercifully that she lost her mind. There were 14 colored suspects in the Pontchatoula jail, accused of various robberies. Friday night at 9 o'clock a committee of white citizens called on Sheriff Nix and demanded the keys to the jail. The sheriff refused to produce them. Axes were brought and the jail was immediately broken open. Four suspects were hanged to a tree about two o'clocks away, after being made to confess to having participated in the burglary of Hoffelder's house. Not until 7 o'clock next morning were the bodies cut down. Meantime the coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by "unknown hands." Citizens scoured the parish throughout the night, arresting all the negroes they could get their hands on. These were crowded into the jail at Pontchatoula. Mayor Jackson and the sheriff are using every means to restore order, but are making slow progress. The better element among the colored population is fleeing to the churches where the time is being spent in prayer.

ANOTHER TEXAS DISASTER.

Trinity River Rises to High Flood Tide. Three Persons Drowned.

Trinity river rose 20 feet during the night on account of 12 hours' rain. Three persons are reported drowned. Hundreds of families were driven from their homes in the lower portion of Fort Worth, Tex.

A relief corps was organized and assisted many families to places of safety.

The storm of Friday night over northwestern Texas was one of the most disastrous rain and electrical storms experienced in years. Farmers declare that the injury to the cotton crop will reach 10 per cent. The Trinity river, at Dallas, has risen nearly 30 feet since Thursday night and overflowed its banks Friday. Sheriff Hughes sent out mounted couriers from Dallas to notify farmers and other residents along the valley to move out.

State Greatly Benefitted.

The State and city of New York will collate inheritance tax. This amount, as collateral inheritance tax, will be paid. Comptroller Coler has already submitted to State Comptroller Theodore P. Gilman a statement that the inheritance tax on specific bequests will amount to \$88,800. The balance will be made up out of the large residuary estate, which may amount to \$20,000,000. The estate is valued at \$50,000,000.

Li Takes a Strong Guard.

Li Hung Chang, according to Shanghai dispatches, assumed the seals of the viceroyalty of Chi Li Friday. His officers are busy raising 8,000 foreign drilled men and well-armed veterans, who are now encamped at Yang Chow, and will proceed to Tien Tsin as Earl Li's bodyguard.

It is reported that Liu Kun Yi, viceroy of Nankin, alarmed at the prospects of the German fleet ascending the Yang Tse Kiang, is placing obstructions in the channel below the Kiang Yin forts, and sending troops to the northeast of Kiang Su for fear the Germans may land troops there to attack Tsing Kiang Fu.

Cuban Blacks Victorious.

Telegrams from Santiago de Cuba, say: The elections for delegates to the constitutional convention have resulted in favor of the black party throughout this entire province, and the whites now openly declare themselves to be annexationists. Ten thousand negroes, who had worked themselves up almost to a frenzy and who wore badges containing a skull and crossbones, signifying death to the Republican party, paraded through the principal streets of the city, carrying tallow candles and torches. A mock funeral of the Republican party was held and was attended by about 1,000 negroes.

Enterprising Highwayman.

A reward of \$2,000 has been offered for the capture of the lone highwayman who held up the west-bound Northern Pacific passenger train near Athol, Idaho, Saturday midnight, and secured \$500 cash and a quantity of watches and jewelry from the passengers. Sheriff Bradburn and a large posse are in pursuit. The robber has been traced to a point three miles south of Athol, where he held up a ranchman and stole his horse.

SEVERAL KILLED.

Sheriff's Deputies Fired into a Mob of Miners With Lethal Effect—State Troops Ordered Out.

Riots broke out at Shenandoah, Pa., and the sheriff of Schuylkill county, Pa., was hastily summoned from Allentown. After he arrived he gave his deputies the order to fire, and they obeyed, killing a Hungarian and a little girl.

Adj. Gen. Stewart issued an order at midnight, Friday, after a conference with Gov. Stone and Gen. Gobin, ordering the Fourth, Eighth and Twelfth infantry, Battery C, of Phoenixville, and the Governor's troop of Harrisburg, Pa., all of the national guard, to proceed with the least possible delay to the Schuylkill region in command of Gen. Gobin to the relief of Sheriff Toole. Col. Richardson took charge of the movement of the troops and camp equipage, and it is expected all the troops will be at Shenandoah inside of eight hours.

Gen. Gobin left on a special train for Shenandoah, where he will establish headquarters and will be joined by his staff. Maj. Gen. Miller has been notified of the ordering out of the troops, and he is now on his way to Harrisburg from Franklin. Attorney General Elkin has also been summoned from Indiana, Pa., to consult with the governor.

FAVORS A FIGHT.

Father Phillips Issues a Statement in Favor of Striking Miners.

Father Phillips, of St. Gabriel's Catholic Church, Hazleton, Pa., who has worked diligently for arbitration as a means of settling the strike, issues a statement in which he comes out flatly on the side of the strikers. In the statement he says: "If the executive officials of the big coal-carrying companies have been correctly quoted by the papers, arbitration is no longer a means to the end desired by the general public, namely, a discontinuance of the conflict between labor and capital. 'There is now no alternative but fight to the finish between organized labor and organized capital. Honest efforts for peace have been throttled, and since reason and justice and mercy will not be heard the operator must either arrogate to himself the title of coal king and sway his scepter over unwilling subjects or the miners must meet the issue by renewed efforts to deplete the market by the complete prevention of production.'

The Philippine commission, composed of Republicans and Democrats, has made a preliminary report on the conditions in the islands. The most significant statement of the commission is that the insurgents are constantly endeavoring to mass a sufficient force to crush one of the American garrisons for political effect in this country.

The report was made at the request of the President, who desired the views of the commission on the general condition of the islands as to peace and industry, business and revenue conditions prevailing; progress of and opportunity for education; disposition of the people toward the United States.

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DOWIE ELDERS COATED WITH TAR

MEETING PREVENTED.

Victims Disrehab, Daubed and Then Turned Over to the Police—They Are Sent Out of Town.

Under instructions from Overseer at Large Piper, of Chicago, Elder Silas Moot, of Lima, who was forcibly deported from Mansfield, O., August 12, and Elder Ephraim Bassinger, of the Bluffton, O., Dowie apostles, who had been deported by the authorities for the past four Sundays, arrived in Mansfield Sunday morning at 6:35 o'clock, attempting to hold Zion services.

They were recognized by a small crowd at the depot, which refused to let them enter a cab, but followed them up the street and surrounded them near the center of the city. They were then taken by the mob, which by this time had been vastly increased, to the Richmond buggy works, where Bassinger was disrobed, but the crowd tore Moot's clothing from his body, as he refused to disrobe himself. A paint bucket and a brush were then secured and a smoke-stack varnish, a tar-like substance, was daubed over them from head to foot.

It was matted in their hair and beard, and no part of their bodies escaped but their faces.

Their bodies were then partially covered with their clothing, and the elders were marched to the home of E. H. Leiby, a local Zion follower, who was driven out of the city last Sunday. They there promised not to return to Mansfield, but later they said they agreed not to return unless Overseer Piper ordered them to come.

Later, when the police gathered, the elders were turned over to them and taken to the city prison, where the tar was removed from their bodies by application of lard and benzine, new clothing was procured, and at noon they were placed upon a west bound Pennsylvania train and sent out of the city.

A BLOODY FEUD.

Tennesseans Make a Battlefield of Hotel Dining Room—Fatal Results.

The Howard-McGee feud had a tragic climax Tuesday, in which one man was killed, two others fatally and one seriously wounded. At noon Charles Jones and his brother Joshua entered the Clew hotel dining room, at Madisonville, Tenn., which was filled with guests, and took seats at a table. A moment later Calvin and Tom Howard entered the room and met the Jones brothers face to face. In an instant revolvers were drawn by the four men and about 30 shots were fired in quick succession, the terrified guests making their exit from the room by way of doors and windows.

When the firing ceased Charles Jones was found dead on the floor with two bullet wounds in the heart and three in his head; Joshua Jones and Calvin Howard were mortally wounded and unconscious, and Tom Howard, the only one of the quartet left on his feet, had a number of bullet wounds in his body.

The first strike of cotton field hands ever reported in South Carolina occurred at Eastover, Richland county. The hands demanded an advance of two cents a hundred pounds for picking cotton. W. S. Hodge, as spokesman for the other planters, refused the demand. Hodge was pursued to his home by 400 negroes, who surrounded his home, in which were his wife and two small children. The Hodges barricaded themselves. When the negroes advanced to break in Hodge shot the ringleader. He kept the men at bay for four hours with a shotgun, his wife standing by with revolver in hand. Finally three mounted planters came to the rescue and the negroes fled. They are still threatening the house. There are 20 negroes to one white man in the Eastover region.

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