Mailrond Cime Cables. DENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

IN EFFECT AUGUST 1, 1807.

Philadelphia & Eric Ralicoad Division Time Table. Trains leave Briftwood.

8:04 a m.—Train 8, weekdays, for Sunbury, Wilkesburre, Hazleton, Portsville, Serunton, Harrisburg and the Intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:23 p. m., New York, 9:23 p. m., Pullman Parior car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baitimore and Washington, 7:65 p. m. Pullman Parior car from Killiamsport to Baitimore and Washington.

and Williamsport to Baitimore and Washington.

38 p. m.—Train 6, weekdays, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:20 A. M.; New York, 7:23 A. M. Fullman Sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York, Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:20 A. M.

32 p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 6:32 A. M.; New York, 9:33 A. M. on week days and 10:38 A. M. on Sunday; Baltimore, 6:20 A. M.; Washington, 7:40 A. M. Philman sleepers from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Washington Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington sleeper at Williamsport. Passenger conches from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD

llamsport. Passenger conches from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD

4:44 a. m.—Train 9. weekdays, for Erie, Ridgway, DuBois, Chermont and paineipal intermediate stations.

9:45 a. m.—Train 15. daily for Erie and intermediate stations.

9:46 a. m.—Train 15. weekdays for Kane and Intermediate stations.

FOR DRIFTWOOD TRAINS FOR DRIFTWOOD TROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

TRAIN 9 leaves New York 5:53 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m.; Washington 8:25 p. m., arriving at Driftwood 4:41 a. m., weekdays, with Pullman sleepers and passenger coaches from Philadelphia 1:530 p. m.; Washington 8:50 a. m.; Wilkesbarre, 10:15 a. m.; weekdays, with Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia 1:40 p. m.; Washington, 7:50 a. m.; Weekdays, arriving at Driftwood at 5:45 p. M. with Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport and passenger coach to Kane.

TRAIN 3 leaves New York at 7:55 p. m.; Philadelphia, Il:20 p. m.; Washington, 10:40 p. m.; Baltimore, 10:50 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport, and through passenger conches from Philadelphia to Erie and Baltimore to Williamsport, and through passenger conches from Philadelphia to Erie and Baltimore to Williamsport, and through passenger conches from Philadelphia to Erie and Baltimore to Williamsport. Consundays only Pullman sleeping parts and through passenger conches from Philadelphia to Erie and Baltimore to Williamsport. Consundays only Pullman sleeping.

JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD.

(Daily except Sunday.)
TRAIN 19 leaves Ridgway at 9:55 a. m.: Johnsonburg at 10:08 a. m., arriving at Clermont at 10:58 a. m. arriving at Clermont at 10:08 a. m. arriving at Johnsonburg at 11:45 a. m. and Ridgway at 12:05 p. m.

RIDGWAY & CLEARFIELD R. R.

	THWAR		NORTHWARD.			
A.M	A.M.	STATIONS.	P. M.	P.M		
8 50	4 00	Renovo	5 00	10 25		
9 48	4 41	Driftwood	4.63	0 332		
10 32	5 10	Emporium June.	12 00	11 (4)		
1111	5 52	Emporium June. St. Marys	12 32	8 10		
11 10	6.30	Kane	12 30	11 (87		
11 30	6 49	Wilcox	12.06	842		
11 44	700	Johnsonburg	10 08	N 26		
12 16	7 20	Ridgway	9 50	7.00		
12 17	7 27	Island Run	5 43	7.48		
12 20	9 31	Mill Haven	9.40	7 45		
12 31	741	Croyland	# 29	7.33		
12 35	7.45	Shorts Mills	9 26	7.31		
12 30	7 49	Blue Rock	9.22	7.48		
12 41	7.51	Vineyard Run	9 19	7.25		
12 43	7.58	Carrier	9 17	7.24		
12 53	8.03	Brockwayville Lanes Mills	9.08	7.10		
12 57	8 07	Lanes Mills	9:04	7.11		
1 07	8.15	Harveys Run	8.55	7.04		
1 15	8 20	Falls Creek	8.50	7.00		
1 40	8 30	DuBois	6 40	65.46		
J. 1	Gen. Mr	HINSON, J. R.	WOOD, n. Pass.	Ag't		

A LLEGHENY VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY commencing Sunday, May 16, 1897, Low Grade Division.

No.1. No.5. No.9. | 101 | 103

A. M.P. M.A. M.A. M.P. M

Bed Bank Lawsonham Lawsonham New Bethlehem Oak Ridge Maysville Summerville Berokville Beil Fuller Reynoldsville Pancoust Falls Creek DuBois Babula Winterburn Penfeid Tyler Denezette Grant Oriftwood	11 30 11 37 11 44 12 20 12 26 12 25 12 25	5 5 5 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	#6 15 #6 15 #6 27 #6 53 7 00 7 08 7 25 7 35 7 36 7 48 27 #8 55	16 25 10 35	
	WEST No.2	WARD			
STATIONS.	240.2	10.0	No.10	106	104
Driftwood Grant Benezette Tyler	11 17	5 30 15 57 6 07 6 34	5 50 +6 19 6 20 6 59	P. M.	Р. М
Penfield Winterburn Rabula DuHois Falls Creek Pancoast Reynolds ville Fuller Bell Maysville OakRidge New Rethiehem Lawsonham Red Bank	11 20 11 25 11 25 12 25 11 25 11 25 12 25 12 25 12 25 12 25	6 43 6 49 6 59 7 125 7 7 37 7 7 57 48 16 8 82 9 9 10 9 15	7 15 7 26 7 42 7 50	12 no	6 40

JAS. P. ANDERSON GEN'L PASS. AGT. BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTS-

BURGH RAILWAY.

The short line between DuBois, Ridgway, dford, Salamanca, Buffalo, Rochester, gara Falls and points in the upper oil

on and after Nov. 15th, 1896, passen-trains will arrive and depart from Fall-ak station, daily, except Sunday, as folm and 1.25 p m for Curwensville and

7.25 a m and 1.25 p m for Curwensville and Clearfield.

10.00 a m-Buffalo and Rochester mail-For Brockwayville, Ridgway, Johnsonburg, Mt. Jewett, Bradford, Salamanca, Buffalo and Rochester; connecting at Johnsonburg with P. & E. train 3, for Wilcox, Kane, Warren, Corry and Erie.

10.27 a m-Accommodation-For Sykes, Big Run and Punxsutawney.

10.28 a m-For Reynoidsville.

11.55 p m-Bradford Accommodation For Beechtree, Brockwayville, Ellmont, Carman, Ridgway, Johnsonburg, Mt. Jewett and Bradford.

12.55 p. m.—Accommodation for Punxsutawney and Hig Run.

12.55 p. m.—Mail-For DuRois, Sykes, Big Run Pinxsutawney and Walston.

13.65 p. m.—Accommodation for Big Run and Punxsutawney.

Accommodated to purchase tick-urs are requested to purchase tick-re entering the cars. An excess of Ten Conts will be collected by con-then faces are paid on trains, from my where a ticket office is maintained. Thousand mile ticket office is maintained.
Thousand mile tickets at two cents per
to, good for passage between all stations.
J. H. Bedistyne. Agent. Fulls Creck, Pa.
J. C. Larsy, Gen. Pas. Agent.
Euchester N. Y.

A RECOLLECTION.

It was indeed a perfect day.

I scarce recall the weather.
But autumn calm and bloom of May
Seem mingled there together.
Then unclody made sweet the hours,
Each sentence was a ballad.
The rocks were Jeweis, weeds were flowers.
When Mary dressed the saind.

No vernal scene whose blandishment Will welcomely besset us
Can have the fascination lent
By that small sprig of lettuce,
And valuly must musicians toll
From stage or featal wagen
For tones like those with which the oil
Came loitering from the flagon.

Strange how these merchant chemists mar Each once alluring savor! How tasteless is the vinegar! How dull the pepper's flavor! Ofttimes when sterner moods are planned Those memories come pressing— That salad day, the sunshine and The girl who made the dressing. —Washington Star.

THE RETIRED BURGLAR.

A Meeting With a Gentle Hearted Won Backed by a Ferecious Dog.

"At the foot of the stairs in the front hall of a farmhouse one night," said the retir d burglar, "I stumbled over something soft that turned out to be feather bed. If I had had a grain of sense at all, I should have suspicioued something from that, but I didn't. It looked as though it had been just tumbled down stairs and left there to be carried off in the morning, and I let it go at that and stepped into it and over it to the first step of the stairs and on

up. "Stepping up on the fourth step, I kicked against a string stretched across the stairs and broke it. That made me suspicious, but I never connected the feather bed at the foot of the stars with it. I looked up. I expected it to be connected with something there. And it was, and it was coming down the stairs at me and filling up the whole stairway. It was a big feather bed. Even then I didn't see that the one coming down had anything to do with the one down on the floor, and at the same time I couldn't understand why anybody should roll anything like a feather bed down on anybody-bulky, to be sure, but so light that it was an

easy thing to stop.
"I put up my hands to stop this one, but might just as well have tried to stop a mountain. It was soft and squashy on the outside, but it weighed a ton. It just bowled me right over backward, and I fell on the other feather bed at the foot of the stairs. Then I began to understand what that one was for. It was to save the bones of the man that was tumbled over by the avalanche bed.

"I lay there nearly smothered by the bed on top and working out from under it gradually.

'I hope you are not hurt?' I beard somebody say from over the railing along the hall up stairs, and I said, No, ma'am, because it was a female voice, and I am always polite to the ladies, 'but would you mind telling me what's inside the one that came down? ""Oh,' she said, 'it's the summer

range, with the flatirons inside. Can you lift it off, or shall I let the dog come down and help you?'
'And with that I heard a dog scratch-

up to hear himself spoken of, and I indeed from the sound of his claws on the carpet that he must have been about the size of a tiger and of about the same kind of disposition

'No,' I says, 'I can get clear of it.' And I did and stood up in the hall. "You won't carry off the other one,

will you?' she said. "And hearing the dog still scratching up stairs, I said, 'No, I won't. And I didn't. The lady appeared to be gentle hearted enough, but I knew you couldn't trust the dog."—New York

Energy From Volcanic Heat.

The energy stored in the coal beds has rightly been referred back to the sun, and it is no doubt to the same source that we should ultimately attrib ute the heat developed at great depths below the surface of the earth. While it is believed that no practical attempts to utilize this subterranean heat have yet been carried into effect, there appears to be no good reason why the at tempt should not be made, especially in volcanic regions, where quite high tem-peratures should be revealed at moder-

In a Colorado mining town an interesting combination was recently ob-served which a little ingenuity might have converted into a conside source of power. Within 20 feet of each other were two springs, one of a temperature of nearly 200 degrees F. and the other not over 60, the flow of each being very uniform and the temperature quite constant. The theoretical efficiency might readily be determined from the well known law of thermodynamics, and the use of one stream to vaporize and the other to condense some volatile liquid, such as ammonia or bisulphide of carbon, might enable a fair percen-tage of the energy to be utilized which now running to waste .-- Cassier's

Magazine.

She Had a Reason.
''I don't believe Sallie can know that rich old Brown or she'd never marry him in spite of all his money."

"Why not?"
"He has such a violent temper." "Ob. that's all right. That's why she has been giving so much time to gymnasium work lately." — Chicago

HANGING A GUERRILLA.

He Accepted His Pate Without a Word or a Tear.

A shot had been fired at us as we rode speak, but keep your ears busy. Treas-along the highway in column of fours, a ure their words and go and do likeand a trooper reeled and pitched from his saddle, shot through the heart. The shot was fired by a guerrilla bidden in a cornfield, and we got the order to throw down the fence and ride through the field. He was captured at the far end of it, just as he was about to gain the woods. He was a man 50 years old, grim and grizzly, and with eyes of defi-

"Waal, what is it?" he quietly ask-

ed of his captors.
"Do you live about here?" "In the cabin down thar."

"Got a family?" "Want to bid 'em goodby?"

"I reckon.

"Come along."

The cabin was reached in five min-utes. A gray haired woman and a girl of 15—wife and daughter—stood in the open door. What is it, Jim?" asked the wife as

the man stood before her. "Gwine to kill me, I reckon," he re-

plied.
"What fur?" "Fur killin one of them."

"Hu! Goodby, Jim!"
"Goodby, daddy!" from the girl. "Goodby!"

No handshakes, no tears, no sentiment, no pleading. Ten rods below the house was a large shade tree. Two or three halters were knotted together, the rope thrown over a limb, a noose slipped over the man's head, and next mo-ment he was dangling clear of the ground. He had no excuses, made no plen, asked no mercy. He went to his death with the stoicism of an Indian. Wife and daughter stood in the doorway and saw all, but there were no tears, no outburst. As we were ready to ride away the woman came slowly down the spot, looked at the body for half a mo

ment, and then turned to ask:
"Is Jim dead?"

"Yes," answered the captain.
"Hu!" And she walked slowly back
to the house and entered it, and shut
the door, and we rode on and left the corpse hanging. - Detroit Free Press.

THE SULTAN'S HEIR.

He Is His Eldest Brother, Who is Rarely Seen In Public.

The sultan's heir is not his eldest son, but his eldest brother, according to the London Echo. The eldest male succeeds. Such is the law of Islam and the fruitful source of dynastic murders in almost every reign since the Turks became a power. The sultan has four brothers—net one only, as was lately alleged. This eldest brother is Rechad Effendi—that is to say, he is eldest after the ex-sultan, Murad V, who, being insane, is not counted. The third brother is Waredin, and the fourth Suliman. The sultan's eldest son, Prince Selim, has no earthly chance of succeeding his father. He has too many uncles and uncle's some for that. But Prince Selim is lucky, if he knows it, for he is not "dangerous." He lives a life of freedom, whereas the heir is, by the custom of the Ottomans, a kind of life prisoner.

Rechad Effendi is rarely seen. Every time he drives out he is escorted by a troop, less by way of an escort than as a guard. The few who do know him like him, for he is said to be a courteous, humane, well informed man, acquainted with current politics and keen-ly interested in them. He is a good farmer. The pretty palace known as the Tcheragan is his residence. Of course Rechad's visitors are searched before they are admitted and when they are leaving by the sultan's officials. Dur-ing times of trouble in Armenia, Constantinople and Crete Rechad is more narrowly watched than ever, for the sultan and his clique know that Rechad is popular. Unlike the sultan, Rechad is one of the most handsome men in Constantinople.

An Extraordinary Migration.

One of the greatest mysteries to scientists, one for which there seems to be no reasonable explanation, is that concerning the migration of the lemming, or Norway rat. Instead of taking place once a year these migrations occur only once in every 11 years. When the time comes for the exodus, the little animals journey westward from Scandinavia, allowing nothing to stop their movements, which virtually amount to a headlong flight. They swim the lakes and rivers and climb the highest mountains in incalculable numbers, devastating the whole country through which they travel. Naturalists attribute the movement to some inherited memory of a flight to escape an expected cataclysm, but this seems somewhat farfetched.— Pittsburg Dispatch.

No human being can come into the world without increasing or diminishing the sum total of human happiness, not only of the present, but of every subsequent age of humanity. No one can detach himself from this connection. There is no sequestered spot in the universe, no dark niche along the one universe, no dark niche along the disk of nonexistence to which he can retreat from his relations to others, where he can withdraway. where he can withdraw the influence of his existence upon the moral destiny of the world. Everywhere he will have companions who will be better or worse for his influence.—New York Ledger.

Their Conversation.

Said Egbert's father to him: "My son, listen to the successful men. Learn wisdom from them. Be silent while they

Egbert answered, "Yes, father." In a corner of the botel two men talked long and earnestly. Egbert watched them from across the room. They were well dressed and substantial Egbert said, "If I could listen to their conversation, I surely could gather pointers by the basketful, for they must

be arranging the details of some large business deal." The evening wore away. The clock struck the warning hours and other men moved outside, where the air was purer and the weather more tolerable. Excited groups talked politics and in quiet corners men told fish stories, but these

up. And Egbert watched them. Carelessly and stealthily Egbert walked toward the corner where the men talked. So absorbed were they that they observed him not. He sat down

men talked without heeding or looking

and listened. "Just think, though, my boy is only 2 years and 3 months, and he talks like an old man."

"Wonderful, wonderful!" broke in the other. "My little girl, just coming 18 mouths, can distinguish colors

"Strange enough," resumed the first. When my boy"-

"One day my girl"— The second edged in breathlessly, only to be cut off with, "And my boy"— Egbert fied into the night.—Chicago Record.

He Promotes Restaurants.

A shrewd New Yorker, who started his business career over 80 years ago as a purveyor of coffee and crullers in an all night booth at old Fulton market, is making a barrel of money, his friends say, as a promoter of restaurants.

This eating house speculator, after selecting a location, opens a spick and span new restaurant, with cheap prices. excellent service, first class cooking and top notch meats and bread, vegetables and pastry, coffee and biscuits. He soon builds up a fine trade. His patrons praise the place for one or more of its specialties, and then the promoter sells out at a handsome profit. Soon afterward the chef, the pastry cook, the man who bakes the delicious raised biscuit and the keen eyed, alert head waiter and the keen eyed, alert new waiter find one excuse or another for taking leave. They are not tired of working nor dissatisfied with the wages re-ceived. They have received notice from the promoter that he is ready to open another restaurant and that their expe-rience and services are necessary to him is giving the new place, the reputation in giving the new place the reputation that will draw full tables and enable

the promoter to land another purchaser. This speculator does not confine his efforts to New York. Boston, Philadelphis, Chicago and even Denver and San Francisco have seen the same crewd, and the patrons are wondering why the coffee, fish cakes, hashed brown potatoes and gooseberry tarts aren't so nice as when "this place was opened."— New York Sun.

The Bashi Busouks.

The bashi tazouks are to the Turkish army what the Cossacks are to the Russian. The Cossacks are, however, immeasurably their superiors in all that goes to make the soldier. Bashi buzouks are almost without discipline. Their courage is that of the wild beast seeking its prey, and once on the warpath they are merciless. It was the bashi bazouks who by their monstrous cruelties gave such point to the pen and tongue of Mr. Gladstone at the time of the "Bulgarian atrocities." Bashi basouk means "hot brained." Their motto is "Kill, kill!" to which they freely add "and rob." Their weapons are the long lance, such as is used by the Cossack, the saber, two or three pistols and as many murderous tooking daggers.— San Francisco Argenaut.

Absentminded. A surgeon who is often absentminded

was dining at the house of a friend.
"Doctor," said the lady of the house,
"as you are so clever with the knife we must ask you to carve the mutton. "With pleasure," was the reply, and, setting to work, he made a deep incision in the joint of meat. Then-whatever

was he thinking about?-he drew from his packet a bundle of lint, together with several linen bandages, and bound up the wound in due form. The guests were stricken dumb at the sight. But he, still deeply absorbed in thought, said, "With rest and care he'll soon be better."-Strand Magazine.

Dickie Wants to Take Everything. "What are you going to be when you grow up, my boy?"
"A king," answered Willie proudly.

"A king," answered Willie proudly. "I guess I'll be an ace."-Detroit

Genteel.

The Nation says that in England at the present day the expression genteel is mainly a peculium of the underbred —of those with whom wives are ladies and of those who in their own sphere are known as gents and the like

More than 10,000 persons are engaged in the manufacture of explosives in England. Last year 40 persons in the business were killed and 167 injured by

AN ANCIENT MEXICAN CITY.

A Curious Legend - Some Relies of Empero Maximillian.

Queretaro was a town before the Spanish conquest and was made a city in 1655. A legend of Queretaro is that an Otomite chief, Fernando de Tapia by name, undertook to convert the city to Christianity in a way that seems novel to us, but was common enough to his day. He came from Tula with a challenge to the people of Queretaro to a fair stand up fight. If he won, the people surviving were to be baptized. The challenge was accepted, but while the fight was in progress a dark cloud came up and the blessed Santiago was seen in the beavens with a flery cross, whereupon the people of Queretaro gave up and were baptized. They set up a stone cross to commemorate the event on the site of the present church of Santa Cruz. There is scarcely a church in Mexico which has not a legend of this kind attached to it. The town is identified with the history of Mexico.

Here the treaty of peace between the United States and Mexico was ratifled in 1848, and here Maximilian made his last stand in 1867, was obliged to surrender and was shot. Everybody is interested in Maximilian mainly on account of poor Carlotta. Maximilian was executed on the Cerro de las Campanas and with him Generals Miramin and Media. The place is marked by three little crosses of stone. The two generals were killed at the first volley, but Maximilian, who had requested that he be shot through the body that his mother might look upon his face, was only wounded, and a second firing was

required to kill him.

The emperor had been led to believe that Carlotta was dead. She became in-sane from grief and was kept in an asylum for many years, but she still lives and still mourns for her dead husband and the loss of her throne. The United States government protested against the execution of Maximilian, but in vain,

Juarez refusing to spare him.

There are all kinds of relics of Maximilian in Mexico—the Yturbide theater, where he was tried and condemned, the table on which the death warrant was signed, the wooden stools on which the prisoners sat during the trial and the coffin of Maximilian, whose remains were subsequently sent to Austria and buried at Miramar. I confess I do not share in any sentiment of pity for Maximilian, who was an adventurer without a shadow of right in Mexico and took the chances of war. He was, it is true, a victim of Napoleon and of his own ambition and was very scurvily treated by those who had induced him to set up his throne in Mexico, but to have released him would have been to establish a claimant for the Mexican throne. It was better that this man should die than that thousands should be sacrificed in the wars he would sure-ly have fomented if he had been allowed to live. - Philadelphia Ledger

WAGES IN CHINA.

In Spite of Their Lowness the Celestials

How a Chinese workman manages to fat on the wages he receives is an everlasting mystery to the European and American. The Chinese are a people of marvelous economy. They will support a family, furnishing food, clothes, shelter, from a small garden which they cell a farm, but which in America would not more than furnish an Amer-

kan family with early vegetables. In cities the laboring men receive the merest pittauce. In Canton, where laborers are better paid than in other parts of China, skilled workmen live on these wages: Shoemaker, \$4 per month; blacksmith, \$5 per month; fine ivory carver, \$12 per mouth; tailor, \$5 per mouth; fine embroiderer, \$4 per month; designer, \$6 per month; silversmith, \$8 per month.

The Chinese are superstitious, and the workmen support, in addition to their temples and pagedas and priests, which receive more in proportion than the churches of Europe and America idol makers, geomancers, fortune tellogers and interpreters of dreams, who exist by thousands and coin all the mon-ey they want. Another thing which makes money for a certain class is the Chinese custom of burning great quantities of "spirit money," imitation coins, which are supposed to be legal tender for dead relatives. One alone employs 100,000 people in making this cash for ghosts.

Peculiar superstitions embarrass the workman. For instance, carpenters and builders have to exercise great care in selecting a ridgepole for a house. It must have neither cracks nor knots, and in it a small hole must be made and filled with gold leaf and the whole eam painted red. This insures good luck for the owner of the house.

The tea trade employs thousands of persons. The laborers receive from \$2 to \$10 per month, according to their grade of work.—Chicago News.

A Delicate Compliment.

No more elegant compliment was ever paid to a preacher than that of King Louis XIV of France to Jean Ba-Musillon, bishop of Clermont Said he: "I have heard many great preachers, and the effect they produced me was that I felt thoroughly satisfled with them. Every time I heard you I was dissatisfied with myself."

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true comedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and alds digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and \$1.00 per bottle at H. Alex. Stoke's Drug Store.

G. A. R. Encampment, Buffalo.)

For the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, at Buffalo, August 23, the Pennsylvania Railrond Company will sell special tickets from all points on its system to Buffalo and return at rate of a single fare for the round trip. These tickets will be sold and will be good going on August 21 to 23, and good to return not earlier than August 24 nor later than August 31,

Price List.

A few bargains for you in Groceries

25

15

50

25

this week. 6 Papers corn starch 1 lb. Paper soda 8 Cakes Lenox or Gloss some Fine red salmon, per can 7 Cans extra tomatoes 8 lbs. Arbuckle or Lion coffee 1 00 5 " California raisins " California Prunes Best rolled oats Lump starch Cleaned currents Finest lima beans 10 " navy Pearl tapioca

Lard very finest, open kettle 20 lbs. Lard very finest open kettle 1 50 This is just like home made lard.

Full stock and low prices all along the line. ROBINSON & MUNDORFF.

The New **Furniture**

Opposite Hotel Belnap, under Centennial Hall, and next door to Robinson & Mundorff's Cash Grocery.

While I have placed confidence in the support his family and remain sleek and | Deople of Reynoldsville and vicinity, to place before you an opening of such goods as may be of interest to you, I trust that you will favor me with a portion of your patronage. I did not come here expecting to sell

all the furniture that is being sold in

Reynoldsville-by no means-as my

worthy competitors have been here long before I came to serve you. Itcertainly would be an absurd idea to think of discommoding them in their business. But there is always room for one more and it gives you more of a variety in town to select from; and as competition is the life of trade, it will encourage you to a certain extent to buy your goods at home and save you the disadvantage of going elsewhere. So when you are in need of anything in my line I would cordially invite you to come in, inspect my goods, get my prices and buy your goods where you can obtain the best goods for the least money. That is the way I do. I buy for cash, sell for cash and divide the profits with my customers. Life is too short to sell goods at old time prices and to sell on "tick" at 100 per cent. profit, at such prices that it takes an ordinary man his lifetime to pay his bills and then die a poor man, and to make a price to cash customers with a a percentage to make up for bills unpaid As I expect to do a cash business I certainly will be enabled to give you the lowest possible prices that can be obtained anywhere. My stock consists of Feathers, Pillows, Rugs, Mattresses, Couches, Iron and Wooden Bedsteads, Bed Room Suites, Rockers, Dining and Kitchen Chairs, Stands and

first-class furniture store. I make a specialty of framing pictures in all sizes and styles at the lowest possible prices.

Tables, Cots and Springs, Pietures and

numerous articles usually kept in a

J. H. HUGHES.

WANTED-FAITHFUL MEN OR WOMEN to travel for responsible satablished house in Pennsylvania. Salary \$780 and ex-penses. Position permanent. Reference, kurlose self-addressed stamped envelope. The National, Star Insurance Bidg., Chicago.