

### Worms as Food.

The most curious food product of the Samoan Islands is the palolo, a sea worm which the natives catch and bake as they would sweet potatoes.

### The New Year Outlook.

The business of the country has become so dependent upon politics, especially the manufacturing and importing interests, that there is again a fall in its activities, waiting to see what changes may take place in tariff and other laws bearing upon such important branches of trade. As Congress cannot mature such changes much before the last of summer, the outlook is somewhat discouraging. But at the same time the vexations of such a state of things ought not to be allowed to fret the nervous system. Better times will come at last on more substantial basis. Meanwhile it is well to know that worry to the nerves is the prolific source of neuralgia and kindred ailments, and it is also established that in spite of what Congress may do, or any other cause of vexation to the nervous system, St. Jacobs Oil will cure Neuralgia in any form. It is poor business to worry and grow sick when one can get well and finally prosper.

### Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflammation of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. C. HENNEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, etc.

About one-third the butter imported into Great Britain last year came from Denmark.

FITS STOPPED BY DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVOUS RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 351 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Striking an average English woman wear shoes two sizes larger than American women.

Pain's Cure for Consumption has saved many a doctor's bill.—S. F. HARDY, Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md., December 2, 1891.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The late Lord Kingsdale boasted the most ancient pedigree in the United Kingdom.

### The Most Pleasant Way

Of preventing the grippe, colds, headaches and fevers is to use the liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, whenever the system needs a gentle, yet effective cleansing. To be benefited one must get the true remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. For sale by all druggists in 25c. and 50c. bottles.

There are 48,000 artists in Paris more than half of them painters.

THE MOST SIMPLE AND SAFE REMEDY FOR A Cough or Throat Trouble is "Brown's Bronchial Troches." They possess real merit.

The chief exponents of music in Japan are women.

## Hood's

Sarsaparilla has over and over again proved itself the best blood purifier medical science has ever produced. It cures when other medicines utterly fail. Its record is unequalled in the history of medicine. Its success is based upon its intrinsic merit. Hood's

### Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, mild, effective. All druggists, 25c.

P. N. U. 06

### OPIUM

Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pain, no cure. Dr. J. STEPHEN, Lebanon, Ohio.

### OPIUM and WHISKY

Book sent FREE. Dr. R. E. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

### World's Fair! HIGHEST AWARD.

## IMPERIAL GRANUM

Is Pure and unsweetened and can be retained by the weakest stomach. A safe, easily digested FOOD for DYSPEPTICS! Sold by DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE! John Carle & Sons, New York.

## Sarsaparilla Sense.

Any sarsaparilla is sarsaparilla. True. So any tea is tea. So any flour is flour. But grades differ. You want the best. It's so with sarsaparilla. There are grades. You want the best. If you understood sarsaparilla as well as you do tea and flour it would be easy to determine. But you don't. How should you?

When you are going to buy a commodity whose value you don't know, you pick out an old established house to trade with, and trust their experience and reputation. Do so when buying sarsaparilla.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has been on the market fifty years. Your grandfather used Ayer's. It is a reputable medicine. There are many sarsaparillas. But only one Ayer's. IT CURES.

### Japan's Great Cathedral.

When foreign architects visit Japan and see the Cathedral of Buddhism for the first time they are generally astonished at the magnificent structure. It is executed in pure Oriental style, and is richly ornamented with carvings. H. Ito, a famous builder, of Nagoya City, designed it. The structure was commenced in 1878, and was completed this year. The cost has been estimated at \$17,000,000. It would have greatly exceeded this amount had not numbers of Buddhists worked without any recompense.

As the structure neared completion the committee having the work in charge was much perplexed as to fire insurance. They found that no company would assume the risk on such a valuable wooden structure, the danger of destruction by fire being very great, and thus the premiums would amount to an enormous sum of money. At last the committee decided on a design devised by Dr. Tanabe. Numbers of powerful foundations were constructed, both exterior and interior, which can be made to play on all parts of the structure at the same time.

Usually only one great ornamental fountain is playing, rising to the great height of 157 feet. This is probably the largest artificial fountain in existence, emitting 82,080 gallons per hour. In case of fire all the water pressure is directed through the numbers of exterior and interior fountains, thus every part of the structure, both inside and out, could soon be drenched, and any conflagration soon extinguished.

### A New Dish.

A worthy couple who have come within a fortnight from the North of Ireland were fortunate enough to form the acquaintance of some kindly Americans who occupied the apartment directly under them, and tried their best to make the strangers feel at home amid their new surroundings. On Saturday they sent them a few of our native delicacies for their Sunday dinner, and last night the Irish gentleman stopped on his way down stairs to express his thanks for the courtesies.

"And so you say you never tasted cranberries before," said the American's wife. "I hope you liked them."

"Very nice, indeed, madame," said the stranger, with a little hesitation in his voice. "I suppose it's what you call a cultivated taste, though."

"Did you like them?"

"She ate a few, thank you, but she's not been very well lately and a little thing upsets her sometimes. You see they're rather a hard fruit to digest, and—"

"Hard to digest!" exclaimed the American. "Why, they're perfectly digestible. It must have been something else—"

"How did you eat them?" put in his wife, a new light breaking upon her face.

"Oh, with sugar and cream," replied the Irish gentleman placidly.—New York Journal.

### As to the Great Dane.

When Prince Bismarck lost his favorite Great Dane, Reichshund, the young German Emperor gave him another, and the news was cabled all over the world. Until then very few except those born in the Fatherland were aware that the dog was indigenous to that country. Credit is undoubtedly due to the Germans and Danes for the preservation of these dogs, and for bringing them to such a high degree of domestication. There is reason to believe that these descendants of the dogs used for hunting the wild boar by German noblemen are of the family of "dogs of war" of the ancients, which were clad in armor and fought side by side with soldiers. At the siege of Corinth fifty of these terrible dogs were stationed at an important outpost, and on the enemy's landing they attacking and fought until only one was left alive. He fled and woke the drunken garrison, and saved the city.

### Bitten by a Wasp.

George Holbrook's 3-year-old child, while playing near the home of its parents in Letcher County, Missouri, was stung by a yellow jacket. The little one screamed and its mother ran to its assistance. The sting had entered its left leg below the knee. The limb began to swell rapidly, the child went in to spasms, and in ten minutes after the insect had stung it the little one died.

### Says English Coal Is Superior.

It is said that the superiority of English coal makes the westward trips of Atlantic steamers faster than the eastward. The fact, however, may be also partly accounted for by the prevalence of westerly winds.

### FOR FARM AND GARDEN.

#### THE RUSSET APPLE.

There are two or three kinds of Russet apples the most common being the English Russet which originated in England. It is hard and tough, and has only its long-keeping qualities to recommend it. A much better apple is the Golden Russet of western New York, and it is nearly as good a keeper. It ought to be generally planted in place of the English Russet. All Russet apples have a rich juice and make a very high quality of cider. The tree grows with a spreading habit, and this brings it into bearing early, but it is very liable to overbear, and unless thinning is done vigorously, much of the fruit will be small and poor.—Boston Cultivator.

#### THE PEAFOWL.

Peafowls are simply ornamental and are not readily salable. They are not profitable on a farm, as the male is vindictive and destroys chicks and ducklings that may come in his way. The hen seldom begins to lay until at least two years old, and often not till three years of age, laying from five to sixteen eggs, which hatch in about thirty days. The young peafowl feathers very rapidly, and should be fed every two hours the first month; then four times a day until three months old, when it should be given three meals requiring a large share of animal food, such as meat and bone. Otherwise they require the same care as young turkeys. Only the peafowl can raise them, as common hens wean them too soon.—Poultry Keeper.

#### WHEN TO WATER HORSES.

Always water your horses the first thing in the morning, and do not let the water be too cold. If it is too cold you will probably have a case of colic. Water is best when it is about ten degrees warmer than the outside air in winter, and as much cooler in summer. Give the hay before the grain, so that the stomach may be partially filled before the concentrated food gets into it. Better still, feed chopped feed. Mix the ground grain with dampened hay or fodder, and give the largest feed at night, when the horse has time to digest it. Fat and food for the muscles are made when the horse is at rest.—American Agriculturist.

#### BARRELING APPLES.

Many of the most profitable operations in commercial life depend in the first instance upon very simple facts. Most persons would pass by without observing the barreling of apples as a case in point. If apples were placed loosely in barrels they would soon rot, though passing over but a very short distance of travel; and yet when properly barreled they can be sent thousands of miles, even over the roughest ocean voyage, in perfect security. This is owing to a fact discovered years ago, without any one knowing particularly the reason, that an apple rotted from a bruise only when the skin was broken. An apple can be pressed so as to have indentations over its whole surface, without any danger of rotting, provided the skin is not broken.

In barreling apples, therefore, fore, gentle pressure is exercised, so that the fruit is fairly pressed into each other, and it is impossible for any one fruit to change its place in the barrel on its journey. Apples are sometimes taken out of barrels with large indentations over their whole surface, and yet no sign of decay. In these modern times we understand the reason. The atmosphere is full of microscopic germs which produce fermentation, and unless they can get an entrance into the fruit rot cannot take place. A mere indentation without a rupture of the outer skin does not permit of the action of these microbes. This is a simple reason why the early observation enable the barreling of apples to be so successful.—Meehan's Monthly.

#### PROBABLE DRAFT-HORSE FAMINE.

In view of the dearth of yearling and sucking colts throughout the country it is pertinent to inquire where the geldings to horse the trucks and wagons of American towns and cities a few years hence are to be derived. The teams now in harness will not last forever; that much is certain. On our city pavements even the best wearing sorts must sooner or later succumb and in time give way to fresh stock from the farms. When that inevitable day arrives will the farmers be prepared to supply the desired grade or not? At present there can be but one forecast of the situation. The end of the century will find our market practically bare of big horses of the right stamp. From every

breeding district in the land we get the same report. No breeding of any consequence in progress; few colts last year and practically none this spring. And not only this, but a buyer connected with the export trade is our authority for the statement that sixty per cent of the current receipts of horses in the Chicago market are mares, stallion keepers without an occupation and the mares going by tens of thousands into the barns of the big dealers in the great cities of the North and Europe. From these stables they never come out save to begin a career of drudgery in the traces which lead to but one place—the bone yard. Where are the colts to make up the requisite supply to come from?

One surprising feature of the Chicago market at present is the great number of active, "nervy" 1,350 to 1,500 pound "chunks" being exported by French, German and English buyers at prices ranging from \$100 to \$163. The demand seems to have shifted from "drivers" to chunks, and at least one-half of the latter are mares going to help horse the omnibuses and lighter trucks of Old World cities. This removes many mares that to cover the heavy draft stallions would have given good, big geldings for the United States in 1900, but never a one of them will nurse another foal. Query: Why this demand for a class of stock which Europe was supposed to produce in sufficient number to satisfy its own markets? Have the foreigners been abandoning horse-breeding of late years as well as the farmers of America? And if so, to what extent will this affect the future of market values here?

It is pleasant to note that a few men who have not lost their heads have retained some good mares and have kept them stunted to stallions of a proper sort. These are the men who will not be found without choice "drafters" to sell when the day of reckoning arrives. Evidence is accumulating to show that by another spring many farmers will want to patronize the stallion-keeper again, but the colt corps of 1894, 1895 and 1896 will be found light beyond all repair. Those who begin next spring will be in time for the markets of about 1902. The fact is we have now to practically begin drafting horse breeding anew. We have lost substantially all that was gained at such great cost in point of weight and quality by the free patronage of pure bred horses during the 20 years ending with 1893, and the coming year will witness the beginning of the work of reconstruction. That it will proceed along better lines than before cannot be doubted. Farmers have learned by bitter experience the difference between mere bulk and quality, and it will never again be possible to impose upon them to any serious extent with ill-bred, post-legged hulks that never should cover a good mare.

When there are many buyers after every big, fine "span" of geldings in the market a few years hence will you be caught empty-handed, or will you be among those who, taking time by the forelock, have prepared against that day?—Breeder's Gazette.

#### FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

- A weak fence makes a weak farmer.
- Do not knowingly send an ailing to market.
- A razor-back hog is a bad beast to ride to dinner on.
- A bright plow-point is the best mineral rod in existence.
- When you build poultry houses avoid having high ceilings.
- Turkeys do not eat so much in warm weather as when it is cold.
- Some hens will do a dime's worth of cackling over a cent's worth of egg.
- The best codling moth trap has not been patented. It is the jaws of a pig.
- Feeding hoppers are a mistake; poultry should be made to work for their grain.
- There is more gold in the first six inches of the surface soil than in all the mines of California.
- The English Brahma is a mass of feathers, and not the practical fowl we have in this country.
- Give up the notion of heating the hen house. There is no surer way of bringing on roup than that.
- Better have no drinking vessels than to have them lined with a green scum. Disease lurks in the drinking fountain.
- The great objection to the Minorcas for use in a cold country is the large comb grown on them. For the South or such places where they can be well protected, no better laying fowl exists with the exception of the Leghorn.

The national instrument—the "gajda," or bagpipe—predominates throughout Rumania.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-foot cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N.Y.

England manufactures perfumes on a very large scale.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggist's sell at 50c per bottle.

## RIPANS TABULES

Mr. E. M. Cross, a special Associated Press reporter, who lives at 1916 Maple Avenue, Huntington, W. Va., has knowledge of the remarkable cure of Mrs. Martha Gilkison, the wife of a carpenter of the east end of the city, who, on the 23d of September, 1895, related her experience as follows: "For a good many years I have been bothered an awful sight with my stomach. I got so I couldn't eat anything at all without souring on my stomach. Lots of times while working I would spit up great mouthfuls of stuff bitter as gall. I kept getting worse all the time and took piles of doctor medicine, but I might as well took that ranch starch for all the good it done me. I run into neuralgia of the stomach and worked itself all over me. Dr. Gardner, the new doctor up on Twentieth Street, told me when I saw him it was my stomach that caused all the trouble and gave me an order to the drug store. I took it there, and the boy gave me a box of Ripans Tabules, began getting better, and have used a little over two boxes, and am now sound and well. (Signed), MARTHA GILKISON, No. 1820 Fourth Avenue, Huntington, W. Va."

## comes to stay

There is more than one food which will cause the body to increase in weight. A free supply of sugar will do this; so will the starchy foods; cream, and some other fats. But to become fleshy, and yet remain in poor health, is not what you want. Cod-liver oil increases the weight because it is a fat-producing food. But it does far more than this. It alters, or changes, the processes of nutrition, restoring the normal functions of the various organs and tissues.

## Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with hypophosphites, is pure cod-liver in a digested condition. So that, when a person gains in weight from taking Scott's Emulsion, it is because of two things: First, the oil has acted as a fat-producing food; and, second, it has restored to the body a healthy condition. Such an improvement is permanent: it comes to stay.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Put up in 50-cent and \$1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

## DROPSY

Treated free. Positively cures with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases of Dropsy. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear. In ten days at least two-thirds of all cases are relieved. BOOK of testimonials of successful cures sent FREE. BEST RATE TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail. DR. H. GILLEN & SONS, Philadelphia, Atlantic City.

## ASTHMA

POPHAM'S ASTHMA SPECIFIC. Gives relief in five minutes. Send for a FREE trial package. Sold by Druggists. One box sent postpaid on receipt of 10c. Address: W. H. POPE, Philadelphia, Pa.

W. H. POPE'S CURE FOR BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, AND CONSUMPTION.



EVERYBODY IS ON TO IT

## BATTLEAX PLUG

THE LARGEST PIECE OF GOOD TOBACCO EVER SOLD FOR THE MONEY

Absolutely Pure-Delicious-Nutritious.



The Breakfast Cocoa MADE BY WALTER BAKER & CO. LIMITED DORCHESTER, MASS. COSTS LESS THAN ONE CENT A CUP. NO CHEMICALS. ALWAYS ASK YOUR GROCER FOR WALTER BAKER & CO'S. BREAKFAST COCOA MADE AT DORCHESTER, MASS. IT BEARS THEIR TRADE MARK LA BELLE CHOCOLATIERE ON EVERY CAN.

"One Year Borrows Another Year's Fool." You Didn't Use

## SAPOLIO

Last Year. Perhaps You Will Not This Year.