CITY TREASURER, FOUND MURDERED.

SAFE ROBBED.

William Blevins Finds His Pather Dying in His Office at New Castle Large Reward Offered for the Assassins,

City Treasurer John Ellevins, of New Castle, Pa., was Saturday night foully murd-red in his office in City hall. The floor of the office was covered with blood; while there was plain evidence on every side that after commit-

dence on every side that after committing the crime of murder the guilty ones had ransacked the place.

Mr. Blevins had been to a merchant tailoring establishment to see about an overcoat he was having made. The coat was not inished and he was told to come back in half an hour. He then walked to the store of his son, William J. Blevins, and was there a minute or two. He had not returned to his home when his son William reached there, a few minutes of 12 Saturday, and his son started out to find him.

The young man went directly to the treasurer's office, found the door unlocked and the electric light burning. He saw his father lying in a pool of blood, apparently breathing his last. Almost fainting at the sight, he rushed outside, found a policeman and Dr. Pollock, and the three entered the office. Dr. Pollock raised Mr. Blevin's head and at that instant the latter breathed his last.

The office was an awful sight. The

breathed his last.

The office was an awful sight. The private room was covered with blood, and Mr. Bievin's face was battered aland Mr. Blevin's face was battered almost out of human semblance. The nose was broken, the lower jaw shattered, a great hole in the back of the head, and there were no less than a dozen cuts and bruises on his head. He had evidently made a terrific struggle, for there were blood pools in a score of places about the room and splashes on the walls. His hands were torn and bleeding, One hand was almost severed, showing that he had endeavored to retain the tin money boxes which were in the vault. It is not known just how much money was taken, but it is thought the robbers got about \$500. The two tin cash boxes had disappeared. The police are of the opinion that the crime

cash boxes had disappeared. The police are of the opinion that the crime was committed by some one who was well acquainted with the office and with whom the dead man was also well acquainted. The wire screen and door which divides the private office from the public department where the business is conducted was always securely locked, and that, too, from the inside, sothat a person who was entering the office could not reach the vaults unless the man inside unlocked the

unless the man inside unlocked the door, which was locked with a spring. Mr. Blevins, to the best knowledge of those who were acquainted with his habits, hever permitted anyone whom he did not know very well to go inside and this is why the officers think that the crime was committed by someone he knew well. They reason that the murderer, as soon as he knew that he was recognized by Mr. Blevins, became terrorized and made the murderous assault.

The city council and county commis-doners met Sunday afternoon and each ody offered \$2,000, making a total of body offered \$2,000, making a total of \$4,000, for the arrest and conviction of the murderer or murderers. The city is in a state of excitement beyond belief, for there was no more popular man in the county than the dead man, and if his murderer is caught it is not too much to say he would speedelly met his end.

his end.

Mr. Blevins was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, February 3, 1828, but came to Lawrence county with his parents in 1831. He was elected treasurer of the county in 1875 and served three years and was applinted city treasurer to fill an unexpired term in 1884. Since then he has been elected term after term and was the only candidate for re-election at the coming spring election.

STANDARD DEFIES THE COURT.

Will Not Produce Its Books and May be Ousted From Onio

In the arguments before the supreme court at Columbus, O., a few days ago of the motion of the attor-ney-general to dismiss the master commissioner and continue the inves-tigation of the Standard Oll Company in open court, Hon. Virgil P. Kline Cleveland, attorn Reveland, attorney to making some carry, was forced into making some cery positive statements and admissions. He declared in the first place, to interrogatories of the sions. He declared in the first place, in response to interrogatories of the court, that the company will not under the former order of the court produce any books other than those already given in evidence. In the second place, he admitted that there are still outstanding about \$27,000,000 worth of trust certificates of the Standard Oil trust, which the court ordered dissolved in 1892, but which the president of the Standard company has all along been trying to get in and is still trying. pany has all along be in and is still trying.

Transports Will Honor Generals.

The War Department issued orders that the three transports now being prepared for the Philippines shall be named as follows. The "Mohawk" shall be known as "Grant," in honor of the late General U. S. Grant; the "Mobile" shall be known as "Sherman," in honor of the late General William T. Sherman, and the "Massachusetts" as "Sheridan," in honor of the late General P. H. Sheridan. In addition it has been decided to name two other transports, the "Thomas" and the "Logan." and the "Logan."

Whatled While Dying

Whatled While Dying.

Charies Memberger, 27 years of age, who was found lying by the New York Central tracks last Friday with his skull fractured, died Wednesday. On the evening of the day on which he received his injuries Memberger began to whistle, though he was wholly unconscious and remained so to the last. He whistled all sorts of tunes and without cessation for ninety-five hours and never ceased until shortly before he died.

Found a Depleted Treasury.

When the United States occupied San Juan, Porto Rico's capital, and in November Julian Blanco was succeeded as secretary of the treasury by Dr. Coll y Toste, it was found that the insular treasury held 76 cents in copper, \$1.50 in Venezuelan gold and about \$500 in American bank bills. Dr. about \$900 in American bank bills. Dr. Coll was greatly surprised to find the insular treasury in such a depleted condition. From receipts issued the treasury he has learned that over 300,000 pesos, about \$200,000 ars missing, from this fund, and it is probable that the full amount, which has been done away with, amounts to nearly 500,000 pesas. This money was taken to Spain; of this no one has any doubt.

When the President received his New Year's callers Monday he wore for the first time a set of beautiful pearl shirt studs.

TERSE TELEGRAMS.

A. D. Henrickson, of Janesville, Wis., a paralytic, has not tasted food for 40 days.

Rudyard Kipling, with his wife and family, will leave England for Amer-ica on January 25.

At Dawson City Myrtle Brocce, var-lety actress, a native of Lindsay, Ont. suicided by shooting.

Laurence Harrigan, one of the best known police officials in the county, died at St. Louis last week.

Swift & Co. of Chicago, park pack-rs, have increased their capital stock from \$15,000,000 to \$42,000,000.

Admiral Sampson's daughter, Olive, was married to Henry Scott, of San Francisco, last Wednegday evening. Secretary Alger last Saturday decided to send four regiments of infantry to the Philippines by way of the Sues

George Tyler, while engaged in a prize fight with Thomas Foley of New York, received a blow which broke his neck.

William Neeb, editor and proprietor e 'Freiheits-Freund.' of Pitts-with which he was connected 62 , ôled, aged 76

The Chicago University has just re-ceived \$169,000 in land value from wealthy citizens and \$234,000 cash from John D. Rockefeller.

Commodore Watson has made ap-plication for Admiral Dewey's post-tion at Manila as soon as the latter retires from active service. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lucius, of De

troit, were seriously burned last Sun-day and their 2-year-old son fatally, by the explosion of a gasoline stove. Rev. Dr. Hillis of Chicago succeeds Lymon Abbott as pastor of Flymouth church, Brooklyn. This is the church made famous by Henry Ward Beecher. In defiance of Gov. Roosevelt's pro-test against the high salaries paid some of the New York city laborers, Mayor Von Wyck has increased their

wages.

Joseph Leiter and the Rothschilds of Europe have secured control of the Rhode Island Lecomotive Works. The plant will manufacture appliances for horseless trucks.

Attorney General Monnett, of Ohio, yas quoted as saying that the officials of the Standard Oil Company should be sent to jail for contempt of coin refusing to produce their books.

Pennsylvania oil men are now receiv inb \$1.19 per barrel from the Standard. They claim that consumption exceeds production and in fair speculation they ought to receive \$3 for their crude oil.

At Minior, west of Bloomington, Ill., last Wednesday John Lytton shot his wife, two children and then himself. All are dead except the husband, who cannot live. Jealousy was the cause. Capt. Sigsbee receives \$75.88, the gunner's mate, \$10 and the sailors between \$4 and \$5 each, from the total of \$13.00 realized from a sale of the cargo of the prize, the British steamer

Restormel.

At a meeting of the Ohio centennial commissioners a committee consisting of C. M. Spitzer, I. E. Knisely and S. C. Schenk were appointed to visit Washington and ask for \$500,000 for the Ohio centennial.

Restormel.

The Ohio miners in convention at Columbus indorsed the attitud Governor Tanner, of Illinois, is recent mining troubles at Pana Virden, in which he declared as the importation of negro miners. attitude

A number of Philadelphia wholesale merchants have decided to refund the railroad fare of the retail merchants who come to make purchases from the smaller towns. This move will keep the retailers from going to New York.

H. Wurster, night telegraph operator for the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company at Bingen, Pa., was murdered a few days ago by Llewellyn Stout, 17 years old, who was traced by the tracks he left in the snow.

Snow.
The life of County Attorney Van R. Brown, of Red Lake, Minn., was at-tempted last Thursday. A dynamite bomb was placed over his office door and fell when Brown entered, explod-ing with terrific force. Brown was

By a Supreme court decision the town of Pullman, Ill., will in a few days pass out of the hands of the corporation and become a free community. The 2,000 brick residences and public buildings will be sold to the highest bidder.

Andrew Vol.

Andrew Jackson day held in many cities. At the one in Chicago Willam J. Bryan deciaced that the Democratic party is arravel against expansion. The startling

against expansion. The startling growth of trusts under the McKinley administration called forth many warnings.

About 1,300 Cubans are now workfrom the new branch of the railroad from the government dock at Havana to connect with Quemados camp, some 500 Cubans are handling quartermaster's stores at the wharves and elsewhere, 200 Cubans are cleaning the streets and 200 more are cleaning the

public buildings. Three people were killed and several three people were killed and several others quite seriously injured in a fire at the Hotel Richelieu, Pittsburg, last Sunday morning. The list of dead in-cludes: Amos S. Landis, aged 28, Grapeville, Pa., suffocated; George A. Waters, aged 28, Camden, N. J., suffocated; Mrs. Kate Boyle, aged 28, Pitts-burg, suffocated.

J. H. and J. W. Moore, the Chicago Diamond Match and American Biscuit company manipulators, who failed for \$3,000,000 in 1896, have sent checks for over \$500,000 in payments of notes given to bankers in Providence, R. I. It is said that note holders throughout the country all fared alike and received checks. The taking up of these notes closes all debts of the Moores. Moores.

Justice Shiras a few days ago handed down the opinion of the United States supreme court in the case of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Trust Company vs. Theodore Krumseig, involving the Minnesota state laws prohibiting usury. The trust company had loaned Krumseig \$2,000 and taken from him 10 notes of \$350 each, or an aggregate of \$3,000. It was a part of the agreement that Krumseig's heirs were to be relieved of the responsibility of future payments in case of his death before the entire amount had been settled, and it was therefore urged that the contract involved a life insurance feature.

The court, however, overruled this view and canceled the contract as one merely for the payment of money, on the ground that it was usurious.

At Eagle City, Alaska, on December 11 Jest Leiter.

the ground that it was usurious.

At Eagle City, Alaska, on December 11, Jack Jolly, a saloonkeeper and gambler, who had gathered around him a gang of toughs and was terror-zing the mining camps, was warned by a vigilance committee to leave. He refused and the next day was lynched. Col. Dudley, by order of Gen. Brooke has taken possession of the office of secretary of justice at Havana, Senor Literas and Vidai, Cuban attaches of the American commission, will assist him in the administration of the office. Under the proclamation issued by Gen. Brooke the civil authorities are retaining their offices.

R3FRIGERATED BEEF COMMENDED

HAD A GREENISH GROWTH.

Major Harrison Gives Testimony Before th War Investigating Committee-Cuban Cattle Inferior.

Before the war department investigating commission a few days ago Maj. Harrison, Ninth volunteer infantry, whose regiment was raised near New Orleans and is now in service at Santiago, said concerning commissary stores, those in the United States were the best that could be bought in the oest that could be bought in the market. The refrigerated beef from this country, he said, was

sent from this country, he said, was excellent.

He had had much experience with refrigerated meat, and he said that while there was some disposition on the part of the regimental cooks to cavil at the appearance of the meat it was in reality quite good.

He explained that the sudden change

of temperature on removing the meat from the refrigerator ships produced what is known as a "beard," a green-ish growth that had to be scraped off. When this was done the meat beneath was perfectly good. It was served to the men with excellent results, and

was perfectly good. It was served to
the men with excellent results, and
benefited the sick materially.
The chief trouble came when the
change was made to hoof cattle sent
from Porto Rico, This beef, Maj. Harrison killed himself, and personally
superintended its dressing and coolter.

ing.

"But it would not cool in that climate," he said very emphatically. "The meat never lost its animal heat and with its use our sickness increased to per cent. In a country where our dead putrefied in six hours you will ensity understand that meat killed and exposed to the atmospheric changes with coagulated blood and the attacks of flies will spoil much sooner. Our flies will spoil much sooner. Our board of survey had no work to do except condemning and burying this

sept condemning and burying this al killed beef."
If the canned meat Maj. Harrison oke with equal emphasis saying at it was fully as good as the regerator beef, was well received by a men and none of it had to be consent.

demned. plant was established there, whether demned,
plant was established there, whether
Cuban beef could be killed on the
ground and rendered fit for use by
the men. Witness said he thought
this would not be desirable, as the
Cuban cattle, while fine looking, furnished the coarsest and most stringy
beef he had ever seen.
Witness said he was thoroughly famillar with the processes of refrig-

witness said he was thoroughly ta-miliar with the processes of refrig-eration, and affirmed that he was willing to state positively that there were no chemicals used in any of the American beef that passed under his observation. On the contrary, he said that there were no chemical preparation that could be used on the meat with advantage to the packers without ruining their product before they could get it to the army. He regarded it as highly improbable that anything of the same had been attended.

it as highly improbable that anything of the sort had been attempted.

Recurring to the hoof-killed beef at Santiago, witness said the surgeons in charge attributed the 10 per cent. Increase in intestinal sickness to the use of the fresh-killed beef. There was a proportionate decrease in sickness when the regiment returned to the refrigerated beef.

A SUCCESSFUL ROBBERY.

Point of Pistols the Engineer Forces Open the Express Car.

Open the Express Car.

The ninth and first successful attempt at train robbery on the Kansas Ft. Scott & Memphis route occurred Tuesday night at 8.55 o'clock, near Macomb, five miles east of Mansfield, Mo. One of the robbers got aboard at Norwood, paying his fare to Macomb, and compelling the train to stop there. It was immediately boarded by five or six masked men, who, covering all men, who, covering six masked members of the train crew with chesters and revolvers, compelled the engineer and fireman to cut loose from the remainder of the train. The mail, baggage and express cars

were then run up the line about two miles and stopped in a lonely cut, where Engineer Callander was placed in front of the robbers and forced to break open the door of the express ear, after which he was placed in front of the foremost robber, and together they entered the express car, covering Southern Express Messenger Newton and Baggagemaster Sieben with their pistols, forcing them to adjourn to the

pistols, forcing them to anjour, outside of the car. They then dynamited the through safe.

Everything was taken from it and it is safe to say that they were well paid for their trouble. The local safe which contained all local money picked up

The employees at Richmond, Va., a few days ago, dug a trench near the city almshouse and in what is now a populous district. At a distance of two feet they struck a large deposit of two feet they struck a large deposit of human bones, in many individuals the skulls and larger bones being whole. The skeletons were packed closely together as if buried in one large grave. Dark stains and shap sin the earth show where coffins have once existed. About two hundred skeletons were unearthed in a trench seven feet wide. How the bodies got there is a mystery. An old citizen suggested that they were victims of a cholera coldenic here in 1840. cholera epidemic here in 1840.

Two Hundred Troops Killed Two Hundred Troops Killed.

Official news received from the Kongo Free State says that a column of state troops, commanded by Livutenant Stevens, was defeated on November 4 by the insurgent tribe of Batelas, which captured Kalambari on November 24. Two officers, one Sergeant and 200 native troops were killed. One officer and two Sergeants were wounded. were wounded.

OUR NEW POSSESSIONS

All Spanish soldiers have now left Havana.

Havana.

The gunboats Princeton and York-town were ordered to join Dewey's fleet at Manlia.

Gen. Rios, the Spanish commander of Ilollo cables to Madrid that he blew up 14 forts and a fleet of gunboats before he left the islands.

General Ludlow has caused several private houses in Havana to be searched for arms. Eighteen rifles were seized at No. 40 Compostele street, and eight in a house on Tenienferey street.

street, and eight in a house on Tenien-ferey street.

Two hundred Spanish officers and soldiers and 500 other convicts found in Havana prisons will be released by Major General Brooke. The chiefs of the Cuban army held a meeting and decided to disband the army.

decided to disband the army.

Gen. Ludiow, of Havana, is determined to form a rural mounted police of 290 men and to patrol the suburbs with Cuban soldiers. They will be chosen from Gen. Mario Menocal's forces. Each will be furnished with a horse, revolver, rifle, machete and working suit. A squad will consist of 25 men and four squads will constitute a company. The companies will be officered, though the selections for these posts have not been made.

NEW SILVER CERTIFICATES.

First of Secretary Gage's Uniform Design Pu

Four thousand \$1 silver certificates of the new uniform design that Secretary Gage has arranged shall apply to each denomination of bill, whether silver certificate, treasury note or United States note, reached the United United States note, reached the United States sub-treasury at New York Tuesday. They were quickly distributed to individuals and banks. The new notes on both face and back, show much white paper. On the face the central design is an American engle with outstretched wings guarding the flag, the background being a view of the capitol. Below are small portraits of Lincoln and Grant.

Each note has printed in blue on its face a large flaure 1 and the treasury department seal. The other figures denoting the denomination of the note are all large and bold. Treasury

are all large and bold. Tree notes and United States notes are to have their denomination and seals printed in a distinctive color. Subtreasury experts say the new notes will be more difficult to counterfeit than the last issue, which was filled up with engraved work.

BRICE WORTH \$600,000

It Was Generally Thought That He Was a Multi-Millionaire.

A petition for letters of administration on the estate of ex-Senator Calvin S. Brice, who died on December 15, New York, was filed in the surrogate's New York, was filed in the surrogates office by attorneys, for Mrs. Calvin Olivia Brice, the widoy. The petition states that no real property was left by the decedent, and that his personal estate is valued at \$600,000.

Mrs. Brice gave the name of the heirs as Stewart M., Helen O., Margaret K., Walter Kirkpatrick, and John Francis Brice, who are all of full age, and reside with their mother in New York city. The pelition was granted. Brice was appointed adminis

It was the belief of many financiers that Mr. Brice was a multi-millionaire Ir. Brice was a multi-millionaire believed that his fortune would be valued at from five to ten millior dollars, and the comparative smal amount of the estate proved a genera surprise. Mr. Brice left no will,

CUBA NOT YET FREE.

So Says Gen. Gomes in a Letter to His Men.

Gen. Maximo Gomez, from his camp 200 miles westward from Havana near Narciso, has addressed a proclamation to the Cuban army advising against disbandment until the proceedings at Washington regarding the pay of the insurgent troops have been completed. It is dated December 29, and is in part as follows: as follows:

The moment has arrived to give a public explanation of my conduct and my purposes, which are always in accord with my sense of duty to the country I serve. I believed it was my duty not to move, for any political or other object, from the spot where I had drawn my sword so long as the enemies of the army had not completely evacuated the island.

"Cuba is not yet free or independent. For that reason we must dedicate ourselves to bringing about the disappearance of the cause for American intervention. It is necessary that before the liberators of the people can dissolve, as a guarantee of order, that The moment has arrived to give a

dissolve, as a guarantee of order, that the debt which the country owes to its soldiers should be satisfied. Awaiting this result, I remain in my present

A Protest from General Wood

General Leonard Wood has left San-tiago for Washington. The reason of the General's departure is unques-tionably the order to transmit the enthe customs receipts each week to Havana. Compliance would involve the abandonment of many necessary public improvements, would throw 10.000 Cubans out of employment and aend them to the hills to become bandonial control of the custome bandonial control of the custome bandonial custome send them to the fills to become ban-dits, and would revive Spain's prac-tice of monetary realization, which caused most of her troubles in Cuba. Colonel Vallente, chief of the gendar-merie, says the Cubans fought 30 years against this policy, and they were ready to fight 30 years more is

Encouraged Her to Commit Spicide.

has just been made public that Eleanor Marx, daughter of the German Eleanor Marx, daughter of the German socialist leader, Karl Marx, was prompted to suicide last March by the knowledge that Dr. Aveling, the English socialist with whom she had lived as his wife had secretly married a young woman. When she confronted Aveling with her knowledge of his marriage he admitted that it was a fact and intimated that Eleanor Marx should take her own life. He allowed her to send out for prussic acid and her to send out for prussic acid and went out for a walk while she drank it. The public prosecutor would have taken some action in the matter but for Aveling's sudden death on August

No Mercy for Wifebeater

Governor Roosevelt, of New York, has established a code of rules to gov-ern his consideration and determina-tion of applicants for pardons and commutations of sentences. He will commutations of sentences. He will not exercise executive elemency in be-half of a man who has been convicted of murdering or abusing his wife, nor will he pardon any habitual drunkard. His mercy will be shown only to those whose sentences seem to have been severe, or whose commission of a crime was the result of influence.

Killed by a Wind Storm.

A heavy windstorm swept over the remote section of Scott county, Ark., a few days ago. At Boles a school house was blown down and three pupils were killed, another was fatally wounded, and a dozen or more sustained more or less serious injuries. Those killed were the children of Joseph Lawrence, Mr. the children of Joseph Lawrence, Mr. Frost and Mrs. Rutledge, respectively. A child of Joseph Lawrence was fatal-ly wounded. So far as known here, no other lives were lost.

Four Killed in a Wreck.

Four dead, two injured—one of these perhaps fatally—and the loss of prop-erty of the Southern rallway to the amount of about \$100,000 is the result of a wreck which occurred Sunday morning on the Knoxville & Ohio branch of the Knoxville division of the Southern railway, one and one-half miles west of Elk Valley, Tenn.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Congress has appropriated \$7,000,000 for the care of the District of Colum-

B. F. Fifield was appointed by Gov-ernor Smith, of Vermont, to succeed the late Senator Justin Smith Morrill. The house refused to consider an ap-propriation of \$12,000 for naval charts of the Philippines. They were still considered foreign territory.

Southern Confederates have informed Congress that they do not want the government to care for the living soldiers or guard the graves of the dead.

DETERMINED TO RESIST AMERICA.

STUBBORN NATIVES.

Filipinos Have Saturated Their Buildings at Boilo With Kerosene-Unl.,d States Soldier Killed by a Rebel.

The proclamation of the United States government made public to the Filipinos last week has not been reelved with favor by the natives. Although they were promised all pos-sible liberty and advantages the rebels

sible liberty and advantages the rebels still insist on independence.
Colonel Pollock, the special embassy of General Otis between Manila and Holic, has arrived at Manila with dispatches. The situation when he left Holic was practically unchanged. The streets were barricaded, and it was reported that the principal buildings had been "kerosened," the Insurgents threatened to destroy the whole business section by fire at the first shot of bombardment.

The banks were shipping their treas-

of bombardment.

The banks were shipping their treasure to the United States transport Newport and other versels. The family of the American vice consul has gone on beard the Newport.

Colonel Potter reports that President McKinfey's proclamation had to be typewriteen aboard ship, as the printers on shore declined to do the work, and when the text of the proclamation was read to them ridiculed the notion that conciliation was poshe notion that conciliation was pos

sible.

Privates Harry Silvey and Frank Kirkpatrick, of the Sixth United States artillery, while guarding a water boat astern of the Newport, were attacked by the natives of the craw. Private Silvey's skull was fractured, fatally, and Private Kirkpatrick fell overboard, but escaped with a flesh wound.

overboard, but escaped with a flesh wound.

The United States gunboat Petrel arrived at Hollo Friday, and Colonel Potter reports that the United States troops will probably land on Gulamaras Island, about midway between the Island of Panay and the Island of Negros, where a camp will be established.

Both sides, Colonel Porter says, have been impressing the local shipping for military purposes, and the Francisco Reyes had landed 550 natives. The foreigners were taking The foreigners were taking refuge on the British cruiser Bonaventura. There is no change in the situation in Manila. On Friday night public de-

monstrations were held in Pampangas province in ratification of Aguinaldo's proclamation, and the excitement was All natives who enter the city in the

All natives who enter the city in the night time are searched and every precaution is taken.

The newspapers at Hong Kong publish the following dispatch from Hoilo, evidently from a Filipino source:

"When the Americans arrived at Hollo they found absolutely no looting upon the part of the Filipino forces or conduct of search of the Filipino forces or conduct of search of the Filipino forces." conduct of any kind unworthy of eiv-ilized people. In conformity with their agreement with the Spaniards the Filipinos entered Holle in an or-derly manner and formally hoisted their agreement with the Spaniards the Filipinos entered Hollo in an orderly manner and formally holsted the Filipino flag. The Americans found a good government established and meeting with the complete approval of the foreign residents. The postoffice, customs and other departments were working smoothly under the entire control of the Filipinos. This disposes of the allegations of the inclination of the Filipinos to loot and kill. The Filipinos occupied Hollo on the same humane principles which have guided their actions against their Spanish oppressors."

The correspondent adds that the reports of an opposition republic having been established are refuted by the facts that the governor and general commanding at Hollo have assured the American delegates from the warships that they could settle nothing without orders from the national government at Malolos."

A dispatch to the Manila Independencia from Malolos, the seat of the so-called Filipino government. Says the governors of all the provinces of Lazon have assembled at Malolos for the purpose of offering their lives and preperty in adhesion to the policy of the president and government. They say they fought only for the independence of the Filipinos and are unwilling to surrender to strangers.

Commenting upon President McKinley's proclamation to the Filipinos, issued on Wednesday by Gen. Otts, the Independencia, which is a native paper, says the problem presented is

per, says the problem presented is most grave. It admits that there are only two solutions possible, namely, the American abandonment of their the American abandonment of their annexation policy, claiming that the people here are not desirous of absorption into their nationality or a prolonged and bloody war. It cites the example of the "noble patriots of Bolio defying General Miller," expresses hope for a pacific termination of the crisis, but hints of trouble.

The official organ, the Republica, is less aggressive, but is indisposed to accept the suggestions of General Otis in their entirety. The Spanish papers are evidently afraid to comment on the situation.

A Remarkable Chess Player

At the Deutscher club, Milwaukee, last Monday Harry N. Pillsbury, chess champion of the United States, perchampion of the United States, per-formed the remarkable feat of playing twenty-five games of chess simultane-ously and coming out victorious in all but one. He was also successful in an exhibition of "blindfold," playing against half a dozen well known local

Russia denies that she ever sent to a United States syndicate to negotiate for a large loan. A crisis is at hand in Bolivia, President Alonso's forces being near La Paz, the capital, where the revolutionists are.

With the portrait of a lady at his side Count Franz Karolyi of Austria was found dead in London a few days ago. He had committed suicide.

The presents of money and valuables sent to the pope during 1888 amounted to more than \$2,000,000 in value, including \$500,000 in Peter's pence. Thirty fresh expulsions of Danes from North Schleswig have been or-dered, it is said, in consequence of the attendance of their employers at a meeting addressed by Herr Hansen,

a Danish deputy. The imperial insurance department of Berlin reports that 30,000,000 marks have been paid to aged persons and invalids as pensions in the past year.

Dreyfus has not yet been brought to Paris. The authorities fear a disturb-ance. His testimony may be taken by telegraph and the expense will prove

The London News says the anarchist movement in France has received an enormous impetus through the growing fear of a military despotism. The sum of 20,000 francs has been placed at the disposal of M. Sebastien Faure for the purpose of establishing an anarchist daily newspaper.

MAINE PLOT RECALLED.

A Cuban Newspaper Charges a Fugitive Havana

A Cuban Newspaper Charges a Fugitive Havana
Judge with Destroying the Ship.

A dispatch from Havana says: It
looks as if the question "Who blew up
the Maine?" is about to be answered.
Zacarias Breames, a Spanish judge,
now a fugitive from Havana, is accused by a Cuban newspaper of being active in a plot for the destruction of the
battleship.

A good deal of excitement has been
caused by the charge, which is made
in El Reconcentrado, the organ of
Cuba libre. The paper says that
when the Maine came into Havana
harbor Bresmes openly declared that
such an act of audacity could not pass
without stringent punishment. "His
threats where direct," the paper continues, "and boded destruction to the
American ship. His associates were
Felipe Gonzalez, Dion Sio Vega and
Euselio Aszeue, violent Spaniards,
Others with him were officers of the
volunteers.

"These men housted that the Van-

"These men beasted that the Yan-kees were about to get their due, though no charge can be directed against any save Bresmes. He and the bot-headed Spaniards met nightly against any save Bresmes. He and the hot-headed Spaniards met nightly at a house near the corner of Marallo and Habana streets, where the public know the plot against the Maine was concocted and all arrangements completed. When the explosion took place Bresmes was in the Tacon theater with friends. At the sound of the explosion he cried: There goes the Maine! Champagne was drunk in honor of the terrible event at the moment when others were vaguely inquiring of one another what had happened."

Bresmes' name was mentioned be-

Bresmes' name was mentioned before the American court of inquiry,
but not sufficient evidence was then
forthcoming, and all reference to him
was suppressed in the report.
Capt. Sigsbee, who is here with the
Texas, said, when told of the charges:
"I hope to see those punished who
sent my good ship and beloved men to
the bottom of Havana harbor."
Bresmes is said to be in hiding in
Spain.

A TRIPLE MURDERER,

Wife's Confession May Release on Innocent Man From Prison.

Man From Prison.

Sheriff George A. Storrs of Utah county. Utah left New York a few days ago accompanied by Mrs. Jennie Wright. They are en route to Utah in an endeavor to clear up a murder mystery, and to free, if possible, a man from a life sentence.

At the Pelican Point ranch, Utah, in 1896, three young men were shot down one night in their ranch house. The stepfather of one of the boys, named Haynes, had had trouble with the men and was arrested, charged with the

Haynes, had had trouble with the men and was arrested, charged with the crime. The bodies of the men were found sunk in Utah lake, and the premises they had occupied were loot-ed. Haynes was convicted on circum-stantial evidence and was sentenced to be hanged, but a stay was secured and the sentence commuted to life imprisonment

prisonment.

A short time after the crime George
W. Wright left that locality and lived
in various parts of the West, finally
drifting to Fresh Water, Col. He was
a graduate of Kalamazoo law college,
He soon became prominent, bearing a graduate of Kalamazoo law college. He soon became prominent, bearing the sobriquet of "King of Fresh Water." One morning a man with whom Wright was at odds was found shot to pieces in his cabin. Wright assisted at the coroner's inquest and wrote out the verdict of "murder by a person unknown." Later Wright became involved in a questionable sheep deal, and after being arrested jumped his bail and fled. He visited his wife at her parents' home at Gouverneur, N. Y., and then disappeared.

After he left the West evidence of a

West evidence of a relating to the mur-ter is said to have After he left the West evidence of a positive character relating to the mur-der at Fresh Water is said to have been found against Wright, and after working on the case for over a year Chief Harder elicited a confession from Mrs. Wright to the effect that her husband had goods which figured in the Pelican Point murders.

The Utah authorities were commun-

the Itah authorities were communicated with and found articles just where she said. Mrs. Wright said she was willing to testify against her husband for the triple crime, providing he can be caught. She says her lips have previously been sealed through fear of him.

Electricity to Annihilate Germs

A wonderful discovery of electric force is announced, whereby the in-ventor claims that he can send a mil-lion voits through the human body, tion voits through the human body, kill all forms of bacilli. Including tuberculosis, without, incidentally, annihilating the patient. A New York attorney is now in Washington filing with the patient office the papers necessary to protect this remarkable discovery. He is very reticent, and frankly admits that he fears ridicule. From what was divulged, however, it appears that the inventor proposes to take advantage of the fact that glass is not an absolute resistent or nonconductor, but that a tremendous electrical current striking against a glass case, in which is enclosed a human body, is diffused over the wide expanse of glass plates, and hence permeates all parts of the human body inside the glass case.

A dispatch to Lloyd's says that the Italian steamer Voorwarts has been abandoned near Trevose head, on the abandoned near Trevose head, on the West Cornwall coast. She went ashore in the gale that has been raging in the Irish channel. Eleven members of the crew, who put off in boats, were drowned. Nine, who clung to the rigging, were rescued by the coast guard lifeboat. Details received regarding the wreck of the steamer at the entrance of Dieppe harbor show she was the Anvers. The captain and 14 of the crew succeeded in clinging to the part of jetty. One man perished from exhaustion, and four were drowned in the engine room.

Give Their Policies as Security.

Give Their Policies as Security.

Under the lead of Mayor Taylor, citizens of Bridgeport, Conn., are trying to carry out a novel scheme for raising funds for public improvements. Prominent men propose to insure their lives and let the policies be used as security for the payment of debts to be contracted in the interest of the city. But for a provision of the city charter which prohibits the further bonding of the city for public improvements, recourse to such a novel proposition would be unnecessary. It has been half a dozen years since the Bridgeport authorities could engage in important public works.

Choked by a Piece of Steak John Brady choked to death in a

Bowery restaurant the other night at Bowery restaurant the other night at New York. The principal event in his life was that several years ago he saved the life of a Vanderbilt by stopping a runaway team. Brady never knew which Vanderbilt it was, but each New Year's day he has gone to the Vanderbilt mansion and received a sioo check. Brady expected to go Tuesday to set the money, and he celebrated in a Bowery restaurant Monday night by ordering a large steak. The first bite stuck in his throat and he died of strangulation.