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A. D. DEEMER & CO., ARNOLD BLOCK.

Silks—Of course you will want some Silks this spring. Every lady will want a silk waist or two. We have some elegant styles for ladies' waists. They are simple perfect and very cheap.

Linings—We have the new Sleeve Linings, which are indispensable this season.

Waists—We have an endless assortment. See them, in all styles for the coming spring.

Wrappers—Yes, we have them in all the Latest Patterns and Styles. You can save money and labor by using one of them.

Muslin Underwear—We carry a large line of these goods, including Night Dresses, Chemise, Corset Covers, Drawers and Skirts.

Black Sateens—Our line of Blk. Sateens embraces all prices. We have them in the plain and colored figures.

Serges—Take a look at them. We have them in all the leading shades, 46-in. wide, and price very low.

White Goods—Embroideries, India Linens, Plaid Indias and Striped Dimitys, Swiss Nainsooks.

Table Linens—One of the best values you ever saw. The weight is excellent and so is the quality.

Teazie Downs—Teazie Downs are known as Outing Flannels. We have them. The season is now here for that class of goods.

A. D. Deemer & Co.,
The Leaders, Not Followers.

Reynoldsville Hardware Co.,

DEALERS IN
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TIN, - SHEET IRON - AND - COPPER WARE,
AMMUNITION, - HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
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WE wish to inform the public that we are

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Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods AT COST!

We most respectfully ask that you come in and see our prices and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Tailor-made Suits to Order from \$17.00 up.

BOLGER BROS.,

Merchant Tailors and Gent's Furnishers.

THE BIBLE.

Manuscripts of the New and the Old Testaments Often Rewritten.

The New Testament, as we know it, comes down to us after having been kept for hundreds of years in manuscript form by the priests, "fathers of the church," and others. The writings have been copied and recopied probably scores of times, at least as often as occasion required, being always renewed before becoming unintelligible by use and wear. The two oldest of these manuscripts now known are the Codex Sinaiticus and the Codex Vaticanus, each of which dates from the fourth century. A. D. The languages originally used in this work were Hebrew and Greek, but after the year 800 A. D. the manuscripts were all, or nearly all, written in Latin. The last mentioned language was that adopted by the Roman church in their translations and was known as the "Vulgate," because commonly used in the churches. As far back as the seventh century portions of the Vulgate were translated into old English, and it was also the version used by Wicliffe (Wyclif), Parvey and their predecessors and was the first book printed from movable type, 1450-5.

Tyndale's version was from a German translation of the original Greek, made by Martin Luther.

The "authorized version," or King James' translation, was made by 47 of the most eminent British scholars and was finished in the year 1611. The Latin Vulgate was the main version used by them; but, so far as they were accessible, other manuscripts, both in the Greek and Hebrew, were consulted and compared.

The manuscripts of the Old Testament have had similar experiences, having been written and rewritten thousands of times since the first collection was put in writing by the priests and leaders of the Israelites, about the year 1500 B. C. All of the older copies have, of course, been worn out or lost ever since long before the birth of Christ, the oldest copies in manuscript form now in existence, so far as is known, dating from the year 500 A. D.—St. Louis Republic.

Jewish Immunity From Disease.

Out of a total population in New York of 1,891,000, 70.46 per cent, or 1,333,000, live in 39,138 tenement houses. Apartment houses of the better class are not included among tenement houses. It is a somewhat remarkable fact that the lowest death rate in the city is in one of the most thickly settled tenement house districts, occupied by some of the poorest people, in the wards where the Jewish population is the densest. The death rate among the crowded Jews was in 1891 only 18.73 to each 1,000, and in 1893 only 17.14. The comparatively clean habits of these Jews, their observance of the Mosala law about food and their abstinence from alcoholic liquors are given as explanations of their low death rate. In the Italian districts the death rate is double what it is among the Jews and the population not so dense, and even in the wards occupied by wealthy people the death rate is greater than among the Jews. The Fourth, Fourteenth and Eighth are the Italian wards, and the death rate in 1893 was 33.78, 35.12 and 31.98 respectively.—Springfield Republican.

One very hot day the late Dr. George E. Ellis, the historian, going to an informal dinner with a friend, wore a very comfortable but unfashionable thin coat and manilla hat. A notoriously orthodox clergyman began to banter the Unitarian divine regarding his big straw hat, whereupon Dr. Ellis replied that he would not have a word said against that article of apparel, inasmuch as it had been a good friend of his for four years. "Why," exclaimed his friend, "how could it have lasted so long?" "Because it has been Calvinized," replied Dr. Ellis. The host, misunderstanding the word, inquired with amazement how the hat could be galvanized. But Dr. Ellis, with a sly twinkle in his eye, looked straight at the orthodox minister as he replied: "I did not say 'galvanized.' I said the hat had been Calvinized—dipped in brimstone."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Not Sensitive.
Sophy (who accepted Mr. Charles Fleetwood the night before)—Does Mr. Fleetwood strike you as being a sensitive man, Pauline?
Pauline (who doesn't know of the engagement)—Gracious, no! A man who has been rejected by 14 girls within six months and gets fat on it cannot be sensitive. Why, Sophy, what's the matter?
She had fainted.—London Tit-Bits.

A Humble Part.
Theodorus—I always read the parliamentary reports very carefully, but have never come across any speech of yours yet.
Bernard (M. P.)—How is that? Have you never noticed the words, "Cheers and hear, hear?" That's where I come in.—Stuivers Blad.

He Didn't Catch On.
"May I—may I kiss those ruby lips?"
"Sir! Do not think of such a thing for one moment!"
"Well, I—I could hardly help asking, I beg your?"
"Don't you think, Mr. Hoppy, that one moment is up by this time?"—New York Recorder.

SECRETS OF THE HEART.

Deep down 'neath the bosom of the ocean,
Unmoulded by plummet or line,
At peace from the storm and commotion
That rages o'er its billows of brine,
There are secrets that time shall not fathom,
There are jewels unknown to earth's mart.
As deep, as true and as precious
Is the voice of the fond, faithful heart.
—Jessie Bartlett Davis.

SAWDUST VALUABLE.

Modern Discovery For the Utilization of a Heretofore Useless Effluent.

One of the methods whereby profit has been made from sawdust is the manufacture from it of oxalic acid, which is a simple process, producing a material in wide commercial demand in the art of dyeing and other chemical arts. As intimated, the process is not only simple, but the outfit for conducting it does not involve a large investment. The principles involved are not complicated, and the process can be carried out by cheap labor under the superintendence of a fairly intelligent director.

Oxalic acid is frequently met with in the vegetable kingdom, especially in combination with gases which destroy its poisonous character. Oxalate of lime is found in considerable quantity in the rhubarb plant. Oxalate of potash is found in the sorrel, and oxalate of soda in salicornia and sal soda. Formerly the acid was obtained from the sorrel, Oxalis acetosella, but more recently from sugar by the action of nitric acid upon it. The nitric acid and sugar are boiled for some time, then evaporated to dryness, and the oxalic acid formed is purified by crystallization from water. A much cheaper material than sugar is sawdust. In this case an alkali must be employed instead of an acid, as well as at a higher temperature. The operation is conducted in an iron vessel of suitable size and shape, and either caustic soda or potash is employed, the yield being greater with the latter.

Some recent experiments made go to prove that a mixture of 40 parts of caustic potash to 60 parts of caustic soda will produce as large a yield as when potash alone is used, provided the operation be performed in shallow vessels with thin layers of the material, avoiding as far as possible the fusing of the mass. Soft woods, such as pine and fir, produce larger quantities of oxalic acid than hard wood like oak. The proportion of the wood to alkali should not exceed 75 to 100, and the temperature should be about 480 degrees F.—Philadelphia Press.

Might or Right.

I have often asked my radical friends what is to be done if, out of every hundred enlightened voters, two-thirds will give their votes one way, but are afraid to fight, and the remaining third will not only vote, but will fight, too, if the poll goes against them. Which has, then, the right to rule? I can tell them which will rule. The brave and resolute minority will rule. Plato says that if one man was stronger than all the rest of mankind he would rule all the rest of mankind. It must be so, because there is no appeal. The majority must be prepared to assert their divine right with their right hands, or it will go the way other divine rights have gone before.

I will not believe the world to have been so ill constructed that there are rights which cannot be enforced. It appears to me that the true right to rule in any nation lies with those who are best and bravest, whether their numbers are large or small, and three centuries ago the best and bravest part of this English nation had determined, though they were but a third of it, that pope and Spaniard should be no masters of theirs.—Froude in Longman's Magazine.

Fortune's Freaks.

Twenty years ago a young man married one of the smartest young ladies anywhere round, and the young couple seemed to start in life with every prospect of happiness. But the girl was ambitious to be rich, and because she was not very much dissatisfied. After keeping her husband in a peck of trouble for a time she left him and got a divorce. He went into bankruptcy, and she very soon married a wealthy man and rode behind a span in a elegant carriage. Today the former bankrupt is wealthy and prosperous, has a new wife and a happy home. Every comfort surrounds them. His wife of other days now lives in poverty and has to scrub for the bread she eats. Her husband's wealth, under poor management, shrank to worse than nothing. The roses have gone from her cheeks and the light from her eyes. It's as complete a turn around as one ever saw.—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

Knife Blades.

Pocketknife blades are very unevenly tempered. Even in so called standard cutlery some blades are hard and some are soft. For the latter there is no remedy, but the temper of hard blades can easily be drawn slightly. Take a kitchen poker and heat it redhot, have the blade that is to be drawn bright and hold it on the poker for a moment. When the color runs down to violet blue, stick the blade into a piece of tallow or beef suet until cold.—New York Ledger.

Bronst plates inlaid with gold were found in an armorer's shop in Hercules.

Shiloh's Cure is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient consumption. It is the best cough cure. Only one cent a dose, 25cts., 50cts. and \$1.00. Sold by J. C. King & Co.

Owing to the size of our room, we find it impossible to have a Special Opening Day, but during this week we invite all to come and see the

Most Magnificent Stock

of GOODS ever brought to this city.

We have the Finest and Most Elegant

DRESS PATTERNS

in Silks and other goods that it is possible to find anywhere.

We have made a special effort to please the young ladies of our town by bringing a large line of

Light Silks for Waists

and other light goods for Party Dresses. Now, Ladies, is your opportunity to get party dresses cheap.

Fine Line Ladies' Spring Capes!

We arrived in the city just in time to get Special Bargains in

LACE CURTAINS!

and we intend giving our patrons the benefit of the same. Lace curtains from 30 cents up.

BING & CO.

CHEAPEST and BEST GOODS!

Ever brought to our town in Ladies' Spring and Summer Dress Goods!

Brandenberg never was sold less than 20 to 25c. per yard; will sell you now for 12 1/2.

Dimity, 12 1/2c.
Turkey Red Damask, 37 1/2
" " Prints, 05
Ginghams, 05
China Silk, 25

Better Goods than you can buy any place else.

The same Great Reduction in

Men's - and - Children's CLOTHING.

Children's Suits, \$.90
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" " " " " " 1.75
" " " " " " 1.50
Youths' Suits, \$3.25 to 8.50
Men's Flannel Suits, 5.50
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Come and examine my goods before you purchase elsewhere.

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L. J. McEntire, & Co.,

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Tobacco and Cigars, Flour

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Straw. Fresh goods always

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A share of your patronage

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