

The Sultan's Joke.
"Did you ever hear the story of how the Prince of Wales asked the Sultan to go and see the Derby run?" said Orlando Jones recently. "Well, it was this wise: The race for the Derby was about to be run, and as the Sultan was then visiting England the prince sent one of his lords-in-waiting to inquire if the Eastern potentate would like to go and witness the classic contest. The son of the Moon and Stars was seated, propped up by cushions, smoking placidly, when the Royal Emissary was ushered into his presence.
"His royal highness bids me ask your majesty if it would please you to witness the race for the Derby?" said he, bowing low.
"Does his royal highness mean that I should go and see a horse race?" inquired the Sultan, blandly.
"He does, your highness."
"Tell the prince that I cannot do so," replied the ruler of the Faithful. "Why should I want to go? All men who are not fools know that some horses are swifter than others."—Philadelphia Press.

Courageous.
Lord Thurlow had one of the bad habits of his time. He swore terribly. One day he was accosted by a young clergyman, on the sands at Scarborough, who, without any special introduction, and with but a brief preface, asked him for the vacant living of Spaxton, which was in Lord Thurlow's gift.
"Go about your business," said his lordship, with the accompaniment of several large oaths.
"But I won't go about my business," replied the intrepid divine, "and what's more, it becomes my duty, as a clergyman, to improve you for swearing."
"Oh, indeed?" exclaimed Lord Thurlow, knitting his heavy eyebrows, "and you improve me, do you? Hang it! I see you are a good fellow! You shall have the living."
—

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh of the Bladder cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.
A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Sold for medicinal purposes only by F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

The division of the clock dial into sixty minutes originated in Babylon.

Nervous Debility

Good Health, Strength and Appetite Given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.
"I had been a sufferer from nervous debility for eight years. Various treatments did not give me relief. I went to Germany and was treated by a specialist. In a short time he gave up his treatment and returned to this country. On the advice of a friend I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. The first bottle benefited me and shortly I was cured. I am now strong, have a good appetite, and have increased in weight." Mrs. CLARA HICKS, 246 Union Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. Remember.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the Only
True Blood Purifier
Prominently in the public eye. \$1; 6 for \$5.
Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache, etc.

If your skirt edges
wear out, it's because you don't use



S.H. & M.
BIAS VELVETEN SKIRT BINDINGS
It's easy to prove it for yourself. Don't take any binding unless you see "S. H. & M." on the label, no matter what anybody tells you. If your dealer will not supply you, we will.

Send for samples, showing labels and materials, to the S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 999, New York City.

\$3 A DAY SURE. SEND FOR YOUR ADDRESS AND WE WILL SHOW YOU HOW TO MAKE \$3 A DAY! Absolutely sure, we guarantee the work and teach you how to work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully. Remember we guarantee a clear profit of \$2 for every day's work, absolutely sure, while all other work is uncertain.

DROPSY
Treated free. Postpaid. Remedies. Have cured many thousands of cases of dropsy. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear. No other medicine will cure it. Send for full particulars. FREE. Write to J. W. GLEASON, 115 Broadway, New York.

DENSON JOHN W. MORRIS
Superiorly Proscopics Claims.
Send for full particulars. FREE. Write to J. W. GLEASON, 115 Broadway, New York.

\$9.40 CASH WITH ORDER
Send for full particulars. FREE. Write to J. W. GLEASON, 115 Broadway, New York.

TURKEY AND ARMENIA.

GREAT FLEETS GATHER.

A Powerful Demonstration Preparing For Turkey.

A powerful naval fleet is being concentrated by the powers in the Mediterranean. England has 20 ships near Constantinople. France is sending a fleet, Italy has six warships on the way, Russia five, the United States two, and Austria will soon send half a dozen.
The Porte has written to the protesting powers in reply to the latter's demand to know what steps are being taken to restore order in Armenia, stating that 80,000 reserves have been ordered to Armenia at once.
The Sultan has issued an order, decreeing that all persons who have been wounded or deprived of their property through the recent uprisings in Asia Minor shall be clothed, housed and fed at the expense of the state until the situation clears up. The order extends to the guilty and innocent alike.
Fresh massacres are reported in Van. The disturbances have spread over the entire province, as well as the city of Van, and the number of victims to the fanatical Turks and fierce Kurds has been very large.
Official dispatches show no diminution in the reign of anarchy in certain parts of the empire. A telegram from the authorities at Arshik, province of Sivas, Asiatic Turkey, states that 1,200 Armenians arose against the Turks and committed many excesses on October 26 and 27. The Armenians set fire to a mosque, the school and the bazaar. Several stores and houses occupied by Mussulmans and Christians were destroyed. The insurgents also attacked the Mussulman quarter of Oupinard and killed many of the residents. The Mussulman population of Arshik have telegraphed to the Porte imploring protection.

Five thousand Armenian revolutionaries have assembled at Tokoukmerzen, Adan, and are preparing for aggressive action. The official dispatches charge the Armenians with various acts of murder and pillage at Erzinghan, Sivas and Mardinlik.
In Athens it is reported that Greece has requested the powers acting jointly in the Turkish matter to allow her to join in any lawful manifestation that may be made against Turkey. The request is made on the ground that the large number of Greeks residing in Turkey should be protected by their own government. If the powers assent to the request, the Greek Minister of Marine will order the steel barbed ship Spesia, one of the largest ships in the Greek navy to join the allied squadron.

PROPHETIC CONFERENCE.

Program for the Great Meeting to Discuss the Millennium.

The prophetic conference to be held in the Fourth United Presbyterian church and the First Presbyterian church, Allegheny, Pa., December 3-4, is attracting attention throughout the United States, not only on account of the interesting questions to be discussed, but also of the prominent persons who will be present, and who will participate in the exercises. The promoters of the convention desire the public to draw a sharp line between them and the class of interpreters of prophecy who fix dates for the coming of certain events. The purpose of the conference will be to simply advocate the theory that the coming of the Lord will be personal and premillennial, without fixing any date for the event. Neither have they arranged any program for the millennial period, but deal with its general features. It is claimed the positions assumed in the convention will not be radical, but strictly scriptural.

BERING SEA CLAIMS.

Salisbury Thinks the United States Will See Their Justice.

The correspondence of the British government with Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador to the United States, upon the question of the Bering sea compensation from May, 1894, to August, 1895, was issued on the 13th. In the letter, dated August 31, Lord Salisbury, the prime minister, enclosed a memorandum setting out at length some of the points supporting the British claim. He writes Pauncefote:
"The arguments you advance supporting our claims have the entire approval and concurrence of the government. The attempt made by Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama, chairman of the United States Senate Committee on Foreign relations to dispute them, seems largely founded on misapprehension, and the government cannot regret when the facts are placed before the public of the United States, the liability of the United States to make compensation, which has never been denied by the government, will generally be recognized both in and outside Congress."

BATTLE IN THE STREET.

Twenty-five People Killed by Troops at the Barracks in Bogota.

A special from Bogota says: Heavy firing early this morning in the barracks drew an immense crowd, which was ordered to disperse. The crowd was so great that it was impossible to move quickly, and the impatient officer ordered the troops to charge bayonets, which they did, but meeting with determined resistance, and five shots being fired from the crowd, the troops began firing on the people.
A regular battle ensued, and the crowd, being unarmed, were obliged to fly, leaving 25 killed and wounded on the field. The cause of the firing in the barracks was that part of the guard had attempted to desert their posts and were shot.

TWENTY-SEVEN EXECUTED.

Trying to Put a German Prince on the Throne.

A special from Rio Janeiro says: Persons from Nechtery announce the shooting there of 27 political prisoners on Sunday morning, amongst whom were two colonels. This has caused the greatest excitement in all circles, and nothing else is talked of. The executed are known to have been in sympathy with the monarchical cause, which is daily gaining ground.
It is stated that many of the officers of the army and navy have sworn to join the movement, and many officers now operating in the south against the rebellion also favor it. It is also stated that both England and Germany will favor the movement, and the plan is to place a German prince on the throne of Brazil, probably the Prince Henry of Prussia.

Disease in Allegheny.
The record of the Health office in Allegheny city for the past 2 1/2 months shows a total of 1,038 cases of typhoid fever, diphtheria and scarlet fever. This is the record for the months of September, October and up till noon of the 13th. Of the total number of cases reported for this time 730 were typhoid fever, 123 diphtheria and 119 scarlet fever. During this time there were 103 deaths from these three diseases, showing that 10 per cent of the total number of cases reported were fatal.

Several towns in Russia have elected women as mayors.
Lord Sholto Douglas is in trouble with his wife.
The daughter of a Philadelphia gardener has inherited \$15,000,000.

NEWSY CLEANINGS.

Our gold output is increasing. Our shoe exports are booming. Starburo, Vt., has a gold mine. Oregon has 565,000 acres in pears. China has 4,000,000 opium smokers. America has 40,000,000 merino sheep. Chicago's night schools have 45,000 pupils. Louisiana's annual sugar crop is 710,000,000 pounds. The Kaffir gold mines in South Africa are worth \$1,500,000,000. An English firm has an order to build three battleships for Japan.

Good bodies of copper ore have been discovered at Brigham, Utah. Many of the smaller lakes in Minnesota and the Dakotas are drying up. St. Louis's new City Hall has been declared unsafe by the city engineer.

There are eighty convicts in Belem prison, Mexico, just now under sentence of death. The express companies have again raised the rates for transporting money for banks. The Ancon Mining Company of Butte, Montana, is mining 4000 tons of copper ore daily.

There are seven hundred golf clubs at present in Great Britain, with about 35,000 players. The "smaroon" is in rebellion in Jamaica, and Great Britain has a domestic war on her hands.

Over two thousand women recently marched and wheeled in a political parade in Denver, Col. The cost of the machinery of the new second-class British cruiser Gladstone is said to be over \$350,000.

Louisiana is developing sulphur deposits which experts say may compete successfully with those of Sicily. People are dying in the City of Mexico at the rate of thirty a day from "enteritis," a kind of cholera.

Efforts are being made to secure the necessary legislation to open the Connecticut River to steamboat navigation as far as Holyoke, Mass. The people of Senalia have pledged \$1,000,000 to erect public buildings in case the people of Missouri vote to remove the State capital to that city.

The naval cadets played football with an Indian team from Carlisle (Penn.) Indian School the other day. The Indians were nowhere in the game. Dr. S. A. Briggs was fogging his fourteen-year-old son at Ingalls, Oklahoma, when the lad pulled a revolver and fatally shot his father through the body.

August Hansen, of Minneapolis, broke the world's boulevard twenty-four hours' bicycle record of 367 miles made by Haeblin. He made 375 miles in 23:07.50.

Westfield, N. J., has a young lady resident of good circumstances who pled guilty to an indictment as a common scold. Sentence was suspended during good behavior.

Enlisted men at Fort Sheridan, Chicago, from the United States Academy at Annapolis, Md., were compelled to Secretary Lamont of the officers employing privates as body and house servants.

Vast deposits of iron have been found near Aiken, Minn., by parties of practical iron men who have been prospecting for some time, but nothing will be done toward developing the property until spring.

The Lincoln monument at Springfield, Ill., completed in 1874 at a cost of \$236,500, will have to be torn down. The commission appointed by the Illinois Legislature to repair it found that it has crumbled away too much to be repaired.

Ada Potter, ten, and Nettie Vargud, seven years old, broke through the ice on the Des Moines River, Jackson, Minn., and were drowned. The Potter girl broke through first, and her friend attempted to rescue her. Two sisters of the dead girls tried to rescue them and both narrowly escaped drowning.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Wilhelmina, the young Queen of Holland, wears bloomers when cycling. Major-General C. B. Knowles has been appointed to the command of the British Army in India.

The Prussian Order of Merit, which Herbert Spencer has declined, was accepted by Carlyle, who would never accept any other decoration.

President Diaz, of Mexico, at sixty-five possesses the bodily and mental activity of a man of twenty, due, he says, to the fact that he has been a great eater and a good sleeper.

Anna Katherine Green's real name is Mrs. Charles Rohlf. She is married, and has three children. Her home is in Buffalo, where she writes her annual detective story.

Sir Walter Wilkin, London's new Lord Mayor, is a member of a business firm which makes the sale of German yeast a specialty, and has reaped a fortune therefrom.

Barney Barnato, the "Kaffir King," whose enormous profits in South African mines have lately started the world, is really named Bernard Isaacs. He was once a circus tumbler.

Gladstone is, as usual, by no means idle. This time it is the English drama which he is studying. It is presumed he contemplates a work comparing the English playwrights to the Greek dramatists.

James Whitecomb Riley and Julian Hawthorne are the nearest chirographists among the literary men of this generation. Their handwriting is almost identical in style—fine, clean-cut and legible.

A check for \$25,000 has been sent to Dr. W. G. Grace, England's "Grand Old Man" at cricket, representing the 100,000 shilling subscriptions to the testimonial started for him by the Daily Telegraph.

Daudet, the famous French novelist, once said of H. M. Stanley: "He is the largest reservoir of human energy known to me since Napoleon. I admire him, I think, more than anything in the world."

C. E. Bortchgrevink, who claims to have been the first man to set foot on the great antarctic continent, is in Europe organizing an exploring expedition thither, for which a South African millionaire is paying the expenses.

Lord Bennet, the evangelist peer, who recently married Miss Van Marter, of Tacoma, Wash., is said to have been a skeptic up to four years ago, when he became converted. He is a successful leader in slum work in London.

King Humbert, of Italy, owns nearly 200 horses, and the greater number of them are English bred. The double row of stalls forms a regular street, and each animal's name is printed in large, white letters above the manger.

Mr. Farrell, member of the English House of Commons for West Cavan, Ireland, recently broke the record for newly elected members of Parliament. At 4:15 in the afternoon he was sworn in and at 5:23 he was on his feet making his maiden speech.

Desmond Fitzgerald, the Knight of Glin, died recently at Glin Castle, County Limerick. Like the Knight of Kerry, the Knight of Glin is a hereditary knighthood created by a Fitzgerald of Desmond in the fourteenth century, by his authority as Count Palestine, without the interposition of the crown.

General Sausser, who would command the French army in case of war, is past seventy years, an age at which an American commander-in-chief would have been long retired, but still a robust and clear-headed man of affairs. He is a soldier of unusual stature, and at present he is the military Governor of Paris.

THE LABOR WORLD.

The nail mills are humming. Iron workers in Lynn, Mass., have quit work. Glass blowing has been resumed at Bridgeton, N. J.

There are 75,000 railroad employes in New York State. Iron molders in New Jersey are gaining their strike. A general reduction of cloakmakers' wages is threatened.

New York City bakers are agitating for a ten-hour work day. The coal miners' strike in Pennsylvania has been declared off. The garment workers in Philadelphia are winning their strike.

Diamond workers of New York City have struck for overtime wages. Efforts are being made to establish a labor exchange in New York City. The assets of the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum Association exceed \$20,000.

One hundred new cotton mills are now being erected in the Southern States. Twenty thousand engineers are on strike in Belfast, Ireland, and Glasgow, Scotland. Wages of New York City metal polishers and buffers have been increased ten per cent.

A big lace factory in Wilkesbarre, Penn., has increased its working capacity fifty per cent. Payors and rammers went on strike in Newark, N. J., for weekly payment of wages.

The average of ships and sailors in the Port of London every day is 1900 ships and 3000 men. A general boycott is placed on all goods made by Rochester (N. Y.) clothing manufacturers.

The Clark Thread Company has opened a cost price restaurant for its employes in Newark, N. J. Twenty thousand miners and laborers are soon to strike in Northern and Central Pennsylvania for increased wages.

About one thousand employes of the Plant railroad system celebrated the birthday of President Plant by visiting the Atlanta Exposition. Wages have been raised ten per cent, at nearly all the mines in the Vermillion Iron range of Minnesota, and enough miners cannot be procured.

The Patrons of Husbandry of twenty-two States have organized a corporation with a capital stock of \$100,000, to make agricultural implements, at Springfield, Ill. The State Board of Arbitration tried to settle the Rochester strike. The United Garment Workers demanded that the union be recognized and the sweatshops abolished.

Wages of brass and iron molders were increased at Lawrence, Mass. A minimum day's pay was established at \$2.50. Piece work was abolished and the union is to be recognized.

In South Wales the workmen using the tramways are granted reduced rates for their morning trips. Everyone traveling by the early morning trains can obtain workmen's rates. Smith & Wesson decided to dismiss all the employes of their Springfield (Mass.) plant, as all its work will be done by contractors. The object is to avoid weekly payments of wages, which the law now requires.

It is said that early next spring work on an extensive scale will again be begun on the Panama Canal. Already 3500 men have been engaged to work on the excavations at Culebra and to construct extensive wharves there.

Ex-Senator Palmer's Ill Luck. The residence of ex-Senator Thomas W. Palmer, president of the world's fair commission, located at 1060 Woodward avenue, Detroit, was destroyed by fire early Tuesday morning, together with most of its contents. The loss on the building is \$30,000, with \$15,000 insurance. No estimate of the loss of the contents can yet be made.

Lonczet Vessel in the World. The Pennsylvania, of the Hamburg-American steamship line, which will go into commission in June, is the longest vessel in the world. She has 49,000 tons displacement, which beats the Lusitania by 15 per cent. Her length is 500 feet, beam 62 feet and depth 42 feet. She has accommodations for 200 cabin passengers and 1,500 steerage passengers.

Fast Traveling. The Big Four railway broke the record on time between Cleveland and Cincinnati with a special train bearing the members of the Cleveland chamber of commerce en route to the Atlanta exposition. The distance is 263 miles. The train left Cleveland at 1:35 p. m. and arrived here at 7 p. m., averaging over 50 miles per hour. The distance was covered in 5 hours and 25 minutes, and it never was made before in less than six hours.

To Relieve the Supreme Court. Attorney General Harmon, in his annual report to the president, will recommend an amendment to existing laws by which all criminal cases involving violations of United States laws other than capital cases, now subject to appeal from the lower federal courts, shall go to the several United States circuit courts of appeal for final hearing, instead of to the supreme court.

Two Vessels Wrecked. A steam launch belonging to the British cruiser Edgar is reported to have been lost in Japanese waters, and 48 men who were on board of her are said to be drowned.

A dispatch from Honolulu says the Finnish schooner Ripa has been wrecked in a hurricane off that port and all on board drowned.

Cholera in Russia. Between October 13 and October 26 there were 1,490 cases of cholera and 616 deaths recorded in the province of Volynia, and 85 cases and 12 deaths in the province of Kiev. The report that cholera has broken out in St. Petersburg is not confirmed.

Recovering the Dead. The work of recovering the bodies of the victims of Wednesday's boiler explosion in the Detroit "Journal" office was continued Thursday up to 5 o'clock in the evening 22 had been found.

Baroness a Laborer's Wife. Recently at Nutley, N. J., as the wife of a common laborer a woman died who was once a baroness. In 1888 John Link advertised for a housekeeper. An answer came from this woman, who said she came from Berlin, Germany. Link told her he could not pay high wages for a housekeeper, but would give her a home and small wages, or he would marry her. The woman decided on the latter course, and they were married in New York.

In a package found after her death were documents to prove that she was the Baroness Albertina von Huehnerbein. A paper stated that the woman's mother had given the hand of Albertina in wedlock to Baron Georg Huehnerbein. Included in the package were crests, stamps, seals and other things that went to vouch for the title.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report



Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Walker.
The surname of "Walker," a contemporary tells us, has nothing to do with pederastic ideas, but had its origin in trade and occupation, like other familiar names, such as "Smith," "Farmer," "Boyer," "Fisher," and so on. "Walker" is a common surname in Yorkshire, as will be understood when its connection with the industry of that region is explained. It is of Flemish derivation. A man who worked at the walke—waiche—or fulling-mill was a walker; and in early Manchester directories all the fullers and clothdressers were called walkers.

Watches Smuggled in Milk.
The French customs authorities on the Swiss frontier have detected a novel and ingenious swindling device. Watches were sent across the border, sealed up in cans of condensed milk. It is estimated that 22,000 watches, valued at 2,000,000 francs, have entered France thus in the past six months.

Forty-eight Years in One Lodge.
Horace Dodd, of Boston, Mass., who is now 92 years old, has been a member of Suffolk Lodge, No. 8, I. O. O. F., of that city for forty-eight years.

Practical Logic.
To reason from cause to effect is very good logic in its way, but to practice on physical conditions in seeking the cause first, is a very slow process indeed. All ailments seem to give an expression in pain, and especially in rheumatism where it takes hold deep. This is an effect, whatever the cause may be, and pain would become intolerable if one waited to find out the cause. Hence sufferers are bent on curing the pain promptly, and for this reason know, or soon find out that St. Jacobs Oil is surely the best remedy. People seldom have reason to hunt further, for once this ailment is cured by it, it stays cured, and thus puts an end to argument and pain at once.

Holland, Chatham, North and Addington were table statesmen, says a writer.

FITS stopped free by Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fit after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 363 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The paper product of the world in 1890 was estimated to exceed 1,000,000 tons.

Dr. Kline's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and consultation free. Laboratory Birmingham, N. Y.

It is said that out of every hundred lives insured in England five women.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, etc. a bottle.

It is the iron in clay that gives the ordinary brick its red color.

I could not get along without Pilo's Cure for Consumption. It always cures.—NEW YORK, MORTON, Needham, Mass., Oct. 22, 1894.

Every German regiment has a chiropodist in its ranks.

Cold Water and a Hot Griddle
To make light, Delicious BUCKWHEAT CAKES.

You must Of course use

Hecker's
Buckwheat.

AXION ELASTIC TRUSS
RUPTURE Cured
HOLDS RUPTURE
Worn night and day. Has an adjustable Pad which can be made larger or smaller to suit changing condition of RUPTURE. Blue, Cat. sent securely sealed by G. V. House Mfg. Co., 744 Broadway, N. Y. City

MYERS' SOLID EXTRACT WITCH HAZEL CURES PILES
No matter how long standing. 25c and 50c pots at drug stores, or sample mailed FREE. J. J. Myers, 711 N. York St., Chicago.

The woman pinned down
to one or two uses of Pearline will have to be talked to. Why is she throwing away all the gain and help that she can get from it in other ways? If you have proved to yourself that Pearline washes clothes, for instance, in the easiest, quickest, safest way, you ought to be ready to believe that Pearline is the best for washing and cleaning everything. That's the truth, anyway. Try it and see. Into every drop of water that's to be used for cleansing anything, put some Pearline.

Millions NOW USE Pearline
"East, West, Home is Best," If Kept Clean With

SAPOLIO

Send for samples, showing labels and materials, to the S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 999, New York City.

\$3 A DAY SURE. SEND FOR YOUR ADDRESS AND WE WILL SHOW YOU HOW TO MAKE \$3 A DAY! Absolutely sure, we guarantee the work and teach you how to work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully. Remember we guarantee a clear profit of \$2 for every day's work, absolutely sure, while all other work is uncertain.

DROPSY
Treated free. Postpaid. Remedies. Have cured many thousands of cases of dropsy. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear. No other medicine will cure it. Send for full particulars. FREE. Write to J. W. GLEASON, 115 Broadway, New York.

DENSON JOHN W. MORRIS
Superiorly Proscopics Claims.
Send for full particulars. FREE. Write to J. W. GLEASON, 115 Broadway, New York.

\$9.40 CASH WITH ORDER
Send for full particulars. FREE. Write to J. W. GLEASON, 115 Broadway, New York.