

Good Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best... Hood's Pills cure Liver Bile easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

A Medicine Craze.
A man in Vienna has developed a mania for medicine, of which he swallows large doses daily, although suffering from no illness. This is a form of lunacy not altogether unknown.

To Hockington, in England, belongs the honor of being the birthplace of the largest consumer of medicine the world has ever known. This was Mr. Samuel Jessup, a rich grazier, who died in 1817. He was in many ways eccentric, but in none so much as in pill-taking, or what a chronicler of the period describes as "a most inordinate craving for physic."

The following figures may be regarded as incredible, but there seems to be no reason to doubt their accuracy. In the twenty-one years, from 1795 to 1816, Mr. Jessup consumed 229,924 pills, which is at the rate of 10,806 a year, or 20 a day.

Many more of these were taken in the later than in the earlier years. From 1811 to 1816, a period of five years, the rate of consumption averaged seventy-eight a day, while in one single year, 1814, Mr. Jessup swallowed as many as 61,500 pills.

These astounding figures came out in the course of an action tried at the Lincoln Assizes, in 1817, when an apothecary of Botesford, who had supplied the whole of the medicine, sued Mr. Jessup for the amount of his bill. In spite of taking all these pills, with the addition of 40,000 bottles of mixtures and juleps and electuaries, Mr. Jessup, who was unmarried, lived to the age of 85. The apothecary's bill, for the amount of which he was sued, covered no less than fifty-five long and closely written columns.

I Didn't Know Beans.
"Mr. Northside doesn't know beans," remarked a Pittsburg girl to a visitor from Boston.

"I have become cognizant of the fact that he is deficient in knowledge regarding the leguminosae," assented the latter.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

The easiest men for the women to capture are those who have exaggerated ideas of honor.

GIRLS IN STORES,

offices, or factories, are peculiarly liable to female diseases, especially those who are constantly on their feet. Often they are unable to perform their duties, their suffering is no intense.

When the first symptoms present themselves, such as backache, pains in the groins, headache, dizziness, faintness, swollen feet, blues, etc., they should at once write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., stating symptoms; she will tell them exactly what to do, and in the meantime they will find prompt relief in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which can be obtained from any druggist.

"MY DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am so grateful to you for what your Compound has done for me. For four years I suffered such pains from ovarian trouble, which caused dreadful weakness of the limbs, tenderness and burning pain in the groins, pain when standing or walking, and increased pain during menstruation, headache and leucorrhoea. I weighed only 92 pounds, and was advised to use your Vegetable Compound, which I did. I felt the benefit before I had taken all of one bottle. I continued using it, and it has entirely cured me. I have not been troubled with leucorrhoea for months, and now I weigh 115 pounds."—LILLIE HARTSON, Flushing, Genesee Co., Michigan. Box 69.

THE PEARLESS TYPEWRITER
The most convenient, durable, economical and perfect typewriter ever offered to the public. Sold by FITTSBURGH TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 227 Fourth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. Typewriter supplies and second-hand typewriters of all makes. Send for catalogue.

DON'T DRINK IT! None of our well-known beverages contains the germ of disease. Our Pure Malt Whisky is brewed in the most healthful manner, and is free from all impurities. It is the only whisky that is pure and healthful. LORRIS & WYMAN, Timon, Ohio.

OPION and WHISKY habit cured. Book sent free. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, Atlanta, Ga.

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Children's Column



THE SUNSHINE BOY.
His hat is battered, his shoes are torn, And his outgrown clothes are sadly worn; But cheerily comes his whistling song: Now near, now far, as he trudges along Three times a day in his work or play; And the very merriest roundelay Couldn't to me one-half so well The story of his temper tell. As I dine each day, I hear The cheery whistle far and near, And watch the eager, happy face, Unclouded by a sinful trace, Till from his heart, brimful of joy, We catch a ray—God bless that boy! —Elizabeth A. Davis.

A CAMEL'S LONG MEMORY.

In Central park, New York City, is a dromedary so vicious that the keepers dare not enter his paddock for fear of being trampled to death. The other day, however, an Arab dared what the park men feared to attempt. Three Bedouins, in their native dress, visited the menagerie, and quickly found their way to the camel's paddock. One of the Arabs spoke to the vicious dromedary in his native tongue. The animal pricked up his ears and grumbled in reply. In a flash the Arab responded to his old friend's invitation, jumped the fence and spoke again. At the camel's third reply he walked over to the old man and rubbed his nose against his arm, while the two Arabs who accompanied him smiled approvingly from outside the inclosure. Just then the keepers became aware of what was going on and made haste to get the man out of danger. The old man kissed his newly found friend good-bye, apologized for breaking the rules and went away.—Chicago Record.

STRANGE PLANTS.

Early travelers in China and Tartary speak of a "plant of flesh and blood, with the shape and appearance of a lamb; having feet, tail and head distinctly formed, and its skin covered with soft down." The lamb is said to grow upon a stalk three feet in height, and to turn about and bend to the herbage that serves for its food, and when the grass fails it dries up and withers away. There is some foundation for this queer story in the existence of a singularly-shaped plant recently discovered which has a sort of woolly covering; and in order to heighten the general effect, the natives trim the plant and adjust the long, light, silky hairs that cover it, in such a style as to give it the appearance of a wool-angel. It is natural to suppose that this plant would wither when the grass begins to fall; for even if it did not subsist upon the grass as reported, the same drought that served to kill the grass would naturally destroy the plant.

It may not be so generally known that there now grows in Asia a tree, the bark of which is made into sheets about a yard square, and these are used for all ordinary purposes of paper, being very tough and durable. The soft and durable Chinese rice paper is not the product of any part of the rice plant, but is the pith of a tree which, by the aid of a lathe and a sharp instrument, is cut into very thin and delicate rolls. The lighting materials furnished by trees is another thing worth noting; among which may be mentioned the Japanese wax-tree, which bears bunches of fruit, growing like grapes, and containing a species of wax used in making candles. Another tree is found in the Pacific islands, known as the candle-tree, which yields a large quantity of oil, the kernels being strung together on a cord and lighted as a candle.

We also mention the candle-tree, the fruit of which is three or four feet in length, and about an inch in diameter, and of a yellowish color, "hanging from the tree so as to present the appearance of wax candles, and in such abundance as to give the idea of a chandler's shop. A slender erect shrub grows in India to which the name of the telegraph plant has been given because of a resemblance to railway telegraph signals in the motion of its tri-foliate leaves; the two side ones rising and falling alternately for a time and then resting for a period and again starting into motion. They are more active

in the early morning. Sometimes many of the leaves may be seen in action at once, and then again only a few seem to be inspired with motion which shows that their action does not depend upon the wind.—Philadelphia Times.

MINNIE'S LESSON.
Minnie had come down stairs dressed ready for the party, only to meet with her mamma's disapproval. She had told her little daughter to wear what she wished, but not to put on her "best."

"But, mamma," said Minnie, looking grave, but determined. "I shall have to wear this dress because my only other one that is clean is too tight for anything; it hurts me so that I can hardly breathe."

"I'm sorry, daughter," the mother said, with an equally determined face, "but you surely see that such a delicate maiden as that you have on is not suitable to wear to a lawn party. It will tear as easily as lace."

"But I've got to wear it, you see," said Minnie, with a touch of impatience in her voice. "You don't want me to wear tight clothes, you know."

"And what reason have you found for wearing that broad, blue sash?"

"Well, mamma, you know that it is my only one that matches nicely with this dress and these stockings and things ought to match."

"Yes, and why must the stockings be worn?"

"Oh, well," said Minnie, catching at an end of the sash and twisting it, "I suppose I could wear other stockings, but I thought with my nice, new slippers these would look the prettiest and I didn't think you would care."

"Does it seem to you that nice new slippers that were bought to wear only in the house, are the proper thing for lawn parties?"

"No'm, but I had to put them on. My boots have the ugliest great nails sticking into my toes; I could hardly walk around last night; so, of course, I had to put on my slippers."

Very grave looked the mother. It was a sad fact that she had never heard of the dress that was too tight, or the fearful nails in the high-buttoned kid boots, until this moment. Could it be possible that her little daughter was tempted, by her desire to appear in her fine new clothes at the party, to speak not quite the truth? She sat thinking for a full minute before she decided that her child needed a severe lesson.

"Minnie," she said, and the little girl knew that when her mother spoke in that tone, and called her by her full name, there was no more chance for argument, "you cannot wear that dress, and that sash, and those slippers and stockings, to the lawn party."

"Well," she said at last, drawing a long sigh, and looking as though the sorrows of life sat heavy upon her heart, "I suppose I can go and change my things; but I shall be late. It's time to go now."

"Yes," said her mother, her face very sad. "You may change all your things. Put on your calico that you wore this morning, and your every-day boots."

"Mamma!" gasped Minnie, "don't you mean to let me go to the party?"

"There is nothing for you to wear, my daughter. I suppose you would not like to go in your every-day clothes, and you say your other white dress is too tight, and the nails in your kid boots hurt your feet. So, of course, you will have to stay home. If I had heard of this before, I could have altered the dress and had the boots put in order; but you know you have never said anything about it before."

Then was Minnie's face very red. "I can wear them, mamma," she said, turning away. "They are not very comfortable, but I can stand it."

"No, daughter, I cannot allow you to 'stand it.' You know I do not wish you to dress so that you can 'hardly breathe,' nor wear shoes in which you can 'hardly walk around.' I see nothing for you but to remain at home."

Poor little Minnie! It was a hard lesson. She went to no lawn party that afternoon; she sat on the back piazza in her dark calico dress and thick boots and sobbed. She had grown so used to making little bits of things into great ones, when it suited her convenience to do so, that she actually did not realize that she was telling what was untrue. I know some other little people who have the same bad habits.—Farm, Field and Fireside.

KEYSTONE STATE NEWS CONDENSED.

BIG COAL LAND DEAL.

About Twenty-Four Hundred Acres Bought in Fayette County.

Options were taken some time ago on a large body of coaling coal, extending from the Monongahela river on the west, across Springhill township nearly to the foot of the mountain. These options would expire on December 1, but on Saturday the property owners were notified that the sale would be consummated. The parties taking the options are said to represent 10 different furnace companies, and it is the intention to burn the coal and make coke at 62 cents a day. The price is \$230 an acre, and there are about twenty-four hundred acres.

Thieves made a haul from the store of Nathaniel Barker, at Jacksonville, Center county, carrying away \$30 worth of goods. Attempts were also made to break into two stores in the coal and make coke at 62 cents a day. The price is \$230 an acre, and there are about twenty-four hundred acres.

While Oliver Casper aged 25 years, and his brother, both employed on an oil well lease near Petrolon Center, were engaged about the boiler house the head of the boiler blew out, tearing the top of Oliver's head off and wrecking the building.

At Chester, a fire supposed to have originated from a party extinguished grate fire in the library destroyed the summer house of Mrs. Mary Hatch, widow of the late broker, Nathaniel Hatch, of New York. Loss \$15,000 insured.

The Centralia Gallery, at Ashland, of the Lehigh Valley coal company, shut down Monday for an indefinite period. Five hundred men and boys are thrown out of work.

F. M. Henthorne, a photograph exhibitor, has sued the borough of Clayville for \$10,000 damages for false arrest, arising from his detention for showing without a license.

The barn on Morris Painter's farm at Buffalo, near Greensburg, with all its contents, and rented by John Leighty, was burned. Loss, \$1,000.

The 5-year-old son of John Miller, of Jeannette, may die from the effects of burns received by spitting a coffee pot's contents on himself.

A wreck at Unatons, on the Southwest road, piled up 14 cars and blocked the road for several hours, besides injuring Brakeman Buser.

Mr. Newman, who was arrested in Somerset county as an accomplice of Abe Musser, in the Dabankam burglary, easily proved his innocence.

Pauper gallery near Ashland, owned by the Lehigh Coal Company, has closed down indefinitely, throwing 500 hands out of employment.

At Ebensburg two young men were driving on the street when their horse became entangled in a live electric wire and was instantly killed.

Plate glass workers at Elwood claim to have discovered a process by which the refuse of plate glass can be utilized in making beer bottles.

Teachers will hold a convention December 11, at Saltsburg, to form a permanent educational society for Western Pennsylvania.

An additional furnace was fired at McKees Brook, glass work, at Jeannette, Monday, and 100 additional hands went to work.

R. P. Hornbaker, of Washington, has refused an offer of \$10,000 for a patent clothes wringer.

The Sharon Iron Company's furnace resumed after an idleness of six months. It employs 125 men.

A valuable horse and buggy was stolen from the barn of J. C. Powell, of Holey.

William Heffinger was badly injured on the Erie railroad at Corry.

The president has appointed H. F. Mann postmaster at Sanbury.

Free Silver.

The coinage of silver might have been too free, but the free use of it in a small sum may be a very big investment with very sure and large profits. What it costs to buy a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil for the cure of rheumatism is within the reach of the poorest. It is the best investment in this line—best cure, and the profits are sure because it will surely cure. This is so well-known it is almost a maxim, and so much good is wrought out of the free use of so little, a strong, active workman can be made of a man who before may have been a helpless invalid or a high-bling cripple.

Deafness Cannot be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflammation of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have ringing sound or roaring in the ears, and you cannot hear. The inflammation will be destroyed forever. No case out of ten is cured by cathartics, which is nothing but an increased condition of the mucous surface.

We will give one Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for Circulars, free.

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

In Australia the growing of wheat on the share system is rapidly increasing.

The Modern Mother
Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

Petrarch Cherton died in 1724 at the age of 183. He left a son aged 97.

Nothing in bath or laundry as good as Borax. Do time for cutting Borax soap used, but one trial to prove its value. Costs same as poorer floating soap. No one has ever tried it without buying more. Your grocer has it.

The camel has the most complicated system of digestive organs.

FIT stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free trial out sent treated. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

We think Pina's Cure for Consumption is the only medicine for Coughs.—JESSE PINCKNEY, Springfield, Ill., Oct. 1, 1891.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain; cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

St. Vitus's Dance. One bottle Dr. Fanner's Specific cures. Circular, Redonla, N. Y.

Sweetness and Light.

Put a pill in the pulpit if you want practical preaching for the physical man; then put the pill in the pillory if it does not practise what it preaches. There's a whole gospel in Ayer's Sugar Coated Pills; a "gospel of sweetness and light." People used to value their physis, as they did their religion,—by its bitterness. The more bitter the dose the better the doctor. We've got over that. We take "sugar in ours"—gospel or physis—now-a-days. It's possible to please and to purge at the same time. There may be power in a pleasant pill. That is the gospel of

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

More pill particulars in Ayer's Curebook, no pages. Sent free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

The Youth's Companion

Celebrating in 1897 its seventy-first birthday. The Companion offers its readers many exceptionally brilliant features. The two hemispheres have been explored in search of attractive matter.

Distinguished Writers.

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For the Whole Family.

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12-Color Calendar FREE.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, Boston, Mass.

STOP! ... Don't Let ... Constipation Kill You!

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets

CURE CONSTIPATION

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ REGULATE THE LIVER! ALL DRUGGISTS

THE MOST WONDERFUL, RELIABLE AND EFFECTIVE MEDICINE EVER DISCOVERED.

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or scribe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STRUBING KEEBY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York.

Important Notice!

The only genuine "Baker's Chocolate," celebrated for more than a century as a delicious, nutritious, and flesh-forming beverage, is put up in Blue Wrappers and Yellow Labels. Be sure that the Yellow Label and our Trade-Mark are on every package.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

When Hamlet Exclaimed: "Aye, There's the Rub!" Could He Have Referred to

SAPOLIO

MARKETS.

FIFT-BURG.	
Grain, Flour and Feed.	
WHEAT—No. 1 red.....	96 97
No. 2 red.....	91 92
CORN—No. 2 yellow.....	31 32
No. 2 yellow shelled.....	31 32
Mixed ear.....	28 29
OATS—No. 1 white.....	24 25
No. 2 white.....	23 24
RYE—No. 1.....	44 45
No. 2 western.....	42 43
FEED—Wheat bran.....	4 50 2 00
Fancy straight winter.....	4 50 4 00
Rye flour.....	3 00 3 10
BAKING—No. 1 hard.....	11 50 11 75
Mixed flour, No. 1.....	10 50 10 00
Hay, from wagons.....	14 00 13 00
FEED—No. 1 white Mt., ton.....	12 00 12 50
From Michigan.....	12 00 12 50
Bran, bulk.....	9 50 10 00
STRAW—Wheat.....	7 00 7 25
Oat.....	7 00 7 25
Butter, Eggs, etc.	
BUTTER—Eight cream.....	21 22
Fancy Creamery.....	15 16
Fancy Country.....	14 15
CHEESE—Cheddar, new.....	12 13
New York, new.....	7 8
Fruit and Vegetables.	
APPLES—Bull.....	41 00 1 25
BRANDS—Hand-picked, per bu.....	1 50 1 25
PUMPKINS—In car, bu.....	25 28
CABBAGE—Home grown, bu.....	75 1 00
ONIONS—Home grown, bu.....	91 00
Poultry, etc.	
CHICKENS, W. pair.....	50 65
TURKEYS, W. lb.....	8 9
EGGS—Pa. and Ohio, fresh.....	2 30
Miscellaneous.	
SEEDS—Clover 60 lbs.....	5 35 6 50
Timothy, prime.....	1 25 1 40
Blue Grass.....	1 25 1 40
MAIZE—Dwarf, new.....	62 60
LINSEED—Country, sweet, bu.....	2 00 2 50
TALLOW.....	2 2
CINCINNATI.	
FLOUR—No. 1.....	3 75 4 00
WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....	90 90
RYE No. 1.....	42 42
CORN—Mixed.....	33 34
OATS.....	41 41
Butte.....	16 16
BUTTER—Ohio Creamery.....	15 15
PHILADELPHIA.	
FLOUR—No. 1.....	3 75 4 00
WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....	90 90
CORN—No. 2 Mixed.....	33 34
OATS.....	41 41
BUTTER—Creamery, extra.....	21 21
EGGS—Pa. fresh.....	22 22
NEW YORK.	
FLOUR—Patent.....	3 75 4 00
WHEAT—No. 1.....	90 90
CORN—No. 1.....	32 32
OATS—White Western.....	38 38
BUTTER—Creamery.....	21 21
EGGS—State and.....	22 22
LIVE STOCK.	
CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, EAST LIBERTY, PA.	
CATTLE.	
Prime, 1,200 to 1,400 lbs.....	4 80 4 80
Good, 1,100 to 1,300 lbs.....	4 30 4 31
1,100 to 1,150 lb.....	3 90 4 10
Light weight, 900 to 1,000 lbs.....	3 40 3 80
Common, 700 to 900 lb.....	2 50 3 25
HOGS.	
Medium.....	3 50 3 60
Heavy.....	3 80 3 40
Hogheads and Stags.....	2 50 3 25
SHEEP.	
Good, 85 to 90 lbs.....	3 30 3 35
Fair, 70 to 80 lbs.....	2 50 2 60
Common.....	1 50 2 00
Lambs.....	4 25 4 60