PRESIDENT TO CONGRESS.

ANOTHER BOND MESSAGE.

An Emergency Measure to Relieve the Treasury.

The President sent a message to congress Friday chiding that body for not giving him authority to issue gold bonds. He also made a recommendation, or suggestion, that Congress act within the next ten days and do exsetly what it refused to do Thursday, authorze the issuance of 3 per cent gold bonds.

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BECOMMENDS OOLD BONDS.

The privilege is especially reserved to the government to substitute at par within 10 days from this date in lieu of the 4 per cent.

The privilege is especially reserved to the government to substitute at par within 10 days from this date in lieu of the 4 per cent, old and bearing only 3 per cent. Interest if the issue of the same should in the meantime end of the same should in the meantime terms and the congress. The arrangement thus completed, which fiter careful inqury, appears, in present cir-desired, to be the best attinable, develops testing to be the best attinable, develops to be tween bonds made payable in gold in favor of the latter as is represented by three-former between bonds made payable in gold in favor of the latter as is represented by three-form of the latter as is represented by three-form from bonds under the privilegereserved, would be \$509,150, and amounting in 50 gent, coin bonds under the privilegereserved, would be \$509,150, and amounting in 50 gent, coin bonds under the privilegereserved, would be \$509,150, and amounting in 50 gent, coin bonds to the coin bonds, to 80,174,770. To course there never should be a doubt in of the bonds of the government which are discrimination in the judgment of investors between our bond obligations payable in gold is very significant. It is flaridly necessary to subject, the sentiments of preferences with those with whom we must negotiate in subject, the sentiments of or preferences with those with whom we must negotiate in formation of the congress promises between the transaction here infinated for the in-formation of the congress promises between the transaction here infinated for the in-formation of the congress promises between the direction of effectively adding to our gold reserve through the sale of bonds; and T be-present the arrangement made will add present of the arrangement made will add present of the arrangement made will add present in the arkets and in the payment all times in the arkets and in the payment of debs." Bigned) <u>GROVER CLEVELAND.</u> Executive Manneon, Feb, 8, 1905. of debts

(Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND. Executive Mansion, Feb. 8, 1895.

SPECULATION WAITING.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS. Summarized Proceedings of Our Law Makers at Washington.

FORTY-FOURTH DAY.

FORTY-FOURTH DAY. Senator Mantle, of Montana, took his sent to-day. This makes the senate evenly d-vided between Democrats on one side and Republicans and Fopulists on the other. The house passed the bill to temporarfly revive the rank of lieutenant-general of the army. The purpose is to authorize the promotion of Major-General Scholleid to that rank. It had already passed the senate. The Pacific railroad refunding bill was recom-mitted to the committee by the house. This practically kills the measure, as the vote was 177 to 105.

FORTY-FIFTH DAY.

FORTY-FIFTH DAT. SENATE.—The schate spent almost the en-fire day on the District of Columbia appro-priation bill. Among the bills passed was that for the establishment of a mational mili-tary park at Gettysburg, Pa., and for the ap-propriate marking of the chief points on that historic battle-ground. The bill has already passed the house. The senate passed the house bill establishing a code of signals for marigation on the lakes. The senate judiciary committee has decided to report favorably the bill for the retirement of Associate Justice Jackson.

the bill for the retirement of Associate Justice Jackson. House—The house to-day passed the agri-cultural appropriation bill, which carries \$5,293,100. An attempt to reduce the appro-priation for the distribution of seeds and the publication of the farmers' builetins from \$180,000 to \$56,000, the amount recommend-ed by the secretary of arriculture, failed. Representative Cooper, of Florida, has intro-daned a bill providing that elections shall be held to recommend for appointment all post-matters, except postmasters of offices of the first-class, and those whose compensations does not exceed \$100 per ansum. The elec-tion to be held in each date at the same time as that for congressman, in 1836, and in each fourth year thereafter.

FORTY-SIXTE DAY. SEXATE—The senate has modified the Jap-anese treaty so as to provide for its abroga-tion on one year's notice after it goes into effect. The administration is not satisfied, and reconsideration may be requested. The house to-day under the rule adopted yesterday promptly went into committee of the whole on the currency and banking bill.

FORTY-SEVENTH DAY.

FORTY-SEVENTH DAY. SENATE — The Hawaiian question in general and the Hawaiian cable in particular were the the main themes before the Senate to-day. The diplomatic coasular appropriation bill was taken up and would have been quick by disposed of, except for the item of \$5,000-000 for immediately beginning cable con-struction between the United States and Hawaii. Mr. Mills, Tex., made a point of order against the cable proposition, which is likely to rule it out, but the decision was which dutil senators could further debate Hawaii. Discussion of the bond bill continued in the

Discussion of the bond bill continued in the House,

FORTY-RIGHTH DAY.

FORTY-EIGHTH DAY. The House met at 11 o'clock to-day. Some routine business was transacted before the debate on the Bond bill was resumed. Mr. Grosvenor asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a joint resolution for the ap-pointment of a committee to investigate the validity of the election in Tennessee last No-vember. The resolution resided the allega-tions made by a large body of the citizens of that State that there was no legal election for State offleers, members of Coagress and mem-bers of the Legislature, and instructed the committee to investigate and report to the first session of the next Congress whether there was a valid election for members of Congress, and, if so, who had been elected. "I object to the consideration of that reso-lution," shouted Mr. Cox, Democrat, of Ten-nessee, "The State of Tennessee can take or of itself."

The sees. "The State of Tennessee can take care of itself." The House then went into committee of the whole, and resumed consideration of the Administration bill to authorize the issue of \$500,000,009 of gold bonds. The pending question was on the appeal from the decision of the chair ruling the amendment of Mr. Bland out of order. The chair was sustain-ed-130 to 52. The credentials of Lucian Baker as senator from Kanaas, for the term begianing March 4 were presented to the Senate to-day.

FORTY-NINTH DAY.

The senate to-day occupied its time in a debate on Hawaiian affairs, the subject being considered in connection with the cable ap-propriation in the diplomatic and consular bill. The president's message relating to Hawaii was received and read, amid im-

Hawali was received and read, amid impressive silence. The proposition to provide a commission to ascertain the feasibility of a canai to connect the Great lakes with the Atlantic was favorably reported to the senate. The senate on motion of Mr. Sherman, yestarday unanimously passed a bill appropriating $\hat{\epsilon}$ 10,000 for the relief of the poor of Washington. It was immediately sent to the house and unanimously passed there. The house war claims committee reports that there are before congress nearly 4,000

NEWS FROM THE CAPITAL

NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Reed's New Bond Scheme-Estimated Revenue Surplus.

During the discussion of the bond bill 'uesday Mr. Roed said he would send to the desk the plan he had formulated. It might be changed or modified. He was not insistant on having it considered as a substitute or

in any other particular relative to the pending bill. But it avoided the question of putting a "gold" bond against the "coin"

of the past; it avoided other complications promised by the original measure. Section 1 of Mr. Reed's still authorizes the

Beetion 1 of Mr. Results and authorizes the secretary of the treasury to issue 3 per cent bonds payable after five years, similar to the bonds insued under the resumption act. Sec-tion 2 enables the secretary of the treasury to pay the current expenses of the government, so long as the current revenues shall be de-ficient by selling certificates of indebtedness, bearing not to exceed 3 per cent interest, re-deemable in coin.

An attempt was made Monday in the house to pass an omnibul bill for payment of bills for supplies confiscated from loyal people in the South during the war, amounting to \$718,-563. It excited much opposition, especially from Fennaylvania members interested in Pennaylvania war claims, amounting to \$1,000,000, and not included, the measure was defeated 95 to 148.

Revenue Estimates.

Bevenue Estimates. Transury officials generally express the opinion of Secretary Carlisle's estimate of a surplus of 622,500,000 for the calendar year 1895 is conservative. It is urged that the customs duty on sugar alone should bring in at least 635,000,000 during the next eleven months, and that the revenue from the in-come tax is likely to reach \$40,000,000. The receipts from general customs and from whisky withdrawals are expected to ma-terially increase from now on, which it is be-lieved will bring the receipts for the twelve months up to about \$380,300,000. The in-ternal revenue officials in flagring on the re-ceipts from income taxation, estimate that celpts from income taxation, estimate that the returns prior to July 1, will amount to \$10,000,000 and for the remaining six months \$30,000,000.

BOTH BILLS DEAD.

The Administration Financial Measure and Reed Substitute Defeated.

The last hope of financial legislation for the relief of the treasury at the present ses-sion of congress went by the boards when the

sion of congress went by the boards when the House Thursday afternoon, by a vote of 134 161, rejected the administration bill to auth-orize an issue of \$500,000,000 gold bonds. The bill was beaten before it reached the last preliminary stage. This result was reached after three days of spirited and at times heat-ed debate, and at the end of a seven-hour section.

Session. From 11 until 3:30 o'clock, when the bill with the pending substitutes was reported to the house from the committee of the whole, amendments were offered in rapid succession most of which were voted down at fast as they were offered. Many of them were de-signed to load down the bill, and the votes thereon were in no sense test votes. The Beil amendment, for instance, to make the bonds payable in gold and silver, was defeated by the decisive vote of 76 to 106, while the bill was defeated by 134 to 161. Both the Beed and Cox substitutes, with the amendment: thereto, were rejected after the bill was re-ported to the hous. The Reed substitute, authorizing the issue of coin bonds for the replenishment of the gold reserve, and certificates of indetedeness to defray any deficiencies in the provenues, was lost—100 to 187. It was a party vote save for the fact that sevan democrats and Cannon, of California, voted for it. When the question came up on third reading, and engrossment of the bill, the whole opposition concen-trated. From 11 until 3:30 o'clock, when the bill

trated.

An Ancient Dispute Settled.

President Cleveland has given his decision as an arbitrator on the questions at dispute beween Brazil and the Argentine Republic, and which were referred to the president of the United States on the motion of the pan-American congress that met in Washington five years ago. This is probably one of the oldest international law-suits an record. The controvery was over territory in the Brazi-ian state of Parana, and included about 12,-000 square miles, or about the size of Mary-land, with a population of 7,000. The terri-tory is very valuable, as within its limits are to be found every diversity of land, rivers, calleys, upland plateaus and mountain dis-tricts believed to be rich in minerals. The territory is now under jurkediction of Brazil, and President Cleveland in his award sus-tains the claim of Brazil to it in every par-ticular. President Cleveland has given his decision and President Cleveland in his award sus-ticular. The origin of the dispute as to the bound-ary runs back to the times of the early spanish explorers, soon after the times of Columbus, and some idea of the voluminous character of the documents in the case may be had from the fact that they run as far back as 1494, two years after the discovery of America, coming down to a treaty made in 1880, taking in four centuries. The initial question related to the meridian traced by Pope Alexander VI, modified by the treaty of Tordesillas, of June 7, 1494, and which pro-posed to define the boundary line of the varies of Spain and Portugal in the new world. Brazil was Portugal in the new world. Brazil was Portugal in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. Neither of these countries, however, paid much attention to the resources of the country in dispute. Its real value was discovered by the English, and it was their immigration that caused dis-cord to brack out new between Brazil and Argentine as to the title of the territory. This has been definitely settled, as stated, by the award of President Cleveland, sus-taining the claims of Brazil on all points submitted. submitted.

KEYSTONE CULLINGS. (tems of Interest from all Over the Com-

<text><text><text><text><text><text><text> Important Measures Considered by Our monwealth. Wm. Stuart, who claims to be a descend-

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE

Lawmakers.

Sixty-four bills were read the first time.

unt of William Penn, and is seeking to ob-ain possession of valuable land, which he asserts Penn bequenthed to his heirs, has won

userts Penn bequenthed to his beirs, has won the first step in his fight. He succeeded in getting four judgments in the Luzerae county courts. They are against Hugb Williams, Wm. Freeman, F. R. Watts and Wm. H. Nash, who are in possession of property in Plymouth township. Stuart, whose residence is in London, came here about six months ago for the purpose of pros-cuting his claim.

HOME AFTER FORTY YEARS. Note AFTER FORTY TEARS. After an absence of forty years Philip Friboly has returded to his former home in Dreher township, near Milford. When a lad of 16 he suddenly disappeared. He went West and never heard a word from his fam-ily, Since then both of his parents have died. Charles Friboly resides at the old house, and the return of the long-separated trothers was a very happy affar.

ALIGHTED ON A SNAG.

ALIGHTED ON A SXAG. On Saturday night Patrick Scanlon, of Jeannette, attended a birthiday party in that vičinity. While on the way home he fell over an embankment, alighting on a sing, which penetrated his addomen and rendered him nelpless. He lay there until Sunday about P o clock, when he was found by a man ham-ed Lenhart. He was so budly frozen that amputation of both feet will be necessary to iate his life.

THREE MINERS FATALLY HURT. THIME MINERS FATALLY BUAT. A serious accident happened at the new Maxwell shaft, Ashioy, Tuesday evening. An iron bucket containing 40.º pounds of rock was being holsted up the snart when the beavy wooden guide holding the bucket in position fell a distance of 20 feet. Patrick Melnire and Michaei and Anthony Walsh were probably fatally injured.

AN OLD COUPLE MARRIED,

Sixty-four bills were read the first time. TUENDAY—The following bills finally pass-ed in the house: An act to establish a de-partment of agriculture, at the head of which shall be a secretary at a salary of \$3,500, and to define its duties and provide for its proper administration. An act making an appro-priation of \$25,000 for the Peansylvania soldiers' orphan industrial school for the completion and turnishing of buildings and the improvement of grounds. Making the standard weight of a bushel of onions 64 pounds. Granting an annuity to William W. snowden, of Elizabeth, Alicabeny county. inte a private in Company I, Fourteenth Regiment. John Embaugh, of New Brighton, and Mra, Elizabeth Fields, of Industry, were married by Father Freeling, of the Roman Catholic Shureh. The groom is 65 years old and the The stories in regard to the destitute con-

The stories in regard to the destitute con-dition of Washington county miners have been officially confirmed. W. B. McKennon, county director of the poor, reports that miners in that vicinity are in such a con-dition that if aid is not quickly furn, hed some of the sufferers will die from starvation. Mr. McKennon says that twenty families, which embrace about 100 persons, must be furnished with food and clothing at once.

While William Burholder, a Pennsylvania railroad fireman, at Watt's Station, near Columbia, was waiking along the railroad track in front of his house, Monday, he lound the mangled body of his son. It is supposed that the boy had been stealing a ride to his home and feli under the train.

Measles have broken out at Verona, and the epidemic is so violent that one-half the pupits of the Verona public school are unable to attend. One physician reports that he has 0 cases under his care. The epidemic is spreading to the surrounding country.

Mrs. Sechler, a widow, 60 years old, living near Greeuville, was threatened with death and cruelly tortured by three masked men, who secured only \$4.50. The old woman was found gagged and bound some hours later, and is how in a critical condition.

The sheep pens of Farmer Hunter, of Ohio-ville, Beaver county, were entered by dogs Saturday night and 40 sheep killed outright and many others badly injured. It is alleg-ed the dogs were let into the pen by a neigh-

Harry Fleck, William Reprogle, I. Gordon, alias Schreeenengust and a man named Wolf are charged with the robbery of the James Coon lumber camp, near Punxsutawney. Fleck has been arrested. The rest are serving time in jail for other offenses.

The Woman's relief corps. of Johnstown, have sent between \$500 and \$000 worth ef-provisions and clothing to famine-stricken Nebraska, and the Johnstown churches have

decided to send some money.

Mrs. John Kauffman became a raving maniac after witnessing the disfigurements of her brothers-in-law, the Kaufman boys, who were frightfully burned in a powder explo-sion at Hankers station a few days ago.

pounds. Granting an annuity to William W. Snowden, of Elinabeth, Allegheny county, late a private in Company I, Fourteenth Bernard. WEDNERSAN-Senator Film presented the anti-Greater Pittsburg petitions in the Seuate to-day from Carnegie, Beilevue, Daquesne, Edgewood, Espien and Crafton. The bill introduced by Mr. Landis, provid-ing for the purchase and placing of American flags on public school buildings, was the cause of a spirited debate and some bilarity in the senate. The wording of the bill was deemed absurd by Senators Hackenberg and Gobin, especially where it provided that the wool from which the builting is to be made must be grown by American worknen. It was pointed, out that wool grew on sheep, and that the bill, if passed as it was, would be a subject of ridicule. General Gobin, on its flant passage, refused to vote for it, declar-ing that honest patriotism could not be manu-tatured by legislation. The bill went through it is original condition. Mr. Kline, Luzerne, reintroduced the county sairy bill which was vetoed by Governor Patison two years affo. It applies to coun-ties of over 130,000 inhalitants, and increases the salaries of all the county officials. The house got another batch of bills to consider among them: Moreorporating institutions of learning, with power to confer degrees in art, selence and www. The set creates a board called the "officing institutions of learning, with powers to confer degrees in art, selence and and university council," composed of the governor, attorney-speaseral, subjection and university council, "composed of the governor, attorney-speaseral, subjection and inspirity of property holders of a district aball remonstrate against the grant and when a majority of property holders of a district aball remonstrate against the grant point of license, the court shall refuse all and on inspirity of property holders of a district aball remonstrate against the grant were introduced approprinting \$10,000 to the Pittbour selling, receiving and transmitting bet module in pro An lee gorge has formed in the Conemaugh river, extending from the dam at Conemaugh furnace to the Cambria Iron Company's water works, a distance of more than four Herbert Bloom, aged 6 years, secured a bottie of beliadonna from the mantel in his father's home at Johnstown Sanday night, and drank a large portion. He died soon

Thrushar - The Marshall bill repealing the act prohibiting the consolidation of compet-ing pipe line companies was reported to the House to-day from the Committee on Corpor-ations, to which it was recommitted a week ago. The bill has been read the second time in the House, and is on the calendar for con-sideration on third reading next Tuesday.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES

It is a notable fact that in three States of the Union, New York, New Jersey and lilinois, there are bills before the Legislature to cur-tail the big theater hats.

An effort will be made in the Alabama Legislatute to experiment with the dispen-eary law, and a bill has been introduced to that effect.

A bill to establish the whipping post for petty offenders has been rejected by the Tennessee Senate by an almost unanimous vote.

A bill has been introduced in the Indiana senate to prevent horse-racing between No-vember 15 and April 15.

Charges of a serious nature will be report-ed to the Indiana Legislature, as the result of an official inspection of the Feeble-Minded Institute at Fort Wayne.

Two of the men who are now serving time in the Kansas penitentiary have served time in her legislature.

A bill for an appropriation of \$26,000 to es-tablish a plant in which to cultivate anti-toxine, was introduced in the Illinois senate.

The Oregon legislature has passed a joint resolution for a constitutional amendment to allow women to vote.

A bill will be presented in the New York Legislature to legalize racing. If it passes, an amendment will be proposed to the anti-gambling amendment of the Constitution.

A bill has been reported to the Indiana House, with chances favoring its passage, fixing salaries of state and county officers. All fees of State officers are abolished, and the compensation of county officers is raised 10 to 20 per cent,

A TEMPERANCE SALOON.

An Interesting Experiment Begun in Chicago. The first of the so-called "Home Saloons" was opened Tuesday night at 69 West Adams street, John A. Nichol and several ladies acted as assistants to the barkeeper, and one acted as assistants to the barkeeper, and one pretty miss played the piano, while the tem-perance topers drank. Several elergymen dropped in during the evening, took their drinks, sampled the free lunch, and went on. With 5-cent drinks sonp and sandwiches are served. With 10-tent drinks a meni is given. Papers and maganines are strewn about and there are several checker and chess boards in this saloon. Later on there will be a roof garden.

MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.		
THE WHOLESALS PRICES ARE GIVE	-	low.]
Grain, Flour and Fee WHEAT-No. 1 red	d. 52643825	
Dairy Products, BUTTER-Eigin Creamery	23911119	
Fruit and Vegetables		
APPLES—Fancy, w bbi BEANS—Hand-picked, per bu	1 25	41 002 00 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000
Poultry, Etc.		
Live Chickens, & pair Live Ducks, & pair Dressed Oucks, & 10. Dressed Chickens, & 10. Breased Turkeys, & 10. Redge - pa, and Onio, fresh. FEATHERS-Extra itye Genes, & 10. No. 11 fx. Live Genes, & 10. No. 11 fx. Live Genes, & 10. Country, large packed.	60	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Miscellaneous,		
SEEDS-Clover 62 lbs	1 50 G 50 1 40	6 40 2 93 1 60

pride 62.

No Better Demand for Manufactured Products.

R. G. Dun & Co. say:

No advance in the prices of manufactured products indicate a better demand. On the contrary, iron and steel products have slightly

contrary, iron and steel products have slightly declined for the week and month, and in comparison with prices of October, 1800, are but 4.1 per cent. against 54.8 per cent. January 1. During the week the demand has been checked by the higher prices at Pittsburg, so that Bessemer iron receded a little, while structural products, in spite of some large contracts, are a sindle lower. Some reductions are reported in bar iron, and the demand for rails does not increase. There is a little better tone at Philadelphia. Sales of pig are quite heavy there. At Chi-rage pig iron is in better demand, and fair orders are coming for bar, but structural or-ders are delayed by severe weather. This has been lifted a shade by apeculation, and lead is steady, but copper is slow of sale and weak at 3.8 efor lake. No improvement in the prices of land pro-

Is steady, but copper is slow of sale and weak at 3.6e for lake. No improvement in the prices of land pro-ducts has resulted on the somewhat active speculation during the week, wheat being only 1/2 higher than a week are. Receipts of corn have been small, but prices have slightly advanced. Prices of cotton are un-changed, although the receipts continue un-usually large for the season. Mill operations in the Pittsburg district continue very active. The advanced prices asked for Besemer pig, billets, wire, wire mails and pipe have checked the demand to a considerable extent. The outlook for a heavy demand for build-ing material, according to the Iron Age, could hardly be better. (considerable work has already been secured and much more is in sight.

More trouble in the coke region is appre-manded with the return of warm weather. It is not improbable, however, that some ad-vance in prices and wages may take plane werted. The leaders of the coke workers have commenced a compaign angles the output of the commensue of the coke workers and expect to bring outside influences to bear and the leaders of the coke workers have commenced a compaign angles the company stores in the Connelisville region, and expect to bring outside influences to bear and the leaders of the coke workers have commenced a compaign angles to be the Bellister and works for some months is been to be used in the seconstruction on some time this month. The old stack while blown out and rebuil. The Fayette Manufacturing Company has foreigned as contract from the filtinois Steel company to furnish magnesis brick and of the cyen heart furnace. Mackintosh, Hephill & Co., of Pittsburg, are working on a large universal mill for the Bethleum Steel & Iron Co. More trouble in the coke region is appre

Distress in Kansas

Distress is shown in western Kansas, as it has prevailed in Nebraska, by the legislature of the former state voting \$50,000 to be im-medistely applied for the purchase of food, and the same same to be used for providing

that there are before congress nearly 4,000 claims, aggregating about \$40,000,000, which no department has authority to audit and settle. The committee suggests the president be authorized to appoint a non-partism com-mittee to determine the law and the facts of

FIPTIETH DAY.

The house adopted an amendment to an appropriation bill providing for employing clerks for members during recess of congress at \$100 per month each. The senate passed a resolution for a joint commission with Canada to examine into the feasibility of a ship canal from the Great lakes to the Atlantic.

Senator Tarple and Representative Cooper, of Indiana have introtroduced resolutions providing for a commission to make prelim-inary surveys and estimates for a ship canal to connect Lake Michigan and the Wabash

river. By a vote of 36 to 25 the senate approved the immediate appropriation of \$550,000 for for a cable to Hawaii the bill authorizing the president to coutract, for the whole work at a cost of about \$8,000,000. Morgan, Gor-man, Hill, Butler, Call and White, Demo-Democrate, voted with the Republicans and Populisis in favor of the cable.

RESCINDED THE GRANTS.

Brooklyn Board of Aldermen Annul Rights of Way Given to Trolley Lines. The Brooklyn board of aldormen at a meet-

ing Monday afternoon adopted the resolutions presented by the representatives of the striking motormen and conductors rescinding the Ing interview and conductors rescaling the franchises and privileges granted to the Brooklyn trolley lines which are connected with the present strike. The vote stood 10 for to 6 against. The shalrman voted in the negative. One of the alderman said the action of the board was not legal, claiming that the aldermen had no right to revoke the privileges granted to the roads.

Bailroad Sold.

The Western, New York & Pennsylvania railroad was sold at public auction on the steps of the government building at Pits-burg Tuesday morning for \$1,000,000, subject to an indebtedness of \$1,00,0,000 of first mortgage bonds. The sale was made in pu-suance of an order issued by Judge Buffing-ton, sitting in the United States circuit court, on foreclosure of the second mottgage bonds, which were issued to the amount of \$20,000.-000.

Two Bills.

Bill Cook and Cherokes Bill have been convicted on two of the numerous charges against them, and have to stand trial others with little hope of acquittal, and two of Mr. Cook's henchmen met denth at Claremont, I. T., while sugaged in the occupation of holding up ageneral store.

A Competitor.

The extent of which Argentina is becoming a successful competitor with the United States in the European wheat supply is shown by the fact that in 1402 while the United Staby the fact that in 1802 while the United Sta-tes sent to Germany 6.302,000 tons of wheat to 661,700 from Argentina, in 1894 that coun-try passed us in the commercial race, and sent 3.196,180 tons to Germany while the United States sent 3.054,669. Argentina is becoming a leading lactor in the European wheat market. Its resources in wheat pro-duction are as great as those of the United States.

Lost on the Lakes.

The agricultural department has issued a report showing that 65 lives were lost in 1894 on the Great lakes and connecting rivers; 44 vessels, valued with cargoes at 6643,243, were lost, and 68 vessels with cargoes were dam-aged, \$349,544. On May 15, 26 vessels were wrecked and 26 lives lost by storm, 10 vessels and 8 lives being lost in Chicago harbor. The property loss is 47 per cent, and the life loss 28 per cent, less than in 1893.

Peace Envoys

Peace Envoys. A dispatch to the London Times from Pekin says that full powers have been tele graphed to the Chinese peace envoys with a view of a renewal of the negotiations with Japan. The envoys are now at Nagasaki Japan, whither they went after the Japanes government refused to treat with them, thele credentials being imperfect in not clothing them with plenary power to conclude a peace.

Four men were killed by a boller explosion Biountaville, Ind.

after.

The residence of James McGuire, at Lilly, Cambria county, was burgiarized Sunday night and \$25, in money, a waten and some ilverware taken.

The Blair county bar association passed resolutions condemning the Kunkel bill, now in the legislature, to establish circuit courts of appeal of appeal

John Downing, of Wampum, hit Curtis Hill, a colored barber, on the nose, Hill bled to death before the hemorrhage was sheeked.

Harry Testers, 20 years old, of Greensburg, shot his mother Saturday evening because she objected to him bringing liquor home. Mrs. Testers may die.

Ten-year-old Opal Berthel, of Mt. Pleasant feil while skating, and a lead pencil in her pocket penctrated har side to a depth of three inches, inflicting a probably fatal wound.

Postmaster Clark, of Erie, appointed Joseph 3. Detzel to fill the vacascy caused by the Kellogg.

Mrs. Harry Bearle of Beaver Falls, will sue Peter Dottrell and John Harris, of Youngs-town, O., for \$300 on the grounds that her husband lost money gambling with them.

Four men tried to rob the residence of James Mayo, a tarmer of Nottingham town-ship, near Monongahela Tuesday night, but were frightened away.

Charles Mercer, aged 60 years, committed suicide at Reading by turning on the gas in the office of Kisenger & Mercer, wholsale grain dealers.

A man named Simpson of Red Bank, was irowned while trying to skate across the

Through the Ice.

At Milwaukee, Wis., an electric car on the Russel-ave line lined with people went through an open draw of the Kianikinnic aridge Monday. The weight of the car broke the lee and the car went to the bottom of the river. The car struck endwise on the lee, through which it pluaged into the water. The motorman was drowned and two pas-sengers lost their lives.

An enormous advance in the price of fur skins has been made in London, caused by the slow extinction of the more valuable

sideration on third reading next Tuesday. Bills were introduced by Mr. Focht repeal-ing the act for the protection of German carp, making it a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$100, to be applied to the im-provement of the public roads, to permit the waste water or drainage from any tannery, dye house, bleaching house, paper mill or gas works, to enter into or flow along any of the streams and waters of the State, A till pre-sented by Mr. Moore, of Chester, prevents the killing of quail for five years.

THUBSDAY-The Marshall bill repealing the

FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

Twenty States Represented at the Meeting at Raleigh.

The Supreme Council of the Nations Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union met in annual convention at Raleigh, N. C., Feb.

5. United States Senator-elect Marion But

5. United States Senator-elect Marion Bui-ler, President of the National Alliance, called the council to order and presented Mayor Badger, who delivered the address of wel-come. President Mowborne, of the North Carolina State Alliance, welcomed the coun-cil on behalf of the State. Responses were made by H. L. Loucks, of South Dakota, ex-President of the organization, and I. F. Dean of New York. Delegates were present from twenty States.

of New York. Delegates were present from twenty States. The Alliance had a banquet Wednesday night. During the speechmaking Mr. Bri-k-er said the Pennsylvania agency of the alli-ance did business in excess of \$500,000 annu-ally, which resulted in a saving to the far-mers of hundreds of thousands of dollars. Farmers had been enabled to buy fertilizers at a saving of \$5 to \$7 per top, when fertiliz-zers were purchased through the business agency.

agency.

Grain Crops in 1894.

Grain Crops in 1894. The reports of the Department of Agricul-ture gives estimates, some of them prelimi-nary, of the grain crops last year in the principal grain growing regions. Our own country showed an increase of 64,000,000 bushels in wheat, but a loss of 407,000,000 bushels of corn, as compared with 1803. In Europe there was a partial failure of crops in the Eastern portion, but it was large-ly offset by gains in the Western part.

Murdered Near Eserum

Advices from Paris state that Le Valo, the leading cycling journal, asserts that it has re-ceived a dispatch from reliable sources that Frank Lenz was killed by Khurds near Ez-crum. This is near the point Lenz was last heard from on May 7, 1894.

Both to Blame.

An investigation by a special correspond-ent of the Associated Preas in Armenia shows that the atrocities have not been exaggerated in the least. The Armenians themselves, however, are partly to blame, as they im-posed frightfol cracity on Turks, as well as Turks on Armenians.

Blue Grass RAGS-Country mixed. HONEY-White Clover. Buckwheat MAPLE SYRUP, new GIDER-Country, sweet, bid	140 16 10 50 4 50	100 17 100 00
CINCINNATI.		
FLOUR WHEAT-NO 2 Red. RYE No 2 CORN-Mixed	# 61/3 # 61/3	3 40 54 55
OATS EGGS BUTTER-Objo Creamery	91 33 19 32	94 94
PHILADELPHIA		
PLOUR WHEAT-No. 2 Red. CORN-No. 2 Mixed. DATS-NO. 7 White BUTTER-Creanaery, extra. EGGS-Pa. firsts	* 3 55 5 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 5	4 00 58 4734 10 24 24 24
NEW YORK.	1.11	7
FLOUR—Patents. WHEAT—No. 2 Red. NYE—State. CORN—No. 2 OATS—White Western. BUTTEIt—Creamery. EGGS—State and Fenn	1 90 (6) 57 54 40 33 16 30	15 55 50 84 21

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LIVE STOCK, CENTRAL STOCE YARDS, EAST LIDERTY, PA

Not a sector						
Prime, 1,400 to 1,600 lbs. Good, 1,200 to 1,400 lbs. Good butchers 1,300 to 1,300 lbs 1dy, 1,000 to 1,1007. Pair light steers, 900 to 1,000 lbs Common, 700 to 90075 BOGS.	0440023	6000000 000	8	0444400	3400004	
Philadelphias Best Yorkers and mixed Common to fair Yorkers	- 4	405510			50-85 85 85	
Extra, 98 to 105 lbs	1	00 50 50 50 50		4	57000	
Chicago, Cattle-Common to 82 Jugil 100, stockers and feeder tows and buils, 61 Jogs 33; caive Hogs-heavy, 81 Jogs 10; comm mixed, 83 Jogs 63 S0; pizs, 62 Jogs 7 perfor to choice, 82 Jugil 10; hambs Cincinnati-Hogs-select shippe butchers 64 20104 25; fair to good 04 10; fair to light 82 S506 J0;	and, and	●2 10月1日 ●2 101000000000000000000000000000000000	25-G Sha cb S5-G S5-G S5-G S5-G S5-G S5-G S5-G S5-G	13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	55 5 00 th 15 10	

rough 3 50to4 (0 Cattle good shippers 4 10to good to choice 4 10to 50 fair to medium 31 500; common \$20000 00 Shep-extra 4 4 50; pood to choice \$3,25to4.00; common to \$1.75 to3.00

Wool.

PHILADELPHIA -- Wool in fair demand: prices firm; Ohio, Penneyivania and West Virginia XX and above. If 218: X and above foo fro; medi-um 206 file; justfor blood 216285; common, 19,300; New York, Michigan, Wisconsin, etc., at Pairte; X. Digite; medium, Baste; quarter blood, 5031c; common, frailfe; washed, comb-firg, delains fine, Baste; medium 21622c; coarse, 5031c; com 22428; unwashed medium i6a17c; low medium 17a18c

Thomas & Karr, clothiers, Johnstown, have

river.

Johnstown council wants the Pennsylvania railroad to replace the famous stone bridge by some other sort of structure.

James C. Brannigan, a laborer, was struck by a train at Watson station, and instantiy killed.