Experience

And Not Experiments, Should be Your Aim in Buying Medicine.

Let others experiment; you should be guided by experience. Experiments are reertain in result; experience is sure. Exporiments may do you harm; experience proves that Hood's Sarsaparilia will do you wonderful good. Thousands gladly tell what Hood's has done for them. They want you to know and they urge you to That is what is meant by the vast try It. number of testimonials written in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla. They give the results of experience and prove that

Hood's Sarsa-parilla Is America's Greatest Medicine. Sold by all dringgista. \$1; six for \$5. Get only Hood's. Hood's Pills are gentle, mild, effec-

The prettier a girl's spring dress is the longer it may be known that her father is fussing about it.

To Cure Constipution Forever. Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10e or 20. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Old Cairo is changing visibly. The electric trainway to the Pyramids is an accomplished fact, and the eight-mile trip-before so expensive-is now possi-ble for a few pence. Ismail's great causeway will in no way be spolled, as the rails have been laid right along the side of the avenue, and, indeed, are scarcely noticeable.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervous-ness after first day's use of Dr. Rilpe's Great Kerve Hestorer. Strial bottle and treatise free Dr.R.H.KLINE Ltd. 001 Arch St. Phila, Pa.

During the sieg of Paris 150,000 official dispatches were carried into the city by the "Pigeon Post."

No-To-Hae for Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak ach strong, blood pure. 500, 81. All druggists

Thibet and Its Inhabitants.

The immense territory of Thibet is almost completely surrounded by mountain ranges of appalling magniture, which, especially along the southern, western and northern frontlers, constitute formidable barriers against ingress. From the Pamir Plateau, in the extreme west-"the world's backbone" -radiate the great natural ramparts which shut out India on the one hand and the Tartar countries of Bokhara and Turkestan on the other. No Aslatic or Western conqueror has ever dared to penetrate this mountain world; and even Genghis Khan, the scourge of Asia, whose ravages extended from Pekin in the East to Moscow in the West, was obliged, when invading Northern India, to take the circuitous route, via Kashghar and Afghanistan. instead of crossing Thibet. Secure on their lofty plateau, and practically isolated from the rest of the world, the people of Thibet have remained undis-turbed for ages, and have developed characteristics for which we might vainly search in any other race on the globe. The Chinese "conquest" has not pro-duced the slightest change in their mode of life, or exercised any appreclable influence upon their peculiar culture.

OPEN LETTERS FROM

Jennio E. Green and Mrs. Harry Hardy. the Same

JENNIE E. GREEN, Denmark, Iowa, writes to Mrs. Pinkhain: "I had been sick at my monthly

periods for seven years, and tried almost everything I ever heard of, but without any benefit. Was troubled with backache, headache, pains in the 10.00 mother I was induced to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it has done me so much good. I am now sound and well."

VILLAINOUS GUNCOTTON THIS HIGH EXPLOSIVE ADOPTED FOR

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

Terrific Damage Wrought on Warships by Shells Charged With Cordite in the War Between China and Japan-Its Destructive Power - How It Is Made.

Guncotton, one of the most powerful destroyers known to man, has been adopted by the United States as the service high explosive for the great service fign explosive for the great guns of warships and seacoast de-fences, as the tests at the Indian Head and Sandy Hook proving grounds have demonstrated the entire leasibility of firing from modern rifled guns, with smokeless powder as the propelling agent, steel shells carrying heavy charges of guncotton. Among all the measures taken for strengthening the national defences, this is one

of the most important, Armor-piercing projectiles, heavily charged with guncotton, would make our fortified harbors safe from an attack by a hostile fleet. A single shell from the great Watervliet gun to be mounted on Romer Shoals would carry such a weight of the powerful explosive as to put out of action the most heavily armored ship affoat. Should a portion of an attacking fleet run through the fire of the longrange guns and come within range of the mortar-batteries, upon the decks would fall tons of guncotton incased in deck-piercing shells, which would explode between decks with terrible

effect. Armor plate would be crushed like tin, guns dismounted, boilers exploded, and crews decimated by the lying fragments of steel and the force of the explosive. Modern high explosives have never

been used in large quantities to charge rifle shells in warfare, but secret experiments in Europe have met with such success that it is believed that should there be another great Europeau war the combatants would all be found supplied with high explosive shells. Dynamite and guncotton were used in torpedoes and submarine mines in the war between Chili and Pern, the Turco-Russian war of 1877, the Franco-Chinese war of 1884, the Brazilian civil war, and the last war in the East, but only in the conflict between China and Japan was any use made of high explosive shells. During the few hours of uaval fighting terrible destruction was wrought by Japanese shells charged with small quantities of cordite, the service smokeless powder of England. Many of the shells failed to explode and the aim of the gunners was bad, but the effect of high explosive shells, even under these adverse conditions, was terrific. In the action off Asan on July 25, 1894, in which three Chinese and four Japanese warships were engaged, the Tsi Yuen, one of the Chinese ships, received the heaviest fire. An English officer went aboard after the battle.

"The vessel presented the appear-ance of an old wreck." he said. "On deck the sight was cruel and beggars description. Woodwork, cordage, bits of iron and dead bodies all lay in confusion. Between decks matters were as bad. The slaughter had been The slaughter had been awful, blood and human remains being scattered over the decks and guns. Three of the five men working the four-ton gun in the after turret were blown to pieces by a six-inch shell, and a fourth was shot down while attempting to leave the turret. The re-maining gunner stuck to his post and managed to fire three rounds at the Naniwa, and one shell entering her engine room and another blowing her ore bridge away, she hanled off. The Chinese admiral awarded to the plucky gunner 1000 taels. One shell struck the deck and, glancing, passed up through the conning tower and exploded, blowing to pieces the gunner-lieutenant and leaving his head hanging on one of the voice pipes. Huge fragments of armor and backing had been torn from their fastenings and carried inboard, crushing a number of poor wretches into shapeless masses, even the upper part of the funnels being splashed with blood." Guncotton shells for heavy guns have been adopted by the United-States as the result of experiments extended over a period of years. Long ago the ordnance experts were con-vinced that high explosive shells could be used with entire safety, and emmensite, a modern explosive of un-certain action, was adopted for use in the army. The service charge of emmensite for common 12-inch mortar shells was fixed at seventeen pounds, and for deck-piercing shells at thirty-eight pounds. Three years ago the army ordnance bureau announced that experiments were in progress with a view to adopting an armor-piercing projectile and a high-explosive shell. Several American inventors have since brought forward armor-piercing shells brought forward armor-piercing shells meeting the government requirements. The projectile factories are now work-ing under rush orders making shells for the government. The armor-piercers, deck piercers, and common shells are all made with powder cham-bers, solid shot having been discarded. No more emmensite will be made, and the material is please because down the government is placing large orders for cellulose (cotton fibre) and nitric and sulphuric acids for the manufacture of guncotton. The great power of guncotton as a destructive agent and the remarkable freedom with which it can be used freedom with which it can be used asfely alike make it a valuable mili-tary explosive. Gunootton is made by immersing pure dry cotton in a mixture of the purest and strongest nitricand sulphuric acids, and pressing it into blocks. When dry it is as easi-ly elsetrified as a cat's back, and is iuminous when rubbed in the dark. Dry guncotton may be exploded by wrapping it tightly is tin-fold, striking it several light blows on an anvil to compress it, and then giving it a beery

blow; but there is no certainty that it will explode. Saturated with water guncotton is exploded with great difficulty, and it is in this condition that it is stored away in magazines and used as a shell-charging explosive. The wet guncotton, in the process of pressing in its manufacture at the United States torpedo station, is subjected to a pressure of about 6000 pounds to the square inch, and the pressure has been carried to 15,000 pounds without causing explosion. Dry, loose guncotton burns with a flash, but without explosion; wet compressed guncotton will not burn until the moisture is dried out of it. In the torpedo station experiments a ton of wet guncotton has been placed in a bonfire, where it slowly burned away without explosion.

WISCONSIN'S NATURAL BRIDGE.

A Gigantic Archway in the Wilderness of the State Which Few Have Seen.

Few people know that Wisconsin possesses a natural bridge, with nearly, if not quite, as much attractiveness the one in Virginia, made famous by the visits of George Washington. The Badger bridge is located in the town of Honey Creek, about twenty miles from Milwaukee, and eight miles east of Prairie du Sac. The bridge is in fact only a gigantic archway detached from the face of a rocky bluff facing the Wisconsin river, by the action of the elements, but as a natural curios-ity has only a local reputation so far. Few visitors except from the immediate vicinity have ever taken the trouble to make a trip in this direction, probably because this part of Sauk county was, until recent years, cut off from railroads, and not easy of access Even now it requires considerable pluck to endure the long ride through the sands of the Wisconsin river bottoms, which lie between the old prairie of the Sac Indians and the bluff. One is amply repaid for a visit by the at-

A devious route through a farmer's plowed field is trod by a guide in reaching the face of the cliff where is found the bridge. It is not until within a short distance of the bluff that the archway can be seen because of the timber and underbrush partially concealing it.

Upon stepping between the bluff and the arch the immenseness of the task which nature has accomplished is apparent. The under part of the arch is about fifty feet above the floor in the highest part, and varies from that down to about thirty feet, where it joins the supporting rocks. The span is from ten to twenty-five feet thick, and about fifteen feet wide. The pathway across the top is a trifle over three feet wide in its narrowest place, and a cool head is needed to make the passage over the span. The person standing upon the top of the span is probably 100 feet above the average level of the surrounding country, and the scene spread before him is one of rural Wisconsin scenery unsurpassed. Although the country has been settled

for many years, yet the ruggedness of the scene seems hardly diminished by the hand of man in his efforts to con quer the soil and make for himself : home in these romantic surroundings. Except for the occasional loghouse, or, rarely, its frame successor, the place would seem as though in its original condition, so completely hidden from view by tangled underbrught and heavy woods are the tilled lands of the husbandman. About the base of the archway are

signs of human visitations, and the visitor learns that here the people of the surrounding country come to cel-ebrate the Fourth of July, and the remains of rustic booths, a broken been glass or two, and other signs of past pleasures are noted. Underneath the floor of the arch is a huge cavern seven feet high, twenty-five feet deep, and from 30 to 50 feet long, created by the action of the water rushing down the face of the hill, and under the archway after a heavy rain. This cavern makes a natural beer cellar, which the inhabitants of the region, nearly all of whom are Germans, utilize as a barroom upon the occasion of the colebration referred to.

A Cheerful Woman. From the Demoorat, Brazil, Ind.

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prove and by the time I had taken the five boxes I was able to go a bout my A Priceless Roon. usual work and stopped taking the pills. "Our daughter Anna, twelvo years old, was also affloted with decline and debility. She lost flesh, seemed to be bloodless and had no anobilion. She took two boxes of the pills and they restored her appetite, aided digestion and brought color to her there is a shattered system. Hour family and recommend them to all needing a remedy for toning up and re-building a shattered system. Modelsealing to women as Dr. Williams' Fink Pills for Pale People. They restored when avery effort of the physician proves when every effort of the physician proves avery there recognized as a specific for

Shake Into Your snoce

Shake Into Your shoce Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It ourse painful, swollen, nervous, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunious. It's the greatest comfort dis-covery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all drug-gists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE, Address Allen S.Oimsted, Lo Roy, N.Y.

Siam has 250,000 square miles, about the area of North and South Dakota, with Minneota added.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascareta, Candy Cathar-tic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lasy liver and driving all im-purities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheada, and that sickly billious complexion by taking Cascarets.—beauty for ten cents. All drug-gists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

One of the oldest and most curious one of the oldest and most curious samples of the locksmith's are is at-tached to the door of Temple Church, Fleet street, London. The key weighs seven pounds, is 18 inches long, and unlike other keys, it was not make for the lock. On the contrary, the lock was made for the key.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails tocure. 35c.

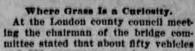
The Desert of Sahara is as large as all that portion of the United States ly-ing west of the Mississippi.

M. L. Thompson & Co., Druggists, Conders-port, Pa., say Hall's Catarrh Cure is the best and only sure cure for catarrh they ever sold. Druggists sell it, 75.

^{*} Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Symp for children testiling, softens the gums, feducing in-fiammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. Sc. a bottle.

Fortugal has 32,000 square miles, and is, therefore, a little smaller than the State of Maine.

Educate Your Bowels With Cases Candy Cathurtle, cure constipation forever, 10c, 20c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money



and 500 passengers per bour passed through the Blackwall tunnel. He incidentally remarked that a pathetic point was that children passed through to the south side of the river and car-ried back to the east tufts of grass as though they were curlosities.

The Cincinnati bootblacks have organized a trust-but they don't

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To guit tobacco easily and forever, be mag-netic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wooder worker, that makes weak men strong. All drugging, so of N. Cure guaran-teed. Booklet and sample free. Address Storling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Within the last ten years the number of railway stations in Germany has in-creased from 6,376 to 8,593.

ST. VITUS' DANCE, SPASMS and all perv-ous diseases permanently cured by the use of Dr. Rine's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for PREE 51.00 stral hottle and treatise to Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 201 Arch Street, Phila, Pa

I could not get along without Piso's Cure for Consumption. It always cures. Mus. E. C. MOULTON, Needham, Mass., Oct. 22, '94.

Any AFRMOTOR EX CHA NOLD FOR A ROLLER BEARING, septy-ran ning, were cond, services, septy-ran deuthing, UP-TO-DATE '98 MOTOR, 8 FT, FOR Sci 1246. Cest12: 164 THE NEW BEATS THE OLD AS THE OLD BEAT THE WOODEN WHEEL rned. Offer subject to rane your old wheel is not an A trus of swap-new for old-s Ton can put it on. Aprmato INCLUDE NEEDER THE DOMINANTAN Unsurpressed Musical Monthly tran 54 pages. New Music, Bright Literature Special



For three years we have been experimenting with, developing and perfecting Columbia **Bevel-Gear**

Chainless Bicycles.

Price \$125 to all allka.

This work has been in the hands of the most expert cycle engineers in the profession and we have succeeded in building a bicycle that everyone who has ridden admits is a better hill climber than any chain wheel yet made.

Mrs. HARRY HARDY, Riverside, Iowa, writes to Mrs. Pinkham the story of her struggle with serious ovarian trou-ble, and the benefit she received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. This is her letter:

"How thankful I am that I took your medicine. I was troubled for two years with inflammation of the womb and ovaries, womb was also very w. I was in constant misery. I had heart trouble, was short of breath and could not walk five blocks to save my life. Suffered very much with my back, had headache all the time, was nervous, menstruations were irregular and painful, had a bad discharge and was troubled with bloating. I was a erfect wreck. Had doctored and aken local treatments, but still was no better. I was advised by one of my neighbors to write to you. I have now finished the second bottle of Mrs. Pinkfinished the second bottle of Mrs. Pink-ham's Vegetable Compound, and am better in every way. I am able to do all my own work and ean walk nearly a mile without fatigue; something I had not been able to do for over two Your medicine has done me more good than all the doctors "



CONTO VA

ant. 7 CONSTIPATION. ...

The Wisconsin natural bridge is certainly worth traveling miles to see.

Born in a Snuff Mill.

Gilbert Stuart, the artist, who made so familiar to Americans the features of Washington and his wife, was once visited by two Philadelphia artists. One of the artists asked Stuart for a pinch of snuff from the box in which he was inserting a thumb and finger every few minutes, and then applying them to his nostrila.

"I will give it to you," said Stuart, proffering the box, "but I advise you not to take it. Shuff taking is a vile habit and should be avoided."

"Your practice contradicts your precepts, Mr. Stuart," answered the gentleman.

gentleman. "Sir, I can't help it," replied Stuart. "Let me tell you a story. Once I was traveling during a very dark night, and coaches dumped us in a ditch. We scrambled up, and on finding by examination that our legs and arms were unbroken thought of the poor fellow shut up in the basket with the baggage. He was found senseless and his neck twisted awry.

"A passenger began to untwist the mau's neck, that he might set his head straight on his shoulders. The senseless man, recovered by the wrench, roared out: "'Let me alone! Let me alone! I'm

"'Let me alone! Let me alone! I'm not hurt! I was born so!' Gentle-man," added Stuart, "I was born so. I was born in a snuff mill," and he emphasized the remark by taking an enormous pinch of snuff. "This," says the author of "Heir-looms in Miniature," was literally true, as Gilbert Stuart's father, a Scotchman, built the first snuff mill ever creeted in New England."-



to all and have made it the most popular remedy known. Byrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading drug-gists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will pro-cure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any mustitute.





TALLY LAND

Columbia Chain Wheels \$75, Hartfords \$50, Vedettes \$40, \$35

