KEYSTONE STATE NEWS CONDENSED

SANITARY CONTROL.

Health Authorities of the State Recommend Laws For Cuba.

The Associated Health Authorities of Pennsylvania, at their closing session last week unanimously adopted a reso-lution setting forth that in conse-quence of the entire neglect of the Spanish authorities on the Island of Cuba to inaugurate and enferce sani-tary laws that he settlement of the tary laws, that no settlement of the pending differences between the United States and Spain will be sails factory to the sanitarians of this counthat does not insure to the United States the absolute control of the sani-tary administration of the Island of Cuba.

Cuba.

The following pensions were granted last week: John T. Park, Marien Center, Indiana, \$6; Henry H. Hoffman, Gideon, Somerset, \$5; David Harnett, East Freedom, Blair, \$10; Joseph Bilby, Caidweil, Clinton, \$6; A. Klingensmith, Pyrra, Armstrong, \$15 to \$2; James Fogg, Beaver, \$5 to \$8; Isaac N. Rainey, Waukesha, Clearfield, \$5 to \$12; Dorcas Schneider, Jennerstown, Somerset, \$8; minors of W. Hague, Altoona, \$12; Cementha Heasily, Oakhand, Armstrong, \$12; Sarah Francis, Connelisville, \$8; Catharine George, Evandale, Juniata, \$5; Gertrude H. Bryant, Elliott, Allegheny, \$8; Sarah J. Owens, Elliott, Allegheny, \$8; Sarah J. Owens, Johnstown, 38: Loretta McCracken

Johnstown, \$5: Loretta McCracken, Liberty, Tloga, \$12; Clarissa M. Austin, Erie, \$8: Susaa R. Fitchthorn, Manor-ville, \$8: Anthony Allen, Butler, \$6; Jacob Bryson, Mercersburg, \$6; Samuel Davis, Evans City, \$6: Simeon Eckles, Clarks Mills, \$8: Samuel Edel-man, Altoona, \$6: Frank Case, Elliott, \$8: John C. Bilss, Hillsdale, \$50; Henry J. Barchert, Marlanville, \$17, Care, H. \$8: John C. Bliss, Hillsdale, \$50: Henry J. Borchert, Marionville, \$17; Cary H. Russell, Tyrone, \$30: minors of Alonzo Gilson, Tyroneville, \$12: Martha A. Chapman, Sterling Run, Cameron, \$8; John L. Cline, Brownsville, \$8: Phillip Floray, dead, Center Hall, \$6 to \$12; William H. Crane, Athens, \$8 to \$10; Samuel C. Moreland, Mercer. \$5 to \$8; Joseph Barchy, Buffalo Mills, Bedford, \$14 to \$17; Jacob R. Sharretts, Johnstown, \$10 to \$12; Jacob P. Durant, Pittsburg, \$8; Cathrine Floray, Center Hall, \$8; Mary Bay, Clover, Lawrence, \$12; minor of Hugh Ray, Allegheny, \$10.

Thomas Gough, who conducts a gen-eral store at the Hicks mine, near Saltsburg, had an encounter with three Salesburg, and an encounter with three burglars the other night which will probably cost one his life. Mr. Gough was awakened by a noise in the store, and found men packing up goods. He fired, wounding one, but all made their escape. Next morning some children passing through a woods came upon a badly wounded man. He was taken to Mr. Gough's home and thence to a hospital. He gave his name as Sher-

hospital. He gave his name as Sher-ley of Blairsville, and confessed. He is is years of age.

The strong current in the river car-ried William Wheeler and John An-gler, miners working at the Chamou mines, under the barges moored near the works. Wheeler was rescued, but Angler sank.

The dead body of Annie Burkhart, who mysteriously disappeared from her home at Greensburg, two months ago, was found in the Conemaugh river, was found in the Conemaugh river, near Blairsville, a few days ago. Miss Burkhart, who was about 16 years of age, was receiving attentions from a young man of the neighborhood, to the dissatisfaction of her parents. On the morning of her disappearance her mother insisted that her association with the young man should cease. She had declared that if she were denied the company of the young man she the company of the young man she would drown herself. The body was

In the recorder's office at Butler a few days ago the Forest Oil Company filed for record 197 instruments, which represent the purchase of an immense block of oil territory in Adams, Mudlesex, Cranberry, Jackson, Forward and Connequenessing townships, in all 62 properties have been purchased and the amounts raid vary from \$500 feet. the amounts paid vary from \$800 for a 10-acre lease to \$97,778 for 40 acres of producing territory. The aggregate amount of territory involved is considerably over 2,500 acres and the total price paid is \$37,4000 price paid is \$574,000.

The dead body of Adam Kamerer, a prominent citizen, was found at Butler a few days ago. lying between two a few days ago. lying between two boilers in a yard adjoining the yard of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. His throat was cut from ear to ear and a pair of suspenders not his own were twisted about his neck. A case knife, a pocket-knife and a car coup-ling nin were lying near the body. ling pin were lying near the body.

The Sixth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteer infantry, are now comfort-ably located at Camp Thomas, Chattanooga, and are ready for maneuvers and general instruction. The Ninth Pennsylvania, which arrived in the city early yesterday morning, did not reach their permanent camp until to-

For the second time within a month vandals vented their spite against Harry Feese, of North Cornwall township, Lebanon county, by cutting to pieces his harness and carriage.

In a suit against the city of Lock Haven for damages for injuries received by falling on a defective sidewalk, Mrs. Hannah Ouigley was awarded.

Hannah Quigley was awarded

A boiler in the Hamilton & Dailey stone quarry, two miles west of Sharon exploded with terrific force. Nelson Burton was blown 30 feet away and seriously hurt.

Ford Scranton, of Riceville, while out with two boy companions, acci-dentally shot Archie Simmonds through the head, killing him instant-

While walking with his mother in Lebanon, two-year-old George Bross was attacked by a vicious dog and terribly bitten in the face.

A little son of James Stevenson, su-perintendent of Bristol, was drowned in the canal at that place Saturday

Farmer Hibbs, of Bucks County, has sold his wheat at \$1.50 a bushel, the highest price ever obtained in that sec-

Survivors of the old Ninth Pennsyl ania Cavalry will meet in reunion a ake Carey, Wyoming County, or

J. Bnyder, of Ottsville, reports having had a terrific fight with a monster blacksnake, which attacked him on the road, but was finally killed.

Bome person distributed strychnine in bologna sausage on many of the streets at Freeport and some 15 or 20 dogs are dead as a result.

William Nixon, a farmer of Leasure-ville, Butier county, committed suicide by shooting himself while delirious from typhold fever.

Lightning struck Engineer Zane's residence, at Mauch Chunk, and passed from roof to cellar, without injuring the inmates.

GREAT BATTLESHIP ARRIVES IN SAFETY.

Great joy was manifested through-out the nation last week when Sec-retary Long officfally announced that the Oregon had reached Sampson's fear lest the Spaniards should seize of squadron in safety. The Oregon left the Pacific before war was declared

And a prow to the tropic sea again. Home! Home! With the mother fleet

to sleep Till the call shall rise o'er the awful

And the bell shall clang for the battle there, And the voice of guns is the voice of

One more to the songs of the bold and

free, When your children gather around

your knee; When the Goths and Vandals come down in might As they came to the walls of Rome one

When the lordly William of Deloraine Shall ride by the Scottish lake again; When the Hessian spectres shall filt in

As Washington crosses the Delaware: When the eyes of babes shall be closed in dread

And the breathless millions that look-

ectiles was let by the government ist week.

The Pennsylvania regiments now at Chickamanga are suffering from an epidemic of sore eyes.

A Spanish spy, having in his posses-sion drawings of New York harbor-was arrested by government officers in New York a few days ago.

A freight train, consisting of 15 cars

transported to Havana the supply re-cently brought to Clenfuegos by the Spanish steamer Montserrat.

Spanish private steamship com-panies have placed their vessels at the disposal of the government, and over

600 vessels are ready for service await-

As owing to existing circumstances the city of Havana is not lighted either by gas or electricity, all persons are compelled to put lights in front of

The Havana naval station has sent a

cablegram of congratulation to the Philippine naval station and the fleet for the alleged victory obtained against

The consuls of Germany, Italy, Uru-guay and the Argentine Republic, at Clenfuegos, have protested before the civil governor against the bombard-ment by the American fleet without

A report was current last week that the Cuban insurgents had submitted to Spain. Later this was denied at Madrid, although it was admitted that a few unimportant leaders had accept-ed the advances of Gen. Blanco.

The Sixth Massachusetts regiment which 37 years ago was received with

Baltimore, was last Saturday accorded a most enthusiastic welcome as the

The crew of the cruiser New York

has asked permission to sink the bell which is now on board the ship. This bell was presented to them by the seventh regiment of New York which has refused to enlist. The sailors have alrendy subscribed \$500 for a new bell.

Fire in a car containing the personal effects of the 36 officers of the Ninth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers, en route for Chickamauga, caused wild excitement at Conewago Junction last

Tuesday night. The car was burned to cinders and caused a severe loss to the regiment.

William Doherty, a noted scientist has just arrived at his home in Cin-cinnati from Hong Kong. He it was,

who some time ago, secured drawings of the Manila fortifications, risked his life in passing the Spanish guards, and then presented the important papers to Admiral Dawey

Over a score of lives were lost and thousands of dollars' worth of property was destroyed by a tornado which swept Slinton and Jackson counties, Ia., last Wednesday. The storm jumped into Western Illinois near Savana, and it was at that point that the loss of life was greatest.

Capt. Duval of the United States commissary department has made a contract with St. Louis bakeries for 610,000 pounds of army crackers. This is equivalent to 30,000 barrels of flour. On each will be printed the words, "Remember the Maine." Besides the big contract for hard bread, Capt. Duval has let a contract for 25,000 gallons of vinesar.

Soldier Killed in a Wrock A passenger train on the ooga, Rome & Southern hich left Chattanooga

which left Chattanooga Saturday morning, ran into the third section of the military train conveying the First Missouri volunteers, near Rossville, Ga., killing Private George M. Walker, Company D, and painfully injuring A. Maynard Lane, Company M; Howard Brolaski, Company D, and slightly in-juring several others.

Three thousand pounds of powder a

the plant of the Economical Smokeless

the plant of the Economical Smokeless Powder Company, about four and a half miles from Hammond, Ind., blew this afternoon, killing Arthur E. up this afternoon, killing Arthur E. ing John S. Piper, Frank Halse and Carl Porter.

The explosion occurred about 1 o'clock. The plant has been running only three days, and was about to begin work on a Government order for \$5,000,000 cartridges. The officers of the company have been unable to determine the cause of the explosion.

Chatta-railroad, Saturday

to Admiral Dewey.

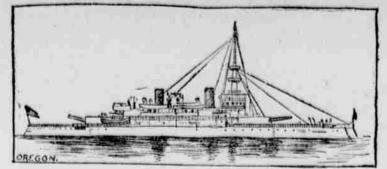
hisses and hostile demonstrations

regiment again passed through

. . . .

prayer!

nir



THE RACE OF THE OREGON.

Lights out! And a prow turned toward. For a moment's shelter from speed and And a canvas hiding each cannon's

And a ship like a silent ghost released Is seeking her sister-ships in the East. A rush of water, a foaming trail, An ocean bound in a coat of mail, A deck long-lined with the lines of

She roars good-bye at the Golden

On! On! Alone without gong or bell, But a burning fre, like the fire of bell, Till the lookout starts as his glasses

The white cathedral of Callao. A moment's halt 'neath the slender spire,

Food, food for the men, and food for Then out in the sea to rest no more Till her keel is grounded on Chile's

South! South! God guard through the

in dread
As the story of Paul Revere is read;
When your boys shall ask what the
guns are for,
Then tell them the tale of the Spanish unknown wave, Where chart nor compass may help or Save, Where the hissing wralins of the sea

And few may pass through the stormy

North! North! For a harbor far away, For another breath in the burning day;

ed upon The matchless race of the Oregon, John James Meehan in "Leslie's Weekly." OUR WAR WITH SPAIN. The war is costing Spain \$20,000,000 a onth. An order of \$1,266,300 worth of pro-

ing orders.

their houses.

the American flag.

due notification,

Brend has raised a cent in New York

Ten thousand volunteers are now tenting at San Francisco. Cuban physicians say that the island is healthy except along the coast.

The Tenth regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers will be sent to Manila. A trained Canadian regiment has of-fered its services to President McKin-

ley.
Unusual precautions are being taken
Unusual precautions are being taken at Washington to protect the life of the

A Spanish suspect has been sentenced six months imprisonment at Decutur, Ala.

catur, Ala.

Eggs are selling for 15 cents a piece at Havana. \$12 in gold buys a hundred weight of rice.

A \$50,000 prize was captured by the ruiser New York, on her trip to San Juan last week. The London Standard ridicules

condition of the volunteer army now at Chickamauga. The foreign affairs committee of the house has reported in favor of the an-nexation of Hawaii.

In Spain it is rumored that the Cadiz flect is coming to bombard Boston and other New Englad cities.

A projectile, throwing a liquid which sets the enemy's ship on fire, is being constructed at Washington.

The United States has entered into an agreement with Great Britain not to bombard the Canary Islands. Spain is imploring help from France. Germany and Austria offering territory in the Philippines for assistance.

Food for 1,350,000 meals was purchased at Chicago and forwarded to Chicksmauga last week. Cost, \$175,000.

Two American newspaper correspon-Havana being treated as spies by Blanco.

The United States court at Key West as condemned four of the Spanish vessels captured some weeks ago. The Holland torpedo boat has been purchased by the government. This

destroyer travels beneath the water. Attaches to the foreign offices are ar-riving at Tampa, Fla., to take observa-tions as to the manner of conducting

Idle people at Havana are forced to work upon the batteries, strengthening them against the impending bombard-

A more active strategy board has been substituted for the old one by President McKinley. Names not given. Now that the raining season has commenced in Cuba, forest fires are no longer noticeable to the crews of the blockading fleets.

The Dupont Powder mills near Wil-mington, Del., are being guarded by the first battalion of Pennsylvania's cond regiment.

During the recent engagement bet-ween Americans and Spaniards at Cienfuegos, the latter lost 300 men and hundreds were wounded.

An American miner at Manila has been forced to leave by the Spaniards who feared he would supply United States vessels with coal.

The object of a visit to the United States of several prominent Mexicans is to impress upon our people that Mexico is not in sympathy with Spain. The United States government has absolute control of all the cables, and it is impossible to obtain information concerning army and navy movements.

Spaniards in Cuba are now filling old hulls with iron and explosives, and thus setting them adrift. In this way they hope to sink some of the American vessels.

If water is not soon secured for the 12,000 men now assembled at Camp Aiger, Falls Church, Va., there will certainly be an epidemic of fever. The heat is intense.

No soldiers can pass through Pitts-burg without receiving hot coffee, sandwiches and other necessities from the hands of a specially appointed citi-zen's committee.

The military inspectors say that the Pennsylvania volunteers are the best that have gone to war; that they surpass those of all the other states in organization, discipline, drill and equipment

CUBA WANTS ABSOLUTE FREEDOM

WAR DISAPPOINTING

Independence of the United States 24 Well as of Spain the Aim of the Insurgents. An Opinion from Madrid.

The vice-president of the Cuban Republic, Senor Mendez Capote, now journeying to Washington said the other day to an Associated Press correspondent:

"I go to Washington to set forth the aspirations of the provisional government in conjunction with Senor Palma. I cannot disclose the precise nature of the representations I shall make. Their object is to establish a firm understanding between the governments and arrange a basis of co-operation in mil-itary designs and a civil re-organiza-tion of the istand. We feel immensely grateful to the United States for their

ald. "The non-decisive character of the war so far is a little disappointing to



(Minister Pienipotentiary of the Republic of Cuba.)

must be wise and certain in the end to the effect the result striven for. "That result for us is not liberty alone but independence—independence of the United States as well as

Spain."
The Madrid correspondent of the The Madrid correspondent of the London Times, commenting on the situation in Cuba, says; "Whether any large number of insurgents will ever fight for the Americans is considered extremely doubtful, but despite Spain's hope it is equally deubtful whether Gen. Maximo Gomez and the other influential insurent leaders will boddly Gen. Maximo Gomez and the other in-fluential insurgent leaders will boldly declare against American annexation. All that can be said with certainty is that the cabinet at Washington has not found and cannot count upon-the efficient assistance from the in-surgents which it evidently expected when it rushed into war without hav-ing an army of occupation ready. "Since the ministry has been recon-structed publicity and prominence are

structed publicity and prominence are being given by leading organs to cer-tain movements of troops, which seem to indicate an intention to warn whom it may concern that Spain is ready to resist any unjustifiable schemes of aggression from whatever schemes of aggression from whatever quarter they may come. These move-ments have reference to the idea that Spain may be helpful to the powers in the event of any combination against an Anglo-Saxon alliance.

ADMITS FINAL DEFEAT.

But Spain Hopes for the Intervention Some European Power.

Senor Capdepon, Spanish minister of the interior, has denied, in the course of an interview, that the change in the constitution of the ministry would in-volve any alteration in the foreign policy of Spain, all the new ministers being in favor of prosecuting the war to the end with the utmost energy. "Spain," said Senor Candepon, "went

said Senor Capdepon, perilously near sacrificing her honor in the interest of peace, only making a stand when further concessions would have involved her disgrace and effacement as a nation. This she will never do, and in this resolve the new cabinet is as thoroughly uniform as the old. The new cabinet entertains no illusions. It is aware that weakness and poverty are opposed to strength and wealth; but Spain is in the position of a duellist bound to defend his honor against the gross insults of a perilously near sacrificing her honor in honor against the gross insults of a a few day, more powerful antagonist, who, although he is convinced that the result to be sold is almost certain death, yet he feels the cream.

HEAVY EXPENSES

Cost of the War Thus Far Tetimated at

Secretary Alger has sent to the secretary of the treasury for transmission to Congress supplemental estimates of appropriations aggregating \$88,638,840 required by the war department for the support of the regular and volunteer armies of the United States for the first six months of the fiscal year ending June 39, 1898, in addition to the amounts appropriated in the acts of March 15 and May 4, 1898. The particular items for which appropriations are asked are given as follows:

Expenses of the commanding general's office, \$1,000; contingent expenses inspector general's department, \$1,000; signal service of the army, \$114,000; pay, etc., of the army, \$4,017,804; pay of volunteers, \$25,056,266; subsistence of the army, \$10,219,635; regular supplies quarterment, \$2,500,000; horses for cavalry and artiflery, \$2,000,000; barracks and quarters, \$750,000; army transportation, \$20,000,000; clothing and garnison equipage, \$13,000,000; racks and quarters, \$750,009; army transportation, \$20,000,000; clothing and camp and garrison equipage, \$13,006,000; contingencies of the army, \$50,000; medical and hospital department, \$55,000; medical and hospital department, \$554,000; ord-nance, ordnance service, \$325,000; ord-nance, ordnance atores and supplies, \$3,394,000; armament of fortifications, \$130,510; manufacture of arms, \$640,000; equipment of engineer troops, \$75,000;

equipment of engineer troops, \$75,000; givilian assistants of engineer officers, \$40,000. Total, \$88,638,840. Up to this time the estimates and ap-propriations already made on account of the war aggregate \$225,210,849. General Stanton has submitted esti-mates aggregating \$30,000,000 for the pay of the regular and volunteer army for the six months beginning July 1.

CAELE FLASHES.

The American consulate at Hong Kong is crowded with volunteers who wish to fight for the United States. The Prussian diet was closed by Emperor William last Wednesday. He made no reference to the war.

A great fire has broken out in the Zolern mine at Dortmund, Prussin. It is feared that at least 45 miners have

The German foreign office has received reports from Paris saying France is indignant at the American

cable cuttings, considering such action to be contrary to interputional law, and that she intends to ask the powers The members of the new Spanish cabinet took the oath Wednesday ev-

cannot took the outh wednesday evening. Sener Sagasta will assume charge of the foreign portfolio pending the return of Senor Castillo from Paris. The other changes in the ministry are Senor Annon, minister of marine; Senor Gamazo, minister of public work of the control of th and Senor Giron, minister of colonies.

Although there is not yet a real famine in Germany, bread and grain prices are still rising, especially in South Germany, where the price of bread is 50 per cent, above the rate that prevailed in Jones of the colonies.

n January last. The use of table wines is very general throughout Brazil, especially in the cities, among rich and poor; and in the interior with the well-to-do people. Its use is regarded as essential to health in this tropical and debilitating climate. ing climate.

RAN THE BLOCKADE.

Ship Returns to Spain, Having Landed Supplies for Blanco's Soldiers.

The Spanish auxiliary cruiser Mont-The Spanish auxiliary cruiser Mont-serrat arrived at Corunna, Spain, last week from Clenfuegos, having escaped the American blockading ships. Large crowds of people thronged the quays and the members of the crew received an ovation when they went ashore, the people embracing the captain and of-ficers of the steamer. Popular demonfleers of the steamer. Popular demonstrations followed in various parts of the city. The commander of the Montserrat declared that he was not charged with any mission and said he was not carrying dispatches; but the Spaniards claim he is patriotically con-cealing the facts in the case. The Montserrat is to be sent to Fer-

rol or Cadiz in order to have her guns

mounted.
The newspapers claim that the The newspapers claim that the Montserrat "thrice ran the blockade of the Cuben coast," and that, therefore, the blockade is ineffective.

It is asserted that the Montserrat

landed 15,000,000 pesetas, 1,000 soldiers, 100 guns, 15,000 rifles and a quantity of ammunition in Cuba.

Powder Explosion in Spain

An explosion has occurred at the Chauteau San Julian, Spain, in a projectile factory. Five soldiers and five workmen were killed outright and 62 persons severely injured, among them the governor of the port. The explosion was accidental.

Zion Evangelical church of Chicago a few days ago gave an ice cream social. But the paster permitted beer to be sold to those who did not enjoy



CAMPING GROUNDS IN CHICKAMAUGA FOR UNITED STATES TROOPS.

Chickamauga Park is now being prepared for the thousands of volunteer troops which are daily assembling. A water works plant for pumping water from the Chickamauga river is being erected. Twenty-five cars of provisions arrived on the grounds last Sunday. Fifty-one improved ambulances for the hospital service have been distributed about the grounds.

"Spain prefers a possible defeat to a certain disgrace. Ministers know that the moral sympathies of the powers are with Spain, and that while hesitating to undertake the responsibility for action which might lead to a greater war, they may eventually intervene from motives of self-interest and public policy on behalf of Spain."

The Holland minister for foreign affairs had a long conference with the United States minister, Stanford New-ell, with heference to the neutrality of the Netherlands.

CAPITAL GLEANINGS

Senator Mason's Washington residence was robbed of \$4,000 worth of

jewelry.
An order for 200,000 pairs of soldiers' shoes has been placed by the war de-

Russia objects to the United States retaining the Philippines or to selling them either to England or Japan. President McKinley last Saturday reviewed the volunteer troops of the District of Columbia. This is the first time in thirty years that volunteer troops have been reviewed by a President.

The Cost of War

The Cost of War.

If the war continues for a year it will involve an expenditure of over \$400,000,000. The appropriations already made or estimated as necessary for that period foot up \$425,000,000.

The optimistic view that Spain will sue for peace as soon as a naval battle is won, and that the war will not last a year is not shared by republican leaders, who may be supposed to reflect the views of the administration. It is said that even should peace be declared in a month or six weeks the United States will have an expensive and lengthy task before it in establishing a stable government in Cuba and effecting the occupation and control of the Philippines. the Philippines.

Gladstone's Funeral.

Saturday, May 28, has been fixed for Mr. Gladstone's funeral.

With the interment of Gladstone's remains in Westminster Abbey the last close in Statesman's corner has been

A Marvelous Record.

The navy department is proud of the record made by the Oregon, from an engineering point of view. The reports to the department from the ship show that she does not need 5 cents' worth of repairs to her machinery

SPANISH FLEET ARRIVES AT GUBR

UNDER STRONG DEFENSE.

Admiral Cervera's Ships Dodge the Two American Squadrons, and Anchom

At Santiago De Cuba. The Spanish squadron has arrived at

Eantiago de Cuba without accident. A direct message from Santiago de Cuba Friday confirmed the arrival of the Spanish squadron.

The event has caused intense enthusiasm in the old Cuban city.
The Spanish fleet, on its arrival at Santlago, found there two American warships, which retired with all speed.
The Queen Regent has cabled con-

The Queen Regent has cabled congratulations to Admiral Cervera.

The American ships have had the Caribbean entrance to the Windward Passage so closely gunrded that it would be impossible for the fleet to would be impossible for the fleet to have gone north. Commodore Schley has the south coast of Cuba so theroughly patrolled that if the Cape Verde fleet should sail west from Santingo it would not go far before it would meet the flying squadron. It is the opinion of naval officials that Admiral Cervera, having once entered a Cuban port, will not attempt to return immediately home, but will make for Clenfuegos or Havana.

home, but will make for Clentueges or Havans.

They refuse to express an opinion regarding advices from Port au Prince, announcing heavy cannonading off the Haltien coast last Sunday.

The minister of marine at Madrid, Captain Aunon, received a dispatch from Admiral Cervera, in command of the Cape Verde squadron of the Spanish fleet. It read:

"Santiago de Cuba, May 19.

"This morning I have without incident entered this port, accompanied by dent entered this port, accompanied by the squadron. CERVERA."

the squadron. CERVERA."

The admiral also cabled that he did not sight any American ships during the voyage, and that the crews of his ships are in perfect health and full of enthusiages.

ships are in perfect health and full of enthusiasm.

Continuing, the dispatch says: "The blockading vensels quickly left on the approach of the squadron, whose ar-rival has created the greatest excite-ment and enthusiasm at Santiago. Im-mediately crowds of people thronged the quays and cheered our sailors. Havana's relief at the safe arrival of the fleet is very great, as it was feared the fleet is very great, as it was feared the American ships which left the blockade had gone to intercept the Spanish fleet. It is now believed the Americans fleed in order to avoid a re-

verse."
Saturday it was reported that the Spanish fleet had left Santiago de Cuba and were preparing to make a dash for Havana. To do this the Spanish admiral will either have to engage with Sampson's fleet on the south or Schley's ships on the north and a great naval battle is looked for. General Miles, commanding the army. General Miles, commanding the sarmy, said it was not the intention of the president to call for an additional number of volunteers at this time.

An important expedition to Cuba will leave Mobile port within a few days. Fifteen thousand guns and several hundred thousand rounds of ammunition will be shipped to the insurgents. A delegation of prominent negroes called on the secretary of war Tuesday and urged that all of the ten regiments of immunes to be sent to Cuba be made up of colored men. They pointed out the especial service the colored troops, bred in the southern climate and most of them used to conditions similar to those to be confronted in Cuba, would have in the campaign. Secretary Alger was not able to concede all of the immune regiments to colored volunteers, but gave assurance that several of them would be com-General Miles, commanding the army, cede all of the immune regiments to colored volunteers, but gave assurance that several of them would be com-posed of men of their race. The dele-gation also urged the appointment of Capt. Thomas S. Kelley of Louisiana as a colonel of one of the immune regi-ments. Capt. Kelley, it is said, has the indorsement of Gen. Miles.

BATTLESHIPS LEAVE FOR MANILA.

LONG CRUISE.

Another Terrible Fighting Machine, the Enthusiasm at San Francisco.

The Charleston is well on her way to Manila. The big cruiser passed through the Golden Gate at San Franthrough the Golden Gate at San Francisco Sunday. Every steam vessel in the harbor blew au revoir to Capt. Glass and his crew. None of the forts in the harbor saluted the vessel, but the demonstration made by the 6,000 soldiers gathered at the Presidio was tremendous. When the vessel was sighted coming down the bay the soldiers gathered on the beach and bid her bon voyage. They lined the beach for a mile and cheer upon cheer rang out from the men who are so soon to

for a mile and cheer upon cheer rang out from the men who are so soon to follow the Charleston to the scene of Admiral Dewey's triumph. The Charleston's big siren answered the boys on the beach time and again and the whistling was heard from one end of the city to the other.

Never has a war vessel leaving this harbor received such a send-off as was given the Charleston, which was the first of the American fleet to be built on the Pacific coast. She was inunched from the Union iron works in San Francisco ten years ago and was one of the "nest-eggs" of the present American navy.

of the neutrons ordered to pro-erican navy.

The Monterey was ordered to pro-ceed to Manila to reinforce Admiral Dewey's squdron. The Montercy is a tower of strength in hernelf, and her addition to Admiral Dewey's force, together with the dispatch of thou-

addition to Admiral Dewey's force, together with the dispatch of thousands of troops to Manila, is ampleevidence that the administration has assumed no half-hearted attitude toward the Philippines question and is determined to take no chance of dispossasion until such time as the United States itself has arranged for the disposition of the islands.

The Monterey is probably the most formidable monitor in the world, yet she combines with the enormous offensive and defensive qualities of the monitor type a seaworthiness that is almost phenomenal. The Monterey is described technically as a barbette turret, low free board monitor of 4,000 by 59 feet beam, and 14 feet 6 inches draught. She carries in two turrets surrounded by barbettes two 12-2nch and two 10-inch guns, while superstructure between superstructure betwee are mounted six 6-per pounders and two gravets are 7-1-2 and the surrounding b and 11-12 inche

might thunds