## THE MILITIA WAS OVERPOWERED

### A NEGRO LYNCHED.

#### Troops Fire Into an Angry Mob at Urbana, Ohio.

"Click" Mitchell, a negro, who assaulted Mrs. Gaumer, at Urbana, Ohio, a few days sgo, confessed to the crime and was sentenced to twenty years in the penitentlary June 3. That night a mob surrounded the June 3. That right a mod surrounded by a howing mob of at least 1,000 of lock the mob advanced on the jail, and for two hours the jail was surrounded by a howing mob of at least 1,000 to 1,500 people. Twenty rounds were fired by the militin. The volley resulted in Harry Hell being shot through the head and killed instantly. A young man named Hagins was shot through the body and killed instantly. Dennis Crancey, of Urbana, was shot in the right foot. Dr. Charles Thompson, of North Lewisburg, received a slight wound on the forehead. Wesley Bowen, of Cable, was shot in the hip and wounded seriously. Hay Dickinson, living near Urbana, way shot in the shoulder. Hay McClure, of Urbana, was shot through the muscle of the right arm. August Welser, who was standing on the street, received a slight wound on the face, and John Wank was shot in the foot.

The mob broke into the jail, secured Mitchell, and strung him up to a tree in the rourt house yard. Every one who could took part in the work, and no attempt was made at disguise. The military offered no resistance in view of the feeling against them. jail. Two companies of militia were called

#### CANNOT AGREE.

#### Hawaii and Japan Quarreling Over Immi gration.

The following Hawalian advices were brought by the steamer Peru: The Hawaiian government in its reply to Japan on May 24, refused to coincide with the views held by

refused to coincide with the views held by that country on the sending back of 523 immigrants brought by the Kiniani March 9. Official notice has been given Japan that the emigration is we of Hawaii are to be vigorously upheid.

The answer of Japan had not been defivered to Japan's Hawaiian representative. It was learned, however, that the view taken by Japan is that, while the right of the Hawaiian government to pass reasonable laws respecting immigration is not denied, it is contended that if the contention of the Hawaiian officials were correct the immigration laws of that country were in contravention laws of that country were in contravention of the treaty existing between those coun-

Further, it was stated that Japan says the Further, it was stated that Japan says the action of the executive in returning the Japanese immigrants was arbitrary and capriciously enforced, and that the decision of the supreme court in the habeas corpus cases was a denial of justice, and for that reason the Hawiian government is expected to recognize the principle of indemnity in the cases of Kipiani Maru immigrants presented to the covernment.

cases of Kiniani Maru immigrants presented to the government.

The empire of Japan also demands assurance of this government that a like action would not be taken with Japanese immigrants coming into Hawaii. The position taken by the Hawaiian government is that the immigration laws are a reasonable exercise of police power of the state, and that the administration had impartially enforced them. For this reason, the Hawaiian government considers that the principal indemnity cases do not apply.

### PEATEN ON AN APPEAL

#### George M. Irwin Loses a Test Suit in New York Courts.

George M. Irwin, the Pittsburgh broker whose "discretionary pool" achieved a wellremembered reputation, was beaten on his appeal from a judgment of the city court trial term. After his failure Irwin was sued by Henry Zeitner, of New York city, as assignes, to recover \$1,451.36 sent by a Miss Smith to Irwin's concern for investment in the discretionary pool, Miss Smith having assigned her ciaim to Zeitner. Irwin in his defense admitted receiving the money, and held that the contract, if any was made, was executed in the state of Pennsylvania, and that the state of New York had no jurisdiction. The trial judge held different views and directed a vertilet for the plaintiff. Irwin promptly appealed. Now the general term sustains the action of the lower court. The decision is important in view of the fact that there are hundreds of people who sent money to Irwin under similar circumstances, and have only been waiting to bring suits until they learned the attitude of the general term regarding the contention of Irappeal from a judgment of the city court

general term regarding the contention of Ir-win that the courts of the state had no jur-isdiction.

### WORK OF A MADMAN.

#### He Attempted to Kill His Four Children and Himself.

Edgar Harris, a letter carrier, 32 years of age, living at 1724 Ashland avenue, Baltimore, shot and killed his 12-year-old son George, and his 6-year-old daughter Ada. wounded his daughter Ella, aged 14 and then turned the pistol on himself. He is now lying at the point of death in the Johns Hopkins hospital.

Hopkins hospital.

Little Edgar Harris, Jr., aged 9 years, was the only member of the family who escaped uninjured. He was lying in bed beside his brother George in the front second-story room. His father fired at him, but the bullet missed his head by a half inch and buried itself in the pillow. The insane father then rushed into the back room to kill the girl, and the little fellow fled down stairs and escaped.

caped.

Harris is thought to have been mentally unbalanced by the recent death of his wife, to whom he was deeply devoted. He had always been a devoted husband and father.

### FOR CRETAN AUTONOMY.

#### Scheme Froposed by France That Seems to be Approved.

The French government has submitted to the powers proposals on the subject of Cretan autonomy. They comprise the enrollment of a foreign gendarmerie and a loan to pay the gendarmerie and provide for the initial expenses of the administration of the island of Crete. Russia supports these proposals, and it is believed Great Britain also favors them.

Edhem Pasha has given all merchants 15 days in which to withdraw their goods from the custom house at Volo. At the expiration of that time all goods remaining in the custom house will be confiscated by the Turkish authorities.

A dispatch from Berlin says that the Turkish government has opened negotiations with an English firm for overhauling the enire Turkish fleet. All the ironclads will be reconstructed and six new men-of-war built. the powers proposals on the subject of Cre-

### ALEXANDRIA FIRESWEPT.

#### The Virginia Town Badly Guttrd By a Mid night Blaze.

The greatest conflagration that has ever visited Alexandria, Va., broke out in Bryan's fertilizing mill on the river front shortly after midnight and raged with great fury for about eight hours, causing a total damage (including less of time to mills, etc.), of from \$400,000 to \$500,000, partly insured. The entire block, bounded by the "Strand," Duke, Union and Prince streets, was almost completely wiped out, only one warehouse with its contents being saved.

#### SPREADING WAR'S HORRORS.

#### Gen. Weyler's Latest Decree. - An Elitor Works off Some Spite at Uncle Sam.

A decree issued by Capt, Gen. Weyler announces the approaching commencement of military operations in the eastern part of the island of Cuba, and orders the enforcement of his decree of January 30 in the provinces of Fuerto Principe and Santiago de Cuba, the organization of cultivation zones, the closing of stores in unfortified towns, the concentration of the country people and the destruction of all resources. He gives the people of the two provinces one month in which to comply with the decree.

El Commercio violently attacks the United States. It says: nounces the approaching commencement of

El Commercio violently attacks the United States. It says:
"It is necessary to prove to the Americans that we care nothing for the insulting and aggressive stand taken by the American sense. A country where the old have less judgment than the young is a degenate country, a country of premature civilization, which will rot before it ripens. Let us tell them, or better still, let us prove to them, that we can laugh at their braggadecio."

The plague of the beri-beri continues to ravish the province of Santiago de Cuba. There are municipal doctors who inhumanly allow hundreds of the poor to die without offering them the slightest assistance.

#### SWALLOW FOR TREASURER.

#### Pennsylvania Prohibitionists Nominate the Fighting Preacher.

With more enthusiasm than Pennsylvania Prohibitionists have manifested in recent years, the 249 delegates at that party's state years, the 282 delegates at that party's state convention in Altoena, nominated for State Treasurer Rev. Dr. Silas C. Swallow, of Harrisburg, editor of The Pennsylvania Methodist, and for Auditor General, W. W. Latbrop, of Lackawanna county. Both nominations were made by acclamation. A regulation Prohibition platform was adopted and over \$4,000 was raised toward the cam-calen.

Rev. Richard H. Gilbert, of Huntington. resided over the convention, and there were score of vice presidents. The business was oncluded promptly and the convention clos-

ed early.

After the convention adjourned, the State Central committee met and appointed the following executive committee: Chairman, Charles R. Jones, Philadelphia; secretary, George Hoffman, Montgomery county; treasurer, Clevan Dinges, Lycoming county; S. W. Murray, Northumberiand; A. G. Thmasson, Lackawanna; Hiram DeWait, Philadelphia; Elisha Kent, McKean; George C. Morgan, Montgomery; John D. Gill, Venango; J. T. Mansell, Lycoming; Homer L. Castle, Allegheny; B. H. Engle, Dauphin; Dr. T. M. Johnson, Lebanon; William Macl'eak, Washington.

The mass meeting in the evening was large ty attended. Address were made by National Chairman Dickie, Rev. C. S. Mead, Quincy Morrow, Rev. Dr. Swallow and Mr. Lath-

#### PEOPLE'S PARTY MEETS.

#### It Adopts a Platform and Nominates State Officers.

The Pennsylvania state convention of the National People's party was held in Altoona, 45 delegates, representing 10 counties, being present. Judge Stevenson, of Allegheny, was

45 delegates, representing 10 counties, being present. Judge Stevenson, of Allegheny, was elected chairman.

The following ticket was nominated by the convention: For state treasurer, Dr. Horace Ayers, of Columbus, Warren county auditorgeneral, Dr. C. L. Taylor, of Philadelphin; state chairman, Charles M. Miller, of Meadville, editor of the "Siedgehammer," the state organ of the Populist party.

The platform adopted favors an American policy, including both financial and trade systems. It censures the present state administration for extravagance and the creation of useless offices. The investigations are denounced as having been scandalous, while public schools suffer for appropriations. Mention is made in the platform about favored banks holding state deposits and paying no interest, and recommends a change. Official salaries should be reduced to correspond with the wages paid to workingmen. They urge all county and local organizations to their duty of standing by their organizations until its just principles are engrafted with the public law. The platform ends by appealing to the citizens who desire prosperity to vote with them this fall.

### CHLORINE FOR DIPHTHERIA.

#### Jersey City Board of Health Is Testing IL

The Board of Health of Jersey City, at the suggestion of and at the personal expense of ing the chlorine treatment for diphtheria, by inhalation, as given to the medical world by Dr. Bracelin, in the published formula in the medical journals of the country. Mr. J.

J. Russell, of Chicago, has been co-operating with the health officers and physicians in applying the new remedy, the contention being that it is superior to the anti-toxine given to the medical fraternity through the German specialists.

The daily research

German specialists.

The daily papers print in detail the results of the official tests now being made, and cite that several remarkable cures have been made where the anti-toxine remedy had failed. John D. Crimmins, of New York, has made an offer to supply certain of the New York City hospitals with the chlorine for experimental purposes, but thus far they have declined, on the ground that they are entirely satisfied with anti-toxine treatment.

### GLAD NEWS FOR APPLICANTS.

#### Democratic Postmasters Will Not All Serve Their Full Time.

The rule announced shortly after the administration assumed charge, that postmasters would be allowed to serve out their full term unless removed for cause, has been modified, and it is expected that wholesale appointments to postoffices will be made soon. It was officially announced that the President and the Postmaster General will consider as having expired all postoffices which are due to expire between now and July 15.

which are due to expire between now and July 15.

It is understood that the matter was discussed and the decision reached at the Cabinet meeting. The reason assigned for the medification of the announced policy of the administration is that it is the desire of the Postoffice Department to fill as many offices as possible before the expiration of the fiscal year, July 1, in order that accounts may be begun with a new quarter.

### Big Counterfeiting Scheme.

One of the most extensive counterfeiting plots ever discovered by the secret service bureau was brought to light in New York, when Richardo D. Re Quesens and his wife Eugenia were arraigned before Commissioner Shields, charged with issuing counterfeit bonds of the Costa Rican government of the denomination of 100 pesos. Re Quesens has a printing establishment in MaidenLane, New York.

New York.

The woman said she met Re Quesens several months ago, and that he told her he had "a big scheme to float in Costa Rica." Both prisoners were held in default of \$3,000 bail. The counterfeits are excellent imitations of the original bonds, and bear the signatures of the president, F. Pesulta, and Secretary Octune. It was reported that fully \$1,200,000 of these bonds had been floated.

### Explosion at a Fire.

Fire broke out in the warehouse of Chas. King & Sons, at Charlottesville, Va. A dozen or more persons entered the building with a view of saving books and other property, when a keg of powder exploded, demolishing the building, catching several under the failing timbers and bricks, and inflicting injuries from which one has died.

# THE LATEST FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE

### CAMPOS HAS BEEN CALLED.

#### Queen Regent of Spain Hastily Sends fo Cuba's Former Captain-General.

The resignation of the Spanish cabinet and the general state of political uneasiness absorb public attention. A cabinet council was heid, the queen regent presiding. tiring premier, Senor Canovas del Castillo, made a long statement regarding Cuba, the Philippine islands, the international situation and the relations between Spain and the United States, which led to his resigna-

United States, which led to his resignation.

Her majesty declared herself satisfied with the explanation of Senator Canovas, and begged him to continue the government until the crisis was solved.

Senor Canovas, after the council, said the queen had asked him to telegraph Marshal Martinez de Campos, asking him to come to Madrid, and that the latter had repiled that he would arrive here to-morrow. Senor Canovas added that a solution of the crisis would be difficult, and depended upon the conferences between the queen regent, General Campos and Senor Segasta, the Liberal leader. It is said the latter is prepared to apply extensive reforms to Cuba through the instrumentality of General Campos, who, it is believed, will shortly succeed General Weyler as captain-general of Cuba.

### ANGELL AND THE TURK.

#### Objections to the New Minister Withdraws by the Porte.

The objections of the Sultan to receiving Dr. James B. Angell, of Michigan, as minis

Dr. James B. Angell, of Michigan, as minister of the United States has been withdrawn. The state department was so notified by Mr. Terrell, the present diplomatic representative of the country in Constantinople. Mr. Terrell has sought from the first to disabuse the minds of the Turkish authorities of prejudies against Dr. Angell. It was he who notified the state department of the feeling of the porte against the new minister, which brought forth an explanation from Dr. Angell that was transmitted to Turkey through this government.

The principal complaint of the porte against Dr. Angell was based on an erone-ous idea of the Congregational church, of which the porte understood Dr. Angell was a member. The representations made to the Turkish government, Mr. Terrell says, were that the Congregationalists were a political-religious body. likened by the Turks to the Jesuits, and that had designs on the welfare of the Suitan's empire. The Sultan was therefore advised to object to receiving as the representative of a friendly foreign power a man who was a member of and in sympathy with, if not actually concerned in, a body that was working against his intorests. This and the other objections were explained away by Dr. Angell, and Turkey is now willing to welcome him with Ottoman cordiality.

GEN. RODRIGUEZ DEAD.

#### GEN. RODRIGUEZ DEAD.

#### Spaniard's Capture the Papers of an Insurgent Commander.

The Bourbon Regiment of Cavalry, under the command of Colonel Perot, it is officially reported, has engaged, pursued and dispersed at Novedad, Province of Havana, a force of Insurgents believed to have been commanded by General Alberto Rodriguez. The caremy left eleven men killed. The in-surgents are believed to have suffered heavy loss in killed and wounded, who were carried

Documents which fell into the hands of the Spaniards upon this occasion show that General Alberto Redriguez died on May 18. It is officially announced that during skirmishes which have taken place between the Spanish troops and insurgents within the last ten days the latter left 327 men killed, the troops captured 10 prisoners and 186 firearms and 52 armed insurgents surrendered. Among the insurgents killed, it is further stated, were one colonel, two lieutenant colonels and seven officers of minor rank.

The Spanish forces during these engagements the official report continues, lost 2 officers and 25 soldiers killed, and had 6 officers and 113 soldiers wounded. Captain General Weyler has arrived at Sancti Spiritus, Province of Santa Clara. Documents which fell into the hands of the

#### CLEVELAND REFUSES AN OFFER. Declines to be Counsel for Venezuela in the

the tribunal of arbitration which will determine the true divisional line between Venezuela and British Guiana.

On the death of J. J. Storrow, who served in the capacity of legal adviser when negotiations were pending for the reference of the question to arbitration, it became necessary to secure the services of a lawyer whose high standing and prestige would strengthen Venezuela's presentation. President Crespo wrote an autograph letter to Mr. Cleveland and forwarded it to him by special messenger, W. L. Scruggs, special counsel for Venezuela. He took the letter to Princeton and delivered it in person to the former President.

dent.
After giving the proposition due consideration, Mr. Cleveland in turn wrote an auto-After giving the proposition due consideration, Mr. Cieveland in turn wrote an autograph letter to President Crespo, in which he thanked him for the offer, but said it would be impossible for him to accept it. In assigning reasons for his declination, Mr. Cieveland hald fift in view of his well-known friendship for Venezicia, and his belief that right is on her side of the controversy, as shown by various official acts and representations during his service as Chief Magistrate, he felt that it would be manifestly improper for him to now perform service for the country he had championed and accept compensation for so doing.

The position of counsel will be tendered some other lawyer of prominence and recognized standing.

### THE MILLS CLOSED.

#### The Strike Compels Jones & Laughlins to Shut Down. The Jones & Laughlins plant at Pittsburg

has been forced to close down entirely in all departments because of the strike. The bottoms of the cupolas in the steel mill were dropped during the morning, and after 2 p. m. smoke ceased to rise from the stack, and the atmosphere on the South Side became so clear that the sun shone unobstructed on the streets for the first time in many

months.
The shutdown affects about 3,500 men, in-The shutdown affects about a low men, including the strikers, who number within a thousand of the total number employed.

The shutdown affects about 800 tonnage men. They are all members of the Amalgamated Association, and before July 1 the firm will be called upon to sign their new scale.

## DISPENSARY LAW IS VOID.

### South Carolina State Saloons Can Have No

Monepoly.

Judge Simonton, of the United State circuit court, filed a decision in the case of Vandercock county against the state of South Carolins, restraining the state from preventing the saie of liquor brought into the state. This decision, if sustained on appeal, it is claimed, will have the effect of rendering nugatory the state dispensary law. Under the decision of Judge Simonton any person may import and sell liquor in original packages.

### SPANISH CRISIS.

#### Government Knocked Out By the Fig. of Tetuan.

The premier, Senor Canovas del Castillo has tendered to the queen regent the resignation of the cabinet, owing to the difficulty the ministers experience in carrying on th the ministers experience in carrying on the government in view of the parliamentary situation caused by the refusal of the Liberals to take part in the deliberations of cortes. This attitude of the Liberals is due to the personal encounter between the duke of Tetuan, the minister of foreign affairs, and Prof. Comes, a Liberal senator, on May 21, when the duke slapped the face of the senator and knocked him down after a heated debate on the Morran beligerency resonation adopted by the United States senate.

The Madrid correspondent of the London Times says:

tion adopted by the United States senate.

The Madrid correspondent of the London Times says:

"The queen regent has accepted the resignation of the cabinet of Senor Canovas dei Castillo, it has caused a profound senation. Before taking this step her majesty begged Senor Canovas to remain in office until tomorrow in order that she might have another opportunity to consider the matter in council, but this only meant that the resignation would be accepted. Senor Canovas tendered his resignation because he could not again undertake to re-establish his relations with the Liberais. He preferred to leave the crown full liberty to decide as to the best solution. Both houses of the cortes voted without debate the financial supplies necessary to enable the cortes to adjourn sine die, and granted authority for the issue of treasury bonds and the contraction of loans guaranteed by the Spanish treasury to cover expenses of the wars in Cuba and the Philippine islands with a special ilen on the revenues of Spain of the Cuban war loan.

"The queen regent then signed the decree suspending the sittings, whereupon Senor Canovas immediately tendered his resignation.

#### CORE PLANT PROJECTED. Every Arrangement Made for a Great Concern.

An extensive new coke plant is to be built on the McCreary farm in the vicinity of Youngwood, Pa. About 150 ovens will be Toungwood, Pa. About 150 ovens will be erected at once and some 300 men will find steady employment. The recently incorporated Southwest Connecting Railroad Company will in a few days begin the construction of a single track line from Beatty, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, to Traugar, on the Youngwood branch, a distance of seven miles. The new railroad will be a passenger and general traffic line, but the uitimate purpose is to transfer the coke to be produced at the new plant. The cost of the construction of the railroad is estimated at \$150,000. The new road will have ts own roiling stock. The route for Eastern shipment will be shortened about 25 miles. Several hunbe shortened about 25 miles. Several hun-dred men have been engaged for the build-

ing of the road.

The McCreary tract, upon which the coke plant will be located, contains 136 acres and is underlaid with an eight-foot vein of the best coking coal. One of the finest coke plants to be found in the region will be built. There will be 40 double tenement houses and other buildings creeted.

The incorporators of the road are principally Pittsburg men, among them Charles E. Speer, President of the First National Bank, and John W. Wisson, of Pittsburg, Mr. Spoer is President of the company. The coal tract was purchased for \$60,000.

#### HER ERROR WAS LUCKY.

#### Twelve of the Crew. A Typewriter Causes a Special Session by The loss of the British ship Zellika, bound

Mistake, but Saves \$44,928. Miss Margaret Williams, the typewriter of the New Jersey State House, who acquired considerable fame because she made the error that caused the special session of the Legislature, is now regarded as a heroine, and letters are arriving offering her both consolation and congratulations.

The error she made was in the bill provid-

The error she made was in the bill providing for a special election, so that the people could approve the amendments in the constitution. A special session of the Legislature cannot rectify errors in work of a previous Legislature, so a new election bill had to be passed. In drafting the new bill the Republican leaders concluded they had been too extravagant in allowing the Board of Registry to have three days pay to do virtually nothing.

The new law only provides for one day for registration purposes, There are in the the State 136 voting places, and four members of the Board of Registry, for each place who receive \$3 cach. The curtailment of

who receive \$3 cach. The curtailment of two service means a saving of \$24 for each

two service means a saving of \$24 for each polling place and an aggregate saving of \$44,928 to the people of the State.

Senator Johnson, of Bergen county, has written to Miss Williams explaining to her how she has really been of service to the State, and that the people are really under obligations to her for creating the opportunity for making the correction.

### CRUSHED TO DEATH.

#### Five People Killed and Fifteen Injured by a Train.

Five young people were killed and a numper of others injured in an accident which ber of others injured in an accident which occurred at Valley Spring, Long Island. A tally-ho, with a party of 21 excursionists from the Green Avenue Baptist church, started out for a day's outing through Long Island, was struck by a train on the Long Island railroad, at the Merrick boulevard crossing, and these were instantly killed: George F. Fashley, Jr., 824 Hasley street, Brocklyn; William Gilchrist, Jr., 233 Rutledge street, Brocklyn; Winslow Lewis, Deskalb avenue, Brocklyn; Lester E. Roberts, Monroe street, Brocklyn; Dora Burtsch, Stuyverant avenue, Brocklyn.

### ALMIGHTY VOICE SILENT.

### He and His Band of Indian Murderers De-

stroyed by Volunteers.
Almighty Voice is stilled. The Indian trouble at Duck Lake is ended. A special

trouble at Duck Lake is ended. A special from Duck Lake says:

"The Prince Albert Volunteers got impatient and prevailed on the officer in charge to allow them to rush up the binf, where the outlaws were hiding. They were led by William Drain, James McKay, Q. C., and Police Officers Wilson and McDonaid. On the first rush they did not find the hiding places of the Indians, and they again went through, killing the only remaining Indian.

"Aimighty Voice and another Indian were killed by shells from the nine-pounder. No further casualties occurred on our side. The dead have been brought in. The father of Almighty Voice is under arrest at Winnipeg, Man., as an accomplice. No further trouble is anticipated."

### Cretans Massacred.

Reports are received at Athens of further nassacres in Crete. Those advices say that masseres in Crete. Those advices say that the Turks made a sortie from Heraklion Friday night and murdered six Christians at Galifa, in the neutral zone. The victims were killed while asieep. At a point beyond Galifa the Turks murdered three men, three women and a child, after which they returned to Heraklion, where the governor tried to place the marauders under arrest. The attempt to arrest them caused a riot, which was quelled with difficulty.

## STATE OF AFFAIRS IN CUBA.

### CUBANS IN GOOD CONDITION.

# Will Accept Nothing But Indepen-

### dence. Captain W. D. Smith, of the Cuban army, spent considerable time again with the Sen-ate Committee on Foreign Relations. In a

brief interview with a representative of the Associated Press he said:

Associated Press he said:

"The Cuban army is now in better condition to resist the Spaniards and to maintain the fight for independence than it has been since the beginning of the war. General Gomes has a well disciplined army of about 40,000 men who are determined to hold out until their efforts shall be crowned with victory. Our soldiers are rapidly procuring arms, and every day serves to put them on a better footing in this respect.

"The troops enjoy a vast advantage over the Spaniards, in that they are not injuriously affected by the climate. I may state that I have not seen a case of yellow fever or smallpox among the Cuban soldiers since I have been on the island, and that I have not been sick a day myself. Furthermore, we have no difficulty in feeding our troops. In the portion of the country in which the Cuban troops are in control the provisions are protected, and we draw our supplies from this source. Our commissary is therefore regularly renewed and our supplies are received in quantities quite sufficient to meet all our wants.

In reply to a question Captain Smith said: "All talk about autonomy and of Spanish re-

Reient to meet all our wants."
In reply to a question Captain Smith said:
"All talk about autonomy and of Spanish re-forms for Cuba is so much breath wasted
There is not a man in the Cuban army who
will agree to accept anything short of abso-

#### lute independence Captain Smith is an American, He has been in Cuba for a year and is an officer in General Gomes's body guard.

### A CRITICAL SITUATION. The Cheyennes Reinforced by Sioux From

Specials from Miles City, the nearest town in Montana to the Cheyenne Indian troubles, say the situation at the agency continues critical. Families who resided near the seat of the trouble continue to flock to Miles City. It is reported that Sioux Indians from Da-kota have come to the agency and that run-ners have been sent to invite more Sioux to ioin them on the war trail.

join them on the war trail.

Senator Carter will ask President McKinley that Indian Agent Stouch be instructed
not to interfere with the sheriff's posse and
that the tailitary authorities support them in
the Chevennes resist the arrest of the Indian, "Lattic Whiriwind," known also as
Stanley, a graduate of Carlisis Indian School
in Pennsylvania, who admits the murder of
Sheepherder Hoover.

White Buil's band of warriors, numbering
125, who escaped from the avency Friday
night, are in the bills on the Tongue river,
near Ashland, and this will be the seene of
the first bloodshed should there be any. The
settlers are not as well armed as the Indians,
though arms and ammunition are being for-

though arms and ammunition are being for-warded as rapidly as possible,

### DROWNED AT MIDNIGHT.

### Wreck of the Zeilika, and the Loss of

from New York for Wellington, N. Z., resulted in the death by drowning of 12 men. The ed in the death by drowning of 12 men. The disaster to the ship was reported by cable, but at the time the message was forwarded no details were known. The steamer Mariposa from Sydney, brings particulars. The Zeilika went ashore at midnight of Good Friday, in Pallizes bay, during a gale. The first news of it reached Sydney by a carrier-pigeon, released from a passing government steamer. The crew numbered 21, and 3 got ashore.

### Schrader in Trouble.

"Divine Healer" Schrader was stoned out of Clayton, a suburb of St. Louis, by a crowd of men and boys. As Schrader was prepar-ing to take a bicycle ride at his hotel, he was ing to take a beyone ride at his note, he was greeted on the corner by a large and noisy crowd. He addressed the assemblage and finally exclaimed: "Those of you who are imposing on me are rejecting God." As soon as he made this remark the crowd clossoon as he made this remark the crowd clos-ed in on him in a threatening manner. Hastening to his room, he gathered his few belongings, which made a small bundle, and, mounting his wheel, turned south from the court house steps amid showers of stones. He was struck on the back of the neek by one of the missiles, but it apparently inflict-ed no injury. It did, however, accelerate his speed as he rode on toward the country.

### Claim Treaty With Chile

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations agreed to report favorably a convention between this country and Chile, for the revival of the treaty of 1893, for the adjustment of claims against each government by citizens of the other.

The original treaty established a commission for the courses specified whose axis.

The original treaty established a commission for the purpose specified, whose existence was limited to six months. The time expired while certain claims were still under consideration. The present agreement revives the treaty for four months in order to permit the conclusion of the work then undertaken, but it does not permit the consideration of new claims.

### Woman Burned to Death.

Between 12 and 2 o'clock a.m., two men discovered a fire on the roof of the home of Ambrose Furman, of Strattanville, Pa. The Ambrose Furman, of Strattanville, Pa. The immates were aroused, but the stairway was cut off by the fire, and they had to jump. Of the six inmates of the house, five escaped with slight injuries, while Mrs. Emma Livermore was buried under the roof when it fell fand was bruned to death. Furman, his wife and two children, and Livermore, husband of the dead woman, escaped in their night clothes. It is thought Mrs. Livermore went back to get a dress when the roof fell in and caught her. Nothing was saved from the house.

Another Extension.

In reply to the demand of the foreign ambassadors for an extension of the armistice between Turkay and Greece until the conclusion of peace between these countries, the demand having been made with a view of enabling the Greeks to save the harvest in Thessaly, and upon the ground that Greece is unable to bear the expense of indefluitely maintaining her army and feeling the fugitives, the porte has offered to prolong the armistice for 15 days beyond the time originally agreed upon. armistice for 15 da ally agreed upon.

### Died of Yellow Fever.

Angus McLeilan, a second cabin passenger on board the steamer Allianca, which reach-ed New York from Colon, died of yellow fever. He was a civil engineer from Pictou, N. S. W., and probably contracted the dis-N. S. W., and probably contracted the dis-case at Panama. Herbert Gill, a waiter on the Allianca, was also taken ill with yellow fever on May 27. He was transferred to the Swineburne Island hospital. The other sec-ond cabin passengers will be detained on Hoffman Island for five days.

### Spanish Shots Fired.

The Ward line steamer Valencia, which has Monument to Negro Soldiers.

Decoration Day of this year was of particular significance on account of the unveiling of the elaborate memorial structure on Boston Common, erected in bonor of Colonel John Robert Gould Shaw, of the Fifty-fourth Massachusetts Regiment, and the brave black men who comprised his followers, and who fell with their colonel in the assault upon Fort Wagner, S. C., July 18, 1868.

#### MUCH ENCOURAGED.

#### Only Good in The Present Dun Sees Situation.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade o-morrow says:

The statement of failures in May by brancoes of business gives much encouragement. In amount of defaulted liabilities the

month was the smallest since September, 1895; in manufacturing liabilities the smallest since September, except the instence September, except the instence September, except the instence of the smallest since September, except the instence of the smallest since September, except the instence of the smallest since September, except the instence not been as small in any month as 1897, as only two months of birty-six bave there been smaller failures is books and hats, only five in growerles and not one trading class in that month has reported failures larger than in the half preceeding months, though in furniture failures are rather numerous.

The statement that except for the remporary depression in prices the volume of business transacted is now larger than it was in 1892—the year of greatest persperity—has been questioned by some. But a comparison of prices this week in the leading branches of manufacture not only confirms that view, but shows a remarkable similarity to the course of prices in the earlier months of 1879, when the most wonderful advance in production and prices ever known in this or any other country was close at hand. The key of the situation is the exclusive production of some goods in advance of an expected increase in demand. So in 1879 consumption gradually gained, month by month, until suddenly it was found that the demand was greater than the possible supply. All know how prices then advanced and the most marvelous progress in the history of any country resulted within two years. Reports from all parts of the country now show that retail distribution of products is unusually large and increasing. There is no improvement in the market for farm products. Cotton is not higher; and the belief that the next crop will be large in spite of the floods, is general, while the demand for goods.

The iron industry is apparently expanding production, and is certainly getting larger contracts, in part because of very low prices, to being made for beams. Bessemer pig is stronger and gray forge a shade w

### SLIGHT DAMAGE DONE.

### Chimneys Were Toppled Over, Dishes

Broken, and Furniture Moved. Pittsburg was traversed by an earth tremor Monday afternoon at 2:10 o'clock. While no damage of any kind was reported, the shock was quite decided and the vibration of the was quite decided and the vioration of the tailer buildings widely noticed. The earth-quake, if such it was, was felt in various parts of the Ohio vailey, and messages were received from most of the towns between Pittsburg and Beaver Fails reporting it. The movement was from south to nor it in Pitts-burg, and was most clearly noticed in the downtown district and the East End.

burg, and was most clearly noticed in the downtown district and the East End.

The shock was felt in many parts of the country. In all the towns around Pittsburg it was very noticeable, but nowhere did it cause any damage. The tremor was felt at just 2 o'clock and lasted for some seconds. Those who observed it said there was a shaking feit and articles about commenced to rock with a gentle motion. Chairs careened, desks tilted and moveable articles slid around. This was the case only in some places; in others persons failing to observe it at all. This is attributed to the character and location of the various structures. It was most noticeable on the top floors of tall buildings or the upper floors of dwellings.

What is supposed to have been an earthquake shock was felt at Washington, D. C., at one minute of 2. It lasted about 50 seconds, and caused chandeliers to sway and floors to tremble preceptibly.

It was noticed at the capitol, in the telephone exchange and several of the high buildings. In the Associated press office in the Post building the vibrations were felt very distinctly.

# very distinctly.

James Lewis, colored, who was recently convicted of criminal assault on Mrs. Reidell of Fairfax, Va., was hanged in the jail yard, in the presence of about 50 people. There was no demonstration of violence on the part

Hanged by the Law.

of the crowd, Mrs. Ida Reidell, a white woman, lived Mrs. Ida Reidell, a white woman, lived with her son some miles below Alexander, Va. The crime stirred the indignation of the people of the surrounding county almost to the lynching point. Lewis had three trials in as many days, the jury in the first two cases being unable to agree, and on the last trial, declaring him guilty, and imposing the death penalty. He asserted his innocence until the day before he was hanged, when he admitted that he committed the assault.

## New Plan for Cuba.

New Plan for Cuba.

Senor Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish Minister to this country, has presented to Secretary of State Sherman a new pian for the autonomy of Cuba, just agreed to by the Spanish Government. Secretary Sherman has given the proposed plan careful consideration and approves it, and will use all his influence and that of the Department of State to induce the Cuban leaders to accept the proposal of the Spanish Government for the settlement of the pending difficulties.

The proposed plan for Cuban autonomy, in brief, is as follows: Spain is witting to give the Cubans 31 delegates to the Spanish Cortes, with the provision that seven of these delegates are to represent the trades and commercial interests of the island.

#### Wabash Coming East. The Wabash Railroad has leased the use of

the Grand Trunk Railway tracks between Windsor, Ont., and the Suspension Bridge, and the Eric Railroad tracks between Susand the Erie Rairoad tracks between Sus-pension Bridge Buffalo, and by this means have extended their eastern terminus from Detroit to Buffalo. Commencing Sunday, June 13, they will place in service two daily fast trains running through to Buffalo, un-der the entire Wabash management and under the control of the Wabash conductors and trainmen. This arrangement gives the Wabash the only line with its own rails be-tween the Missouri river and Buffalo.