

Spring Makes Me Tired

To many people Spring and its duties mean an aching head, tired limbs and throbbing nerves. Just as the milder weather comes, the strength begins to wane and "That Tired Feeling" is the complaint of all.

The reason for this condition is found in the deficient quality of the blood. During the winter, owing to various causes, the blood becomes loaded with impurities and loses its richness and vitality. Consequently, as soon as the bracing effect of cold air is lost, these are languor and lack of energy. The cure will be found in purifying and enriching the blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the greatest and best spring medicine because it is the greatest and best blood purifier. It overcomes That Tired Feeling be-

cause it makes pure, rich blood. It gives strength to nerves and muscles because it endows the blood with new powers of nourishment. It creates an appetite, tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, and thus builds up the whole system and prepares it to meet the change to warmer weather.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is a medicine upon which you may depend. It is the only true blood purifier prominently before the public eye today. It has a record of cures unequalled in the history of medicine. It is the medicine of which so many people write, "Hood's Sarsaparilla does all that it is claimed to do." You can take Hood's Sarsaparilla with the confident expectation that it will give you pure blood and renew health. Take it now.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the Public Eye Today.

By brushing shoes with a soft brush rubbing a little glycerine well into the leather and polishing with a very clean soft brush, no blacking will be required.

More Haste, Less Speed.

There is a natural and very strong desire in the spring and early summer to get rid of underwear and overwear, so that the fresh air may thoroughly refresh. But the worst colds of the whole year are taken, and especially at open windows, where the drafts are strongest and a chill the surest. It is there where lungago sets in. It is just the condition and circumstance to make such an attack sure. It is just the time also when St. Jacobs Oil should be handy for immediate use. It is a time, too, when it makes its surest cures. For lungago it is a certain remedy.

In heaven's arithmetic nothing counts but love.

HE IS A RICH MAN NOW.

A Four German's Lucky Discovery—Gets \$1,000,000 for a Rheumatic Cure.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—(Special.)—Less than one year ago Frank Schrage did not possess a dollar in the world outside of the small income derived from a small drug business, and only a few years ago he was a poor German immigrant. To-day Mr. Schrage can be called a millionaire, as the result of a discovery he has made of "Schrage's Rheumatic Cure." A syndicate paid him \$100,000 cash for his discovery and arranged to pay him \$100,000 a year until he has received \$1,000,000 in all.—Philadelphia Press.

Swanson Rheumatic Cure Company, 167-169 Dearborn street, Chicago, are the proprietors of this celebrated remedy. Never fails. Testimonials free.

When Travelling

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists.

When you give others advice take some of it yourself.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N.Y.

Courage to meet duty is power to overcome difficulties; without this principle our strength is indeed weakness.

Which Man Wins?

The one with steady nerves and a clear brain. That means, in nine cases out of ten, the man with a good digestion. A Ripans Tablet after dinner may save to-morrow's business.

Honest error is to be pitied, not ridiculed.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

M. L. Thompson & Co., Druggists, Condorport, Pa., say Hall's Catarrh Cure is the best and only sure cure for catarrh they ever sold. Druggists sell it, 75c.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-Water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S Medical Discovery.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS.,

Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

P. N. U. 20

PAY FOR PLEASANT WORK neatly secured through an early application for Local Agency to sell the DAVIS CREAM SEPARATORS

to Farmers and Dealers. One style was shown in last number of this journal. Another will soon be issued. Beware of cheap imitations. Write for literature. Book Free. DAVIS & HANSEN BLDG. 480 W. CO. Sole Manufacturers, 50 W. Lake St., Chicago.

PEPPER'S CURE FOR COUGHS AND BRONCHITIS. Cures all Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Asthma, Hay Fever, and all Lung Affections. Sold by all Druggists.

The Noble Art of "Graining."

The right of "graining" to rank among the fine arts seems to have been settled at the recent annual convention at Allentown of the Pennsylvania Association of Master House Painters and Decorators. Mr. John Smethurst "read a paper" on the subject, and, with a fine scorn, showed what he thought of his traducers—of John Ruskin in particular. Ruskin calls graining a sham, he said, but "Ruskin is a sham himself." "Why," he asked, "should we believe this man, who has never painted a panel or grained a door?" Mr. John Smethurst "urged the boys to go to work and earn an honest dollar—a thing John Ruskin had never done in his life." (I am quoting from the official report of the convention in the trade organ, *Painting and Decorating*.) But it was not only for the author and (non-"graining") artist that Mr. John Smethurst showed his contempt. Among other things he said:

"Any fellow can be a lawyer or a clergyman, but it is widely different with anything that is worth knowing—markedly so with this art of graining. A man must have an artistic, passionate nature and a love of the beautiful. There is no shorthand method of making grainers.

"There is no master that ever lived that can delineate anything more beautiful than an oak panel. If I were to talk all day on the beauties of graining, I could not describe them."

As my readers know, this is not the first time that the artistic claims of "graining" have been advocated in high places—from Pennsylvania—but never before so convincingly. Assuredly, sooner or later, we shall hear of the appointment of a professor of "graining" in the State University. Of the fitness of Mr. Smethurst to occupy the chair there can be no reasonable doubt.

"Suppress Dem Puffs."

An old-time dandy butler, such as may be found occasionally in Philadelphia, used grander expressions the older he grew.

He was helping a visitor the other day to don her walking jacket, and as he noticed that she was still struggling to push in her rebellious big sleeves he suggested, respectfully:

"P'raps you will hab de goodness to allow me to suppress dem puffs, mad am."—New York Tribune.

In Cold Countries.

Animals that live in cold countries have a warm matting of wool or fine fur underneath their hairy coats, so that they are almost perfectly protected from the cold. This wool usually falls off in summer.

Some people are careless as naturally as others take pains.

Printers are Now Machinists.

The annual session of the International Association of Machinists assembled in Cincinnati on May 6th with over a hundred delegates. Since the general introduction of typesetting machines, the Typographical union was represented at this meeting by President Prescott, Canada and Mexico are represented.

The plants of the United States glass company, on the Southside, Pittsburg, resumed work Monday morning.

The city non-union men were given their piece. By some it was expected they would resume on a union basis.

For the first time in over two years all departments of the Homestead steel works went on full operation Sunday night. The whole plant will run this week, and the indications are that a good summer's work is ahead for the firm and workmen.

About 1,000 men employed in various capacities at the blast furnaces of the Illinois Steel company, at South Chicago, went on a strike Tuesday night (the great work is closed, throwing some 3,500 men out of employment.

The strike against meat shops in St. Louis is ended.

COAL CONSOLIDATION.

Five Large Concerns of Illinois Combine to Fight Competitors.

Five of the largest coal mining companies in Northern Illinois have combined in a fight for business against their competitors in other sections, as a result of the refusal of the railroads to make a satisfactory adjustment of freight rates. The combination has been incorporated under the name of the Gen. Wilmington Coal Company and comprises mines at Bradwood, Carbon Hill, Gardiner and Diamond, Ill. The combine has a daily output of from 8,000 to 10,000 tons.

This is believed by coal men to be the initial step toward the formation of a virtual trust, in which every company operating mines in the northern section of Illinois will be directly interested.

The Silver Crusade.

Secretary of State Fish, chairman of the Illinois Democratic state committee, said that twenty counties have so far held conventions and without exception they have declared for free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

THE INDUSTRIAL OUTLOOK.

BETTER TIMES AHEAD.

Skilled Mechanics Very Generally Employed.—Restoration of Wages.

A very careful canvass made in a number of large manufacturing cities and centers of population reveals the fact that there is now a very small percentage of the skilled mechanics out of employment, and that the ratio would be still largely reduced but for the continuation of a few strikes and labor differences. There is yet a considerable number of unemployed in the ranks of common labor, though this class is finding work as the season advances and opportunity is afforded for the opening of such work as they depend upon. Municipal and public improvements of large scales are reported from all parts of the country, which will absorb the surplus of labor that now exists, and with the completion of many new manufacturing enterprises now being started and contemplated, there is every reason to believe that all classes of labor will be very generally employed before the summer has far advanced, which will stimulate every branch of business, and hasten the complete return of prosperous times.

The most significant of all the encouraging signs of changing conditions—the restoration of wages to the standards which prevailed before the advent of the depression—has continued and increased during the past week to such an extent as to indicate that there already has been more thorough and rapid improvement during the past few weeks than had been realized. While perhaps a majority of these restorations do not equal the total of the reductions made, it is still unquestionably convincing evidence that there has been a remarkable change that enabled the manufacturers to make any advances whatever, since it has been universally conceded that the cuts made were absolutely necessary at the time. The fact that most of the restorations have been made almost voluntarily but bears out the statement so often made that the employers throughout the country have suffered in a corresponding degree with the working people, and that their own personal desires and wishes have not been for the ruling of low wages.

THE MINE SHUTDOWN.

Blames the Trouble on Selfishness of Pennsylvania Mine Owners.

General Manager A. G. Blair, of the Wheeling and Lake Erie road, which is a large owner of Ohio mining property, speaking of the coal strike, says: "The Ohio operators will all pay 51 cents per ton on the basis of 60 cents in the Pennsylvania fields. The miners came to the convention instructed to demand the old scale of 70 cents, or 19 cents more than the price, according to the usual differential between Ohio and Pennsylvania. They finally came down to 60 cents and there they stopped.

"The whole trouble is due to the selfishness of the Pennsylvania operators, who wished to get the lake trade from Ohio without regard to the cost of getting it either to the Ohio mine or operator. Of the summer trade of the Ohio operators fully 65 per cent is to the lake, and it is this trade that the Pennsylvanians want. To enable Ohio to get any of it the differential of 9 cents between Ohio and Pennsylvania must be observed. The price of 51 cents which Ohio offers is the price with the differential on the present Pennsylvania rate. It has been the custom for the two States to share this trade equally, and this Ohio is now willing to do.

There is no division among the Ohio operators. They are united, and all are willing to pay 51 cents. My latest advice are that the miners will call a meeting between now and May 15 for the purpose of reconsidering the offer of 51 cents, and this will probably adjust the differences now existing."

IRON-CLADS SIGNED.

New York and Cleveland Diggers Contract For Five Months.

All hopes of bringing out the miners employed by the New York and Cleveland gas coal company about Pittsburg have been abandoned by the striking miners. It has been learned that more than 500 of them signed iron-clad contracts to work at the 55-cent rate until November 1. Some of the operators claim that some signed to work for 45 cents.

The Shaner mine, which has been idle for several days, resumed work at the 60-cent rate. Last week the miners' officials succeeded in bringing the men out on a strike, and their going back is keenly felt by the strikers.

The striking miners at Blythe's works at Blytheville, a few miles above McKeesport, it is said, returned to work at the 60-cent rate. When they struck they were getting 59 cents and they demanded 60 cents.

OTIS STEEL CO. FAILS.

The Big Establishment at Cleveland in Receivers' Hands.

On a motion filed by counsel for English stockholders, Judge Stone, in common pleas court, at Cleveland appointed Alvin Carl and Fredward J. Benbow receivers for the Otis steel company of that city. Each of the receivers qualified in the sum of \$50,000. The works were sold in 1889 to English investors for \$4,800,000. They then showed an annual earning of over 10 per cent on the sum. The company was only owing \$300,000 business depression, and lost about \$300,000 during the past two years and its working capital became exhausted, although the claims of creditors other than its bondholders will not suffer. The stockholders in England met and passed resolutions to wind up the company and to reorganize with new capital. The bonds amount to \$1,500,000, and the stock to \$3,000,000, all of which was paid for in cash at par. There is to be no interruption in the business, as the order expressly requires it to be continued by the receivers. Judge Stone enjoined creditors from bringing attachment suits or levying upon the property of the company or interfering in any manner with the business of the receivers. A receiver has also been appointed for the company in England.

The company will be reorganized within a short time with its present capital of \$4,200,000 increased to \$5,000,000. The Otis steel company is the largest establishment in the world for the manufacture of boiler-plate steel, and large government contracts for armor plate have been filed.

Rising in Nicaragua.

Fighting has begun in Granada, Nicaragua. Disorder is reported also from Leon. Word comes from there that the followers of Ortiz, Zeruia and Macherro have united to make war on Zelaya. The Honduran troops concentrated at Cape Gracias will remain there, as it is feared that the threatened outbreak on the Mosquito reservation may extend here. The troops at Amalpa will be distributed along the coast. General Bonilla will take 4,000 men and go to President Zelaya's aid if requested.

To Be the Finest.

A contract has been signed, it is understood, for the construction of the finest American ocean steamer yet attempted on this side of the Atlantic, except the American liners. She will be built by the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company for the plant Steamship and Investment Company, which maintains lines between London, San Francisco and Yokohama, Boston, Halifax and Charlottetown. She will be over 400 feet long, 47 feet beam, and cost between \$5,000,000 and \$7,000,000.

Licked an Envelope.

Sigmund Forheimer, a cousin of the Peck, heimer brothers of Cincinnati, died in Cleveland from a peculiar cause. He had used his tongue to moisten the envelope on an envelope at the edge of the paper, and a slight cut. Some impurity or poison in the mailage appears to have caused blood poisoning, for the tongue swelled immediately and the man was in agony and in twenty-four hours was dead.

Two Tramps Killed.

Eastbound freight train No. 124 on the Lake Erie and Western railroad, left the track south of Collin, O. Two cars were piled up. Six tramps were stealing a ride upon an oil car, and two of them were killed. Those killed were: O. Byrny, of St. Mary's, O., and Finch, of Portland, Ind. The injured were: George Anderson, St. Mary's, leg broken, and injured internally; William Dupue, Portland, Ind. injured internally.

Americans Barred Out.

C. Monaghan, consul at Chemnitz, Germany, reports to the department of state that an effort is being made there to keep foreigners out of the technical and industrial art schools. Petitions to that effect are being circulated through Saxony. While the passport is general, their real object, it is said, is to keep out Englishmen and Americans.

The Chicago Tribune accuses the leather trust of putting up prices to a point that will give it a profit of \$1,000,000 a month.

STRUCK A ROCK.

A Schooner Wrecked and Many Lives Lost.

Mail advices from Kodiak, Alaska, by the steamer Topeka, confirm the report that the schooner C. D. White, San Francisco, was wrecked in a gale and snow storm on Kodiak Island, Bering Sea, April 22. One letter says 11 lives were lost, and another places the loss at 17. Capt. Inneson after the vessel struck a rock, drifted ashore on a piece of wreckage, but died an hour afterward from exposure. All but two men reached the shore, but the chilling blast of the gale and a blinding snow storm quenched the faint sparks of life in the exhausted bodies of the men. On the third day when a party of natives came along, six of the survivors were taken to Kodiak on the schooner Lescol for medical treatment. Their limbs were so badly swollen that amputation was necessary. Three others remained at the scene of the wreck, and the schooner could return to their assistance. The vessel is a complete loss the hull being ground into splinters. It was impossible to get a list of the dead from the survivors who reached Kodiak on their weak souls.

In the same gale the schooner Kodiak was ashore on Iktalik Island, 12 miles from Kodiak Island, and will probably prove a total loss. The crew reached shore, except the captain, who had his leg badly bruised. The schooner's crew reports that a large quantity of wreckage from the ill-fated collier Koveenaw came ashore in Rose harbor, Queen Charlotte Island. The Indiana secured several pieces of the steamer's timber, some of which bore the name of the vessel.

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FIRE ON THE RIOTERS.

Police in Chicago Compelled to Use their Revolvers.

Four policemen were injured, and one striker fatally shot in a riot of Illinois steel company strikers at South Chicago Wednesday. The riot followed a big mass meeting of the strikers held at Eighty-fourth street. About 1,000 men, and a few women, became so violent, and the men so demonstrative, that the leaders forced an adjournment. The crowd would not disperse, however, and a riot act brought a detail of 15 police officers, headed by Lieutenant Wagner to the scene.

The police ordered the crowd to disperse, but the order was met with hoots and threats from the women among the strikers daring the officers to shoot. The policemen finally charged with drawn revolvers, and were met with a volley of stones and slugs. Lieutenant Wagner and three of his men fell, and the other officers opened fire, sending about 25 slugs into the crowd. At the beginning of the firing the strikers fled, four of the leaders being arrested.

After the shooting the rioters gathered in groups about the steel works, threatening vengeance, and more trouble was anticipated by the police. The mills were kept under police protection, and the company's store of dynamite was heavily guarded all day.

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A BIBLE AND A SHOTGUN.

He Carried Both, Although He Was a Preacher, and Had Faith.

The panther scare has spread over the entire country, and is especially intense among the colored people, who not only believe all the wild stories they hear about the beast carrying women and children away in his cruel jaws, but will not be persuaded that there is no such cruel animal lurking round Jacksonville.

A reporter while riding in the settlement south of Panama, was halted through the woods by an old-time dandy preacher. He was an interesting type—short and bow-legged, and these bow-legs were incased in trousers so long they wrinkled at the heel. He had on a jim-swing, the tails of which wiped the dew from the huckleberry bushes along the trail he was pursuing. He had on a high standing collar, to spit over which he'd have to get on a stump. The collar was encircled by the very black face with its wrinkles and fringe of snowy beard was a silk hat that looked as if it had been brushed by a cyclone. The hat was several sizes too large, and had it not been tilted backward the ears upon which it rested would have been unable to support the burden.

As he halted, the reporter stopped and waited. The old man came up out of breath. The strangest part of his outfit was a double-barreled, muzzle-loading shotgun, loaded and capped. This was under one arm. Under the other was a Bible.

"Boss," said he, wiping his brow, "you hear anything 'bout a wild critter in dese yer woods?"

"Yes, I have heard of it, but I take no stock in it."

"Dee say hit's a panther?"

"So they do, but they are wrong. It's only a big dog that hangs out by the subtropical."

"I'm powerful glad to hab you say dat. Dese people 'round here, an' me, too, been gwine to church armed."

"So that's what you have the shotgun for?"

"Yesser. Ober at de church you'll most likely find a stack o' guns."

"But I see you have a Bible. Isn't faith better than a shotgun?"

The old fellow scratched his head. He was puzzled. "Yes, boss, faith is better'n a shotgun, but a shotgun is a handy thing to carry 'round to take care o' youssef and not gin de Lord no unnecessary trouble."—Jacksonville Times-Union.

AFTER THIRTY YEARS.

THE BUCKEYE STATE CONTRIBUTED THE STORY OF A VETERAN'S SEARCH.

How Fred Taylor, a Member of the Gale Unit 180th N. Y., V. I., Finally Found What He Sought Since the War Closed.

(From the *Ashtabula, Ohio, Beacon*.)

Mr. Fred Taylor was born and brought up near Elmira, N. Y., and from there enlisted in the 180th regiment, N. Y., V. I., with which he went through the war and saw much hard service. Owing to exposure and hardships during the service, Mr. Taylor contracted chronic diarrhoea, from which he has suffered now over thirty years, with absolutely no help from physicians. By nature he was a wonderfully vigorous man. Had he not been, his disease and the experiments of the doctors had killed him long ago. Laudanum was the only thing which afforded him relief. He had terrible headaches, his nerves were shattered, he could not sleep an hour a day on an average, and he was reduced to a skeleton. A year ago he and his wife sought relief in a change of climate and removed to Geneva, Ohio; but the change in health came not. Finally, on the recommendation of F. J. Hoffman, the leading druggist of Geneva, who was cognizant of similar cases which Pink Pills had cured, Mr. Taylor was persuaded to try a box. "As a drowning man grasps a straw, so I took the pills," says Mr. Taylor, "but with no more hope of rescue. But after thirty years of suffering and fruitless search for relief I at last found it in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The day after I took the first pills I commenced to feel better, and when I had taken the first box I was in fact a new man." That was two months ago. Mr. Taylor has since taken more of the pills and his progress is steady, and he has the utmost confidence in them. He has regained full control of his nerves and sleeps as well as in his youth. Color is coming back to his parched veins, and he is gaining flesh and strength rapidly. He is now able to do considerable outdoor work.

As he concluded narrating his sufferings, experience and cure to a *Beacon* reporter Mr. Taylor, who has been his faithful helper for many years, said he wished to add his testimony in favor of Pink Pills. "To the public at large I am glad to say that Mr. Taylor is a helpless invalid to whom man has been a blessing. Mr. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Taylor cannot find words to express the gratitude they feel or remember too highly Pink Pills to suffering humanity. Any inquiries addressed to them at Geneva, O., regarding Mr. Taylor's case, they will cheerfully answer, as they are anxious that the whole world should know what Pink Pills have done for them and that suffering humanity may be benefited thereby.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and build up the nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., for 10 cents per box or six boxes for \$2.50.

A bicycle with a patent saddle special, adapted to fat women is the latest.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS in Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of our preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.