

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL PLATFORM

ADOPTED JUNE 20.

Condemns Monopolies, Indorses the Protective Tariff and Assures the Guardianship of the Flag to Citizens Everywhere.

The following is the complete text of the platform adopted by the Republican National Convention:

The Republicans of the United States through their chosen representatives met in national convention, looking back upon an unsurpassed record of achievement and looking forward into a great field of duty and opportunity, and appealing to the judgment of their countrymen, make these declarations:

The expectation in which the American people, turning from the Democratic party, entrusted power four years ago to a Republican Chief Magistrate and a Republican Congress, has been met and satisfied. When the people then assembled at the polls, after a term of Democratic legislation and administration, business was dead, industry paralyzed and the national credit disastrously impaired. The country's capital was withdrawn and its labor distressed and unemployed. The Democrats had no other plan with which to improve the ruinous conditions which they had themselves produced than to coin silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

Republican Promise Redeemed.

The Republican party, denouncing this plan as sure to produce conditions even worse than those from which relief was sought, promised to restore prosperity by means of two legislative measures—a protective tariff and a law making gold the standard of value. The people by great majorities issued to the Republican party a commission to enact these laws. This commission has been executed and the Republican promise is redeemed. Prosperity more general and more abundant than we have ever known has followed these enactments. There is no longer controversy as to the value of any Government obligation. Every American dollar is a gold dollar and its equivalent, and American credit stands higher than that of any nation. Capital is fully employed and labor everywhere is profitably occupied.

No single fact can more strikingly tell the story of what Republican government means to the country than this—that while, during the whole period of 107 years from 1790 to 1897 there was an increase of exports over imports of only \$38,028,497, there has been in the short three years of the present Republican administration an excess of exports over imports of the enormous sum of \$1,483,537,094.

Purposes and Results of War.

And while the American people, sustained by this Republican legislation, have been achieving these splendid triumphs in their business and commerce, they have conducted and in victory concluded a war for liberty and human rights. No thought of national aggrandizement tarnished the high purpose with which American standards were unfurled. It was a war unsought and patiently resisted, but when it came the American Government was ready. Its fleets were cleared for action. Its armies were in the field, and the quick and signal triumph of its forces on land and sea bore equal tribute to the courage of American soldiers and sailors and to the skill and foresight of Republican statesmanship. To ten millions of the human race there was given "a new birth of freedom," and to the American people a new and noble responsibility.

McKinley's Administration.

We endorse the Administration of William McKinley. Its acts have been established in wisdom and in patriotism, and at home and abroad it has distinctly elevated and extended the influence of the American nation. Walking untried paths and facing unforeseen responsibilities, President McKinley has been in every situation the true American patriot and the upright statesman, clear in vision, strong in judgment, firm in action, always inspiring and deserving the confidence of his countrymen.

Unreliability of Democracy.

In asking the American people to endorse this Republican record and to renew their commission to the Republican party, we remind them of the fact that the menace to their prosperity has always resided in Democratic principles and no less in the general incapacity of the Democratic party to conduct public affairs. The prime essential of business prosperity is public confidence in the sense of the Government and in its ability to deal intelligently with each new problem of administration and legislation. That confidence the Democratic party has never earned. It is hopelessly inadequate, and the country's prosperity, when Democratic success at the polls is announced, halts and ceases in mere anticipation of Democratic blunders and failures.

Stability of the Currency.

We renew our allegiance to the principle of the gold standard and declare our confidence in the wisdom of the legislation of the Fifty-sixth Congress by which the party of all our money and the stability of our currency upon a gold basis has been secured. We recognize that interest rates are a potent factor in production and business activity, and for the purpose of further equalizing and of further lowering the rates of interest, we favor such monetary legislation as will enable the varying needs of the season and of all sections to be promptly met in order that trade may be evenly sustained, labor steadily employed and commerce enlarged. The volume of money in circulation was never so great per capita as it is to-day. We declare our steadfast opposition to the free and unlimited coinage of silver. No measure to that end could be considered which was without the support of the leading commercial countries of the world. However firmly Republican legislation may seem to have secured the country against the peril of base and discredited currency, the election of a Democratic President could not fail to impair the country's credit and to bring once more into question the intention of the American people to maintain upon the gold standard the parity of their money circulation. The Democratic party must be convinced that the American people will never tolerate the Chicago platform.

Combination: Against Trade.

We recognize the necessity and propriety of the honest co-operation of capital to meet new business conditions and especially to extend our rapidly increasing foreign trade, but we condemn all conspiracies and combinations intended to restrict business, to create monopolies, to limit production, or to control prices, and favor such legislation as will effectively restrain and prevent all such abuses, protect and promote competition and secure the rights of producers, laborers and all who are engaged in industry and commerce.

Protection by Tariff.
We renew our faith in the policy of protection to American labor. In that policy our industries have been established, diversified and maintained. By protecting the home market, competition has been stimulated and production cheapened. Opportunity to the inventive genius of our people has been secured and wages in every department of labor maintained at high rates, higher now than ever before, and always distinguishing our working people in their better conditions of life from those of any competing country. Enjoying the blessings of the American common school, secure in the right of self-government and protected in the occupancy of their own markets, their constantly increasing knowledge and skill have enabled them finally to enter the markets of the world. We favor the associated policy of reciprocity so directed as to open our markets on favorable terms for what we do not ourselves produce in return for free foreign markets.

Restriction of Immigration.
In the further interest of American workmen, we favor a more effective restriction of the immigration of cheap labor from foreign lands, the extension of opportunities of education for working children, the raising of the age limit for child labor, the protection of free labor against contract convict labor and an effective system of labor insurance.

The Merchant Marine.
Our present dependence upon foreign shipping for nine-tenths of our foreign carrying is a great loss to the industry of this country. It is also a serious danger to our trade, for its sudden withdrawal in the event of European war would seriously cripple our expanding foreign commerce. The national defense and naval efficiency of this country, moreover, supply a compelling reason for legislation which will enable us to recover our former place among the trade carrying fleets of the world.

The Pension Policy.
The nation owes a debt of profound gratitude to the soldiers and sailors who have fought its battles, and it is the Government's duty to provide for the survivors and for the widows and orphans of those who have fallen in the country's wars. The pension laws, founded in this just sentiment, should be liberally administered, and preferences should be given wherever practicable with respect to employment in the public service to soldiers and sailors and their widows and orphans.

We commend the policy of the Republican party in maintaining the efficiency of the civil service. The Administration has acted wisely in its effort to secure for public service in Cuba, Puerto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippine Islands only those whose fitness has been determined by training and experience. We believe that employment in the public service in these territories should be confined as far as practicable to their inhabitants.

Disfranchisement of the Negro.

It was the plain purpose of the fifteenth amendment to the Constitution to prevent discrimination on account of race or color in regulating the elective franchise. Devices of State governments, whether by statutory or constitutional enactment, to avoid the purpose of this amendment are revolutionary and should be condemned. Public movements looking to a permanent improvement of the roads and highways of the country meet with our cordial approval, and we recommend this subject to the earnest consideration of the people and of the Legislatures of the several States.

Reduction of War Taxes.

The Dingley act amended to provide sufficient revenue for the conduct of the war has so well performed its work that it has been possible to reduce the war debt in the sum of \$40,000,000. So simple are the Government's revenues and so great is the public confidence in the integrity of its obligations that its newly-funded two per cent. bonds sell at a premium. The country is now justified in expecting and it will be the policy of the Republican party to bring about a reduction of the war taxes.

Canal Across the Isthmus.

We favor the construction, ownership, control and protection of an isthmian canal by the Government of the United States. New markets are necessary for the increasing surplus of our farm products. Every effort should be made to open and obtain new markets, especially in the Orient, and the Administration is warmly to be commended for its successful effort to commit all trading and colonizing nations to the policy of the open door in China. In the interest of our expanding commerce we recommend that Congress create a department of commerce and industries, in the charge of a secretary, with a seat in the cabinet. The United States consular system should be reorganized under the supervision of this new department upon such a basis of appointment and tenure as will render it still more serviceable to the nation's increasing trade.

Prosperity Under Bryan.

Suppose the candidate of the Democrats, the Populists, the foes of expansion, the dissatisfied and the envious should come into power, what kind of an Administration would he give us? What would his Cabinet be? Think what an electric spark of confidence would run through every business interest in the country when such a Cabinet was announced as we can readily imagine he would make. More important still, we ask the American people whether they will put in the White House the hero of uncounted platforms, the prodigal spendthrift of words, the champion of free silver, the opponent of expansion, the assailant of the courts; or whether they will retain in the Presidency the Union soldier, the leader of the House of Representatives, the trained statesman who has borne victoriously the heavy burdens of the last four years; the champion of protection and sound money, the fearless supporter of law and order wherever the flag floats?

McKinley's Foreign Policy.

President McKinley has conducted the foreign affairs of the United States with distinguished credit to the American people. In releasing us from the vexatious conditions of a European alliance for the government of Samoa his course is especially to be commended. By securing to our undivided control the most important island of the Samoan group and the best harbor in the Southern Pacific every American interest has been safe-guarded. We approve the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States. We commend the part taken by our Government in the peace conference at The Hague. We assert our steadfast adherence to the policy announced in the Monroe doctrine. The provisions of The Hague convention were wisely regarded when President McKinley tendered his friendly offices in the interest of peace between Great Britain and the South African republics. While the American Government must continue the policy prescribed by Washington, affirmed by every succeeding President and imposed upon us by The Hague treaty, of non-intervention in European controversies, the American people earnestly hope that a way may soon be found, honorable alike to both contending parties, to terminate the strife between them.

The Philippine Problem.
In accepting by the treaty of Paris, the just responsibility of our victories in the Spanish war the President and the Senate won the undoubted approval of the American people. No other course was possible than to destroy Spain's sovereignty throughout the Western Indies and the Philippine Islands. That course created our responsibility before the world and with the unorganized population when our intervention had freed from Spain, to provide for the maintenance of law and order and for the establishment of good government and for the performance of international obligations. Our authority could not be less than our responsibility, and wherever sovereign rights were extended it became the high duty of the Government to maintain its authority, to put down armed insurrection and to confer the blessings of liberty and civilization upon all the rescued peoples. The largest measure of self-government consistent with their welfare and our duties shall be secured to them by law. To Cuba independence and self-government were assured in the same voice by which war was declared and to the letter this pledge shall be performed.

The Republican Determination.

We will not abandon our task. We will neither surrender nor retreat. We will not write failure across this page of our history. We will do our duty, our full duty, to the people of the Philippines, and strive by every means to give them freedom, contentment and prosperity. We have no belief in the old slaveholders' doctrine that the Constitution of this own force marches into every newly-acquired territory, and this doctrine, which we used in 1890, we still reject. We do not mean that the Philippines shall come without our tariff system or become part of our body politic. We do mean that they shall, under our teaching, learn to govern themselves and remain under our flag with the largest possible measure of home rule.

Two Ecumenical Delegates Who Had Rare Experiences.

In attendance upon the conference as delegates are two men who, in their missionary work, have been through as grave perils and as strange experiences, probably, as any living beings, says the New York Sun. They are Robert Laws, doctor of divinity and medicine, who comes from the missions on the shores of Lake Nyassa in Africa, and Dr. John G. Paton, whose life work has been among the cannibal South Sea Islanders of the New Hebrides. "One of the greatest rewards of your work," said a missionary from Japan to Dr. Paton upon his introduction to him, "must be the knowledge that by the spread of Christianity the practices of cannibalism have been rooted out." "It would be," said the venerable missionary, "if it were only so." "Are there still any cannibals remaining in the New Hebrides?" asked the other in surprise. "There are plenty of islands, unfortunately," was the reply, "where cannibalism is constantly practiced, and human flesh is esteemed the greatest delicacy obtainable. The life of an unarmed man wouldn't be worth a moment's purchase on any of those islands. A thing that constantly surprises me," added the doctor as his questioner turned away, "is the prevailing impression here that cannibalism is a thing of the past. Where the missionaries have gained a foothold the practice has been eradicated, though I have known of sporadic outbreaks in the vicinity of the missions. But people here at home do not seem to comprehend the vast extent of the South Sea Islands. There are thousands and tens of thousands of natives who have never seen a missionary and who, perhaps, have never seen a white man of any kind. They eat human flesh to-day, as they have from time immemorial."

SAW A GHOST

In a Cemetery That Danced on Dead Men's Graves.

New Haven (Conn.) Special New York World: To those that are inclined to scoff at the residents near Mapledean cemetery because they are excited over a ghost that dances nightly over new-made graves the point is made that the believers have seen the wrath while the unbelievers have not. For three dark nights many persons have gathered at the cemetery gates, and the ghost, being a well-bred and considerate specter, has not disappointed them. It has walked regularly and danced with its usual grace. Any one who does not believe in ghosts should talk to John Bertram and George E. Backmiller. They laughed at the suggestion of disembodied spirits promenading in a cemetery or anywhere else, and the suggestion that a ghost would dance they declared was manifestly absurd. Last night the young men announced that they would clear up the ghost mystery and placed themselves on guard in the cemetery, thereby winning many compliments for their pluck until the ghost appeared. Then the two brave young men took to their heels and never stopped running until they were exhausted. They said that nothing would persuade them to enter the cemetery again at night so long as the weird manifestations continued. Several spiritualists were among those on guard last night. They also saw the ghost. They explained it by saying that it was a spirit seeking someone it had wronged in life. It has not been determined whether it is a man ghost or a woman ghost, but it is properly attired, according to all traditions, in a long, flowing robe of white. It violates one of the rules of ghosts, however, in that it makes its appearance before midnight. It was about 11 o'clock last night when it suddenly appeared out of nowhere, and after floating about for half an hour melted into thin air in the most approved fashion. From the stories of those who have seen it, the ghost appears to be most capricious in its movements, having no fixity of purpose. Sometimes it moves slowly, and then it darts along. Occasionally it stops. At times it hops from mound to mound, and when it finds a new-made grave executes a curious slow and dignified dance.

Wanted Corpse Stuffed.

In Yorkville a clergyman, the other day, visiting a poor man who had just lost his little boy, endeavored to console him. The poor man burst into tears, and in the midst of his sobs exclaimed: "If 'twarna agn 't'law A should ha' liked to have 't'little beggar stoofted."

TO WOMEN WHO DOUBT.

Every Suffering Woman Should Read this Letter and be Convinced that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Does Cure Female Weakness.

"I have been troubled with female weakness in its worst form for about ten years. I had leucorrhoea and was so weak that I could not do my housework. I also had falling of the womb and inflammation of the womb and ovaries and at menstrual periods I suffered terribly. At times my back would ache very hard. I could not lift anything or do any heavy work; was not able to stand on my feet. My husband spent hundreds of dollars for doctors but they did me no good. After a time I concluded to try your medicine and I can truly say it does all that you claim for it to do.

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BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE,

134 LEONARD STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

It is on these facts that we shall ask for the support of the American people. What we have done is known, and about what we intend to do there is neither secrecy nor deception. What we promise we will perform. Our old policies are here, alive, successful and full of vigor. Our new policies have been begun and for them we ask support.

STRIKING FIGURES.

When the clouds of impending civil war hung dark over the country in 1867 we took up the great task then laid upon us and never flinched until we had carried it through to victory. Now, at the dawn of a new century, with new policies and new opportunities opening before us, in the bright sunshine of prosperity, we again ask the American people to entrust us with their future. We do not distrust their capacity of meeting new responsibilities, even as they met the old, and we shall await with confidence, under the leadership of William McKinley, the verdict of November.

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At the April sale of ostrich feathers in London 57,000 pounds were taken at prices aggregating \$610,000.

Medical Book Free.
"Know Thyself," a book for men only sent free, postpaid, sealed, to any male reader mentioning this paper; 6c. for postage. The Science of Life, or Self-Preservation, the Gold Medal Prize Treatise, the best Medical Book of this or any age. 570 pp., with engravings and prescriptions. Only 25c., paper covers. Library Edition, full gilt, \$1.00. Address The Feabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass., the oldest and best in this country. Write to-day for these books; keys to health.

London newsboys are now prohibited from yelling forth the contents of their wares.

What Shall We Have For Dessert?
This question arises in the family daily. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in 3 min. No boiling! no baking! Simply add a little hot water & set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At grocers, 10c.

Hasbeesh is the cause of 22 out of every hundred cases of insanity in Egypt.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Powder?
It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Itched, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Drugists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Lenoir, N. Y.

More than 1,000 kinds of rubber shoes are made in the United States.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 50c.

Statistics show that women marry later in life than they used to.

A dyspeptic is never on good terms with himself. Something is always wrong. Get it right by chewing Heeman's Peppin Gum.

Of the 3,700 Chinese in New Zealand only twenty-six are females.

E. B. Walcott & Co., Druggists, Horse Cave, Ky., say: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cures every one that takes it." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The animal that first succumbs to extreme cold is the horse.

Uncle Sam uses the best of everything. Uncle Sam uses Carter's Ink. He KNOWS.

In Caffraria cattle constitute the chief currency.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Kidney Remedy. 63 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. J. C. KLINE, Lodi, N. J., or Dr. J. C. KLINE, Lodi, N. J.

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Ten bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and seven packages of Sanative Wash have made a new woman of me. I have had no womb trouble since taking the fifth bottle. I weigh more than I have in years; can do all my own housework, sleep well, have a good appetite and now feel that life is worth living. I owe all to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I feel that it has saved my life and would not be without it for anything. I am always glad to recommend your medicine to all my sex, for I know if they follow your directions, they will be cured."—MRS. ANNIE THOMPSON, South Hot Springs, Ark.

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PASSING YEARS
Look in your mirror today. Take a last look at your gray hair. Its sure-ly may be the last if you want it so; you needn't keep your gray hair a week longer than you wish. There's no guesswork about this; it's sure every time.

AYER'S Hair Vigor
After using it for two or three weeks notice how much younger you appear, ten years younger at least. Ayer's Hair Vigor also cures dandruff, prevents falling of the hair, makes hair grow, and is a splendid hair dressing. It cannot help but do these things, for it's a hair-food. When the hair is well fed, it cannot help but grow. It makes the scalp healthy and this cures the disease that causes dandruff.

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