INTELLIGENCE FROM WASHINGTON.

IN FAVOR OF CUBA.

Concurrent Resolutions of Recognition Adopted by the House, 244 to 27.

The house adopted the conference repor on the Cuban resolutions by a vote of 244 to Eighteen Republicans and nine Demo erats voted against the resolutions. There were but 30 more votes against the reporthan against the original resolutions.

than against the original resolutions. The former wote was 262 to 17. By its action the house agreed to the senate resolutions and disposes of the Cuban question for the present. Those resolutions were as follows:

Resolved, That in the opinion of congress a condition of public war exists between the government of 8 pain and the government proclaimed and for some time maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba, and that the United States of America should maintain a strict neutarity between the contending powers, according to each all the rights of belligerents in the the ports and territory of the United States.

Besolved, further, That the friendly offices of the United States should be offered to the president of the Spanish government for the recognition of the independence of Cuba.

TROUBLE IN HAYTI.

President Hippolyte's Death Followed by Night of Terror.

The New York Herald's correspondent in Port au Prince, Hayti, sends under date of March 30, the following particulars of the death of President Hippolyte and the en

death of President Hippolyte and the ensuing events:

The country has been more or less stirred
by the entry into Jackmel of Gen, Merisier
Jeannis two weeks ago. He seized the
arsenal took the ammunition and thoroughly
terrified all the inhabitants. Hearing of the
seizure, President Hippolyte decided to go to
the city. He started for a 14 hours ride
across the mountains at 3 o'clock on the
morning of March 24. As he rode he was
suddenly seized with heart failure and died
n a short time.

The greatest excitement prevailed throughout Hayti when the death was made known.
In Jackmel, the troops were ordered out, and
by Thursday night the firing of pistols and
muskets was continued. General disorder
ensued, and J. B. Vidal, the American consul, was obliged to pack his most precious
belongings and transfer them beyond reach
of the rabble.

While Jackmel was thus in tumuit, Port au
Prince having laid to rest one of the best

While Jackmei was thus in tumult, Port au Prince, having inid to rest one of the best servants it ever had, started a species of wake that was not appreciated by the peaceful element. If ever the capital passed a night of terror it was that of March 26. Soldiers were quartered at every available corner and after sundown general firing began. The one cry was, "Who will be our next President" to which each faction replied with the name of its leader.

How many were killed or even wounded will never be known. While Jackmel was thus in tumult. Port au

VANDERBILT IN PERIL.

Gang of Anarchists Plotted to Abduct the Millionaire.

A conspiracy to hold up the Vanberbilt special train, and abduct Cornellus Vanderbilt, was thwarted by the confession of one of the piotters, a band of anarchists. The confeswas made to Detective Gard, of the

sion was made to Detective Gard, of the Pacific railroad.

"Shortly before the Vanderbilt party reached El Paso," said Mr. Gard, "I received a letter containing the plans. They were to hold up the Vanderbilt special train at some point in the San Joaquin valley, and make the best haul possible. If no money was to be had Cornelius Vanderbilt was to be kildnaped, and held for ransom, and Chauncey Depew and every one else in the party was to be killed."

The railroad company took steps to pre-

to be killed."

The railrond company took steps to prevent the hold-up, after being warned by telegraph from Los Angeles. This side of Bakersheld the train was run only during the day time. The visitors remained over night in their train at Bakersheld after visitors. Barbara and came up through the

night in their train at Bakersheld, after visiting Santa Barbara, and came up through the
San Joaquin valley by daylight on Tuesday
last. This upset the plans of the bandits.

Neither Mr. Vanderbilt, Mr Depew, nor
any of the members of the visiting party
were informed of the anticipated hold-up,
and left the city last evening on their way
east without learning that they had been
made the objects of a conspiracy by a gang
of desperadoes.

IGNORED EXTRADITION PAPERS.

nessee Authorities Gave Them to the Prisoner to Tear Up.

"Big Dan" Banack, an ex-convict from se, was recently arrested in New York city for raising a draft on the National Commercial bank of Albany, N. Y., from \$16 to \$1,600. While he was serving time in the coal mines at Bay City, Tenn., a requisition was issued for him by the governor of New York, but instead of informing the authorities here when his term in Tennessee was to expire, in order that the papers might be nerved, Banack was turned loose and came east voluntarily. According to Banack's story, the papers were given to him when he was released and he tore them to pieces while he was walking the streets of New York. Chief Williard of the Albany police says that proceedings will be begun against the Tennessee authorities for ignoring the extradition regulations between the states. for raising a draft on the National

ANOTHER BATTLE REPORTED.

Inclan's Forces Attacked in Cuba. One Hundred Wounded.

Passengers arriving at Tampa, Fla., from Cuba report that Spanish General Inclan's forces were entirely surrounded by the in enverents and a hand-to-hand conflict ensued surgents and a hand-to-hand conflict ensued Tae conflict ensued in Vuelta Abajo district. Nothing official has been published, but 100 wounded in this engagement were brought into Havana Friday night. All the wounds were machette cuts. Inclan also was wounded. Quintin Banders, the insurgent chief, has sent a letter to General Weyler requesting humane treatment for helpless families. The Cubans here intended to burn the Spanish flag and Weyler's picture lisst night, but the police interfered.

EMPLOYED FOREIGN LABOR

A New York Man Fined \$1,000 by the United States Court

erdict of \$1,000 in favor of the A verdict of \$1,000 in favor of the govenint was rendered in the suit brought in the
ided States circuit court against August
ttemann, of New York. Wittemann was
sussed of having imported into this country
set Balkser to run a steam Albert type press
anufactured by a Leipsic firm. The desec claimed that Baltzer came here to
sec claimed that Baltzer came here to
sec that he will be a security. The court held that the conict had been proven, and even if the instry was new the defendant had not
ide a proper effort to secure an operative
re.

KILLED TWENTY MEN.

John Selman, Who Had a Record, is at Last Brought Down Himself.

John Selman, the victor of not less than twenty fatal shooting affrays in Texas, the exterminator of "bad men" and the slayer of the notorious John Wesley Hardin, is

of the notorious John Wesley Hardin, is lying with a builet hole through his body. About two or three months ago Selman and United States Deputy Marshal George Searbrough had a quarrel over a game of cards, since which occurrence the relations between them have not been very cordini.

Sunday morning at 4 o'clock they met in the Wigwam salcon at El Paso. Texas, and both were drinking. Scarborough says that Selman asked him to "come out here. I want to see you," and that the two walked out into the alley beside the salcon and Selman, whose son is in the Juaren, Mexico, jail on the charge of abducting a young lady from this side for immoral purposes, said to Searborough: "I want you to go over the river with me this morning; we must get that boy out of jail."

borough: 'I want you to go over the river with me this morning; we must get that boy out of jail.'

Searborough expressed a willingness to ge with Selman, but stated that no bad brenks had been made in Juarez. Searborough says that Selman then reached for his pistol with the remark, "I believe I'll kill yon."

Searborough pulled his gun and began shooting. At the second shot Selman fell and Searborough fired two more shots as Selman attempted to rise. When Selman was searched no pistol could be found on him or anewhere around him. He says that he had a pistol but that it was taken from him after he fell and before the police reached him. He was hit by every shot Searborough fired.

Searborough is about 38 years old, was born in Louisiana, but was raised in Texas, and was several years sheriff of Jones county. Texas. He is now out of juil under bond. He is about 58 years old and has lived a storny kite. When not drinking he was as gentle and modest as a child, but he did not know what fear was and has killed not less than twenty outlaws. He was a dead shot and quick as lightning with a gun. Last August in this city the notorious John Wesley Hardin challenged him to a 'ree fight in the Acme saloon and Selman killed that dangerous outlaw. ous outlaw.

AN AWFUL SIGHT.

Church Goers Gaze Helplessly While a Fam-

ily is Burned to Death. At Whetstone, Marshall county, W. Va., an entire family was cremated Saturday night in a fire which destroyed the dwelling house of Jackson Martin. The dead are: Jackson Martin, his wife and child. They had only recently moved into the house. Some neighbors were returning from church on Saturday night, and when passing the house noticed that it was on fire but not knowing it to do occupied they passed on to the next house and reported the fire, when, to their horror, they learned that the burning house was occupied by a family. They hurried back and the spectacle that met their gaze was horrible. They could see the roasting bodies in the fire, but were too late to give any relief. It is supplied that Martin woke up, and that the smoke, being so dense prevented him from finding the door, and he had torn a plank off the wall, as his body was found in the opering he had made. night in a fire which destroyed the dwelling

SHOTS AT THE POLES.

Twenty-Six Men Laid Out At Election Places in Chicago.

Shooting was common at Tuesday's election. The first case occurred near the balloting booth at 400 Dearborn-st. Joseph Grogan, a railroad man, was shot down. The wound may result fatally. Grogan was pass-ing on his way from lunch when a colored man commenced shooting. In a fight at the polls in the First ward Frank Martin shot polls in the First ward Frank Martin shot "Buil" Hickey through the wrist. Another shooting affray occurred at Twentieth and State-sts. J. H. Ransom (colored) fired at Walteg Hill, also colored, but the builet missed the mark. Full returns from the First and Nineteenth wards, in which the most of the fighting occurred, show that 26 men were laid out in one way or another during the day. Joseph Tregan was shot in the ankle, James Dawson had his skull fractured, Olaf Henson's nose was smashed flat. John Watson's car was torn off and John McGrath was shot in the back.

Returns so far indicate that the Republicans carried the city by a large majority.

CUTTING DOWN EXPENSES. Rigid Measures of Retrenchment Craered on the Ft. Wayne.

The employes of the Pennsylvania lines west are alarmed at the sweeping changes that are being introduced under the regime of the new general manager. Orders have been issued to cut down the operating exbeen issued to cut down the operating penses at all points, and wherever a man can be spared let him go. The Ft. Wayne dispatchers and operators all along the line have felt the first effects of the new policy of have felt the first effects of the new policy of have felt the first effects of the new policy of radical economy in rather a severe manner. The train dispatchers' office force on the en-tire northwest system has been reduced to a minimum. On the eastern division of the Pt. Wayne one set of dispatchers have been taken off, and the division between Home-wood and Crestline have been doubled up, making the operating division 155 miles in length. Heretofore there have been two sets of dispatchers handling the trains between the points above mentioned.

England Displeased.

There is much indignation in England over the intention of the Sultan of Turkey to ex-clude Christian missionaries from Asia Minor, and those who were active in measures in behalf of the Armenians take a leading part also in voicing the public sentiment on this question. The case of the Rev. G. P. Knapp, the American missionary at Bitlis who is detained at Diarbekir, is attracting much at-

NOTES OF THE DAY.

An incendiary fire destroyed four squares of Comptellsville, Ky.

At the present moment out of the 71 members of the Irish Nationalist party 10 are Protestants. During the Franco-Prussian war the cost to the Prench nation of each Prsusian killed was £20,000.

Phelps & Miller, the largest jewelry firm of San Francisco, have falled, with liabilities es-timated at \$70,000.

The ship building concern of Sir W. G., rmstrong & Co., limited, of Glasgow, will stablish a plant in Japan. Kangaroos are such a plague in Australia that the government pays a bounty of Spence for each animal that is killed.

A grand niece of General Israel Putnam, Mrs. Lwey L. Deckery, died in Bangor, Mc., a few days ago at the age of 89 years. It is intended by German doctors to cele-brate May 14 the one hundredth anniversary of Dr. Jenner's first experiment in vaccina-tion.

Cecil Rhodes, ex-premier of the Cape Colony, who recently started from Capetown to Buluways, is said to be suffering from an attack of fever. Capt. J. B. Johnston, Third Cavalry, who ied at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., was buried in the Arlington National cemetery with miliary honors.

The New York supreme court has decide that a surgeon making an autopty without the consent of the relatives of the decease a liable to be sued for damages.

The bank statistics of ireland for 1895 as the most satisfactory ever recorded, an shows that Ireland has but to be let alone in the content of the c

GASUALTIES AND GRIMES.

A TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

Seven People Killed and Several Injured by a Premature Explosion.

A terrific explosion, resulting in the killing of several men and injuring of several others, occurred shortly after six b'clock Wednesday evening, in the canon four miles from Ogden, Utah, April 8. The men were

from Ogden, Utah, April 8. The men were employed by the Pioneer Power Dam company, and were about to prepare a blast when a premature explosion occurred.

The killed are: Dan Mooran, Ogden; B. Kirkman, Ogden; Goorge Weaver, Ogden; Nate Kempton, Provo; Jeff Ruby, Huntsville, Utah: Mike Leanan, Provo; Samuel Hatfield, Provo. The wounded were Andrew Sprowes, Alfred Ellingston, George Stater and several others.

Sprowes, Alfred Edingston, George Stater and several others.

A report was widely circulated at night that there were over 200 men near the scene of the accident previous to the explosion, and it is generally believed that the loss of life has been far greater than at first reported.

A BOILER LETS GO.

Two Men Killed and Four Persons Perhaps

Fatally Injured. A terrible explosion occurred at the saw-mill of Dennis Boyd, situated at the North mill of Dennis Boyd, situated at the North mountain, nine miles north of Newville, Pa., which resulted in the death of two men, and the injury of four other persons, two of them girls. The dead are: John Boyd, 35 years of age, son of Dennis Boyd, the proprietor of the mill, and George Oiler, 22 years old, son of Andrew Oiler, a well-known citizen of this piace. The injured are: Andrew Oiler, who lost the sight of one eye, and had his arms broken; Oiler's two young daughters and a Son.

on. The explosion occurred immediately after the men had finished their dinners, and were sitting in front of the huge boiler.

Killed in a Prize Fight.

Arthur Bradley and Dichard Ingram, two factory hands engaged in a price light at Haverhill, Mass., and as a result the latter was killed. The light was to be a friendly one, to settle the question of which was the

DYNAMITED THE SCHOOLHOUSE.

Dispute Over the Building's Location Leads To Its Destruction.

To Its Destruction.

The little township of Curtin, about 12 miles from Bellefonte, Pa., is in a turmoil of excitement over the burning and blowing up by dynamite of the district schoolhouse. Bad

by dynamite of the district schoolhouse. Bad feeling was aroused about two years ago over the selection of a site for the schoolhouse, and the courts had to decide the matter. One faction was still dissatisfied and before dawn Tuesday morning about 20 men and boys set the building on fire.

The other faction was soon on hand and tried to quench the flames. The incendiaries were, however, hiding in the woods, and while some of their enemies were in the burning building they threw dynamite on the roof. The building was completely demoished and those inside narrowly escaped with their lives. The two factions then engaged in a pitched battle in the darkness and some of the participants were badly cut by the woodnen's axes.

More trouble is feared, and District-Attorney Singer left for the scene of the trouble at once determined to arrest the beliggerents.

TURNS IN A SQUALL.

Strange Disaster to an English Sailing Ship in San Francisco Bay.

No stranger disaster ever happened to a vessel than that which befell the British ship Blairmore at 7 o'clock Tuesday morning. While riding at anchor in San Francisco bay the vessel was struck by a violent squall, which together with the swift flood tide, threw the craft on her starboardside, capsing her completely and sinking her in less than 15 minutes.

sing for compecty and sanding for it less than 15 minutes.

Fifteen seamen struggled in the water. Six were confined in the hold, and were probably pinned down by the failing dunnage used to hold the ship's ballast in place. The imprisoned sextette never reached the leek, and their bodies are imprisoned in the steel hull. The Blairmore's masts lie level with the bay bottom under seven fathoms of water, and not a sign of the sailors tomb is visible above the waves. The unfortunates who lost their lives were: T. Ludwig, first mate; Henry Clark, seaman; Roland Siegel, apprentice; G. Reinbaum, seaman; H. Sinstrand, watchman; Sam Kerns, steward.

RECIPROCITY BILL

Favorable Sub-Committee Report on Mr. Hopkin's Measure.

The sub-committee of the nouse committee of ways and means agreed to report favorably the bill offered by Representative Hop.

kins.

The first section authorizes the president to enter into reciprocal trade negotiations with several classes of countries. The second section gives an arrangement made by the president the force of a law upon publication. The third section provides that if any country refuses to enter into a reciprocial grangement, the highest rates of duty shalf immediately apply to the imports of such country. The fourth section provides a means by which any country upon which the excessive duties lie may secure their remission by making concessions, and the last section provides that the act shall go into effect immediately upon its passage.

A PURE FARE.

That War Over a School House Did Not Take Place.

The citizens of Curtin township, Centre ounty. Pa., who are as peaceable as can be found anywhere, are greatly theensed over found anywhere, are greatly theensed over an item sent out this week, in which it was stated that they assembled in opposing fac-tions at a school house, burned and blew it up with dynamite, and then fought a battle with axes until the district attorney was call-ed on to quell the riot. The entire story was a take, with the exception of the fact that the school house was destroyed by fire, but it occurred at night, and as no one is known to have been within a mile of it at the time of the blaze, the fire may have been purely acthe blaze, the fire may have been purely

Battle in Nicaragua.

Battle in Nicaragua.

After a truce of 15 days, during which all attempts to arrange terms of peace between President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, and the leaders of the rebellion have been futtle, another battle has been fought between the government forces and the revolutionists at La Ceciba. The number of men engaged was about 500 on either side. The action lasted eight hours, and details received are so meagre that it is impossible to ascertain on which side victory rested. The prisoners and deserters who have reached the capital declare that the insurgents situation is desperate. The government is preparing for a general attack.

Two deputy United States marshals caused a gang of five outlaws southwest offeyville. Kan, after a hot fight, in whi diver Rooks, one of the desperadoes, was attaily wounded. Rook's horse was about under him and he was wounded before the state of the s

CONFESSED THE CRIME.

The Murderer of the Stone Family in Custody.

Detectives Doran and Decelle of Cleveland the have been employed on the Stone mur-

who have been employed on the Stone murder case for the past week, arrested John Smith, the ex-hired man of the Stone family in Tailmadge and took him to Akron. He was immediately placed in the county jail and the charge entered against him of murdering Alvin N. Stone, his wife and Ira Stillson. The detectives have been following Smith's movements very closely for the past week, but did not feel convinced to his guilt until Wednesday. Smith is about twenty one years of age and came to Summit county ulne months ago, working for Mr. Stone. Two weeks before the murder he had a disagreement with Mr. Stone, and left him going to work for Edward Porter, who lives only a mile away from the scene of the murder. On the day after the murder he was apprehended, but was released, as no evidence could be secured against him. Smith was much enamored with Flora, the youngest daughter, and his attentions were distasteful to the father. Flora was the only one of the family not injured by the murderes, and on the morning after the murderes he made the statement that the voice sounded like John's. The name Smith is an assumed one, by his own statements.

The officers secured a detailed confession from Cotcell, but only a part of it has been made public. He says the devil told him to commit the crime and how to do it. He had a grudge against the murdered man because he had not paid him \$7 still due foe work on the farm. Smith gained entrance to the house at the back door and having killed the

he had not paid him \$7 still due foe work on the farm. Smith gained entrance to the house at the back door and having killed the old people he killed Stillson, the hired man, and attacked Emma Stone, and thought he had killed her. When he was locked out of the room in which Hattle and Flora Stone had slept he secured a knife from Stillson's pocket and going down stairs slashed the farmer and wife to make sure they were dead. The mask and base ball bat the mur-derer had, have been secured from the wood-shed at Porter's farm, where Smith was em-ployed. It was largely through working up up his religious fervor that the confession was secured.

TURKEY BACKS DOWN.

Christian Missionaries Not to Be Expelled from Armenia at Once.

The steps taken in behalf of the missionaries in Asia Minor have had a beneficial effeet. The Turkish government replying to the renewed representations on the subject made by the British Ambassador, Sir Philip

made by the British Ambassador, Sir Philip Currie, and the United States Charge d'Affaires, John W. Biddle, assured the diplomate that the missionaries in Asia Minor would not be molested "so long as they conform with the laws of the country."

This assurance does not carry with it the weight which it would in coming from any other government, it is claimed, as there is no question but the Turkish offleials have been trying to prove that the missionaries are not "conforming with the laws of the country," and it was on this ground that the Sultan prepared and protably signed the irade providing for their expulsion from the Turkish dominions. But the publicity given to the matter in the press has certainly caused a hesitation at the palace, and it is now thought likely that the irade will be withheld at least, until Russia has been further consulted on the subject.

GEN. HARRISON MARRIED. The Ex-President and Mrs. Mary Lord Dimmick Made One.

The marriage of Mrs. Mary Lord Dimmiek to Gen. Benjamin Harrison was solemnized at St. Thomas' church, New York, Monday afternoon at 5:30. Dr. Wesley Brown, rector officiating at the ceremony. The marriag which took place in the presence of twenty relatives and select friends of the bride and relatives and select friends of the bride and groom, was a very private affair. The edifice was not decorated in the lavish style that marked the nuptials of Miss Vanderbilt and Miss Whitney, the two most important wed-dings of the season; but the flowers used— lilacs and ascension lilies—were arranged in exquisite taste, and the chancel looked even in the transportant of the presenting and more effective in the presenting exquisite taste, and the chancel looked even prettier and more effective in the perspective than at the two previous weddings. Mrs. Dimmick arranged all the details regarding the decorations, and her uncommon good taste in the selection of the beautiful flowers used and the simple and unostentions arrangement of the decorations by Mr. Fielschmann, the florist, were very marked at the ceremony. The altar was refleved with palms, tropfied plants and banks of white iliaes surmounted with bunches of ascension lilies. On either side of the altar was a large vase of white illaes and directly in front of the two end pews, on either side of the chancel, was arranged two large umbrellas of white illaes, tfed with butterfly bows of white ribbon, with large clusters of catallaya orchies attached to the ribbons. catalaya orchids attached to the ribbons, forming an April shower of delicate white flowers.

NEARLY 1,000 KILLED.

Cubans Win a Decisive Victory at Pinar del Rio.

A letter from General Carela has been re peived announcing the safe arrival in Cubs on March 22 of the Bermuda fillibustering

on March 22 of the Bermuda fillibustering party of 108 men, together with artillery and tons of ammanition. The party was met by General Macco. The letter continues:

"Macco and Garcia, with 2,000 men, went down upon Pinar del Rio early on the morning of March 23. The 6,000 Spanish troops were thrown into panic by the onslaught. The use of the heavy artillery which Garcia had brought added to their terror.

"The Spanish loss was 850 killed, and 200 wounded, while the total Chban loss in killed and wounded was 150. In addition the Cubans captured two pieces of heavy artillery, 1,700 Mausser riffes, 1,200,000 cartridges, 2,500 swords and stores. They burned 600 houses.

300 houses.

"General Garcia expects to soon have an organized army of volunteers, which will number 25,000 men, and a regular force of

A dispatch from Massowa has been receiv-

A DISASTROUS FIGHT. Col. Stevant Compelled to Evacuate Kassala, Near Mossowa.

ed in Rome by the way of Perim Island reporting that after Col. Stevani's victory over the dervishes near Kassala on Saturday in a battle in which he lost 100 men and inflicted a loss estimated at 600 upon the dervishes he returned to Kassala and the dervishes retired to the forts and intrenhments at Tueruf. On the following day Col. Stevani made a reconnaissance of Tueruf and vigorously attacked the forts. He captured some of them, but was unable to entirely dislodge the dervishes. He therefore returned to Kassala and informed Gen. Baldissera, commander of the Italian forces in Africa, that he was convinced that his forces were strong enough and that he proposed to renew the attack in the morning. In view of the general situation, however, Gen. Baldissera refused to sanction this plan and ordered Col. Stevani to evacuate Kassala and to retire with his column upon Agordat, half way between Kassala and Massowah, which Col. Stavani is now doing. perting that after Col. Stevani's victory ove

FOREIGN NOTES.

At Kube, Japan, besides the black plague nallpox and cholera are epidemic.

COMMITS A TRIPLE TRAGEDY.

A FATHER'S AWFUL DEED.

Kills His Daughter, Wounds Her Lover Then Kills Himself.

At Millican, Tex., John Brooks shot and killed his daughter, Miss Mollie Brooks, seriously wounded her sweetheart, A. Cseriously wounded her sweetheart, A. C. Worrels, and then committed suicide-Worrels and Miss Brooks were lovers and made up their minds to marry, in opposition to the wishes of the young lady's father. When the north-bound Central train stopped at the station the young people were there ready to get aboard and run away. Worrels helped Miss Brooks upon the first step of the platform, and just as she got up her father, who stepped from the other side of the car, fired upon her, shooting her through the right breast, the builet passing through her body. She fell backward in the arms of her lover with the words: "Oh, Arthur, father has killed me," and immediately expired.

As Worrels bent down to lay her on the platform Brooks fired upon him under the car, the ball passing through his neck and making a serious and probably fata wound.

wound.

After the shooting Brooks, who has been employed at the rock quarry of Green & Olive, went to the quarry and tried to borrow a pistol, but could not get one. He then went to the powder-house, secured a box of dynamite and going away about 100 yards, sat down upon it and applied a match. A territic explosion followed, which tore him to pieces, not enough fragments being gathered up to fill a cigar box.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

Out of every three companies registered in England two become insolvent.

Princeton University has received a gift of \$300,000, with which to build a new library

Taylor brothers, who were to hang April 30 at Carrolton, Mo., for the murder of the Meeks family, escaped.

The house committee on territories has voted in favor of reporting the bill for the admission of New Mexico as a state.

Fully a thousand scale have been taken off St. Johns and the neighborhood during the past three days. The steamer Katle arrived with 9,000 scals. V. C. McKitrick, treasurer of Dover town-ship, Athens, O., was arrested charged with embezzlement or funds of the county aggre-gating \$4,000.

James Sanborn, of Seffersonville, a clerk in the Bank of Commerce, of Louisville, has disappeared and his accounts with the bank are short \$10,000. The money was lost on horses.

Fire in the Hope mine at Butte, Mont., caused the death of the following seven men. John Buckley, shift boss; Fat Buckley, Martin Sullivan, Hugh McKeown, Barney Wall, Will Beiden and Ed McArthur.

MEASLES IN THE WHITE HOUSE. Esther Cleveland Gets the Disease and Stops Cabinet Meetings.

Measles has broken out in the presidential household. This disease has been almost epidemic for some time in Washington. Private Secretary Thurber's children have all vate Secretary Thurber's children have all had the disease in regular course, and to prevent its transmission to the White House Mr. Thurber has absented himself from his own domicile for the past week. This sacrifiee was of no avail, for this morning the cruption suddenly appeared on little Esther Cleveland. To prevent the spread of the disease among the families of the cabinet officers word was sent by telegraph to the various departments that there would be no meeting of the cabinet, and steps were taken to combat the disease.

at the disease.

Orders were sent to Woodley the Presi-Orders were sent to Woodley the President's suburban residence, to put the place in shape for the immediate reception of the family and Mrs. Cleveland accompanied by all the children immediately left the White House. Little Esther was taken away in a separate carriage and will be secluded from the other children. Meanwhile the Presipent and Mr. Thurber will remain at the White house until the measles has run its course in the family, and the mistress and the children are back.

GREAT FIRE AT MANILLA. Four Thousand Houses Burned and 30,000 People Homeless.

A terrible fire has occurred at Manilla, in the Philippine Islands, by which 4,000 houses

less. Manilia is the capital of the Philippine Islands and has a population of 100,000, or with the suburbs 160,000. It is one of the great emportums of the east. The principal public buildings are the cathedral, the palaces of the Governor and the Archbishop, a beautiful town house, ten churches of different religious orders, several monasteries, convents, the arsenal, three colleges for young men, and two for young women, a Supreme Court, prison, civil hospital, university, a marine and a commercial school, a large theater, a custom house and barracks. It has frequently been visited by severe and destructive carthquakes.

ALL TO BE EXPELLED.

Imperial Irade Against Christian Missionaries in Armenia.

The London Daily News and the Chronicle have a report from Construtinople, said to be have a report from Construtinople, said to be on the best authority, that an imperial trade has decreed the wholesale expulsion of all Christian missionaries from Armenia who are mainly French Catholics and American Protestants. The Daily News says there is reason to believe the sultan has signed the decree, but that it has not been issued. The Chronicle thinks the irade is aimed at the agents of the relief fund, and is due to the fact that the missionaries gave publicity to massacres. The Chronicle believes Lord Salisbury could count upon French as well as American support in demanding the withdrawal of the Irade.

At Newport, Ky., Scott Jackson, the alleged murderer of Pearl Bryan, was before Judge Helm Tuesday for trial. Upon the application of his attorneys the Judge postponed the hearing until Tuesday, April 21. The grounds set forth by Colonei Crawford in his application for a postponement were, first, tilness in his family, which had prevented him giving proper attention to the case, and second, inability to secure depositions of witnesses residing at a distrace. The jurors were called and some of the witnesses were sworn, and all were dismissed until April 21. Trial Postponed.

Rebels Have Full Swing

The insurgent forces operating in many parts of Cuba have been aggressive the last week. Half a dozen towns in Havana provinces alone have been attacked. The troops invariably remain safely cooped up in forts, allowing the robels full swing. All available Spanish troops are stationed on the Trooh between Marel and Ajana, to prevent the return of Macco to Havana.

CONGRESSIONAL

Summary of the Most Important Measures Presented in Both Houses. NINETY-THIND DAY.

The postoffice appropriation bill, which has engrowed the attention of the Senate for almost a week, was passed by that body just previous to adjournment to-day. The entire day, except a few minutes at the beginning of the session, was devoted to debute and voting upon the amendments proposed to the bill, the Wolcott smendment for the consolidation of smaller offices with larger ones receiving the greater share of attention.

The House spent most of the day debuting a bill to fix the standard of weights and measures by the adoption of the metric system on and after July 1. On a rising vote it was defeated 65 to 80, but C. W. Stone, of Pennsylvania, Chairman of the Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures, who has given the subject much attention, and who warmly supported it, secured the ayes and nays, and pending the roll call the House adjourned.

NINETY-FOURTH DAY.

Ry a vote of 119 to 117, the house today passed the bill to adopt the Metric system of weights and measurers in all departments of the government after July 1, 1898, and making it the only legal system after January 1, 1901. The bill was champloned by Mr. C. Stone, of Pennsylvania, chairman of the Committee on Weights and Measures.

In the Senate today Mr. Mantel (Ren.

In the Senate today Mr. Mantel (Rep. Mont.) made his maiden speech, in favor of recommitting the tariff to the finance committee. There was special interest in the speech from the fact that Mr. Mantle was one of the five Republican senators who voted against proceedings with the tariff bill.

voted against proceedings with the tariff bill.

The feature in the house today was an attack on the A. P. A. by Hepresentative Pitzgerald, Democrat, from Massachusetts. It was on the debate on the District of Columbia appropriation bill, which was recommitted early in March after a protracted light for appropriations for private and sectarian institutions. The bill came back today with the objectionable features stricken out, an containing in lieu a lump sum for charilies to be expended under the direction of the district commissioners, with a provise that no part should go to religious institutions.

SINETY-RIGHTH DAY.

The Senate took up the question of sect-arian Indian schools today, but did not com-plete it. Mr. Carter, of Montana, proposed to strike out the provision directing that money should be spent on secturian schools. An important bill passed at the close of the debate was that providing for a trans-Missis-sippi and International Exposition at Omaha in 1898.

in 1898.

The House spent the entire day in general debate on the "filled cheese" bill. The principal objection seemed to be raised to the tax features of the bill, \$400 on the manufacturer and \$40 on the rataller, while there appears general unanimty in favor of a bill to compet the branding of filled cheese.

NINETY-SEVENTH DAY.

The house this afternoon, by a vote of 100 to 55, passed the "filled cheese" bill taxing the manufacturer of the product one cent a pound, and requiring manufacturers and dealers to pay a reduction of the retail dealers' license from \$40 to \$12 a year, and that was agreed to. STEEL BUSINESS IMPROVING The Safe Pool Formed is Already Felt im

the Trade.

The association or pool which was formed ast week by the principal manufacturers of ast week by the principal manufacturers of soft steel in the East will be far-reaching in its effects, and already a quickening is noted in the iron market generally. The harmonious understanding arrived at by the southern furnaces has also resulted in stronger prices and increased inquiry. The sales of pig iron during the past week in this market aggregated not less than 25,000 to 35,000 to 35, at about \$11.75 for No. 2 foundry, for nor farran coke, and \$11.35 for the same grade of southern. Some 5,000 tons of stem rods were contracted at \$27.50 and 5,000 tons billets at \$20.621, which are now quoted at \$21.25. Current report is that of billets. About 2,800 tons of bridge plates for railroads were closed at \$1.50, and 600 tons heavy O. H. steel at \$1.55, for flume work in Colorado.

BRECKINRIDGE FOR CONGRESS.

He is Canvassing the District for the Nomination.

Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge has been quietly practicing law at Lexington ever since the suit for damages of Madeline Pollard, two years ago, caused him to be succeeded in Congress by Colonel Owens. Although Miss Pollard got a judgment for \$15,000, she has never been able to get an exe

over anything.

Now that Colonel Breekinridge is canva Now that Colonel Breekinridge is canvas-ing the district again to run for congress this year, the old movement of the lattice in the district is being reorganized, and Colonel Breekinridge will have women against him as he had two years ago. The friends of "Kentucky's silver-tongued orator" express the fullest confidence in his success.

Destroyed by Cubans.

Destroyed by Gubans.

The Moralitos estate, the property of Manuel Anton Morales, the American citizen, has been burned by the rebels, and the owner has filed a claim with the United States consul for damages in the sum of 200,000. The San Antonia estate, near Alquizar, owned b Mamerto Pulido and valued at \$500,000, has also been burned by the insurgents and it magnificent Diana estate, in the province of Mantanzas, belonging to the Count Diana and worth over \$500,000, has likewise been destroyed by fire.

Dueling in Diefavor.

The annual congress of German ad the nobility) was convened Sat wong the questions discussed of spe-The annual congress of German adelsta, the nobility) was convened Saturday Among the questions discussed of special in terest to the azistrocracy of Germany wa that of the duel, apropos of the inclient which are now exciting society and the general public alike. This question was discussed exhaustively and it was finally resolve that it is not a brand of dishonor for a noble man to refuse to fight a duel if the ground of his refusal are honorable.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

It is stated that nearly 1,000,000 pour fur for hatter's purposes are produced

United States.

Daniel Lietch, 60 years old, and Willia Cunningham, 17 years old, were killed an three other men wounded by a boller explication at Ridgway, Ont., Monday morning.

A tract of 2,000 acres of land 10 miles ear of Topeka, Kan., has been brought by proninent colored men, who will establish a tow exclusively for persons of their race.

Thomas Edison has completed an investion which be calls the vitascope, being simprovement of the kinetoscope. By on bining it with the photograph he promist that people will be able to enjoy a distar opera.

opera.

The directors of the Sixth Avenue Savin Bank, of Columbus, O., which went into thands of a receiver several weeks ago teause of a shortage, announced that the cashier, John A. Knight, who up to this whas denied all knowledge of degrit, made a confession that he has taken at \$45,000.