

FREE COINAGE DEFEATED.

CLEVELAND WON.

Victory For the Administration on Silver in the Kentucky Convention.

The Democratic state convention of Kentucky has certainly endorsed the administration, with special tributes to President Cleveland and his distinguished co-adviser and secretary, John G. Carlisle. No voting was ever productive of more effective results than that of Secretary Carlisle to Kentucky and the Memphis convention. The silverites, including Senator Blackburn, attribute their defeat to the recent speeches of Carlisle and the circulation that was given them. The free coinage men do not deny that they expected to control the convention and all its committees, platform and nominations. They fought gamely to a finish and acknowledged their defeat, although they make charges about the way it was done, especially on the part of Andrew of State Norman and others at Frankfort.

The free silver men were beaten in the district meetings that selected members of the various committees in the selection of Judge W. Beckner for temporary chairman and congressman A. B. Berry for permanent chairman. A. B. Berry, the organization of the committee on resolutions, as well as the organization of other committees. They went down under the adoption of the minority report of credentials, seating the "sound-money" men first and under the adoption of the majority report on resolutions for sound money and the endorsement of President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle. The committee on credentials is one that the "sound-money" men did not look after, and the silver men had a majority on it, but the convention overruled that majority by adopting the minority report.

There were only three paragraphs in the report. The first one recited against the proposed effort to establish a protective tariff. The two others were as follows: "The Democratic party, which has always stood for the separation of church and state, for the sake alike of civil and religious freedom, does not hesitate to condemn all efforts to create a distinction among citizens because of differences in faith as repugnant to an enlightened age and abhorrent to the instincts of American freedom. "We reaffirm without qualification the principles of the national platform of 1892, and declare that our present Democratic administration is entitled to the thanks of the party for its honest, courageous and statesmanlike management of the tariff question, and for our undiminished confidence in the Democracy and patriotism of President Grover Cleveland and his distinguished advisor and secretary, John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky. The names of President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle were mentioned with prolonged applause. Ex-Congressman W. F. Ellis presented a minority report, when John S. Ren took the floor to read it himself, and not trust it to the secretary.

The Democratic state convention, reassembled Thursday for the third day's session. There were many candidates for the minor places on the state ticket, and there were especially sharp contests for state treasurer and secretary of state. The ticket is: For Governor, F. W. Hart; for State Treasurer, R. C. Ford; Auditor, Luke C. Norman; Register, G. B. Swaine; Attorney-General, W. J. Hendricks; Secretary of State, Henry S. Hale; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Ed. Porter; Commissioner of Agriculture, J. H. Hays.

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TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

Prof. Thomas Henry Huxley, the eminent scientist, died in London at 9:45 p. m. Saturday.

The bond syndicate will continue to protect the treasury gold reserve until October.

The revolution in Ecuador will probably be settled by a peace conference to be held at Guayaquil this week.

John Mandy, who murdered his wife in Toledo, O., two years ago, was arrested at St. Louis, and has confessed.

Veins of coal 75 feet thick, and lying only 30 feet below the surface, have been found near Marietta, Mo.

August Gilbert, the murderer of little Alice Sterling, of Rochester, Mass., was convicted of murder in the first degree at Boston.

Minnie Lynch, 19 years old, committed suicide in Chicago because she failed to graduate from the Lake high school.

Dr. W. H. Keester, of Collins, O., and E. Neese, of Troy, O., have been arrested for circulating counterfeit money in Oklahoma territory.

A cyclone on Keyville, Ga., wrecked every house in the place, and Prof. Bradshaw's institute, where children were at school. The professor was fatally injured.

It is announced the British parliament will be dissolved on the 9th of July. Within two months the general election will be held, and the new parliament will assemble.

A warrant for 1 cent was drawn in the United States treasury, a balance due on President Cleveland's salary. It had to be drawn to straighten out the books.

Oscar Wilde's health is such that the prison physicians have forbidden putting him on the treadmill. He is now picking oakum, but will be set to making matches.

The international convention of the Epworth League, at Chattanooga, passed resolutions affirming adherence to prohibition of the liquor traffic, and in favor of reform in the government of cities. The next convention will be held at Toronto, Canada.

In an old skirt belonging to the late Mrs. Augusta Keller of Lexington, Mo., who died at the home of her niece Mrs. L. Keller of Fayette, Mo., on the evening of June 25, members of the family have found \$9,000 in greenbacks.

Edward Crittenden, a grandson of the ex-governor of Missouri, was sentenced by a Covington (Ky.) judge to 18 months in prison for rifling the mails in the Frankfort (Ky.) postoffice, where he had been a clerk.

James A. Newsom, of Memphis, Tenn., formerly a doorkeeper of the house at Washington, was killed in the latter city by Lewis Berry, son of a fresco painter. Newsom was drunk, and annoying ladies, and Berry hit him with a base ball bat.

The police force of Denver had to guard the house of eight aldermen all Thursday night to keep angry citizens from doing them violence. They had passed an ordinance fixing water rates for 15 years at a rate considered too high.

IRON GOES UP AGAIN.

The Price of Southern Pig Raised—Wages Increased.

The Tennessee coal and iron company has announced another advance of \$1 a ton in the price of southern pig, and the furnace men in the Birmingham district have joined in the advance. This is the fourth jump in the price of the product within two months, the total advance being \$2.75. The Tennessee coal and iron company also announces an increase of 15 per cent in the wages of its 4,000 miners. As the other operators in this district base their wage scale on that of the Tennessee coal and iron company, the advance affects 10,000 men.

An important meeting of the Bar Iron Manufacturers' Association of the United States was held in Youngstown, O., and it was unanimously decided to advance the price of bar iron \$2 per ton, taking effect at once, making an advance of \$4 per ton within the next 30 days. The advance will have the effect of further increasing the wages of iron workers on the Anaconda scale.

The Cleveland steel company posted a notice to its employees that, owing to increased business and better prices for product, on and after July 1, 1893, the present tonnage rates on the plate mill and plate mill furnaces will be advanced 10 per cent. Common laborers also receive an advance in wages. About 150 men are benefited.

The more than 2,000 employees in the Phoenix works of Philadelphia were notified that the wages of all will be increased. It is not stated by the company how much the advance will be, but it is expected that it will be 10 per cent. The plant is working day and night.

The Tennessee coal, iron and railroad company announced that, on July 1, there will be an advance in wages to all of its operatives, because of the advance in the price of iron, and it is believed that that action will lead to an advance in the wages of miners throughout the entire Alabama field.

The Akron Ohio street railway company, has agreed to the demand of its employees, and, beginning with July 1, will raise wages from \$1.40 to \$1.60 a day.

The 20-ton blast furnace at Buena Vista and the Victoria furnace at Goshon, both in Rockledge county, Va., will go into blast in a few days after a shutdown of several years.

The Greenridge iron works at Scranton, Pa., notified their 200 employees of an increase of 10 per cent in their wages, to go into effect July 1.

CHURCH STATISTICS.

Important U. S. Census Report Just Issued.

The census report covering the statistics of churches, which has just come from the press, contains some interesting facts in an elaborate work of more than 800 pages with colored maps showing the extent of the various organized religious bodies in the various states. There are 143 distinct denominations in the United States, besides independent churches and miscellaneous congregations. The total of communicants of all denominations is 29,612,806, who belong to 165,177 organizations or congregations. These organizations have 142,521 edifices which have sittings for 43,664,863 persons. The value of all church property used exclusively for purposes of worship, is \$679,630,193. There are 11,936 regular ministers, not including lay preachers. There are five bodies which have more than 1,000,000 of communicants and ten more than 500,000.

The leading denominations have communicants in round numbers as follows: Catholics, 4,250,000; Methodists, 4,600,000; Baptists, 3,725,000; Presbyterians, 1,200,000; Lutherans, 1,200,000.

In number of communicants and value of church property, New York leads and Pennsylvania follows, but in the number of organizations, Massachusetts follows Pennsylvania as first and Ohio second.

VICTORIES FOR CUBANS.

PUERTO PRINCIPE ATTACKED.

Spanish Authorities Admit Gomez Has Captured Two Towns.

The most serious news of Spanish disasters received since the outbreak of the rebellion has reached Havana. The garrisons of two towns have surrendered, and the places themselves have been burned by Maximo Gomez.

Owing to the restrictions placed by the government upon the transmission of telegraphic news concerning the insurrection, only the most meager details of the disaster to the Spanish arms are obtainable. It appears, however, that the garrison of El Monte, in the province of Puerto-Principe near the city of Puerto Principe, has surrendered to Maximo Gomez. The garrison consisted of 25 Spanish soldiers, under Lieutenant Romero, who were quartered in a guano house, fortified with palisades and pierced with loopholes for rifles. The place was also provisioned, and contained considerable ammunition. During the unexpected absence of Lieutenant Romero, the garrison was surrounded by 1,000 insurgents under the command of Maximo Gomez. The latter sent a messenger to the garrison of El Monte, announcing that he gave the soldiers 15 minutes in which to surrender, with the alternative of being fired upon by the full insurgent force if they refused to do so.

The soldiers were willing to fight, and were about to do so, when Lieutenant Romero arrived at the fort, and his presence being made known to Maximo Gomez, the latter sent by court-martial and shot, like Lieutenant Calleja, who commanded a garrison which was surprised in a similar manner while the lieutenant in command was away.

In addition, the town of Sangeronimo, situated about 12 kilometers southwest of El Monte, had met the same fate as the latter place. It was attacked by the insurgents under Maximo Gomez, and was burned to the ground after its garrison of about 50 men had surrendered. In this case, however, it is stated that the soldiers succeeded in saving a great part of the stores of ammunition before the fort of Sangeronimo was captured by the enemy.

THE TORY CABINET.

Salisbury Takes the Foreign Portfolio—Balfour for the Treasury.

The Marquis of Salisbury has completed the work of forming a new Cabinet. The new ministry is as follows:

Premier and secretary of state for foreign affairs—The Marquis of Salisbury.
Secretary of the council—The Duke of Devonshire.
Lord high chancellor—Baron Halsbury.
Lord privy seal—Viscount Cross.
Chancellor of the exchequer—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach.
Secretary of state for home affairs—Sir Matthew White Ridley.
First lord of the treasury—A. J. Balfour.
Secretary of state for the colonies—Joseph Chamberlain.
Secretary of state for war—The Marquis of Lansdowne.
First lord of the admiralty—George J. Goschen.
Secretary of state for India—Lord George Hamilton.
President of the board of trade—C. T. Ritchie.
President of the local government board—Henry Chaplin.
Lord lieutenant of Ireland—Earl Cadogan.
Lord chancellor of Ireland—Baron Ashburton.
Secretary for Scotland—Baron Balfour, of Burleigh.

STILL FOR ANNEXATION.

Hawaii Anxious to Become a Part of the U. S.

The steamer Gaelic has arrived at San Francisco, bringing the following advice from Honolulu, dated June 17: The first legislature under the republic, was called together on the 14th inst. The president's message, in which he announced that the United States, says: "While the annexation of this country to the United States of America, has not yet been accomplished, its consummation will be earnestly sought, with an abiding faith that such a result will be a lasting benefit to our country. But two bills have been introduced, the new land and a supplemental appropriation bill, one item of which is a settlement for Princess Kaiulani. She is to receive \$4,000 a year from the government, commencing about April 3 of the present year. The money will be paid to her as long as she does not meddle in politics. There is a well-defined rumor floating about that the ex-queen will be pardoned at an early date. The government has declined to liberate some of the family now held in the United States. The pardoning power will be used in the cases of a number of ignorant natives, who took part in the recent revolt. This fact will be a disappointment to several white men, who expected to be pardoned. Maj. Seward being among them.

DA GAMA A SUICIDE.

Leader of the Brazilian Insurgents Ends His Life.

The insurgents under the command of Adm. De Gama, in the province of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, have been defeated by the government troops at Campos. Admiral Osorio was wounded and captured, and he subsequently succumbed to his injuries.

Admiral De Gama flung himself overboard, committed suicide. Gen. Travers assumed command of the rebels.
Saldanha De Gama was born in Rio de Janeiro and was a descendant from the noble Portuguese family, the most illustrious of whose members was the celebrated Vasco De Gama. Some of the family now hold high offices in the Portuguese royal court. Among the names of honor is the Countess J. de Saldanha De Gama, and the Countess E. Telles Da Gama.

Da Gama was one of the ablest and most industrious officers of the Brazilian navy. He was held in the highest estimation by Dom Pedro, the Brazilian emperor, and was always a strong monarchist.
When the revolt against Peixoto occurred about two years ago, he remained neutral for some time, but finally decided to join the insurgents. His accession was hailed by them as a great victory, but Peixoto made use of Da Gama's well-known monarchial tendencies to counteract the effect of his desertion.

Big Oil Well in Kansas.

Snyder & Knoland, representing the Empire State oil and gas company of Buffalo, N. Y., have just finished a well on the county poor farm, near Peru, Kan., striking the oil-bearing strata in the county. The river is covered with oil for half a mile below the well.

A BIG BLAZE IN 'FRISCO.

\$1,000,000 Fire Sweeps Over the Factory District.

The worst fire San Francisco has had in over 30 years started shortly before 6 o'clock Thursday evening in the rear of the San Francisco box factory, Fifth and Harrison streets. The flames soon were sweeping through a number of frame buildings on North street, and leaped across the street to the Southern Pacific bay barns. Before one-half of the fire department had concerted their plans, the fire was entirely beyond control. Oakland and Alameda sent two engines each, and the Southern Pacific put a brought salt water from the bay to supply the fast weakening fresh water mains. A strong wind was blowing and fanned the flames across the broad streets, sweeping everything in its path.

Two boxes of powder in one of the warehouses of the Southern Pacific, exploded, hurling heavy timbers through the air for blocks. These landed on light frame buildings, which took fire in a short time. The flames were practically horizontal, but after 7 o'clock the wind suddenly changed and drove the flames back over the burning district.

In addition to the destruction of the mills, factories, foundries and hotels, over 50 dwellings were destroyed. Three hundred families are homeless.

One of the buildings to go down before the flames was St. Rose's church, a new structure upon which thousands of dollars have been expended. It had not been quite finished.

At Minneapolis five firemen were killed at the Thursday night at McDonald Bros. wholesale crockery establishment. Six others were badly hurt, and one Ernest D. Campbell, captain, may die. The correct list of the dead is as follows: Frank Eubank, lieutenant; Walter Richardson, Joseph W. Iron, John Herzer, Christian Sande. Three citizens were cut by flying glass. The loss is \$40,000 on the building and \$60,000 on the stock. The insurance is ample to cover this.

PENNA. LAWS.

A Law to Prevent Pollution of Streams by Cemeteries.

Governor Hastings has approved the following senate bills: To prevent the pollution of streams supplying centers of population by the use of lands for burial purposes within prescribed limits; to repeal an act relating to the appointment and salaries of the justices of the peace of the various counties of Allegheny county, providing that the assessors' damages where streets and alleys are changed in grades or location in the several boroughs of this commonwealth shall be entitled to mileage in addition to their per diem for such travel; to amend an act of 1887, relating to the incorporation of companies to supply materials for refrigerating purposes to the public through pipes or conduits from a central station; to promote cleanliness and healthfulness in and about the public schools of this commonwealth; to amend an act of 1879, relating to the incorporation of a corporation to supply materials for refrigerating purposes to the public through pipes or conduits from a central station; to amend an act of 1879, relating to the incorporation of a corporation to supply materials for refrigerating purposes to the public through pipes or conduits from a central station; to amend an act of 1879, relating to the incorporation of a corporation to supply materials for refrigerating purposes to the public through pipes or conduits from a central station.

The select councilmen of Erie were taken before Gunnison on a writ of Habeas Corpus. The common councilmen set forth that the select councilmen had persistently refused to join them in a convention to elect a select council, as required by law. The court granted an alternative mandamus, returnable next Monday.

George Yeager, aged 31, of Titusville, was arrested on a suspicion of having killed Stithel. Yeager lived with the family of Theodore Swanger, a farmer, near the home of Stithel, and it is supposed that he was jealous because Mrs. Swanger was friendly to Stithel. Yeager shot himself. Daniel W. Stithel was murdered from ambush near Titusville.

Samuel Street was killed last week in the latter steel works. On the same day his father was killed at Liverpool, W. Va., and both were buried at the same hour a day later. The family has been strangely unfortunate, as the father and three sons have been killed within the last two months and another has gone insane.

John Lincoln, who it is said was a near relative of Abraham Lincoln, died in the Berks county almshouse of general debility, aged eighty-one years. He had been an inmate of the institution since February, 1886. He leaves three children, a married daughter and two sons.

It was discovered that two letters each week are sent from Altoona to Harry A. Gardner, the defaulting cashier of the Second National bank. The letters may give a clue to his final capture. One of the bank directors has offered, it is said, \$500 reward for his capture.

Frank Graham of Homewood, has been placed in jail at Beaver Falls, charged with burglary by Richard Johnson, along with Charles Freed. A young man named Thompson, who worked up the case, has also been locked up at the instance of Graham's father.

An imported St. Bernard dog attacked the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. B. at Rochester, and tore the baby's eye out besides scalping its forehead. The dog was killed, but the baby may lose its eye.

W. H. Barry, of Bennett, has been locked up in the Titusville jail, having become violently insane. His family is too poor to provide for him, and the Allegheny county commissioners will have to do so.

TALE AGAIN A VICTOR.

Her Crew Wins from Harvard by Ten Lengths.

Yale's crew won the boat race Friday afternoon by 20 lengths, beating Harvard 35 seconds. The race was a procession. Yale took the lead from the start and had a length advantage in the first quarter. The first mile was the only one when Yale was pushed. Her crew pulled a stroke of 42 to the minute and varied but little from that to the finish. Harvard started at 36, increased to 38 at the mile point, and 40 at the two-mile. They started to 42, but splashed badly and could not prevent Yale from steadily drawing away.

At the mile Yale led two lengths. At the mile and a half by four lengths; at the two mile five lengths, and gradually increased the lead to ten at the end of the course. A line with a strong, clean stroke, as an easy winner.

Harvard's steering was pitiable and resulted in a narrow escape from one collision with a steamer and a square crash with a row boat.

SHENANGO WORKERS MEET.

They Propose to Form a Union of Furnacemen in the Two Valleys.

A meeting of the blast furnace men of Sharon and Sharpsville was held in Sharpsville to form a local union to arrange a scale of wages every year. The furnacemen have never been governed by any standing rate of wages except that arranged by the Mahoning and Shenango Valley Iron Manufacturers' association. An adjournment was made to another meeting next Wednesday, when representatives of the two valleys in the two valleys will be asked to present. The question of forming a national union will then be discussed.

A Masked Murderer.

C. P. Birch, cashier of the West Chicago street railway, was shot and killed by a highwayman. Birch was alone his office on Armitage avenue, fixing up his accounts. The murderer entered the office silently, and the first notice Birch had was the order, "hold up your hands and make no noise or you are a dead man." Birch saw a masked man with a revolver. The cashier jumped for his own weapon. The robber fired twice before Birch grasped his revolver. The first shot struck the cashier in the back. The second went into his wrist. He fired and thought he hit the robber in the shoulder, a second shot was buried in the wall. The masked man stood his ground and fired three more shots. Birch sank to the floor mortally wounded. One bullet struck him in the neck and on the vessels in port. Some of the vessels had their flags at half mast day after day for weeks, as man after man in their crews succumbed to the scourge. Some of the vessels had only one or two men left in their crews, and many of them were unable to get away from the port for lack of men.

Scourge of Yellow Fever.

The American barkentine Priscilla, from Rio and Santos, reports that when she left Santos, May 12, yellow fever was raging on every side. She was dropping dead in the streets, dying in scores in the city and on the vessels in port. Some of the vessels had their flags at half mast day after day for weeks, as man after man in their crews succumbed to the scourge. Some of the vessels had only one or two men left in their crews, and many of them were unable to get away from the port for lack of men.

KEYSTONE STATE COLLINGS.

POTTERY BURNED.

Operations of a Coal Syndicate—Selected Scraps of News.

The Keystone pottery at Rochester was burned Wednesday. The origin of the fire is not known. Miller Bros., of Rochester, were the managers and principal owners of the plant, which was valued at \$400,000. There is \$300,000 insurance on the building in the Lloyds company of New York. The pottery was located outside the borough limits and consequently no facilities for fighting the fire were available. Two of the employees were injured by a falling wall.

WANT JAMES SAYERS FOR JUDGE.

The Republican members of the Waynesburg bar united upon James Sayers, Esq., for president judge of Greene County, the new Thirteenth judicial district. His petition has been signed by every Republican member of the bar and nearly all of the Democratic members.

Secretary C. H. Kimball, Pitt Boss Robert Lang and other officials and miners of the Dunbar furnace company were arrested on a criminal prosecution brought by the officials of the Cambria iron company. The defendants are charged with mining coal owned by the Cambria people. The main heading of the Hill Farm mine runs toward the stone road tract, Rosedale. The criminal prosecution, civil suits will be entered.

A syndicate of coal operators, represented by A. B. Copeland, of Parkersburg, is taking options on the coal field lying between Puckety and Plum creeks, and extending back several miles from the Allegheny river, near Natrona. The field has a nine-foot vein of coal. About 3,000 acres have been leased, and about 10,000 acres are secured. It will be put on the market.

The select councilmen of Erie were taken before Gunnison on a writ of Habeas Corpus. The common councilmen set forth that the select councilmen had persistently refused to join them in a convention to elect a select council, as required by law. The court granted an alternative mandamus, returnable next Monday.

George Yeager, aged 31, of Titusville, was arrested on a suspicion of having killed Stithel. Yeager lived with the family of Theodore Swanger, a farmer, near the home of Stithel, and it is supposed that he was jealous because Mrs. Swanger was friendly to Stithel. Yeager shot himself. Daniel W. Stithel was murdered from ambush near Titusville.