Victory For the Administration on Silver in the Rentucky Convention.

The Democratic state convention of Kentucky has certainly indorsed the administration, with special tributes to President Cleveland "and his distinguished co-advisor and secretary, John G. Carlisie." No outing was ever productive of more effective results than that of Secretary Carlisle to Kentucky and the Memphis convention. The silverites, in-cluding Secator Blackburn, attribute their defeat to the recent speeches of Carlisle and the circulation that was given them. The free coinage men do not deny that they ex-pected to control the convention and all its committees, platform and nominations. They fought gamely to a finish and acknowledged their defeat, Although they make charged about the way it was done, especially on the part of Andhor of State Norman and others at Frankfert.

it Frankfort.
The free sliver men were beaten in the dis-The free silver men were beaten in the district meetings that selected members of the various committees in the selection of Judge W. Beckner for temporary chairman and congressmen. A. S. Berry for permanent chairman, and in the organization of the committee on resolutions, as well as the organization of other committees. They went down under the adoption of the minority report of resolutions. under the adoption of the minority report of credentials, seating Clay's "sound-money" delegates, as well as under the adoption of the majority report on resolutions for sound money and the endorsement of President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle. The committee on credentials is one that the "sound-meney" men did not look after, and the silver men had a majority on it, but the convention overruled that majority by adapting the minority report.

rention overraied that impority by adapting the minority report.

There were only three paragraphs in the report. The first one protested against the renewal of any effort to establish a protective tariff. The two others were us follows:

"The Democratic party, which has always stood for the separation of church and state, for the sake alike of civil and religious freedom and the second by the content of the second content and state.

for the sake alike of civil and religious freedon, does not hesitate to condemn all offorts
to create a distinction among citizens tecause of differences in taith as repugnant to
an enlightened age and abborrent rethe inetimets of American freedom,
"We reaffirm without qualification the
principles and policies declared by the national Democratic platform of 1992, and declare that our present Democratic administration is entitled to the thanks of the parry
for its honest, courageous and statesmanlike
management of public affairs; and we express our undiminished confidence in the Democracy and patriotism of Fresident Grover
Cleveland and his distinguished advisor and
secretary, John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky.

The names of President Cleveland and Secretary, John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky.

The names of President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisie were received with prolonged applause. Ex-Congressman W. f. Ellis presented a minority report, when John S. Rea took the floor to read it himself, and not trust it to the secretary.

The Democratic state convention reassem-bled Thursday for the third day's ses-sion. There were many candidates for the minor places on the state licket, and there minor places on the state ticket, and there were especially sharp contests for state treasurer and secretary of state. The ticket is: For Governor, P. Wat, Hardin, State treasurer, R. C. Ford; auditor, Luke C. Norman; register, G. B. Swango, attorney-general, W. J. Hendricks; secretary of state, Henry S. Hale; superintendent of public instruction, Ed. Porter Thompson, commissioner of agriculture, J. B. Hali.

The convention did not complete its work until 7 p. m. The proceedings of the day may be called harmonious only by comparison with the two preceding days.

CALL ANOTHER CONVENTION. Turpie, Jones and Harris Ask Silver

Immediately after the adjournment of the recent sliver convention in Memphis, a meetine of a number of prominent Democrats who attended the gathering was held and plans were outlined for an organization of free silver men within the Democratic party. In an address to Democratic leaders throughout the country Isham G. Harris, J. K. Jones and

David Turple say:

"The only hope of securing the free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1 is through the action of the Democratic party.

The success of the Democratic party in the success of the Democrati campaign of 1896, largely, if not wholly de-pends upon the earnest and active advocacy of the free and unlimited coinage of silver. In order to avoid friction and the complaint of silver, we will not invoke the action of the regular machinery of the party, whose duty it is to act for the whole party without regard go difference of opinion upon a single ques-tion."

A meeting of sliver Democrats is called at

Silver Fizzle in Michigan.

A gathering of free silver men was eched-uled to meet in Grand Rapids, Mich., to or-ganize an independent silver party in Michi-gan. The new party was to be organized on Populistic lines. After waiting till some time past the hour of meeting, the few dele-gates present dispersed, declaring the con-vention a fizzie.

A German View of It.

Baron von Thielman, the new German am-bassador at Washington, said he did not be-lieve the imperial government would take any steps toward the calling of an international monetary conference until after the reichstag assembled in November, and a great deal then would depend upon that body.

Cleveland Scale Agreed to.

Cleveland Scale Agreed to.

The conference committee of the Shenango and Mahoning Valley Iron Manufacturer's association and the committee of the Amalgamated association, headed by President Garland, at Youngstown, agreed on the wage scale as prepared by the Amalgamated association at Cleveland. President Garland and J. D. Hickey, of the Amalgamated and Myron C. Wick and J. H. Nutt, of the manufacturers, were appointed to arrange the deturers, were appointed to arrange the de-tails of the scale. President Garland did not present to the conference the demands of the puddiers, who want more than \$4 a

Governor Hastings approved the religious garb bill, which prohibits the wearing in the public schools by any of the teachers any dress, insignia, marks or emblems indicating the fact that such teacher is an adherent or member of any religious order, sect or de-nomination, and imposing a fine upon the Board of Directors of any public school per-mitting the same.

European Travelers.

The figures of the passport bureau of the state department show that more people will leave the United States for Europe this summer than ever before, except during the Paris exposition of 1889, and the exceptionally prosperous year of 1891. The passports issued up to date number nearly 1,700, and will probably reach 2,300.

More Than They Asked

The Oliver Iron and Steel company of Pitusburg notified its 200 puddlers that, beginning Monday, the wages they will pay for puddling will be \$4.20 a ton. This is 25 cents a ion more than the puddlers are asking, and \$5 cents a ton more than the Oliver 40mpany has paid for a long time.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS

Prof. Thomas Heary Huxley, the eminent ecientist, died in London at 0:45 p. m. Satur-

The bond syndicate will continue to protect the treasury gold reserve until

The revolution in Ecuador will probably be settled by a peace conference to be held at Cuence this week,

John Mundy, who murdered his wife in Toledo, O., two years ago, was arrested at St. Louis, and has confessed.

Veins of coal 75 feet thick, and lying only 30 feet below the surface, have been found near Marseilles, Mo. Angus Gilbert, the murderer of little Alice

Sterting, of Porchester, Mass., was convicted of murder in the first degree at Boston. Minnie Ewnch, 19 years old committed sui cide in Chicago because she failed to gradu

ate from the Luke high school. Dr. W. H. Koester, of Celina, O., and E-Meece, of Troy, O., have been arrested tocirculating counterfest money in Okiaboms

A cyclone as Keysville, Ga., wrecked every ouse in the place, and Prof. Bradshaw's institute, where children were at school. The professor was fatally in ured.

It is announced the British parliament will be dissolved on the 8th of July. Within two months the general election will be held, and the new parliament-will assemble.

A warrant for 1 cent was drawn in the United States treasury, a balance due on President Cleveland's salary. It had to be drawn to straighten out the books.

Oscar Wilde's health is such that the prison physicians have forbade putting him on the treadmill. He is now picking cakum, but will be set to making matches,

The international convention of the Ep worth league, at Chartanooga, passed resolu tions affirming adherence to prohibition the liquor traffic, and in favor of reform in he government of cities. The next convention will be held at Terente, Canada.

In an old skirt belonging to the late Mrs. Augusta Keller of Lexington, Mo., who died at the home of her niece Mrs. L. Keller of Fayette, Mo., on the evening of June 25, members of the family have found \$9,000 in greenbacks.

Edward Crittenden, a grandson of the exgovernor of Missouri, was sentenced by a Covington (Ky.) judge to 18 months in prison for rifting the mails in the Frankfort (Ky.) postoflice, where he had been a clerk.

James A. Newsom, of Memphis, Tenn., formerly a doorkeeper of the house at Washington, was killed in the latter city by Lewis Berry, son of a fresco painter. Newsom was drunk, and annoying ladies, and Berry hit him with a base ball bat,

The police force of Denver had to guard the house of eight aldermen all Thursday night to keep angry citizens from doing them violence. They had passed an ordinance fixing water rates for 15 years at a rate con-

IRON GOES UP AGAIN. The Price of Southern Pig Raised-Wages Increased.

The Tennessee coal and iron company has announced another advance of \$1 a ton in the price of southern pig, and the furnace men in the Birmingham district have joined men in the Birmingham district have joined in the advance. This is the fourth jump in the price of the product within two months, the total advance being \$2.75. The Tennessee coal and fron company also announces an increase of 15 per cent, in the wages of its 4.000 miners. As the other operators in this district base their wage scale on that of the Tennessee coal and fron company, the advance affects 10.000 men.

An important meeting of the Bar Iron An important meeting of the Bar Iron Manufacturers' Association of the United was held in Youngstown O., and it was unanimously decided to advance the price of bar iron \$2\$ per ton, taking effect at once, making an advance of \$4\$ per ton within the past 30 days. The advance will have the effect of further increasing the wages of iron workers on the Amajonnated scale. workers on the Amaigamated scale,

The Cleveland steel company posted a notice to its employes that owing to increased business and better prices for product, on and after July 1, 1855, the present tonnage rates on the plate mill and plate mill furnace furnances will be advanced 10 per cent, Common laborers also receive an advance in wages. About 150 men are benefited.

The more than 2,000 employes in the Phoe nix iron works of Philadelphia were notified that the wages of all will be increased. It is not stated by the company how much the ad-vance will be, but it is expected that it will 10 per cent. The plant is working day and night.

The Tennessee coal, iron and railroad com pany announced that, on July 1, there will be an advance in wages to all of its operatives, because of the advance in the price of iron, and it is believed that that action will lead to an advance in the wages of miners through out the entire Alabama field.

The Akron Ohio street railway company, has agreed to the demand of its employes and, beginning with July 1, will raise wages from \$1.40 to \$1.60 a day.

The 200-ton blast furnaces at Buena Vista and the Victoria farance at Goshen, both in Hockbridge county, Va., will go into blast in a few days after a shutdown of several years. The Greenridge iron works at Scranton, Pa., notified their 200 employes of an in-crease of 10 per cent. In their wages, to go into effect July 1.

CHURCH STATISTICS.

Important U. S. Census Seport Just

The census report covering the statistics of churches, which has just come from the press, contains some interesting facts in an elaborate work of more than \$50 pages with colored maps sho wing the extent, of the various organized religious bodies in the various states. There are 143 distinct denominations in the United States, besides independent churches and miscellaneous congregations. The total of communicants of all denominations is 20,612,806, who belong to 165,177 organizations or congregations. These congregations have 142,521 edifices which have sittings for 43,564,863 persons. The value of all church property used exclusively for purposes of worship, is \$675,630,139. There are 111,036 regular ministers, not including lay preachers. There are five bodies which have more than 1,000,000 of communicants and ten press, contains some interesting facts in an

preachers. There are five bodies which have more than 1,000,000 of communicants and ten more than 509,000.

The leading denominations have communicants in round numbers as follows: Catholic, 6,250,000; Methodist, 4,600,000 Baptist, 3,725,000; Presbyterian, 1,280,332; Lutheran, 1,280,900.

In number of communicants and value of church property, New York leads and Pennsyvania follows, but in the number of organizations and church edifices. Pennsylvania is first and Ohio second.

VICTORIES FOR CUBANS.

PUERTO PRINCIPE ATTACKED

Spanish Authorities Admit Gomes Has Captured Two Towns.

The most serious news of Spanish disasters received since the out break of the rebellion has reached Havana. The garrisons of two town have surrendered, and the places them-

selves have been burned by Maximo Gomez. Owing to the restrictions placed by the government upon the transmission of telegraphic news concerning the insurrection, only the most meager details of the disaster to the Spanish arms are obtainable. It appears certain, however, that the garrison at El Mulato, in the province of Puert-Principe near the city of Fuerto Principe, has surrendhear the city of Fuerte Frincipe, has surrend-cred to Maximo Gemez. The garrison con-sisted of 25 Spanish soldiers under Lieuten-ant Romero, and they were quartered in a guano house, fortified with palisades and and pierced with loopholes for rifles. The place was also provisioned, and contained considerable ammunitien. During the unex-plained absence of Lieutenant Romero the considerable ammunitien. During the unexplained absence of Lieutenant Romero the garrison was surrounded by 1,000 insurgents under the command of Maximo Gomez. The latter sent a messenger to the garrison of El Muiato, asnouncing that he gave the soldiers 15 minutes in which to surrender, with the alternative of being fired upon by the full insurgent force if they refused to do so.

The soldiers were willing to fight, and were about to do so, when Lieutenant Romero about to do so, when Lieutenant Romero

The soldiers were willing to fight, and were about to do so, when Lieutenant Romero arrived at the fort, and his presence being made known to Maximo Gomez, the latter sent him a second note saying the insurgents had no desire to shed blood unnecessarily, and therefore the lieutenant was given five minutes more in which to surrender the fort and its contents to the insurgents. Thereupon the lieutenant surrendered the garrison against the desire of his soldiers, who who were greatly indignant at being compelled to capitaliste without firing a shot. When the garrison was in the hands of the insurgents, Maximo tiomez ordered the village of El Mulato to be burned, and after depriving Lieutenant Romero of his arms, set him at liberty.

priving Lieutenant Romero of his arms, set him at liberty.

The lieutenant was afterward arrested by the authorities of Puerto Principe, and it is thought probable that he will be promptly tried by court-martial and shot, like lieutenant calleja, who commanded a garrison which was surprised in a similar manner while the lieutenant in command was away. In addition, the town of Sangeronimo, situated about 15 kilometers southwest of Elmulato, has met the same fate as the latter pace. It was attacked by the insurgents under Maximo Gomez, and was burned to the

place. It was attacked by the insurgents un-der Maximo Gomez, and was burned to the ground after its garrison of about 50 men had surrendered. In this case, however, it is stated that the soldiers succeeded in saving a great part of the stores of amunition before the fort of Sangeronimo was captured by the

THE TORY CABINET.

Salisbury Takes the Foreign Portfolio-Balfour for the Treasury.

The Marquis of Salisbury has completed the work of forming a new Cabinet. The ew ministry is as follows:

Premier and secretary of state for foreign fairs—The Marquis of Salisbury. President of the council—The Duke of

evonshire. Lord high chancellor—Baron Halsbury. Lord privy seni-Viscount Cross. Chancellor of the exchequer-Sir Michael

Chancellor of the exchequer—Sir Michael Hiess-Bench. Secretary of state for home affairs—Sir Matthew White Riddey. First lord of the treasury—A. J. Balfour. Secretary of state for the colonies—Joseph

Chamberlain. Secretary of state for war—The Marquis of First jord of the admiralty -George J. Go-

Secretary of state for India-Lord George

President of the board of trade-C, T. President of the local government board-

lenry Chaplin. Lord neutenant of Ireland—Earl Cadogan. Lord chancellor of Ireland—Baron Ash-Secretary for Sectiond-Baron Balfour, of

STILL FOR ANNEXATION.

Hawawii Anxious to Become a Part of

Francisco, bringing the following advices from Honolulu, dated June 17: The first legislature under the republic, was called together on the 11th inst. The prosident's nessage, in speaking of annexation to the United States, says: "While the annexation United States, says: "While the annexation of this country to the United States of Amerof this country to the United States of America, has not yet been accomplished, its consummation will be earnestly sought, with an abiding faith that such a result will be a lasting benefit to our country." But two bills have been introduced, the new land and a supplemental appropriation bill, one item of which is a settlement for Princess Katulani. which is a settlement for Princess Katulani, She is to receive \$4,900 a year from the gov-ernment, commencing about April 2 of the present year. The money will be paid to her as long as she does not meddle in politics. There is a well-defined rumor floating about that the ex-queen will be pardoned at an early date. The government has declined to liberate a number of robel prisoners an July 4. The pardoning powers will be used in the cases of a number of ignorant natives, who took part in the recent revolt. This fact will be a disappointment to several white mer who expected to be pandoned, Maj. Seward

DA GAMA A SUICIDE.

Leader of the Brazilian Insurgents Ends His Life.

The insurgents under the command of Admiral De Gama, in the province of the Ric Grande do Sul, Brazil, have been defeated by

the government troops at Campos. Admiral Osorio was wounded and captured, and he subsequently succumbed to his injuries.

Admiral De Gama finding himself overpowered, committed suicide. Gen. Travers assumed command of the rebeis.

Saldanha De Gama was born in Rio de Janeiro and was a descendant from the noble Portuguese family, the most illustrious of whose members was the celebrated Vasc. De Gama. Some of the family now hold high

Gama. Some of the family now hold high office in the Portuguese royal court. Among the dames of honor is the Countess J. de Sal-danha Da Gama, and the Countess E. Telles

danha Da Gama, and the Countess E. Telles Da Gama.

Da Gama was one of the ablest and most influential officers of the Brazilian navy, he was held in the highest estimation by Dom Pedro, the Brazilian emperor, and was always a strong monarchist.

When the revoit against Peixoto occurred about two years ago, he remained neutral for some time, but finally decided to join the insurgents. His accession was bailed by them as a great victory, but Peixoto made use of Da Gama's wellknown monarchial tendencies to counteract the effect of his descrition.

Big Oil Well in Kansas.

Snyder & Knoland, representing the Empire State oil and gas company of Buffalo, N. Y., have jest finished a well on the county poor farm, near Peru, Kan., striking the strongest flow of oil yet found in the county. The river is covered with oil for half a mile below the weil.

A BIG BLAZE IN 'FRISCO.

\$1,000,000 Fire Sweeps Over the Fac tory District.

The worst fire San Francisco has had in over 30 years started shortly before 6 o'clock Thursday evening in the rear of the San Francisco box factory, Fifth and Harrison streets. The flames soon were sweeping through a number of frame buildings on Fourth street, and leaped across the street to the son aera Pacific hay barn. Before one half of the fire department had connected their lines, the fire was entirely beyond con-trol. Outland and Alameda sent two entires trol. Oustain and Alamela sont two chatmes each, and the Southern Pacific pumps brought sait water from the bay to supply the fast weakening fresh water mains. A strong wind was blowing and fanned the flames across the broad streets, sweeping everything

its path.
Four kegs of powder in one of the ware-onses of the Southern Pacific, exploded. houses of the Southern Parille, exploded, burling heavy timbers through the air for blocks. These landed on light frame buildings, which took fire: in a short time the firemen were practically beammed in. Shorting after 7 o'lock the wind suddenly changed and drove the flames back over the burning

district.

In addition to the destruction of the mills, factories, foundries and hotels, over 50 dwellings were destroyed. Three hundred fami-

lies are homeless.

One of the buildings to go down before the dames was St. Rose's church, a new structure upon which thousands of dollars have been expended. It had not been quite finished.

At Minneapolis five filremen were killed at the fire Thursday night at McDonald Rros. Six the fire Thursday night at McDonald Bros. wholesale crockery establishment. Six others were badly hurt, and one Ernest D. Campbell, captain, may die. The correct list of the dead is as follows. Frank Eublein, lieutenant: Waiter Richardson, Joseph W. Hou, John Herner, Christian Sande, Three citizens were cut by flying glass. The loss is \$40,000 on the building and \$60,900 on the stock. The insurance is ample to cover this.

PENNA. LAWS.

A Law to Prevent Pollution of Streams by Cemeteries.

Governor Hastings has approved of the following senate bills: To prevent the pollution of streams supplying centers of population by the use of lands for burial purposes within prescribed limits; to repeal an act rewithin prescribed limits, to repeal an act re-lating to the appointment and salaries of the criers and tipstaves of the various courts of Allegieny county, providing that viewers to assess damages where streets and alleys are changed in grades or location in the several boroughs of this commonwealth shall be en titled to mileage in addition to their per diem pay; providing for the incorporation of companies to supply materials for refrigerat-ing purposes to the public through pipes or conduits from a central station; to promote cleanliness and healthfulness in and about the public schools of this commonwealth; re-peating an act entitled "A further supplement to an act" approved April 1, 1870, entitled, titled to mileage in addition to their per peaning an act cattled "A turner supplement to an act" approved April 1, 1870, entitled, "An act relative to streets in the city of Aliegheny," approved March 20, 1873, except as to improvements under way, the levy of assessments therefor and for improvements completed; providing for the adjustment or completed; providing for the adjustment or all indebtedness and property rights between the school district or districts of the township and the school district or districts of one or more boroughs erected in whole or in part from such township; repealing an act to necertain and appoint the fees to be received by the justices of the peace and Venange county, approved March 26, 1873; to probibit the lineit conveyance of articles into and from the Pennsylvania industrial reformatory repealing an act to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors in the borough of Bellevernon, Fayette county, approved April 13, 1868.

The governor also signed the following

Fayette county, approved April 13, 1868.

The governor also signed the tollowing house buils: Providing for the employment and payment of junttors, fireman, engineers, mechanics, laborers, and caretakers of couri houses and grounds; providing for the ilability of tenants in commen in possession; to their co-tenants out of possession; repealing an act of March 24, 1873, entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes in the county of Armstrong, repealing an act entitled, "An act for the protection of German carp in the public lakes and streams of the common-

TALE AGAIN A VICTOR.

Her Crew Wins from Harvard by Ten Lengths

Yale's crew won the boat race Friday afternoon by 20 lengths, beating Harvard 35 seconds. The race was a procession. Yale took the lead from the start and had a length adthe lead from the start and had a length advantage in the lirst quarter. The first mile was the only one when Yale was pushed. Her crew puiced a stroke of 42 to the minute and varied but little from that to the finish. Harvard s'arted at 36, increased to 28 at the mile point, and 40 at the two-mile. They spurted to 42, but splashed badly and could not prevent Yale from steadily drawing agents.

At the mile Yale led two lengths. At the mile and a half by four lengths; at the two mile five lengths, and gradually increased the lead to the end, when they crossed the line with a strong, clean stroke, as an easy

Harvard's steering was pitiable and resulted in a narrow escape from one collision with a steamer and a square crash with a row boat.

SHENANGO WORKERS MEET. They Propose to Form a Union of Furnacemen in the Two Valleys.

A meeting of the blast furnace men of Sharon and Sharpsville was held in Sharpsville to form a local union to arrange a scale of wages every year. The furnacemen have never been governed by any standing rate of wages except that arranged by the Mahon-ing and Suenango Valley Iron Manufac-turer's association. An adjournment was made to another meeting lext Wednesday, when representatives from every furnace in the two valleys will be asked to be present. The question of forming a national union will then be discussed.

A Masked Murderer.

C. P. Birch, cashier of the West Chicago street railway, was shot and killed by a high-wayman. Birch was alone his office on Ar-mitage avenue, fixing up his accounts. The murderer entered the office sileatly, and the first notice Birch had was the order, "hold first notice Birch had was the order, "hold up your hands and make no noise or you are a dead man." Birch saw a masked man with a revolver. The cashier jumped for his own weapon. The robber fired twice before Birch grasped his revolver. The first shot struck the cashier in the back. The second went into his wrist. He fired and thought he hit the robber in the shoulder, a second shot was buried in the wall. The masked man stood his ground and fired three more shots. Birch sank to the floor mortally wounded. One builet struck him in the neck and another passed through his chest beneath his heart. The murderer ran up to his victim, plucked the revolver out of his hand and placed it on a desk. He anatched a roll of bills, dropped some sliver on the floor, reloaded his revolver and fled.

Scourge of Yellow Fever.

The American barkentine Priscilia, from Rio and Santos, reports that when she left Santos, May 12, yeilow fever was raging on every side. Men were dropping dead in the streets, dying by scores in the city and on the vessels in port. Some of the vessels had their flags at half mast day after clay for weeks, as man after man in their crews succumbed to the scource. Some of the vessels in post of the vest of the v cumbed to the scourge. Some of the ves-sels had only one or two men left in their en-tire crews, and many of them were unable to get away from the port for lack of men.

KEYSTONE STATE CULLINGS

POTTERY BURNED.

Operations of a Coal Syndicate—Selected Scraps of News.

the Keystone pottery at Rochester was burned Wednesday. The rigin of the fire is not known. Miller Bros. . : Bochester, were the managers and principal ... where of the plant, managers and principal which was valued at \$40,00 dl. There is \$20,000 insurance on the building in the Lioyds company, of New York. The pottery was located outside the borough limits and consequently no facilities for lighting the lire were available. Two of the employes were injured by a falling were finding the control of the comployes were injured by a falling were available.

WANT PARTE SATERS FOR JUNGE.

The Resublican members of the Wayne burg har united upon James Sayers, Esq., for president judge of Greene County, the new Thirteenth judicial district. His potition has been signed by every It publican member of the bar and nearly all of the Democratic

Secretary C. H. Kimball, Pitt Boss Robert Lang and other officials and miners of the Dunbar furnace company were arrested on a criminal prosecution brought by the officials of the Cambria iron company. The defendants are charged with mining coal owned by the Cambria people. The main heading of the Hill Farm mine ruins toward the stone road tract. Besides the criminal prosecution, civil suits will be entered.

A syndicate of coal operators, represented A syndicate of coal operators, represented by A. B. Copeland, of Parnasers, is taking op-tions on the coal field lying between Puskety and Pium creeks, and extending back several miles from the Allegheny river, near Natrona, The field has a nine-foot vein of coal. About 1,000 acres have been bought, and when about 10,000 acres are secured, it will be put on the

The select councilmen of E-ie were taken before Gunnison on a writ. Judge mandamus. The common councilmen set forth that the select councilmen had persistently refused to join them in a convention to elect a solicitor, as required by law. Judge Gunnison granted an alternative mandamus, returnable next Monday.

George Yenger, aged 31, of Hutztown, arrested on suspicion of having silical Stithel. Yeager lived with the family of Theodore Scwanger, a farmer, near the nome of Stithel, and it is supposed that he was lealous because Mrs. Scwanger was friendlier to Stithel than to himself. Daniel W. Stithel was murdered from amoush near Kutztown.

Samuel Street was killed last week in the Latrobe steel works. On the same day his father was killed at Liverpeol, W. Va., and both were buried at the same hour a day later. The family has been strangely unfortunate, as the father and three sons have been killed within the last two months and worker has gone thanks. another has gone insane. John Lincoln, who it is said was a near relative of Abraham Lincoln, died in the Berks county almshouse of general debility, aged eighty-one years. He had been an In-mate of the institution since February, 1886.

He leaves three children, a married daughter It was discovered that two letters week are sent from Altoona to Harry A. Gard-ner, the defaulting castier of the Second national bank. The letters may give a clue to his final capture. One of the bank directo his final capture. One of the bank dir tors has offered, it is said, \$500 reward his capture.

Frank Graham of Homewood, has been placed in jail at Beaver Falls, charged with burglary by Richard Johnson, along with Charles Freed. A young man named Thomp-son, who worked up the cases, has also been locked up at the instance of Graham's father. An imported St. Bernard dog attacked the

infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Sage at Ho and tore the baby's eye out besides so its forehead. The dog was killed, baby may lose its eye. W. R. Hardy, of Bennett, has been locked up in the Titusville lall, having become vio-lently insane. His family is too poor to provide for him, and the Allegheny county commissioners will have to do so.

Neglect of orders by the telegraph operator at Barree, near Altoons, caused a freight wreek, in which 28 cars were demolished. Engineers Shull and Boyle and two tramps were hadly burt.

Albert Miller was arrested at Claysville, on Saturday, charged with stealing a gold watch and other articles from Albert H. Patton at

A young man about 22 years old, supposed to be Frank McClain, of New Brighton, was struck by an engine and killed in the Con-Snyder & Company, of New Brighton, who recently strack a couple of good gas wells in the Butler field, sold them to the Rochester

Tumbler Company. A committee of the central board of educa tion of Pittsburg has sent a written protest to Governor Hastings against his signing the

Kennedy school tills. A 7-year-old son of Michael Brenner, of Webster, fell from a cherry tree and was

George Shuback was killed by a fall of slate in the mines at Moorwood, Westmoreland county.

A 6-year-old son of Frank Anderson, of Patton, Cambria County, was killed by light-ding Monday. Mrs. John Daily wife of a leveler at

Jeannette bottle works, attempted to kindle a fire with oil and died. John Petre was sentenced at Greensburg, to 18 years in the penitentiary for shooting and killing John Lane last December.

Halistones as big as hens' eggs fell in North-hampton county, Monday, causing thousands of deliars of less to crops and buildings,

At the election in St. Marys it was voted that the town should issue \$50,000 in bonds for the construction of water works. James W. Smith, assignee of the Mea iville Savings bank, has announced that depos-itors will be paid 25 per cent, of their claims.

David Davis of New Kensington, struck Joseph Fuller od the head with a hatchet in-flicting fetal injuries. Davis escaped.

Frank Baltzell, of Waynesburg, is in jail at

A Cuban Republic.

The New York "World" says: A republic is to be proclaimed in Cuba. An election of delegates will take place in New York, July 10. All the Cuban clubs of the United States will be represented. Delegates will choose a president for the provisional government of the new republic. Thomas Estrada Palma has been selected to succeed Jose Marti, the "illustrious Cuban martyr." Immediately upon the proclaiming of the republic, interest-bearing bonds will be issued, redeemable when Spanish domination ends.

Pottery Wages Advanced.

The sanitary pottery manufacturers in Wheeling gave their men notice of an increase in wages of 10 to 49 per cent, according to the size of the article manufactured. This is in accord with the action of Trenton, N. J., potteries. Several new shops are being potteries. Several new shops are placed to work by one firm.

William Murray claims to have found the "Lost Cabin" gold mine, the richest in the world, near Pitt river, Cal.

CROP CONDITIONS.

Generally Favorable Weather - The Wheat Harvest Well Advanced.

The government weather bureau in its erop report, for the week ending June 24,

"The past week has been generally favor-"The past week has been generally favorable, though somewhat too cool in the Dakotas and Minnesota for some crops, especially corn, while excessive rains have proved injurious over the central and western portions of the cotton region, Brought has been relieved over the greater part of the Ohio valley, but continues in Central Wisconsin, Southern Michigan and in portions of Fennessee, Fennsylvania, and New York, Harvesting of winer wheat has continued Harvesting of winter wheat has continu and is now general over the northern pertion of the wheat belt, and is nearing completion in the southern pertion. Threshing has begun in Illinois and Tennessee. The weather for the past week has proved favorable for spring wheat.

APPALLING SUFFERINGS.

They Were Endured by American Misstonaries in China.

A special dispatch from Shanghai says that details have been received there of the outrages upon Americans and other fereigners at Changtu, capital, of the province of ers at Changtu, capital, of the province of Smechuen, showing that their sufferings have been appalling. The vicercy of the pro-vince, it appears, encouraged the Chinese mots to destroy the missionary and other property, and it is reported that a Chinese official attempted to behead Bishop Dunand. The French minister at Pekin has sent an ultimatum to the vicercy of Nauking, de-manding prompt redress of the wrongs done to foreigners, and announcing that, in the to fereigners, and announcing that, in the event of non-compliance with the demands of France, the commander of the French squadron will be empowered to act at his dis-cretion.

REBELLIOUS INDIANS.

Mexico Preparing for a Vigorous Campaign in Yucatan.

The Mexican war department is engaged in active preparation for another vigorous campaign against the rebellious Yucatan Indians. Large todies of infantry and cavalry have been concentrated at the towns of Becanchen and Bacalar, in Southern Yuentan, and others are being put in readiness for the marching from Merida, the capital. The Twenty-second battallion and other bodies of troops have been detailed to lead in the campaign. The troops by land will receive co-operation from the front by sea Landing will probably be made from Mexican boats at Ascension and Espiritu Santo, two good bays on the Atlantic, off the sea of the Autilies. From these landing places the troops can easily reach the heart of the rebellious district. The district and the attack will be made from opposite directions. Indians. Large todies of infantry and cav-

The panel has been exhausted and a jury not yet obtained for the trial of Pitzsimmons, at Syracuse, N. Y.

MARKETS.

PITT-BURG.			
THE WHOLESALE PRICES ARE GIVEN	DEL	WO.	1
WHEAT—Set Field. \$ No. 5 red. \$ No. 5 red. \$ COPS—No. 2 rehow car No. 2 yellow shelled No. 2 yellow shelled No. 2 yellow shelled No. 2 white Light mixed No. 2 western FLOUR—Wildor patents blends. 4 Failey Spring patents. 4 Failey Sp	21 M 56 56 M 58 M 58 M 57 42 50 0 1 1 50 M 68 M 6	# 4 4 2 2 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	おはないのでは、これはないでは、これはないのでは、

BUTTER-Elgin Creamery......

Thing Creamery
r ney Country tion
Lee grade and cooking
Chille-Char new
New Tork pres
Wescussit Swiss
Lincourge: hewmake 13 Fruit and Vegetables. AFF.ES
BEANS—LENd-picked, per tou.,
LUBA, 10
FOTA | OLS—Fine, in car. bu...
Flom store, bu
CABBAGE—nome grown, bbi...
CNIONS—Yenow bu...

Poultry, Etc. Live Chickens, F pair..... Live Ducks, g pair Dressed Onickons, g ib Live Turkeys, g ib E008-Pa, and Onic, fresh FEATHERS, Extra live Oces

No. I Ex. Live Geese, \$10... Miscellaneous.

Marin Sintly, new Libhu-tountry, sweet, 551 CINCINNATI. FLOUR, WHENT-NO PROPERTY BYE NO P COEN-MIXED OATS

PHILADELPHIA.

FLOUR. # 3 25@4 73
WHEAT-No. 2 Root. 74 15
CORN-No. 2 Rivet. 35 57
CORN-No. 2 Rivet. 35 57
EVITED - Cornery, extra. 34 35
EVITED - Cornery, extra. 38
EVITED - Cornery, extra. 38 PLOUR-Patents WHEAT-No 2 Red

LIVE STOCK,

HOUR. Best Yorkers and mixed..... Common to fair Yorkers..... SHEEP.

Extra. 98 to 105 lbs. Good, 85 to 98 lbs. Fair, 75 to 85 lbs. Spring Lambs.....