HARD FIGHT WITH THE FILIPINOS.

AMERICAN LOSSES.

Seven Were Killed and Forty Wounded-Rebell Firmly Entrenched Until Dislodged by Brave Nebraska Soldiera

The Filipinos made a strong resis The Filipinos made a strong realstance against the American advance last Sunday. Before they were discloded from their entrenchments seven Americans were killed. The battle occurred near Quningua seven miles northenst of Malolos.

The following were killed:

Coi, John M. Stootsenburg of the First Nebraska regiment, formerly of the Sixth cavalry; Lieut. Lester E. Sisson of the same regiment; two privates of the Nebraska regiment; three privates of the Fourth cavalry.

Most of the Fourth cavalry.

Most of the wounded, numbering forty, belonging to the First Nebraska regiment. The Filipinos retreated with small loss. The engagement developed into a disastrous though successful fight. The insurgents had a horseshee trench about a mile long encircling a rice field on the edge of a

Maj. Bell, with 40 cavalrymen, countered a strong outpost. One of his men was killed and five were wounded by a volley. The Americans retired, carrying

their wounded under fire, and with great difficulty, being closely pursued, a fog enabling the enemy to creep up

Two men who were carrying a com-

rade were shot in the arms, but they continued with their burden. Maj. Bell sent for reinforcements to rescue the body of the killed cavalryman, and a battation of the Nebraska regiment, under Maj, Mufford, arrived and advanced until checked by volleys

and advanced until checked by voiceys from the enemy's trenches.

The Americans lay about 800 yards from the trenches, behind rice furrows, under fire, for two hours.

Several men were sunstruck, one dying from the effects of the heat, as they lay there waiting for the artillery

to come up. Finally the Second battalion arrived and then Col. Stotsenburg, who had spent the night with his family at Manila, came upon the field. The men immediately recognized him and raised

cheer. Col. Stotsenburg, deciding to charge Col. Stotsenburg, deciding to charge as the cheapest way out of the difficulty, led the attack at the head of his regiment. He fell with a bullet in the breast, dying instantly, about 200 yards from the breastworks.

yards from the breastworks.

Lieut. Sisson fell with a bullet in his heart, the bullet striking him near the pleture of a girl suspended by a ribbon from his neck.

In the meantime the artillery had arrived and shelled the trenches. The Filipines stood until the Nebraska troops were right on the trenches, and then they bolted to the second line of intrenchments, a mile back. intrenchments, a mile back.

The Nebraska regiment lest two privates killed and had many wounded.

including two licutenants.

Thirtiesn dead Ellipinos were found in the trench. Their loss was comparatively small on account of their safe shelter. The Americans carried the second

trene i with small less and are holding the town to-night.

The loss of the Nebraska regiment in the campaign is the greatest sus-tained by any regiment, and Sunday's disaster has greatly saddened officers and men, who promise to take fierce vengeance in the next fight.

DIED AT THE STAKE.

A Southern Mob Fiendishly Tortures a Negro Murderer.

Sam Hose, a negro. Sunday admitted that he had murdered Alfred Cranford at Newman, Ga. He was immediately taken in charge by a desperate southern mob. His fingers and ears were first cut off and distributed among his torturers. He was then tied to a pine tree; brush was piled at his feet and kerosene was poured over his body. The match was applied and the shricks of the suffering negro could be heard for a mile. With his mutilated arms he forced the upper portion of his body forward away from the flames, but was pushed back again. No sooner was he dead than again. No sooner was he dead than the body was cut in pieces and dis-tributed to the mob as mementos. Four thousand persons witnessed the tor-ture and excursion trains were run to the scene of the most barbarous mur-der ever committed in the south.

Manufecture Their Own Cartridges

"A Spanish prisoner recently released by the Filipinos says that the insurgents have 50,000 rifes, plenty of ammunition and 200 pieces of artillery, some of them the latest pattern of quick-firing guns. According to his description of the situation they have established two large cartridge factories, and, as it is impossible for the Americans to blockade such a coast as that of Luson, the Filippinos can easily that of Luzon, the Filippinos can easily procure from abroad everything they require. The informant asserts that require. The informant asserts that Chinese, European and even American merchants doing business in China are helping the Filipinos in this way.

nother Consumption Cure.

In a paper read before the Young Men's club, of Albany, N. Y. recently on "Defective development and diseases, with special reference to the curability of consumption and cancer," Dr. Veeder, of Lyons, N. Y., said that consumption in five cases out of six is a curable disease because of certain peculiarities of the bacilius on which it depends.

peculiarities of the bacilius on which it depends.

The cure, Dr. Veeder says, is simple, and consists in lowering the temperature of the lungs to a degree or so below normal, which causes the death of the germ, explaining that the tubercle bacilius will, only live at a temperature closely approximating that of the body. This is accomplished by a system which the doctor has perfected in the course of two years' study.

Smokeless and Noiseless

Smokeless and Noiseless.

Two remarkable military inventions are announced at Vienna. An Austrian colonel has designed a quick-firing gun surpassing all previous inventions. Its advantages are not only in the great range and rapidity of fire, but it causes no smoke, flash nor report, being practically noiseless.

A boy of 17, named Mapan, has also invented a weapon, discharging 60 shots in a quarter nour, requiring only 13 cartridges and only one loading.

New Ministers Named.

The following diplomatic charges have been announced: W. W. Rockhill. now minister to Greece, has resigned that position: Arthur Sherburn Hardy, of New Hampshire, now minister to Persia, has been promoted to succeed Mr. Rockhill, William P. Lord, ex-governor of Oregon, has been appointed minister to Persia. John N. Irwin, of Iowa, formerly governor of Idaho, has been appointed minister to Portugal to succeed Lawrence Tewns

TERSE TELEGRAMS.

Colonel M. Lewis Clark the famous turfman, shot himself at Atemphis. In Nebraska people along the low lands are flying from the rising Mis-souri river.

At Notre Dame, Ind., Thursday Prof. Green telegraphed a mile and a half without wires.

James Farrell, aged 19, of Pittsburg, had both legs taken off by an electric ear last Sunday. Two Warren (Pa.) buildogs are said to have killed 250 fowls before venge-

ance overtook them.

Emil Eypstra killed his 5-year-old son with a butcher knife at Chicago last Thursday. He is insane.

The Pennsylvania legislature ad-journed last Thursday without electing a senator to succeed Matt Quay.

Edmond Rostand, author of "Cyrane de Bergerac' has become mentally deranged, following prolonged insom-

The Toledo (O.) city committee on railroads will report, it is believed, in favor of a street line to be built by the

city.
Southerners are agitated because
Bryan banqueted with negroes at the
Jefferson celebration in New York last

The Oliver Mining Company (Carne-gle) purchased all the property of the Lake Superior Iron Company in the

ore region. Two villages in the province of Rio ja, Argentine republic, have been de-stroyed by carthquake. Many persons were killed.

Rev. Benson Hogan was sentenced to prison for three years at Ft. Worth, Tex., last Tuesday. He admitted hav-

ing five wives. Twelve men were drowned and 13 are still missing from the steamer Gen-eral Whitney, which sunk off the eral Whitney Florida coast.

Rudyard Kipling sued G. P. Put-nam's Sons and four other firms of publishers for \$25,000 for alleged in-fringement of copyrights.

At Fergus Falls, Minn., Duffy Riorson and Martin Dahl have died from drinking ginger ale, which they had flavored with lemon extract.

Dynamite was used last Tuesday to open the vaults of the savings bank at Haydenville, Mass. The burglars were frightened away before they secured any money. The entire National Guard, of Ohio

has been wiped out. A new military organization will take the place of the disbanded one which was very neglect-ful in obeying orders.

An international copper combine, with a capital of over \$400,000,000, was said to have been formed. A \$50,000,000 company were also organized. The steamship Glenogle collided with

The steamship Glenogic coinical with the City of Kingston off Brown's Point near Tacoma, Wash, last Sunday. The City of Kingston was cut in two but all of her passengers were rescued.

The Senatorial contest in Florida ended Thursday with the first joint ballot of the Legislature. Taliaferro received 59 votes, Pasco 30 and Call 6, 51 votes being required for an election. The mutilated body of Miss Adelaide

Tucker, an aged and wealthy woman who lived alone on Lookout mountain, Tenn., was found in her residence. It is supposed tramps committed the mur-

Five thousand Cherokee Indians, dissatisfied with conditions in the res-cryation in Oklahoma, left for Mexico to establish a union reservation on a large tract near Guadalajara. They

An association has just been formed at Troy, N. Y., having in view the establishing of a cemetery to be used exclusively for pet animals and birds. The association is known as the Deliwood national cemetery.

Prof. Jerome J. Green continued his experiments in wireless telegraphy in Chicago Sunday with success. He sent signals from the life saving station to a moving tug on the lake for a dis-

The recent demonstration upon the part of the German societies of Chi-cago, in condemnation of any at-tempt to cause trouble between the United States and Germany, has been hailed with great satisfaction by the newspapers in Berlin.

The British steamer Manukee had some queer experiences on her trip from Turkey to New York where she arrived last Thursday. She passed through a snaw and dust storm and encountered several gigantic water spouts.

encountered several gigantic water spouts.

The Sherbourne school, a boarding institution for boys, located in the sub-urban town of San Rafael, near San Francisco, was burned Sunday. There were a number of daring rescues, but Charles Armstrong, the 6-year-old son of an army officer now in Manila, rushed into the burning building and was lost.

An order for 45 locomotives from the government of India has been received at Philadelphia, the order covering various sizes, including many especially adapted to mining districts. The Baldwin locomotive works has just finished the first locomotive of the 30 recently ordered by the Midland rallway of England.

The board of trustees of Carnerie lie

way of England.

The board of trustees of Carnegie library, at Pittsburg, have received a communication from Andrew Carnegie offering \$1,750,000, to be used in erecting the much-needed addition to the library building. The offer was discussed, accepted, and the building committee was directed to prepare finished plans for consideration by the trustees.

Three Orphans Burned.

The orphans' home at Berne, Adams county, Ind., was destroyed by fire Thursday morning. There was a terrible panic among the 57 inmates, three of whom were burned to death. The dead are: Katle Diddelbaker, 14 years of age, of Cleyeland; Mamie Braddick, 15 years of age, of Chicago; Adelia Taylor, aged 7, of Linn Grove, Ill.

The fire started from a stove in the The fire started from a stove in the third story and swept through the frame building with terrible intensity. Many of those sleeping on the third floor were rescued by being passed from the windows of that floor to a portice on the second flor, and then to the ground. The damage to the home is estimated to be \$5,000. The home contained inmates from nearly all the central states.

Canada Will Retaliate.

Canada Will Retailate.

A special to the Globe from Ottawa says: "If, as a private wire from Washington states, the McKinley cabinet is serious,y considering the advisability of granting the demand of the Michigan lumber men, that Canadian lumber be excluded from the United States, and if they decide upon taking such a step the consequence, so far as the Canadian administration is concerned, will be the immediate imposition of an export duty on nickel ore and matte, as the mass nickel.

QUAY ACQUITTED OF CONSPIRACY

APPOINTED SENATOR.

Gov. Stone, on Hearing of the Decision, Selecti Him to Represent the State Until the Next Meeting of the Legislature

Senator Matthew Stanley Quay of Pennsylvania was last Friday acquitted of the charges of conspiracy to defraud the state of Pennsylvania. by using the funds deposited in the Peoples Bank of Philadelphia,

The senator was nearly mobbed in the court room by people who desired to shake his hand. He escaped in the narrowest way from being carried down the corridor to the elevator on the backs of his friends, like a captain of a virging football lean. He was the backs of his friends, like a captain of a winning football team. He was cheered, jostled, grabbed, pulled, mauled and shoved on his way down Broad street to the office of his law-yer, Mr. Shapley, and only the fact that his admirers couldn't get near him, in the crowd, prevented a woman from fulfilling her loudly expressed determination to kiss him.

that his admirers couldn't get near him, in the crowd, prevented a woman trom fulfilling her loudly expressed determination to kiss him.

The charges against Senator Quny followed the collapse of the Peoples bank in March, 1898, and the examination of its books by a receiver. The warrants were issued in the following October, and included besides Mr. Quay and his son the names of Attorney Charles H. McKee of Pittsburg and ex-State Treasurer Benjamin J. Haywood. On November 21 the grand jury found true bills against min J. Haywood. On November 21
the grand jury found true bills against
all but Mr. McKee. The suicide of
Cashier, Hopkins just prior to the
bank's failure prevented his coming
within the scope of criminal action.
The indictments were five in number.
These were reduced to four by the
death of Mr. Haywood on Pebruary
23, 1899.

One week after true bills had been found counsel for Mr. Quay and the other defendants filed demurrers to four of them, and moved to quash the fifth. Judge Finletter on December 1 decided against the defendants. Counsel then carried the case of the Coursel then carried the case of the other contentions, that the prosecution was actuated by political motives which would prevent an impartial trial in this county. The supreme court declined to interfere. The trial was set for February 20, and was postponed until the 27th, when it was again postponed until Monday of last week. As the statute of limitations does not bar the commonwealth instituting civil proceedings, it has been suggested that civil suits might be entered

that civil suits might be entered against Senator Quny to recover inter-est money. Receiver Barlow of the Peoples bank said that no such suit

Peoples bank said that no such was contemplated at present.

Immediately on receipt of the news that Col. Quay was acquitted of the charges against him, Gov. Stone of the charges against appointed him United Pennsylvania appointed him United States senator to fill the vacancy to till the next legislature meets, and no-tified Vice President Hobart as fol-

tified Vice President Hobart as fol-lows:

"Harrisburg, Pa., April 21, 1899.
"To the President of the United States Senate, Washington, D. C.;
"Sir—By virtue of the power vested in me as executive of the State of Pennsylvania, under article I., clause 2, section 3, of the Constitution of the United States, I hereby make tem-porary appointment of the Hon, Mat-thew Stanley Quay to be United States senator from Pennsylvania until the senator from Pennsylvania until the next meeting of the legislature of Pennsylvania, to fill the vacancy existing in this state. Very respectfully, "WILLIAM A. STONE, "Governor of Pennsylvania."

LYNCHED IN HIS CELL.

Masked Men Administer the Law to a Murderer.

Will Harden was shot to death in his cell at the county jail, at Clinton. Ark., Wednesday morning by a mob of about lifty masked men. Harden was accused of murdering Hugh Patterson and seriously wounding several members of the latter's family in December. 1897. Harden and Lee Mills were arrested for the crime. Several attempts to lynch them were frustrated, and an attempt on the part of friends to liberate them resulted in a guard being killed. being killed.

Mills was convicted on Harden's testimony, and he paid the death penalty several months ago. Harden was convicted last September and sentenced to death, but his case has since been in the courts on appeal.

Cannot be Aroused.

An extraordinary case of catalepsy now occupies the attention of the Philadelphia medical profession. The case is that of Julia Jones, aged 19. She was a strong, healthy girl up to within a month ago, when, without ap-parent cause, her mind seemed to have become affected in some inexplicable

The first and most alarming result was that the young woman lapsed into a sleeping condition rom which during the last four weeks it has been impos-sible to arouse her. She has not been unconscious during this time, but she does not answer questions addressed to her. To all appearances she had been alive to her surroundings and yet totally indifferent to them. So far the case has been a puzzle to medical men.

C. E. Allen, the reputed president of the Ohio Clay Manufacturing com-pany, with headquarters at East Liv-erpool. O., is being sought by the po-lice authorities of East Liverpool and Allegheny, Pa., on charges of obtain-ing money under false pretenses. Claims aggregating \$2,000 are filed against Allen in East Liverpool and 18 attachments were taken out against attachments were taken out against the company Monday night.

OUR NEW POSSESSIONS.

Clarksburg, W. Va., has secured one of the Vizcaya's guns. The only volunteers remaining Cuba are some immunes.

American teachers only receive \$50 month in Porto Rican schools. Spaniards at Havana say they will leave the island if United States troops

are withdrawn.

There were 288 deaths in Havana during the fortnight ending April 15.

It is calculated that the Cuban soldiers will get but \$75 each out of the \$3,000,000 to be distributed by the United States. are withdrawn.

The Spanish commissioners tried to enter Aguinaldo's lines to treat for the

enter Aguinaldo's lines to treat for the release of prisoners, but were turned back by the insurgents' outposts.

Gen. Nodrase, of the Cuban army, who has heretofore been friendly toward Gen. Gomez, Wednesday resigned command of the Cuban troops in Havana province. He announces that he sides with Grn. Mayia Rodrigues against Dames.

THE BEEF INQUIRY.

More Than Thirty Thousand Dollars Expended and Indications Are That No One Will Be Frund Gullty.

The Beef Court of Inquiry will shortly complete its labors and from indications blame will be attached to

shortly complete its labors and from indications blame will be attached to no one. There may be some mild censure, but all will go free. Considering the enormous amount of money which has been expended in conducting the investigations the people expect some return for their money and would be satisfied if a number of the guilty ones were heavily punished.

Assuming that the Wade Court of Inquiry will report and be dissolved by April 30, it will have cost the taxpayers fully \$20,000.

Here is an estimate of the items of expense: Conbined salaries of officers composing the court, \$5,000; allowances to members of court, \$5,000; allowances to members of court, \$1,000; trips to Chicago, Omaha, Kansas City, New York and elsewhere, \$2,000; expertses of witnesses, \$5,000; stemographers and typewritting, \$2,000; printing of testimony and report. \$1,000, rent of quarters, \$300; expert testimony and chemical analysis, \$1,000, incidentals, \$1,000. Total, \$19,300.

The court will conclude the taking of testimony this week, It doubtless will take the rest of the month for deliberation upon the conclusions to be reached. Only two more witnesses will be heard, although General Miles has submitted the names of a number.

reached. Only two more witnesses will be heard, although General Miles has submitted the names of a number. In retusing to hear further from Miles' witnesses, the Court admits that there has been an abundance of evidence to

has been an abundance of evidence to prove the charges.
Secretary Alger will be absolved from all blame. It will be reported that there has been no evidence showing collusion between the Secretary and the beef contractors. The beef combine has worked hard to make a fayprable showing, but the findings will undoubtedly sustain General Miles, even though it is in a mild way.

As for General Egan, the friends of General Miles do not expect a recom-As for General Egan, the Itherape General Miles do not expect a recommendation that he be courtmartialed. It may be found that he erred in judgment, but it will be alleged that none of his acts was a willful violation of military law.

A CHEERFUL BURGLAR.

Chats With a Bank President While He Rots

His Room. Mr. Sherman, president of the Bank of Commerce, of New York, had an interesting experience with a burglar early Thursday morning. He awoke to find the intruder walking about his room and spoke to him thinking he was one of the servants. The burglar walked to the bedside, told Mr. Sherman who he was, cautioned him to keep quiet and thereby avoid unnecessary trouble. The two men engaged keep quiet and thereby avoid unneces-sary trouble. The two men engaged in conversation while the burglar gathered together Mr. Sherman's watch and a few highly prized trin-kets. Mr. Sherman offered to pay the burglar any reasonable sum and guaranteed immunity from arrest if he would leave the trinkets and call at the bank, but the man laughingly refused the proposition, saving he had at the bank, but the man laughingly refused the proposition, saying be had better take what was in sight. When he had secured as much plunder as he cared about the burglar warned Mr. Sherman not to give the alarm too quick as something might happen to him. He then bade him good morning and made his escape.

ACCUSES HIS WIFE

A Dying Physician Tells Who Has Been Giving Him Poison.

Him Poison.

Dr. B. E. Patton, a physician who is known throughout three states as a specialist in the cure of cancer, the proprietor of a large sanitarium at Terre Haute, Ind., is at the point of death from what he claims is the effect of arsenic and chloroform poison administered by his wife. For rome months the physician has been losing strength. Dr. Patton has reiterated in the hearing of his brother physicians that his wife was the cause of his condition.

Mrs. Julia Patton, the accused woman, has filed proceedings for a divore.

an, has filed proceedings for a divorce and is now at one of her farms near New Market, Ind. She has been mar-ried four times, and is worth something over \$100,000 No steps have yet been taken to ap-prehend her.

AN AMERICAN PROTECTORATE

Payored for the Present by Gen. Gomes Cuba

General Maximo Gomez has determined to announce to the people of Cuba his support of an American protectorate until such time as a stable independent government may be

founded.

General Gomez has made it known that he intends to take this step after consulting the views of the leading men of his following. He is content to co-operate with the Americans until the island is pacified, the rural police organized, the Cuban soldiery at work and insular reconstruction far advanced. No definite period for the occupation by the Americans will be mentioned, but the manifesto will favor a cessation of the agitation for the immediate withdrawal of the United States troops.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Chinese Minister Wu's resignation is Chinese Minister Wu's resignation is officially denied. He has left for Spain, to which country he is also accredited. Gen. Brooke cables from Cuba that typhoid fever among the troops in Porto Principe has been reduced to the minimum.

Representative Sereno Payne, of lew York, announced himself a candi-ate for speaker of the House of Representatives.

Representatives.
Ratifications of the new extradition treaty between the United States and Mexico were on Saturday exchanged at the City of Mexico.

Spain has selected the duke of Tetuna as her delegate to the international peace conference, which meets at The Hague next month.

The affairs of the ladies' committee in charge of the battleship Maine relief fund were closed at a meeting Wednesday, when it was reported \$30,000 had been received and distributed among dependent families. Of this over \$10,000 came from naval officers and seamen.

Chance for Marriageable Girls.

Chancs for Marriageable Girls.

In consequence of the complaints of French colonists that it is impossible for them to find French wives, unless they return home, the Ministry of the Colonies intends to install a central emigration office for women in Paris, with branches in the country.

Approved maldens who are considered suitable for colonial marriages will be provided with a wedding outfit costing \$50, with \$20 pocket money and with a free passage to the colony selected. The first experiments will be made in Madagascar.

BOGUS MONEY MAKERS CAPTURED

SHREWD DETECTIVES.

Secret Service Men Run Down the Counterfeit ers Who Had Circulated the Spurious 6:00 Silver Certificates.

The Secret Service department has caused the arrest of four men who were engaged in making and circulat

The Secret Service department has caused the arrest of four men who were engaged in making and circulating \$100 silver certificates. The capture is one of the most important in the history of the department and was made Thursday in Philadelphis by Chief John E. Whike and his agents, when they arrested Arthur Taylor and Baldwin S. Bredell, the makers of the famous counterfeit "Monroe head" \$100 silver certificate.

These arrests were followed by the capture in Lancaster. Pa., of William M. Jacobs and William L. Kending, two prominent cigar manufacturers, and James Burns, who was in Jacobs' employ. There were also captured the original plate from which the silver certificates were printed: a new \$100 counterfeit plate and a new \$59 plate, and also three sets of plates for the printing of counterfeit revenue stamps, rolls, other paraphernalia, and about five tons of paper and a large amount of counterfeit stamps. The "Monroe head" plate, and also the stamp plate and the other materials, were found in Lancaster, where the printing was done. The plates for the new \$100 note and the \$50 note were found in Philadelphia.

The officers have taken possession of the factories of the cigar makers, and have also attached their bank account. Taylor and Bredell, it its said, were captured while actually at work on the new plates. They are young men who were employed in Philadelphia by different firms, but some time ago started in business for themselves. They are said to be expert engravers and never before have been under suspicion. The men will be brought before the United States Commissioner and will undoubtedly be brought to trial at the earliest possible moment. They are said to be expert engravers and never before have been under suspicion. The silver certificate, which was first discovered a year ago last fall by an official of the Spb-Treasury at Philadelphia, was probably the most dangerous counterfeit. After a most careful search, however, a distinguishing mark was discovered which decided in the entire issue of man

of dollars. At the same time he sent warnings to all parts of the country, fully describing the note. This prompt action balked the counterfeiters at the very beginning. Although not less than 100 notes were issued, only about 26 have been dis-covered.

Plans were set on foot to apprehend Plans were set on foot to apprehend the counterfeiters, and, acting on the advice of Assistant Secretary Vanderlip, John E. Wilkle, a newspaper man of Chicago, who was known to have done some very clever detective work, was sent for and placed in charge of the Secret Service Bureau. He immediately laid his plans and, on February 1, 1898, found the clew which resulted in important captures. From the very first appearence of the notes Secretary Gage and Assistant Secre-Secretary Gage and Assistant Secre-tary Vanderlip have taken a great in-terest in the capture of the culprits, and during the last 14 months have been in close touch with every move that has been made, and have ma-terially assisted Chief Wilkie in his long hunt.

MAY BE REPRIMANDED.

Capt. Corbian Tells of the Germans' Conduct at

The German ambassador, Dr. von Holleben, called on Secretary Hay a few days ago, which led to reports that attention of the state department had been called to the remarks of Capt. Coghlan of the cruiser Raleigh at a New York banquet Friday, relating his personal observations of a rebuke and threat administered by Admiral Dewey to the German naval com-manders at Manila. It was stated positively, however, that no protest or representations were made.

representations were made. In naval quarters there is a dispo-sition to regard Capt. Coghlan's state ments as giving some rather ugly truths, which have hitherto been glossed over on grounds of public pol-icy, Secretary Long is reported to have communicated with Capt. Coghlan, deprecating his reported remarks, and asking if he had been correctly re-

Wrong Man Sentenced.

Hirsch Coppelman, who pleaded guilty a month ago to swindling Jacob Bernstein of Cleveland out of siz,000 by means of the gold-brick scheme, was a few days ago sentenced by Judge Newburger, at New York, to four years and ten months in prison. Saul Jacobs is now serving a sentence of seven and a half years in Sing Sing prison for the crime committed by prison for the crime committed by Coppelman, who was arrested in Chi-cago after having made a confession to Minnie Jacobs, the daughter of Saul

Miss Jacobs searched the country for the real offender in order to effect the release of her father. A petition is now being signed for the pardon of Jacobs. It will be sent to Gov. Roose-

CABLE FLASHES.

The success of wireless telegraphy is beginning to depress cable stocks in London. Just as King Humbert was leaving

the station at Cagliari, Italy, las Tuesday, the depot roof fell in killing

one man.

Senor Antonio Gonzales de Mendoza, who has been choosen president of the newly-constituted supreme court at Havana, is one of the best-known law-64 years of age and the head of the disby all classes and all parties. He is 64 yers of age and the head of the distinguished family.

The English weekly press generally encouraged the American administration in its policy of imperialism. The retreat of General Lawton from Santa Cruz was alleged to be a scheme of the administration, which feared American losses would strengthen the anti-imperialist party in this country at the next election.

An Order for 38,000 Riffes.

An Order for 38,000 Rifles. An order for \$2,000 Remington rifles has been placed by the Mexican government in New York City. This order is the largest placed in the past 25 years.

THEIR FATE UNKNOWN.

The Yorktown Rad Detailed a Number of Men to Effect the Rescue of Spanish Priests and Soldiers.

The Filipinos have captured an offleer and fourteen of Admiral Dewey's

men.

The Yorktown visited Buler, Lauson, cast coast of Luzon, P. I., April 12, for the purpose of rescuing and bringing away the Spanish forces, consisting of eighty soldiers, three officers and two priests, which were surrounded by 400 insurgents. Some of the insurgents armed with Mauser rifles attacked Lieut. J. C. Gilmore and his men while they were drawing near and captured them. Admiral Dewey cabled that their fate was unknown as the insurgents refused to communicate afterward.

ward.
The following are missing:
Lieut. J. C. Gilmore, Chief Quartermaster W. Waiton, Coxewain J. Ellaworth, gunners mate H. J. Hygard,
salimakers mate Vendgrit, seamen W.
H. Hynders and C. W. Woodbury, apprentices D. W. A. Venville, A. J. Peterson, Ordinary seamen F. Brisolene,
O. B. McDonald, landsmen L. T. Edwards, F. Anderson, J. Dillon, C. A.
Morrisely.
The capture of the Yorktown's men

capture of the Yorktown's men

Morrisely.

The capture of the Yorktown's men was discussed with much feeling in mayal circles. At Washington the misfortune was felt with added keenness, as the navy has prided itself thus far on immunity from reverses.

That the capture should have been effected while the American forces were on a mission of mercy toward the Spaniards, rather than in the prosecution of a campaign, led to the belief that Spain would have no further ground for questioning the good faith with which the Americans were seeking to relieve the condition of the Spanish prisoners.

Although the dispatch gave no indication that Lieut. Glimore and his men had lost their lives, yet great anxiety was aroused by the mystery surrounding their fate while in the hands of an uncivilized enemy. This is the first captures of any Americans, military or naval, so that it is unknown how the insurgents will treat our men.

NOT A NEW EXPERIENCE.

English Generals Have Often Fone What Americans Are Now Doing.

The "London Times," commenting editorially upon Major General Lawton's retirement from the Laguna de Bay district in Luzon, finds in it nething surprising or discouraging.

"British generals have often had to do the samething," says the "Times," "in similar circumstances. A much graver matter is the reported discontent of the American troops, but here also all countries pursuing a foreign policy have had the same difficulties to contend with, and no doubt the United States will soon find it advisable to imitate European measures and to enlist a regular force for the purpose of holding the Philippines. Foreign possessions cannot be hald by volunteers."

volunteers,"
Maj. Gen. Brooke, the governor general of Cuba, has approved the plan of the Cuban General Monteaguedo to establish in Santa Clara a rural guard of 500 men, with Monteaguedo as its commander and Col. Consuegra as second in command.

STRUCK THE SHOALS.

Schroner's Crew, Consisting of Eleven Men

Drowned-Iwo Escaped.
The fishing schooner Eliza, of Bever-The fishing schooner Eliza, of Beverly, Capt. Hopkins, which sailed from Hyannis Wednesday for fishing grounds, struck on Ross and Crown shouls, Mass., during the night, and it of the crew of H men were lost. The three survivors reached Siasconnet in the schooner's dory. They report that the schooner's dory. They report that the schooner is a total loss. Following are the names of the lost members of the crew:

Capt. Martin M. Hopkins, Seth Hopkins, Emerson Hopkins. Oscar Hopkins, Lorenzo Smith, cook, John Smith, Herbert Smith, Kinsman Smith, Moses Bethel, John Mathewson, James Mathewson.

hewson. Seth and Emerson Hopkins were brothers of the captain, Oscar Hop-kins was his cousin. John and Herbert Smith and John and Jame

hewson were brothers, TO RELIEVE VOLUNTEERS,

Fourteen Thousand Regulars Will be Sent to

Fourteen thousand regulars are to be sent to reinforce General Otis at Manila as soon as the necessary marine transportation can be provid-

It is not expected that the bulk of the large body of reinforcements can reach Manila until the end of the rainy season, which has just begun; but they will closely follow the departure from the Philippines of the volunteers. from the Philippines of the volunteers. With the regular troops already ordered and on the way to Manila, General Otis will have an effective force of 21,728 men, in addition to the recruits being sent every few days for the regiments already in the Philippines. This force is to be raised to 25,000 men by the time aggressive operations can be pressed in the early autumn.

DEFY THE LAW.

San Francisco Newspapers Will Not Attach Sig-natures to Personal Articles.

The newspaper signature law as passed by the recent California legislature went into effect last Wednesday, and, as many papers in the state, including all the San Francisco dailies,

including all the San Francisco dallies, will pay no attention to it, there will probably be some lively times for Caliornia journalism.

The law provides that all published newspaper articles that reflect on any person's character, or tend to hold him up to ridicule or contempt, and articles reflecting on the memory of the dend shall be signed by in writer.

The penalty is a fine of \$1,000 for each violation, \$500 of the fine going to the person who brings action against the offending newspaper. The newspaper publishers hold that the law is unconstitutional and will fight it in the courts. courts.

After Minnesota Volunteer The governor of Minnesota Tue

sent a message to the Legislature urging action looking to the speedy return from Manila of the Third Minnesota volunteess. He states all appeals addressed to the President and the war department have been ignored "save in a few individual cases that were influenced by partisanship." We asserts the volunteers are being had contrary to law and he has been notified by Colonel Ames that the regimen desired unanimously to return home. return from Manila of the Thirteenth