PRINCE CHING AS THE REGENT. LATEST NEWS NOTES.

STRONGLY PRO-FOREIGN.

It is Said He Would Return to Pekin if Hi Safety Was Assured by Foreign Ministers.

It is rumored at Shanghai that the Japanese gained a great victory over the Boxers and Chinese troops from Pei Tsang and Ho Si Wu last Thursday at Teh Chou. The story says that 1,500 Chinese were killed, including Prince

Chinese were killed, including Prince Tuan, and that all the Chinese were driven back into Chi Li. The Reform party, under Kang Yu Wet, is said to be actively preparing for rebellion. It is reported from Hankow that az reformers have been executed, their hearts being exposed. The Taku correspondent says that the country around Taku and Pekin is de-vastated, with the result that the Box-ers are most unpopular and are being attacked by the peasantry. The Box-ers, who were moving north from Shan attacked by the peasantry. The Box-ers, who were moving north from Shan Tung, are now returning hastily to their homes.

their homes. Yu, Governor of the province of Shan

Yu, Governor of the province of Shan Si, is reported to have invited the for-eigners in the province to come to his protection. Fifty accepted the invita-tion, and all were massacred. Five powers have agreed to Russia's proposition to withdraw troops from Pekin and two have announced opposi-tion to its adoption. Four powers have finally declared that Li-Hung-Chang is acceptable to them as peace envoy for China, two questions not only Li-Hung-Chang's credentials, but the power of the Imperial Government to approve the Imperial Government to approve his acts, and one wishes to know more about the credentials he holds before it

is willing to treat through him. This sums up the situation. It could hardly be more satisfactory, viewed from the American standpoint. An active interchange of views took place. Thursday between the capitals of Eu-rope and Japan and Washington, and to remain in Pekin to induce them to withdraw simultaneously with the evacuation by the other allies.

unition by the other allies. The powers who object to the Russian proposition are Germany and Italy. Those favoring it are the United States, Great Britain, France, Japan and Rus-sia. The powers which question Li-Hung-Chang's credentials and the abil-ity of the Imperial Government to en-force the terms has me made as a Car force the terms he may make are Ger-many and Italy, while France would like to know more about the credentials before negotiations begin.

elegrants from the Russian minister at Pekin say: There is an unconfirmed rumor that Prince Ching has been appointed regent, but is afraid to return to Pekin unless the foreign envoys will guarantee his liberty. Ten dignitaries remaining in Pekin have consequently, resolved to petition the diplomats, in the interest of an amelioration of the situation, to invite Prince Ching to return to Pekin and to give explanations. It has been learned that the empress

of Shan-Si, to which place she had fled after her escape from Pekin, to Hsinan-Fu. Tyan-Fu is farther west than Hsinan-Fu, indicating that she is moving still further away from the Chinese capital.

It is stated that Prince Tuan's son, Isut Sing, will be declared emperor under the protection of Russia

BRITISH PRISONERS FREED.

The Boers Release Their Captives-Kruger Nearing Portuguese Territory.

The British prisoners at Noortgedacht have been released by the Boers and are marching to join Lord Roberts' forces at Watervalhoven, near Machadodorp. President Kruger and his chief officials are at Nelspruit, about 60 miles from the Portuguese border and on the railroad between Pretoria and Delagoa Bay, A cyclone that visited Mafeking

cyclone that visited Mafeking

THIRTY KILLED AND MANY HURT. The health of Secretary of State Hay

continues to improve. A new electric light plant, to cost \$25,000, will be built at Windber, Pa. William Bryant, of Scranton, Pa., was stabled Sunday by a female pickpocket.

Joseph Johnson, a farmer of Inka Tyler county, W. Va., hanged himselt saturday.

Maj. Hazlett, the ex-banker of Wash-ington, Pa., is prostrated by his second conviction.

As a result of the week's successes, England now expects an early end to the Transvaal war. the

Twelve men were arrested at Akron, O., charged with being implicated in the recent race riot there.

The steamer Topeka, from Alaska, Thursday, brought 150 passengers and \$100,000 in gold dust.

It is reported that the ezar has ordered his troops and minister at Pekin to leave at once for Tien Tsin.

General Uribe, chief of the insurgent forces in Colombia, has surrendered to the government at Churchuri. Internal revenue receipts for

were \$29,421,301, an increase of \$1,409, 103 over the same month last year. Two escaped convicts were killed and a third wounded in a fight with a warden's posse at Whiteside, Tenn.

At Cheneyville, La., Thomas J. Amos, who confessed the murder of Elamson T. Jackson, was lynched by a mob.

The plant of the Shelby Steel Tube Company at Ellwood City, Pa., is to be started after being idle for several years.

The Nicaraguan Congress has approved the commercial reciprocity trea-ty between Nicaragua and the United States.

The estate of Collis P. Huntington, who died suddenly at his summer home in the Adirondacks, is valued at \$69.-650.000

The Youngstown, O., Gas and Elec-tric Light Company has been sold to New York and Chicago capitalists for \$500,000.

A tornado which passed over the vil-lage of Wapelia, Man., killed a farmer and his two children and badly hurt his wife.

In both houses of the Kentucky Leg-islature many bills have been introduced both to kill or amend the Goebel election law.

The Fairbanks Scale Company build-ing and Kiefer Bros,' factory in New Orleans were burned out, causing a loss f \$300,000.

The steamer Moana, Captain Carey, which sailed from Sydney, N. S. W., for San Francisco, has on board £2,750,oco in gold.

The Yaqui Indians, who are on the varpath in path in Mexico, are reported on Yaqui river, within a few miles of Guavamas

At Bowling Green, O., as a result of ating toadstools for mushrooms Flora aged 22, and John Harter, aged 14, will probably die.

Friday Thomas Jones, a negro preacher, the murderer of a family of six persons, was hanged at Raleigh, N. C., in the county jail.

General Maximo Gomez has declined to accept the nomination offered him by the National party to the constituional convention.

Agents representing one-third of the Fall River, Mass., mills have signed an agreement for 11 1-9 per cent reduction in wages on September 17.

Lyman Hitchcock, ex-chief of police of Franklin, Pa., had an eye cut out Saturday by Harry Ross, aged 16 years, who struck him with a hoe,

At St. Joseph, Mich. over \$5,000 in cash, stamps and postal cards was stolen from the postoffice by professional cracksmen. There is no clew.

this winter fuel, and in some instances have filed claims for damages against the city amounting to \$250,000. Postmaster General Smith has or-dered that all messages by postoffice employes not of interest to the depart-ment be guaranteed with a deposit. Col. Thomas J. Powers, Commission-er of Banking in Pennsylvania, was er of Banking in Pennsylvania, was killed by falling from a train in the out-skirts of Philadelphia Thursday night. The woolen mill of McElhoes & Findley, near Indiana, Pa., was destroyed by fire Saturday. The loss will reach \$16,-000, on which there is \$7,000 insurance. Secretary of State John Hay, who was improving in health, recently overtaxed his strength and has suffered a severe relapse, which has greatly alarmed his friends.

RAILROAD HORROR.

An Atlantic City Special Dashes Into a Wild Train Scenes of Horror in the Eight Wrecked Cars.

Thirteen persons killed and over 54 thers injured is the appalling record of a rear end collision between an excursion train and a milk train on the Bethlehem branch of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad Sunday morning at Hatfield, Pa., 27 miles north of Philadelphia.

The wrecked train consisted of to day coaches and was the first section of a large excursion made up of people from Bethlehem, Allentown and surrounding towns to Atlantic City. This section left the Union depot in Bethlehem at 6:05 a. m., exactly 35 minutes behind the milk train.

At 6:54 the milk train drew up at the milk platform at Hatfield, and in less than two minutes the special excursion train, running at the rate of 35 miles an hour, crashed into the rear of the milk train. The locomotive ploughed through the two passenger coaches and crushed them as if they were egg shells. The excursion train was a picture of indescribable horror. The locomotive

indescribable horror. The becommended was a mass of bent and broken iron and firmly held the bodies of its engineer and fireman beneath its great weight. Behind the engine six of the ten cars were also a mass of wreckage. The first were also a mass of wreckage. The first car was broken in twain, and the other five cars were thrown on their sides, completely demolished. Nine persons were killed in the first two cars and the others in the coaches

were badly maimed. As soon as the crash came a terrible cry arose from the smashed cars. Those who had not been smashed cars. Those who had not been injured crawled or jumped from the cars and went to the assistance of the injur-ed. Many were pinned down by wreck-age and had to be freed by the liberal

With three or four exceptions the With three or four exceptions the dead were killed instantly, the others dying on their way to the hospitals. All the injured were first taken to a shed at the Hatfield station. The dead were removed to a barn. Messengers were sent to the nearest villages for physi-cines and a solid term was telegraphed cians, and a relief train was telegraphed

cians, and a relief train was telegraphed for from Bethlehem. The coroner of Montgomery county visited the wreck early and spent the entire day at the scene. He at once di-rected the removal of the dead to Lanz-dale, a short distance south of Hatfield. He promises a rigorous investigation into the horror.

RESCUE FOR STARVING MINERS.

The Government Will Send a Transport to Cape Nome.

At the Gabinet meeting Friday was decided that the War Department should send a transport to Cape Nome to should send a transport to Cape Nome to bring back such of the miners who are penniless and liable to endanger the public welfare there this winter by rea-son of their destitute condition. Provi-sions and clothing will be sent to the Indians, who are said to be destitute. The transportation companies, it is claimed, refuse to aid the unfortunates at Cape Nome. The transport in order to effect relief, must go at once. Gen-eral Randle estimates that there are 1,000 persons at Cape Nome in danger of starvation. starvation. Information received from several of

ficial and unofficial sources shows that the Alaskan Indians along the coast from Cape Nome are in a serious situa-tion. The miners, it is reported, have gathered for their own use nearly all of the driftwood which the Indians have

AN APPEAL ISSUED. KRUGER MOVES HIS HEADQUARTERS

Senor Salvador Cisneros y Betancourt Wants the Present Military Government Withdrawn-Tyranny Alleged.

convention.

of the

The War Eelieved to be Nearly Finished. Speaking for and with the authority Roberts Said to Have Issue Annexof the people of Cuba, Senor Salvador ation Proclamation. Cisneros y Batancourt, twice President

of the island republic, has issued in It is reported in London that Lore New York an "appeal to the American Roberts has issued a proclamation forpeople", for immediate freedom for the Cubans. The appeal is also prepared in Cubans. The appeal is also prepared in Spanish and is now on its way to Cuba, where it will figure powerfully. Senor Cisneros believes in the approaching election of delegates to the constitution-al convention mally annexing the Transvaal to the British dominions. Gen. Christian De Wet is reported to have appeared again along the railway near Winburg road.

PREPARING FOR FLIGHT.

Pretoria dispatches say: Mr. Kruger nd Mr. Steyn have gone to Barberton, t is believed they are preparing for appeal in part says: "The people United States must be informed The general opinion is that the now very near the end; but that the military authorities in Cuba have been arbitrary in their proceed-ings; that they have disregarded the rights of the people of Cuba; that they only too often act and have acted as flight. war is now very near the end; but, should the Boers construct strongholds should the Boers construct strongholds in the bush, on the veldt, or elsewhere, and begin a system of raids, the British would require large supplies of horses. Gen, Buller moved 14 miles north-westward along the Lydenburg road and crossed the Crocodile river to Bad-fontein. He found the Boers concen-trating in the Crocodile mountains. A force of Boers under Commandant Theron broke through the British lines, and captured and burned a supply train at Kilp River station, taking 35 prisonconquerors in a conquered land, rather than representatives of a free people helping those who had struggled for The independence of the island and

the welfare—nay, the very existence of its people—are gravely threatened to-day, all of which has produced such gen-eral alarm and just discontent that it has taken the constant effort of the at Kilp River station, taking 35 prison-ers. Brabant's horse proceeded thither,

more sober minded and temperate lead-ing Cubans to prevent an outbreak which would repeat in Cuba the disas-trous scenes we have witnessed in the Philippine Islands." recaptured all the prisoners and drove the Boers into the hills. Col. Plumer dispersed a small commando under Commandant Pretorius, east of Pinaar's commandant Pretorius, cast of Pinaar's river, capturing 26 Boers, a number of wagons, and a quantity of cattle and ri-Senor Cisneros then goes on to give some of the alleged facts on which the charges are based. He claims misman-agement in the custom house depart-Act

ELECT OFFICERS FOR NEXT YEAR.

Veterans Unanimously Elect Major Leo Rassieur Commander- in- Chief.

The Grand Army elected officers Thursday. They are: Commander-in-Chief, Leo Rassieur,

Senior Vice Commander, E. C. Milli-

COAL FAMINE THREATENS. St. Louis.

the

New Foundland and Germany Confronted With a Serious Problem

ment and favoritism shown Americans. He says the military government has made many errors in the management of legal questions, and mentions blun-ders made at the last municipal election.

He says that greater frauds than postoffice frauds will be unearthed.

senior Vice Commander, E. C. Mini-en, Portland, Me. Junior Vice Commander, Frank Sea-ton, Knoxville, Tenn. Surgeon General, John A. Wilkins, A coal famine now threatens the colony of New Foundland. The estab-Delta, O. lishment of a large smelting enterprise Chaplain-in-Chief, Rev. A. Drahms, With the selection of the above offi-cers and the choice of Denver for the National Encampment of 1901 the thir-ty-fourth National Encampment practiat Sydney absorbs the greater part of

the Cape Breton output; and the failure of Reid's mines leaves the colony withof Reid's mines leaves the colony with-out any local product. Sydney coal has advanced 30 per cent, and there is probably not enough to supply the winter's demand. Mr. Reid, the railway contractor, is likely to be most affected, his trains and steamers absorbing fully a third of the entire co-lonial coal import

lonial coal import. The coal famine in Germany has be

come very serious and a number of chambers of commerce have petitioned the government for relief. The Prussian Cabinet has resolved to grant a modified railroad tariff for foreign coal in order to facilitate the importation of coal from England and the United States. The Prussian Minister of Railways has laid an embargo on all the coal mined in the State mines.

TWENTY MILES OF CARS.

Santa Fe Railroad Blockaded by Long Trains

Laden With Wheat. on boundary line between Pennsylvania The extensive yards of the Sante Fe and Maryland has begun under the di-Railway Company in Argentine, Kan., are almost exclusively occupied with

cars of wheat, which it is impossible to move. It was estimated that there were 20 miles of wheat cars there this morning. The trouble is said to be due to the

and Maryland has begun under the di-rection of a commission consisting of Dr. Henry S. Prittchett, superintendent of the survey: Dr. William Bullock Clarke, of the Johns Hopkins Universi-ty and State geologist of Maryland, and Major Brown, of Harrisburg, W. C. Hudgins, of the coast survey steamer Blake, is also identified with the work. It is probable that large granite posts, three feet in length, will be used to mark the boundary line. About the only inscription on the posts will be an "M" inability of the Chicago division of the road to handle the great inflow of wheat inscription on the posts will be an "M" on the Maryland side and a "P" on the Pennsylvania side, which will be chisel-

ed in the hard granite. A reference to the authority under which the resurvey is made, may also be cut in each post. Librarian Buchard, of the United States Coast and Geological Survey, is preparing historical data dealing with the Mason and Dixon line, which is to LIFE IMPRISONMENT.

Bressi Tried and Sentenced in One Day--Proceedings Brint, With no Mercy Shown. Horrors of the Italian Prison.

The trial of Bressi, the Anarchist who, July 29, shot and killed King Humbert, of Italy, at Monza, while His Majesty was returning from a gymnastic exhibition, resulted in the regicide

tic exhibition, resulted in the regicide being sentenced to life imprisonment, the limit of the Italian law. Although Bressi escapes death, his fate will appear to most men far worse than death. His first place of incarcer-ation will be the "secret cell," a cham-ber about six feet long by three wide, and half lighted. A few inches above the floor is a plank about half a yard wide and slightly inclined, which serves as a bed. The food is bread and water, passed through a little window called the "spy" by the jailer, the door being always kept rigorously closed. He will be condemned to absolute si-lence. If he breaks the rule he is sub-ject to other punishments, such as the

fect to other purishments, such as the straight waistcoat, iron and straight bed. If he attempts his life in any way he will be put in the straight waistcoat, and at night in a sort of sack in which

and at night in a soft of sack in which he cannot move. When he has suffered the punishment of the "secret cell" for a longer or short-or time, he will be removed to another cell, where he must remain for 10 years. Its size depends on the construction of the prison. These cells are lighted from the prison and are generally about Its size depends on the construction of the prison. These cells are lighted from the corridor, and are generally about two yards square. The bed is the usual plank, and bread and water the food. In winter a single blanket is allowed at night. Silence is still enjoined, the only concession is the door being open-ed a few inches. The food is given only once in a4 hours. If the prisoner is sick, the doctor can have him removed to the prison infirmary, where he is kept in a separate chamber. Prisoners in solitary confinement may neither read, write, smoke nor work. They are condemned to absolute idleness and ab-solute silence. Very few complete their sentence; they either go mad or dic.

THEIR ULTIMATUM.

Unless Anthracile Operators Agree to the Scale a Great Strike is Imminent Within Ten Days.

The United Mine Workers' Convenion at Hazelton, Pa., adjourned Tuesday evening. The miners will strike in the anthracite region if concessions are

That a strike of the anthracite miners may have a disastrous effect on the bitu-minous coal fields, is indicated in offi-cial advices that the State representa-tives of the United Mine Workers' Union works and the state representatives of the United Mine Workers' Union have been conference with the National officers, and that a decision has been reached to strike in every bi-tuminous field where the operators make an effort to send coal into anthra-cite fields in case of trouble. If the an-thracite miners go out it will be the first organized strike on their part and the United Mine Workers' Union is prepar-ed to exhaust its treasury in support of ed to exhaust its treasury in support of them. Several hundred thousand dol-lars will be available at once, and the national executive board has power to levy a weekly assessment on every member at work. The first support would come from the national head-quarters and when that is exhausted the executive board may call upon the State unions. Illinois has nearly \$200,000 in the treasury the treasury.

RICH GOLD STRIKES.

Late Discoveries Show That Nome Distric Teems With Wealth.

Late mining developments have been of a satisfactory nature. No doubt now remains of the genuineness of the Kougrock strike; Harris and Quartz creeks in that country are rich and the former shows from 25 cents to \$1.50 to the pan. Oregon creek and its tribu-tary, Hungry creek, have developed richness. On Hastings creek, eight miles east

On Hastings creek, eight miles east of Nome, prospectors have discovered a gravel bed 15 feet in thickness and of unknown breadth, extending from the gulch way up into the hills. It is be-lieved that the next season Hastings creek will be the scene of most extensive operations in the country.

ally came to a close. There was no contest for the honor of entertaining the veterans in 1901, Denver being apparently the unanimous choice of the delegates.

choice of the delegates. The following officers were elected by the Woman's Relief Corps for the ensu-ing year: National President, Mrs. Mary L. Carr, Longmont, Col.; National Se-nior Vice President, Mrs. Belle M. Sat-terlee, St. Louis, Mo.; National Junior Vice President, Mrs. Abbie R. Flagg, Battle Creek, Mich.; National Treasur-er, Mrs. Sarah E. Phillips, Syracuse, N. Y.

MASON-DIXON LINE.

Resurvey of that Historic Bounday Has Be-

The resurvey of the Mason and Dix-

gun-Granite Posts to Mark the Line.

Thursday evening did more damage than the seven months' bombardment. It blew down or unroofed numerous buildings and leveled the hospital, causing much suffering among the sick and wounded. One person was killed and two were injured.

General Buller's column has arrived at Helvetia, where Gen. French and General Pole-Carew are also encamped. Both Waterfallboven and Watervalonder were found deserted, the Boers hav-ing retreated with their guns in the di-rection of Barberton. Commandant General Botha has ordered burghers to return their Mausers to the government military commission until the latter is able to issue ammunition.

Volunteers to be Recalled.

The war department is preparing to bring home the 31,000 volunteers from the Philippines whose terms of service will expire between next November and June, 1001. The homeward movement will begin about the middle of Novem-

No orders have yet been issued on the subject, but it will take practically all of the transport service at the command of the department to accomplish the re-turn of the volunteers. It is the intention of the department to return the or-ganizations in the same relative order as they were shipped to the island, thus equalizing as nearly as possible their terms of foreign service.

Fierce Storm in Maniloba.

Western Manitoba and the territories have been swept by a storm which has heavily damaged crops and property. A child was killed at Wapelia, N. W. T., and many were injured at Pipestone and Virden. Crops are generally damaged. Telegraphic communication has been cut off.

Cuban Trade Increasing.

A steady and material increase in the trade of Cuba is evidenced in a comparative statement just made public by the division of customs and insular af the division of customs and insular al-fairs, war department, which gives the customs receipts at Cuban ports for the first seven months of 1900, as compared with the same period last year. The statement shows that the total receipts for the first seven months of the pres-ent-year aggregate \$9,331,832, as against \$8,112,815 for the same period last year, an increase of \$1,210,017.

In August the excess of expenditures over receipts by the Government was \$811,443, due to the cost of the census taking and the redemption of Puerto Rican coin.

Patrick Lally and Patrick Hughey, employed at the mine at Chiefton, Md., fell asleep on the railroad track at Mo-nongalia, W. Va., and were run over by a train and killed.

Father Phillips' efforts to avert a trike in the anthracite region of Penn-ylvania are having great weight, many of the miners being only lukewarm to ward the movement.

The mining properties of the General Mining Association of London have been sold to the Nova Scotia Steel Company for \$1,500,000, the coal areas being 21 miles in extent.

Losses resulting from the storm of Tuesday night in Manitoba, will run up to about \$100,000, Virden, White Wood, Moosemin, Souris, Thornhill, Elkhorn and Oak Lake were among the towns damaged by the storm.

Near Ashland, O., two masked men hattered down the door to the home of Mrs. Mary Leidigh and her daughter Arvilla, bound the women and robbed

At Dover, Del., certificates of incor-poration have been filed for the Newark and Granville Street Railway Company of Newark, O., to maintain and con-struct a street railway in Ohio. Capital, \$300,000.

One of the handsomest fees ever paid general practitioner for services in a single case will be received by Dr. J. N. McCormack, of Bowling Green, Ky., for his attendance upon William Goebel, after he was shot at Frankfort. Arthur Goebel, brother of the dead governor and his deviseee under the will, has placed a claim against the estate of Gov-ernor Goebel for \$10,000 for Dr. Ma Cormack's services.

Transport Sails for Manila.

The transport Logan sailed from San

Francisco Saturday afternoon for Ma-nila, via Nagasaki, with 1.638 enlisted nila, via Nagasaki, with 1.638 enlisted men and 04 cabin passengers, including officers. The Logan carries the head-quarters band, First and Second bat-talions of the First regiment, Colonel A. A. Harbach commanding, and the headquarters band and Third battalion of the Second infantry, under command of Lieutenant Colonel Augustus W. Corliss. Among the passengers on the Logan

ters threatening them with death if they attempt to make arrests for Wednesday

night's riots. Citizens have appealed to Judge J Kohler to call a special session of the grand jury to investigate the matter. A guard of twelve men has been placed

and the matter matter matter and the form the lower form the town and took the road passed and behind the Boer attack on the street railway in Obi and con-

As the Boers retired through the don-ga in single file they were struck up one by one and put under charge of a couple of men out of sight until the Coloniais had captured 28, including General Oli-vier and his three sons.

American Traders in Province of Mackenzie

Had a Bloody Encounter.

Telegrams from Winnipeg, Man., tell of serious troubles in the Great Slave Lake district, between American and Canadian traders. Fifteen Americans, it was charged, smuggled large quantities of supplies in and were thus enabled to undersell the Canadians. They nished whisky to the Indians. They also fur-

Edmonton traders, angry at losing their trade, sent a committee to notify

the Americans to retire. The latter de-clined and shooting followed. August Brieze, of Scattle, was fatally wounded and several of his companions were

The Indians joined in with the Amer-icans. Finally the latter fled to the tim-ber. Mounted police have been sent to the scene.

Where Wealth is Coined.

The monthly statement of the Direc-tor of the Mints shows that during Au-gust the total coinage at the United

been recorded so far in this campaign, when he wagered \$20.000 Friday against \$50,000 with Louis W. Wormser, of New York, that the Democratic national tick-et would be elected.

be published by the government.

Fatal Street Car Panic.

As the result of a panic on an electric As the result of a paine on an electric car at Silver Lake, an Akron, O., sub-urban resort, late Friday night, one person was killed and three others in-jured. The panic was caused by a finse burning out and flames bursting up through the car floor. The passengers became terrified and made a frantic rush to get off rush to get off.

The New Chiel Justice.

A commission was issued Monday by A commission was issued Mönday by Governor Stone, of Pennsylvania, to Judge J. Brewster McCullom, of Mont-rose, designating him as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court to fill the vacancy created by the death of Justice Henry Green. Justice McCullom is a Demo-erat, and his commission runs until the first Monday of January, 1010, when Judge Dean, of Hollidaysburg, will be-come Chief Justice. The new Chief Justice was next to Justice Green in seniority and under the

Justice Green in seniority and under the constitution the Governor is required to promote him. He will appoint a Su-preme Judge to fill the vacancy created by these changes after his return from the Grand Army encampment at Chi-

cago.

Fighting on the Danube.

Fighting as a result of the tension be-tween the Roumanian and Bulgarian governments, due to the demand of the former for the suppression of the Mace-donian revolutionary committee, a coa-flict took place Friday between Rouma-nian and Bulgarian peasants at Vercio-rova on the Roumanian side of the Danube. Two Bulgarians were killed and many of both parties were wounded. wounded.

Mine Scales Blown Up.

The scales of the Potomac Coal Company at their Potomac mine near Barton, Allegany county, Md., were blown up with dynamite at 8 o'clock Tuesday night.

Richard Croker's Plunge. Richard Croker took the Bryan end of the heaviest election bet that has been recorded so far in this cancel that has on the Potoinae niners and asked them to join in the movement, but they con-cluded not to ask for a checkweighman. The explosion is regarded as a sequel to this incident. None of the Potomac miners are blamed.

CABLE FLASHES.

President Loubet will give a bane to all the mayors in France, some 000, September 22.

There is a typhoid fever epidem Paris, resulting from impure water

The Peruvian President is still wir out a Cabinet. The one appointed Tu day night resigned next day.

A collision occurred on the Caledo-nian Underground Railway at Glasgow, and 24 persons were seriously injured.

A group of American financiers, ac-cording to a dispatch from Moscow, has acquired the Moscow-Archangel railway.

About 50,000 striking miners have re-sumed work at Cardiff, Wales, the Taff Railway Company having acceded to their demands.

The autumn maneuvers of the German army will be attended this year for the first time by a representative of the French army.

Italy has protested against Germa-ny's new meat law on the ground that it contravenes the Italian-German commercial treaty.

Owing to the Philippine troubles Manila hemp has risen 50 per cent. German companies will start Manila hemp cul-ture in German East Africa.

Another death, supposed to be due to bubonic plague, occurred at Glasgow, Scotland, Sunday, Ninety-three cases of the disease are now under observation.

Owing to absence of rains, the rice crop in Nanking, China, is a failure and silk weaving is almost at a standstill, 20,000 looms being idle. Maintenance of order is difficult.

Giuseppe, Tomazo, a Venetian who is believed to have been an accomplic of Luigi Lucheni in the assassinati of Empress Elizabeth of Austria, been arrested at Budapest.

The Prussian academy of science received from the Smithsonian In tion an elaborate engrossed addr congratulations upon the recent rence of the academy's bi-centen

River National bank, for an amalgama-tion of all these institutions with the Ninth. The combined capital of the banks is \$2,622,000.