CLARK OF MONTANA.

A MILLIONAIRE AND STILL AN HONEST MAN.

He Made His Money by Having the Foresight to Embrace Rare Opportunities - An Income of \$5,000 a

William A. Clark, United States senater-elect, will be an interesting personality among the personalities that makes up the body to which he will go as the accredited representative of the state of Montana. This is not solely because he is enormously wealthy, but also because of the qualities which have enabled him to amass his riches, he having won his vast fortune by pure personal effort and by seizure of opportunity. When a man who is an art lover and a judge of art, who knows the value of books, can look back and see himself a penniless boy, some one deserves credit. In Mr Clark's case no one deserves credit but himself. Mr. Clark is a Democrat, and has contributed liberally to the campaign funds.

At a fair estimate Mr. Clark's wealth may be stated to be about \$30,000,000. and his daily income about \$5,000. Its accumulation began when he was a mere boy at labor. Now his capitalist operations reach from one tide water to the other. In old Mexico is the impulse of his resources felt. In Europe painters and sculptors know his name and respect his judgment. He owns mines of gold and silver; he extracts sugar from beats; he operates coal mines and railroads; he owns a factory for the manufacture of copper wire; he is beginning to grow coffee, sugar-cane and rubber and may be come a grower of tea; he is a broker

and a stock grower.

The scale on which each of these enterprises is conducted is large, and

His lucklest investment, though, was in the Verde copper mine at Jarome, Ariz. Other eapitalists had a chance at it before Mr. Clark, but their experts reported it to be valueless. Mr. Clark examined it personally, conducted his own tests, bought the property, and owns it today. The mine is the greatest producer of copper in the world, not excepting the great Anahas a standing offer of \$20,000,000 for

For a number of years Mr. Clark has traveled in Europe. A few years ago while in Germany he became interested in the beet sugar industry. He studied it from the standpoint of a chemist and a business man, and as a result he made some experiments in the culture of the beet in Southern California. So satisfactory was the result that he purchased 10,000 acres of land in the vicinity of Las Alimitos, built a factory, equipped it with the latest and best machinery, and this year he will extract the sugar from 350,000 tons of sugar beets at his factory. Five years ago he bought a tract of 32,000 acres of wild land in Old Mexico, eighty miles from Vera Cruz, on the gulf. It has been cleared and sugar cane, coffee and rubber will be the products. To get the best results from the copper produced by his Arizona mine Mr. Clark has built at Elizabethport, N. J., a factory for the production of copper wire. It is known as the W. A. Clark Wire Works, and has a capacity of 100 tons of copper wire every twenty-four hours.

Mr. Clark is a widower, and has three sons and a daughter. The lat-ter is married to Dr. E. M. Culver of New York. Of the sons two are at school in the east, while the eldest, Charles W., is married and lives at Butte. Mr. Clark is now building for his daughter in New York a magnificent residence, which will be the home of his art treasures.

There will be few men in the senate

SENATOR CLARK.

yet Mr. Clark finds time to keep abreast | better linguists than Mr. Clark. He of the latest in literature, in science and in art, and he has a knowledge of public affairs and men that many with far more leisure lack. Truly a marvelous stride from the days when he taught school in a country district in Missouri in 1859-60.

Mr. Clark was born January 8, 1839, near Connellsville, Pa. From Pennsylvania his parents moved to Van Buren County, lowa. The elder Clark was a farmer, and the son had three months of winter school and nine months of farm work. Later he attended Laurel Hill academy, and afterward an academy at Mount Pleasant, where he studied law for two years. In 1859 he went to Missouri, taught a country school for a year, and then went fur-ther westward. In 1862 he crossed the plains to Colorado, locating at Central City, where he engaged in quartz min-There he gained the practical experience that has been of such value

The next year the news of the gold finds in Montana reached him, and he started for the new Eldorado. The first he made \$1,500 net. He realfred that there was more money in merchandising than in placer mining. and with \$1,500 he went to Salt Lake City, bought all the goods he could, and returned with them to Virginia City, wheer they were disposed of at us profits. For several years he followed up this business, and in 1868 the original cash capital of \$1,500 had grown to as many thousands. Then he formed a partnership with R. W. Donnell of New York for the purpose of carrying on a mercantile and banking business. Deer Lodge was selected, and the bank was located there until 1884. Then Mr. Clark bought Mr. Donnell's interest, moved the bank to Butte, and today it is one of the leading private banks of the

In 1872 Mr. Clark purchased a group of reines near Butte, and they proved to be fabulously rich. To equip him-self to manage his own business he k a course in the mining depart-nt at Columbia college, New York. has kept his mining studies up, and while he employs mining studies up, he is personally the final judge of value when a purchase is to be made. He has acquired mine after mine in the Butte district, and now owns a score of the richest and most famous.

is a fluent conversationalist in French. German and Spanish, having studied those languages under the best masters abroad, while no one will be able to find a flaw in his every-day English. How a man with the multitude of enterprises Mr. Clark has had on his hands could find the time to study and equip himself intellectually to the extent he has is more marvelous than his ability to amass millions.

Much has been said about his art collections. During his visits to Europe he has gathered more than 100 of the best works of the masters of the Barbizon school. He has what is recognized as Fortuny's greatest work in his collection, besides the works of Corot, Delacroix, Von Morche and half a dozen others.

His one ambition since Montana was admitted into the union has been to represent the state in the United States senate. He was elected by the first legislature, but the senate seated his republican contestant. Again in 1892 he made the race, but his unrelenting enemy, Marcus Daly, forced a deadlock, and Mr. Clark failed to win by two votes, after a fight of sixty days. This time he has beaten his old enemy, though he had to go outside of his own party for help to do it.

A Curious Collection.

A young lady, the daughter of a west of England country gentleman, prides herself on possessing what is probably the most numerous collection of luggage and hotel labels in existence. In the albums in which the specimens are pasted are to be found labels from all quarters of the globe. San Francisco hotels are represented by fully half a dozen specimens. There are no fewer than 156 from railways and hotels of the Indian Empire, Canada, Samos, New Zealand, China, Japan, Cairo, Russia, Asiatic Turkey, All have their sections allotted to them.

Lesoties Fall Dead.

Leeches, when applied to persistent cigarette smokers, drop off dead, distinct traces of the dangerous empy-reumatic oil given off by tobacco being de. found in them. Strangely enough, the in name experiment tried upon excessive pipe smokers resulted in no apparent us. Injury to the lesohes. PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

By a vote of 73 nays to 57 years the bill to increase salaries of county officials in Allegheny county was defeated in the house Tuesday. This afternoon the vote was reconsidered and the bill passed finally.

The bill authorizing transfers of wholesale and retail liquor licenses from one place to another passed third reading and was laid aside for final passage.

reading and was laid aside for final passage.

The house Wednesday morning worked industriously on the second reading calendar, and many bills passed this stage. Among new bills presented were these:

Mr. Schoffstall of Northumberland, fan act for the protection of railroad employes by providing that railroads shall adjust fill or block the frogs, switches and guard rails on their tracks, with the exception of guard rails on bridges.

By R. M. Foster of Center caunty, appropriating \$180,000 for the use of

By R. M. Foster of Center county, appropriating \$180,000 for the use of Pennsylvania state college.

"If 22 years of age or upward be shall have paid within two years a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election."

land it least one month before the election.

In the house Thursday morning Representative Robert McWhinney had a resolution passed asking Gov. Stone to name May I next as Dewey Day, and have it observed as a legal holiday. The suggestion was opposed by Mr. Fow, of Philadelphia, on the ground that it was unwarranted interference with the rights of business men of the state.

The Keegan bill, providing for the weighing of coal at bituminous and semibituminous mines, and for the payment of the same by weight, was taken up on a special order and passed

payment of the same by weight, was taken up on a special order and passed third reading, after it had been amended to allow persons who have declared their intention to become cit-izens of the United States to hold the

declared their intention to become cittzens of the United States to hold the
position of check-weighman.

P. J. Boyle, of Luzerne, read in
place an act authorizing councils of
cities of the third class, by ordinance,
to sell or lease at the best price obtainable, the ceal under any public
park or common owned by the city,
and use the proceeds for improving,
policing and lighting the park or common: appropriating \$20,000 to Mercy
hospital, Wilkesbarre,
Mr. Woodruff, of Philadelphia, introduced an amendment to the bake shop
law, so that no person under 18 years
of age shall be employed in a bake
shop or confectionery between the
hours of 9 o'clock at night and 5 in
the morning; that no person shall be
required to work in a bake shop more
than six days in the week, the time for
work to begin not before 5 p. m. Sunday and terminate 5 p. m. Saturday,
excepting the time for setting the
sponge on Sunday;
William Anderson, of Schuylkill, insponge on Sunday

excepting the time for setting the sponge on Sunday:

William Anderson, of Schuylkill, introduced a bill taxing all orders, checks, passbooks or other paper representing wages or earnings of an employe, not paid in cash to the employe or a member of his family. The bill is similar in effect to one vetoed by Gov. Hastings, but some objections are eliminated. The tax is 25 per cent of value, with 25 per cent more added for failure to pay in 30 days.

A bill appropriating \$130,000 to the 13 state normal schools in the commonwealth was introduced by Mr. Heidelbaugh of Lancaster, in the house last Friday.

bridge.

Mr. Palm of Crawford offered a joint resolution to amend article 8, section 4, of the Constitution by providing that "all elections shall be by ballot or such other method as may be prescribed by law; provided that secrecy in voting be preserved. The election officers shall be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted unless required to do so in a judicial proceeding."

Senat:

The senate has passed the national guard bills and messaged them to the house. The governor has signed the bill passed authorizing the appointment of masters in divorce. The act to regulate the sale of butter produced by taking original package stock and other butter and melting so that the butter oil can be drawn off and mixed with skimmed milk and made into "botied butter," was amended in one of the penalty provisions, and went over for printing.

over for printing.

Theiuded in the bills that passed finally were the following: Making it unlawful for any person to hold himself out or advertise himself as a lawyer, attorney-at-law, or counselor-at-law in any county of the state unless duly admitted to practice by a court of records of said county; abolishing the office of school superintendents of townships.

The bill providing for the compensation and appointment of additional

tion and appointment of additional legislative employes and abolishing the positions of firemen and engineers came up on final passage in the senate Wednesday morning. Mr. Washburn stated that if he had introduced the bill his constituents would be ashamed of him upon the ground that the additional employes were unnecessary. Mr. Brown opposed the bill, but on the other hand Mr. Meredith defended the

other hand Mr. Mercatth defended the provisions of the measure. "I believe," said Mr. Rice, "that this bill was introduced to vindicate the signers of the famous indemnity bond. I have been offered one of the positions if this bill passes, but I do not want the place and will vote against the

The next speaker was Mr. McCar-rell, who stated that he was for the bill because he favored economy. "The purpose of this bill." he continued, "is to authorize the employment of offi-cers necessary for the work of the leg-islature, and it will result in a saving of money to the commonwealth. The saving will be at least \$2,000 for each legislative session. The compensation is less than what has been paid for similar service in previous sessions of

this legislature."
The senate Thursday passed the first Allegheny county bill finally. It was the McCandless act empowering second-class cities to appropriate money to support national guard armorles.
The bill giving a gratuity of \$10 for every month or fraction thereof for which Pennsylvania served in the war with Spain, until a gratuity of \$200 has been paid to each soldier, his widows or heirs, was favorably reported from the senate committee on military affairs. this legislature.

Among the bills which passed the senate finally were these:

senate finally were these:

The Vaughan act to amend the Constitution so as to permit special and local legislation; the Brown act to modify and enlarge powers of third-class cities; the Brown curative street act; an act to provide for the collection of sewer charges in boroughs; authorizing overseers of the poor to furnish instant relief; the Scott act empowering cities to acquire for park purposes land adjacent to their bor-There was no quorum in the joint convention Friday, the vote being only 102. This was partly due to the fact that it was Friday and partly to St. Patrick's day.

The senate held a brief session Friday morning, and so scant was the at-

tendance that little business was transacted. In pursuance of a senste resolution the secretary of the commonwealth presented a list of the names of all foreign corporations registered in

of all foreign corporations registered in this state.

The governor sent the following nominations to the senate: A. H. Bowen of Chester county, to be a member of the Valley Forge commission, vice Levi G. McCauley, resigned; George F. Rudisill, to be justice of the peace for the borough of Sewickley, Allegheny county.

Gov. Stone yesterday signed the Youngson bill, bringing Parnassus under the provisions of the general borough act. At present it is governed by the special law known as the Birmingham act.

KEYSTONE STATE NEWS CONDERSED

AT A GREAT RISK.

Nervy Engineer Permits His Locomotive to Dash Through an Obstruction at a Great Rate of Speed.

The fast express narrowly escaped being wrecked last week near Pulaski. A tree had fallen across the track near a curve, and the engineer did not ob-serve it until he was too close to stop. He opened the throttle and ran full speed into the obstruction, grinding it under the wheels. The passengers were jostled about, but no one was injured. Had the train, left the track at this point it would have plunged lyto the

Jostled about, but no one was mjured. Had the train, left the track at this point it would have plunged lite the river.

The following pensions were issued last week: Richard C. Smith, Pittsburg, 36; Thomas Meham, Soldiors' Home, Eric, 86; Thos. J. Myers, Phillipsburg, Center, 36; Abraham Burket, Claysburg, Blair, 38; William Hackett, dead, Frankin, 32; Daniel Shadel, Lock Haven, 36; Benjamin G. Riggs, Kinaua, 38 to 319; Thomas R. McGavitt, Perryopolis, 310 to 317; Henry C. Aldereon, Athens, \$17; William J. Heasley, Elderton, \$24; Ann Eliza Cranmer, Pittsburg, \$8; Clarissa Hackett, Frankin, \$12; Hugh Walker, Rutland, Tloga, 36; James Plunkett, West Bridge-water, 36 to 38; Carassa Hackett, Wilkinsburg, 36; Denton Beaman, Madera, 38 to 319; Peter L. Posten, Mapleton Depot, Huntingdon, \$14 to \$17; Edmond Kinch, McAllisterville, Juniata, \$6 to \$14; Edward K. Twist, Roaring Branch, Tloga, \$8 to \$16; Amanda E. Lynch, Gen, Fulton, \$8; Jane Louisa Wilders, Chambersburg, \$8; Mildred C. Rice, New Castle, \$8; Mary E. Dean, Pittsburg, \$8; John D. Evans, Latrobe, \$19; John G. White, Mercer, \$8; Alexander H. Miller, Eno, Greene, \$8 to \$12; William Armstrong, Chambersburg, \$8 to \$16; Thomas H. Lingle, Shawmut, Clearfield, \$12 to \$14; George F. Hawk, Scotland, \$6 to \$8; Chams Halley, Warren, \$8; John M. Findley, Mercer, 60rdon, Latrobe, \$12 to \$14; Henry Kelly, Pine Flats, Indiann, \$17 to \$24; Jenny Greer, Milroy, Millin, \$8; Catharine Walter, Natrona, \$8; John Haley, Warren, \$8; John Black, Mundorf, Jefferzon, \$12 to \$17; William Reynolds, Blacklick station, Indiana, 18 to \$15; Charles C. Eddy, Erie, \$32 to \$56; Annie S. Willison, Allegheny, \$8; Mahala Prough, Calvin, Huntingdon, \$8; minores of Daniel Sullivan, Arnot, Tloga, \$20; Jane Pratt, Edinboro, \$8; Louisa Kaufman, New Stanton.

The employment of outside detec-Tloga, \$29; Jane Pratt, Edinboro, \$8; Louisa Kauffman, New Stanton. The employment of outside detec-tives to investigate the murder of City

Treasurer John Blevins, of New Cas-tle, is now being delayed by a tech-nicality. For the arrest and convic-tion of the murderers \$2,000 was offer-ed by the city and \$2,000 by the county ed by the city and \$2,000 by the county commissioners. The latter are now in doubt as to the legality of their action. The suit of blody clothes found in a fuddling furnace in one of the sheet mills, and supposed to have been the one worn by Mr. Blevins on the night of his murder, have been shown by competent witnesses to have belonged to someone else. Immediately after the clothes were found they were harned

competent witnesses to have belonged to someone else. Immediately after the clothes were found they were burned by Chief of Police McClain.

William H, Hanna, of Philadelphia, has entered suit at Greensburg to receiver 440 acres of farm land in Cook and Unity townships. By the will of Anthony Kennedy the property was given to the Hibernian Society for the Helief of Emigrants from Ireland. March 17, 1884, the society deeded the ground to Mr. Hanna. A few years ago the land was taken u, by the many people who reside thereon, and they now claim to have legal rights to the ownership. The Hibernian Society for the Relief of Emigrants was granted a charter on August 4, 1792, and was established to encourage emigration from Ireland.

The Pennsylvania Railroad passenger train, due at Sunbury last Friday, morning, was wrecked by running into a big landsilde which covered the tracks at a point three miles south of the city. The whole train was derailed and the baggage car was thrown over the bank into the Susquehanna River. Another landsilde, soon after the accident, buried two of the sleeping cars.

the bank into the Susquehanna River. Another landslide, soon after the accident, buried two of the sleeping cars. The only persons hurt were Baggage-master Charles T. Irwin, who sustained a badly bruised shoulder, and Express Messenger Voorhees, whose injuries are slight. Traffic was delayed ten hours.

John Goodman, a young man from Titusville, has been placed in Jall at New Castle on the charge of forgery. With W. H. Bell, of Titusville it is alleged he went to a store, made a few

With W. H. Bell, of Titusville it is alleged he went to a store, made a few small purchases and presented a check for \$25 on the Citizens' National bank in payment and wanted the change. The check was made payable to Fred B. Mayne being indorsed on the check. Goodman said that Bell committed the forgery. The officers are after Bell. Harry Eckley, the operator who caused the wreck which killed the fireman and engineer of passenger train

Harry Eckley, the operator who caused the wreck which killed the fireman and engineer of passenger train No. 31, on the Pennsylvania Railroad last week, near Altoona, was adjudged guilty of criminal negligence by the Coroner's jury. Eckley threw the passenger train on the block shead of his tower into a freight that had not cleared. He gave himself up, and confessed to the jury that he had forgotten about the train ahead.

A charter was granted at the state department a few days ago to the Coke Belt Street Railway Company, 30 miles long, and with a capital of \$600, 600, to run through Fayette and Westmoreland counties. William H. Allen, of Pittsburg, is president and a director. The other directors are J. E. Weller and Bryan Robertson, of Pittsburg; F. S. Young, of Wilkinsburg, and D. I. Shaw, of Pittsburg.

The will of ex-State Trensurer Benjamin J. Haywood was probated at Mercer last week. He bequeathed \$10,000 in money and property to his wife, Mrs. Lizzie E. Haywood. The income on \$10,000. If that amount remains after Mrs. Haywood's portion is provided for, goes to his brother, George Haywood, of Papillon, Neb., for life, Q. A. Gordon is named as trustee of the estate.

Woman's Hand.
Collier's Weekly: It is certainly not hands are bred by true that small hands are bred choice descent, for in one family the hands of both women and men are found different in size and in every other quality. The individual woman of the people stretches and hardens her hand and batters her nails on her own account, so that months of care would not retrieve it; but doubtless her baby hand was much the same as a rich woman's in her own babyhood English women and Americans, with their blonde hands, are admired delirlously for this one beauty by the darker races. But at any rate to English eyes there is loveliness also in the one hand that has clear brown color in place of white-a rare beauty, for the blonde woman has usually the finer form of hand; but somewhat dark must have been the "tender inward of the hand" that played on the virginals of Shakespeare.

Pumelo, Shaddock or Grape Fruit.

The pumelo of Florida is now recognized as not only a delicious breakfast fruit, but also as a tonic and alterative, counteracting malaria, imperfect action of the liver, and as a general bracer and appetizer to the human system. In China the fruit is made ornamental in its service, the rind cut in intricate and curious designs, the top lifting as a cover, as do citron meions in this country for ceremonious occasions. The pulp is separated, the white, tough membrane peeled off and then put back in the skin, to be re moved to individual plate when the fruit is passed. It is ever present as a favorite delicacy of Chinest feasts. In this country the shaddock is served in various ways, either as fruit, sherbet, etc., according to the fancy of the hostess. As a fruit course for breakfast it is cut in half and eaten with sugar-the less of the latter used the more beneficial.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, biotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Fish Commissioner McGuire, of Oregon, declares in his 1899 report Oregon, declares in his 1899 report that up to the present time salmon to the value of about \$75,000,000 have been taken out of the Columbia river.

Taken Blold.

We can wake up from sleep and find that soreness and stiffners have taken hold of us. We can use St. Jacobs Oll and go to sleep and wake up and find ourselves completely cured.

One-fifteenth of the inhabitants in

COMFORTABLE TEDDY.

and the Two Private Secretaries Whe Maintain Dignity for Him-(New York Times.)

"I happened to be in Albany on Friday, when Governor Roosevelt left there for this city," said one of the gossipers in the Waldorf-Astoria. "I had never happened to meet him, but as I strolled down the station platform while waiting for the belated 2:35 train, on which we both came to New York, I recognized him from the photographs and caricatures I had seen. I was prepared to see a pretty freeand-easy, democratic sort of chap, but what I did see rather shocked my sensibilities and ideas of what a Governor of the Empire State should be. Up where the baggage for the incoming train was piled was the Governor of New York, half reclining on the topmost trunk of the bunch and absorbed in reading one of the current numbers of a popular magazine. He apparently didn't know or care whether there was anybody else in Albany, and had completely shaken off the cares of state. He was the most completely comfortable person I saw in your capital city. Strolling on the platform, and seemingly with all the dignity of the office that Governor Roosevelt had shaken off, were his two private secretaries, Mr. Youngs and Colonel Treadwell. And they maintained all the dignity that was necessary, for they were really an impressive pair."

Silver Spoons Free.

Ladies can secure a set of 12 Teampoons, guaranteed by maker to be extra coin silver plate, by selling 12 Gem Scissors Sharpeners at 25 cents each. The Sharpener is a necessity in every family; any lady can use it; satisfaction guaranteed. I trust you, and send the Sharpeners by express; when sold, deduct expressage from amount received, sending me the balance; I will then send the nice spoons prepaid. W. C. Griswold, Box 412 Centerbrook, Conn.

The Queen has 60 housemaids at Windsor Castle.

Warmth and Strength.

The cold of winter certainly aggravates houmatism, and at all seasons St. Jacobs Oil is its master cure. It imparts warmth and strength to the muscles, and cures.

An ingenious mechanical device pastes paper labels on 100,000 cans in ten hours. Down a shute rolls the ceaseless procession of cans and each can picks up a label as it passes.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets Candy Cathartie, cure constipation forever, toc, 25c. If C. C. fall, druggists refund money.

Bangor manufacturers are sending canoes of birch and canvas to Pales-tine, Japan and China.

ANY a dutiful daughter pays in pain for her mother's

ignorance or perhaps neglect. The mother suffered and she thinks her daughter must suffer also. This is true only to a limited extent. No excessive pain is healthy. Every mother should inform her-

INDULGENT *MOTHERS*

self for her own sake and especially for the sake of her daughter. Write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for her advice about all matters concerning the ills of the feminine organs.

Many a young girl's beauty is wasted by unnecessary pain at time of menstruation, and many indulgent mothers with mistaken kindness permit their daughters to grow careless about physical health.

MISS CARRIE M. LAMB, Big Beaver, Mich., writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM-A year ago I suffered from profuse and irregular menstruation and leucorrhœa. My appetite was variable, stomach sour and bowels were not recular. was subject to pains like colic during menstruation. I wrote you and began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's

Vegetable Compound and used two packages of Sanative Wash. You can't imagine my relief. My courses are natural and general health improved." MRS. NANNIE ADKINS, La Due, Mo., writes:

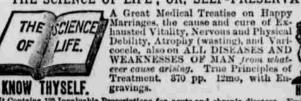
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM-I feel it my duty to tell you of the good your Vegetable Compound has done my daughter. She suffered untold agony at time of menstruation before taking your medicine; but the Compound has

for young girls."

relieved the pain, given her a better color, and she feels stronger, and has improved every way. I am very grateful to you for the benefit she has received. It is a great medicine

THE GLORY OF MAN!

Strength, Vitality, Manhood. THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; OR, SELF-PRESERVATION.



RAUW 1875LLF. Gravings.

It Contains 125 Invaluable Prescriptions for acute and chronic diseases. Emboased, full gilt, PRICE ONLY \$1 BY MAIL (scaled). (New edition, with latest observations of the author.)

Read this GREAT WORK now and KNOW THYSELF, for knowledge is powers. Address The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulliuch St., Boston, Mass. (Established in 1850.)

Chief Consulting Physician and Author, Graduate of Harvard Medical College, Class 1864. Surgeon Fifth Massachusetts Regiment Vol. The Most Eminent Specialist in America., who Cures Where Others Fall. Consultation in person or by letter, 9 to 6: Sundays 10 to 1. Confidential.

The National Medical Association awarded the Gold Medial for this Grand Prize Treatise, which is truly A BOOK FOR EVERY MAN, Young, Middle-aged, or Oit, Married or Single.

The Diagnostician, or Know Thyself Manual. a 91-rage pamphiet with testimonials and endorments of the press. Price, 50 cents, but maled FREE for Bodays. Send now. It is a perfect VADE MECUM and of great value for WEAK and FAILING MEN by a Humanitarian and Celebrated Medical Author, distinguished throughout this country and Europe. Address as above. The Dress everywhere highly endorse the Peabody Medical Institute. Read the following.

The Peabody Medical Institute has been established in Boston 37 years, and the fame which it has attained has subjected it to a test which only a meritorious institution could undergo. Boston Jearnal. "The Peabody Medical Institute has been established in South of States Heroid."

THE SCHOOLS
Of Greater New York, Boston, and
many other places use Carter's Ink exclusively and won't use any other.
That speaks well for

CARTER'S INK

GOLDEN CROWN hau common chimneys. All de siers. FITTSBURG GLASS CO., Allegheny, Pa.