Dr. Nansen's Ancestors.

Dr. Fritjof Nausen is not the first of als family to show a bent for adventure in the north. His ancestor, Hans Nausen, born in 1598, explored the White sea, spent many years in command of a vessel in the Iceland trade and wrote a Compendium Cosmograph feum, wherein he described arctic routes so well that a copy of the book was in use as late as 1841 in preference to more modern works. Dr. Nansen's father was a lawyer, described as a somewhat stern but judicious discipliparian. The more remarkable of the explorer's parents seems to have been his mother, who had a mind of her own, and showed it in training the public sentiment of the time in the matter of using snow shoes. In Mrs. Nansen's day snow-shoeing was re garded as an exercise of rather doubtful propriety for Scandinavian ladies, but she took to them with enthusiasm. and helped to win for her sisters a pastime that has since become common among Norwegian ladies-Harper's

The Spanish Censor.

They have a curious way of suppress ing papers here. Instead of submitting their proof-sheets to the censor, as is usual where such a protector of public opinion exists, they get at the matter backward. The publisher goes ahead on his own judgment, prints what he pleases and takes his chances of going to jail or paying a fine. The censor reads the paper at the breakfast table the next morning, and if he finds anything mildly objectionable, he writes a polite note to the editor, calling attention to the article. The latter prints a paragraph next day explaining that he was mistaken or that the public had misinterpreted his remarks. But when nny high official of the Government is attacked, or the proprieties are violated, the editor is fined or imprisoned. and policemen take the subscription list and call at every house at which copies have been delivered to recover them.-Havana correspondence of the Chicago Times-Herald.

Playin' Possum.

"Playin' possum" comes from the fact that the possum will feign sleep or death when pushed into sudden danger of being captured. But pains and aches nover play that tured. But pains and aches never play that kind of a game. They never try to fool anybody, and go to work to wake up people, leaving no chance to beign sleep. On the other hand, there is a remedy known as St. Jacobs Oil that will full a pain or an ache so that it won't wake up again in the cure that follows its use. Pains and aches are great or less in intensity just in degree as we treat them. Prompt treatment with the best remedy—St. Jacobs Oil—prevents their increase and by curing prevents their increase and by curing prevents the r return. Everything is gained by taking pains and aches in time for a prompt and permanent cure, and there is nothing better that the use of St. Jacobs Oil.

Just try a life, box of Cascarete, the finest liver and howe regulator over made.

The \$100,000 passenger station that the Rai-timore & Ohio Railroad company is erecting in Baltimore, to take the place of the old Cam-den station, is being rapidly pushed to com-pletion. The train shed will be ready for use, probably, by the first of May, and the rest of the structure will be thrown open to the public about June 1st.

Shake Into Your Shoe

Slake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the foet. It cares manful, swotlen, smartling feet, and instantly takes the sting out of noral and our ions. It's the greatest confort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feet easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, calious and hot, tired, aching feet. Try It to-lay. Sold by all drag grats and snow stores. By mail for 2Fr. in stamps. Trail package FREE. Aldress, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

I could not get along without Piso's Cure for Consumption. It always cures, Mus. E. C. MOULTON, Needham, Mass., Oct. 22, '95.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., Props. of Hall's Catarrh Care, offer \$100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure, Sead for testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, 75.

Tobolsk, Russia, claims to be the oldest inhabited place in the world.

No-Yo-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Over 400,00 cured. Why not let No-To-Bae regulate or remove your desire for tolaccof Saves money, makes health and manhood. Cure guatanteed. 50 cents and \$1.00, at all druggists.

From Germany we get the custom of cele-bra ing gold and silver weddings.

WHEN billious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic; cure guaranteed; 10c., 25c.

## Impure Blood

Esting rich and hearly food, sweets and fats in winter, close confinement and breathing vittated air in office, store, shop, house, factory or school- Take room, necessar-ily makes the Take brood impure, anderuntions, boils, pimples, humers are the result. Dizziness, indirection and many other troubles are also caused by impure blood.

### Hood's Sarsa In the best -- in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills care nauses, indigestion,

THIN BLOOD, WHITE COMPLEXION

Doctors Diagnosed the Case as Heart Disease and Consumption-But the Symptoms Were Due to Watery Blood Alone, and Disappeared When Blood Was Enriched.

From Presbylerian Journal, Philad'a Pa, From Presbylerian Journal, Philad'a Pa, After years of patient and intense suffering, Miss Gertrude Gilbert has recovered her lost health, and is to-day a rosy and blooming specimen of young womanhood. Miss Gilbert's illness, which was of several years duration, was due mainly to a lack of blood. To-day her rosy cheeks and healthy appearance denote the grateful change from a life of ill-health to one of freedom from all illness. When a reporter called on her at her home, No. 1919 Glenwood Avenue, Philadelphia, the young lady ran lightly down the steps with all the elasticity of youth.

Avenue, Philadelphia, the young lady ran lightly down the steps with all the elasticity of youth.

"I could not have done that eight months ago," she said as she seated herself in a big armchair.

"At that time," she continued, "had I ran down the steps as I did a few moments ago, I would have fainted." With her eyes sparkling, and a vivaclous flurry in her manner. Miss Gilbert naked the cause of the reporter's visit. Upon being told that he came to ask about her illness, she said that she would cheerfully relate her experience. "I have been so wonderfully benefited that within the past eight months I have grown from a mere skeleton to what you now see. I had been sick for a long time, when a friend urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Previous to this three doctors had treated me. They diagnosed my trouble as heart disease, together with consumption, and prescribed accordingly. All this medical treatment did not benefit me in the least. I was in a terrible condition. There was scarcely any blood left is my composition, and my friends often told me that they thought I was a victim of blood disease. My chief trouble was weakness, and after laborious efforts to get upstairs I almost went into a faint, and on several occasions thought I was going to die.

"So little blood had I that my ears were

ing to die.

"So little blood had I that my ears were almost transparent, and my complexion was as white as a sheet. I can scarcely describe my sensations, but after repeated treatment by my physicians I became thoroughly discouraged.

oughly discouraged.
"It was at this time that Dr. Williams' "It was at this time that Dr. Williams Pine Pills were recommended to me, and I procured a box. Before I had finished it I began to feel the benefit of my health. This gave me encouragement, and I began a systematic course according to the regulations on the wrapper. At the end of the seventh or eighth box, I forgot which, I was an ontirely different girl. In addition to having a sufficient quantity and better quality of blood in my veins, I was refleved of that shortness of breath and quick heart action which has been my chief trouble. My appetite returned and I was cnabled to do my daily duties with a cheerfulness which I had never before experienced. "Several weeks ago I stopped taking the

Which I had never before experienced.
"Several weeks ago I stopped taking the plits, and while I feet confident I shall never again be in such iii health, I always, as a preventative, keep a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in my room. They are all they are represented to be, and I say again that to them, and them alone, do I owe my restoration to health. toration to health.

to them, and them alone, do I owe my restoration to health."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shaitered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to femilies, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in hoxes, tover in loose bulk) at 70 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Princess of Wales Loves Animal.

The Princess of Wales is fond of animals and is a most intrepld rider to the hounds. Her bay pony, "Huffy," is now 22 years of age. He is past work and is having a high old time of it. He stands about 13 hands high, and has been the first favorite of the princess for the 16 years he has been in her service. He knows his mistress as well as any of her dogs do, and, if allowed, would follow her anywhere. He is too old for work now, and has had his shoes taken off finally, but still lives a most luxurious life, constantly visited and fed by his mistress, who never allows an old favorite to be killed.

Left by Say.

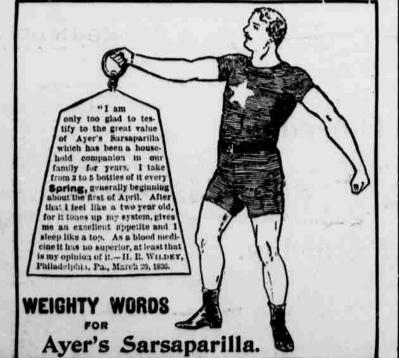
were found five decrees dated on the same day, signed by President Grevy and countersigned by all the proper ficials, appointing him to all the grades of the Legion of Honor, including the Grand Cross. Grevy went out of office without making the appointments public in the Journal Officiel, and Leon Say never mentioned the matter to any one, and never wore any of the decorations.

Modern For-in-Law. She-You won't object to having dear mamma live with us after we are mar-

He (a young doctor)-Not at all. In fact, she will be most welcome.

She-It's so good of you to say so. He-Not at all. You see, she is always alling, and I really need somebody to experiment on!-Comic Cuts.

Every sleeping car conductor wants a law adopted compelling the porter to divide.



INSTRUCTIVE TO FARMERS.

RESOVATING AN OLD MEADOW.

The best way to repoyate a wornout meadow is to plow under a good cont of barnyard manure and plant corn, giving it thorough cultivation. But if, as in this case, it is not desirable to plow it up, go over the meadow with a sharp steel-tooth harrow and scarify the land, then sow with grass seed and go over the whole with a roller. Of course a liberal application of fine manure or some reliable fertilizer should be given. -- American

CROPPING APPLE ORCHARDS.

Agriculturist.

No kind of erop can be grown in a bearing apple orehard that will be worth what its growing will damage the fruit crop after the trees are in bearing. Even before that time, unless the land is very rich and the tree growth excessive, it is better not to sow any grain crops, which will check growth early in the summer. Hoed crops do not have this effect. But after the trees get large enough to shade most of the ground, the bord crop, whether corn or potatoes, will be lessened so much that it will not pay to grow. Only one kind of grain can be sown in an old orehard with advantage. That is buckwheat. The scattered grains in fall will make a spring growth that can be plowed under in June. This will keep the soil light, while the buckwheat will be a good shade for the soil during the hottest summer months. As the buckwheat grain is mainly carbon, and drawn from the carbonic acid gas of the air through the broad buckwheat leaves, the growth of this plant does not exhaust fertility as that of all other grains would do, -Boston Cuitivator.

EFFECTS OF FEED ON MILK.

Some Cauadian experiments in feeding cows, with a view to determining the effects of certain feeds on the quality and quantity of milk, butter and cheese, are reported by the Bural Canadian. In addition to the usual feed of hay, Indian corn, fodder, bran, gluten meal and oil meal, the dairy herd was fed turnips and beets for 77 days, and then the roots were left out of the ration for 49 days, when the grain and hay were withdrawn, and the herd ran on pasture for 66 days, part of the time with bran and part of the time without. The feed was all chopped, mixed and moistened 12 hours before feeding, as this aided mastication and digestion. The herd contained Holsteins, Shorthorns and New York Post, Jerseys, and the effects of the various rations on these breeds were separately noted. The butter resulting from these rations was scored by experts who knew nothing of the experi-

It was found that turnips injured the flavor of the milk and butter. This injury is due to volatile acids, which can be driven off by heating the milk to 160 degrees for a short time. Beets increased the milk and butter product, and caused all the cows, even Jersey, to lay on fat quite rapidly. When the roots were discontinued, butter fat decreased, and the cows ceased to gain weight, and it took more pounds of feed (calculated to dry matter) to produce a pound of butter. When turned on pasture there was immediate increase of milk, butter and live weight. Feeding bran during part of the grazing period produced sufficient gain to yield a small profit.

The cost of a pound of butter was five cents from the Holsteins, 12 1-8 cents from the Shorthorns, and 10 1-2 cents from the Jerseys. The Holsteins used 24 pounds of food (dry matter) to produce a pound of butter; the Shorthorns 23 1-2 pounds, and the Jersey 2) 1-3 pounds. In proportion to weight, the Jerseys were the largest esters, but they converted their food into milk and butter rather than flesh. For each 1000 pounds of weight the Holsteins ate 21 1-4 pounds of food, the Shorthorns 29 pounds and the Jerseys 27 pounds. The butter from pasture scored highest in quality, that from beets stood second and that from turnips scored lowest. - Boston Cultivator.

Rescued by a Canine Samson.

Wilbur Sovens, a six-year-old youngster of Garlandville, N. Y., fell into the river while flying his kite. A big Sr. Bernard dog named Samson, who was assisting at the ascension, plunged in the water after him. The banks of the rivar were too steep for the rescuer to climb, and he was obliged to swim a long distance down stream before he could land his little burden. The boy was none the worse for his ducking, the dog having kept the boy's head above water all the FOR THE HOUSEWIFE,

HEATED BREAD KNIVES. The bread knife should be heated very hot when about to cut new bread, This will prevent crumbling.

UTILITY OF SMALL TOWELS.

Small hard towels can be bought at many of the drygoods shops for very reasonable prices in very good quality, and are a convenience for the housekeeper who has many guests. The size is sixteen by twenty-four inches, and is more convenient for the guest who uses a towel only once, The small size makes a great saving in laundry work.

CLEANLINESS IN TEAMARING.

In making tea, one thing upon which the expert insists is the absolute cleanliness of the pot. Many housekeepers who are scrupulously careful about their chins would be surprised if they could examine the inside of the now of the teapot. Flushing with water will not clean it sufficiently, The end of a cloth pressed a little way into it will frequently reveal a black deposit—the accumulation, possibly, of years, though a few days without care will leave an appreciable amount. One of the best things to clean the teapot with is a bristled wire, such as is used for cleaning bottes. They are soft enough to bend into shape, and with a soft cloth are serviceable. The Chinese tea bowl appeals to the fastidious tea drinker, but it is awkward even to the experienced manipulator.

PROPER PLACING OF MEAT.

Although dinner authorities annonnee that earving is going out of fashion, the joint on the board is not likely soon, if ever, to be wholly banished. A lecturer in a domestic science course gives some rules for the proper placing of the meat to be carved on the platter. Roasts of beef, rib and sirioin should have the back bone at the right hand of the platter. A fillet of beef should be placed with the thickest end at right hand side of platter; calf's head with face at the right; roast pig with head to the left; roast or boiled ham with thickest part on further side of platter; large birds, as goose or turkey, with heads to the left. Small birds are placed crosswise with heads on further side of the platter. A leg of lamb, mutton or veal is placed with the thickest part on the further side of the platter. The platter should be large enough to receive the meat as it is sliced, or extra dishes should be provided for the purpose.-

DECIPES.

Salmon a la Waldorf-Take one can of salmon, open, drain the fish, remove all bones and flake. Butter a deep dish, place a layer of fish in the bottom, then a layer of cold boiled potatoes, sliced, sprinkle with salt, pepper and a little finely mineed parsley and onion. Continue in this way until the materials are used; place bits of butter on top, and pour over five or six tablespoonfuls of cream or milk. Bake for ten minutes in a hot oven. Once tried, will be appreciat-

Beef and Potatoes au Gratin-Mines cold cooked beef; to one capful add a pinch of cloves, a quarter tenspoonful of salt, a good dash of peoper and place in a baking dish. Mash one pint of cooked potatoes, and whip them with half a cup of milk, tablespoonful of butter and saltspoonful of salt, and spread them over the beef; beat up an egg with two tablespoofuls of milk, spread it over the potatoes, place in the oven and bake sufficiently to warm it through and brown the potatoes.

Lentil Sonp-Wash and soak onehalf pound of lentils in one quart of cold water for twelve hours. Add another quart of water, one medium sized onion lightly browned in a little dripping, two sprigs of paraley, one teaspoouful of salt and one-quarter teaspoonful of pepper. Stew gently until soft enough to press through a sieve. Return to the saucepan with one pint of hot milk. Stir in one heaping teaspoonful of flour, rubbed to a paste with a little gold water, and bring to the boiling point. Serve.

Tomato Bouilon-Put one can of tomatoes with one and one-half quarts of stock over the fire; add one tablespoonful of chopped onions, two bay leaves, four whole cloves, one level teaspoonful of celery seed and a halfteaspoonful of pepper. Cover and cook twenty minutes. Strain through a sieve. Beat the whites of three eggs until partly light; add them to the tomatoes, bring to a boil, and boil rapidly for five minutes. Strain through two thicknesses of cheese cloth. R .. peat, season with two teaspoonfuls of salt, and serve with croutous,

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O Ask your grocer to-day to show you a pack-age of Grain-O, the new food drink that I akes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. Grain-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the mast delicate stomach receives it without distress. One-quarter the price of coffer. Ib cts. and 25 cts. per package, sold by all grocers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children frething, softens the gums, reduces inflamma-tion, allays pain, cures wind colle, 25c, a bottle.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys an

A man in a balloon four miles above the

A Distinction. Maud-What are dukes worth, papa? Struckoil (after his trip abroad)-Not darn cent.

Maud-I mean what are they selling Struckoll-Oh, about a million, spot

cash.-Up-to-Date. Fits permanently cured. No 2ts or nervous-ness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Kerve Restorer. 2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. P. KLINE, Ltd., 231 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

General Manager Oreene, of the Baltimore & Ohlo railroad, has issued an order fequiring all live stock to be watered and fed at least once every 2t hours. Yard masters are to be held strictly accountable, and the penalty for violation is rather severe.

#### SILENT SUFFERERS.

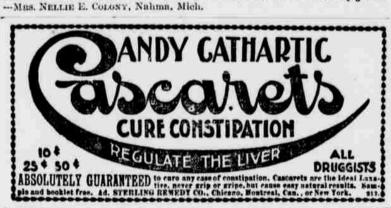
Women do not Like to Tell a Doctor the Details of Their Private Ills.

The reason why so many women suffer n silence from the multiple disorders connected with their sexual system is that they cannot bear to broach the subject to a man, even if he is a physician.

No one can blame a modest, sensitive woman for this reticence. It is unnecessary in these times, however, for a woman makes to all afflicted women a most generous offer. Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass., bids every woman who suffers to write to her and confide every symptom that annoys her, and she will give her advice without charge, and that advice is based upon the greatest experience ever possessed by man or woman in this country, and extends over a period of twenty-three years, and thousands upon

thousands of cases. Why suffer in silence any longer, my sister, when you can get help for the asking? Don't fear to tell her everything. The case of Mrs. Colony, whose letter to Mrs. Pinkham we publish, is an illustration of the good to be received from Mrs. Pinkham's advice; here is a woman who was sick for years and could get no relief-at last in despair she wrote to Mrs. Pinkham-received in return a prompt, sympathetic and interested reply. Note the result and go and do likewise.

'I was troubled with such an aching in my back and hips, and I felt so tired all the time, and had for four years. For the last year it was all I could do to I would have such a ringing in my head by spells that it seemed as though I would grow crazy. I nehed from my shoulders to my feet and was very nervous. I was also troubled with a white discharge. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., received a prompt reply and followed her advice, and now I have no backache and begin to feel as one ought; in fact, I never felt better in ten years than I do now. I thank God that I went doctoring with Mrs. Pinkham when I did, for if I had not I know I would have been in my grave."





FIRE PROOF—Proof against sparks, cinders, burning brands, etc.

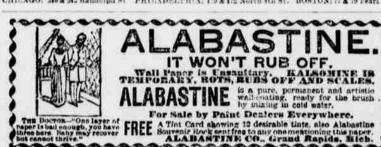
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LIGHT—Weighs but 35 lie, per 198 og. ft. when laid complete.

ELEX BLIC. Convains no cond for an extension indenticals for leather like pliability and toughness.

EASHLY APPLIED—Reguless no kettle of other expensive apparatus. Unit be laid by any intelcult working.

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