NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

THE INCOME TAX.

Secretary Carlisle Approves the Regula-tion: Already Prepared.

The Secretary of the Treasury has approved the regulations prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for the enforcement of the collection of the income tax

under the late tariff act. Under the regulations provided and ap-

woved pursuant to law every citizen of the proved pursuant to haw every citizen of the United States, whether residing at home or atroad and every person residing or doing business in the United States who has an an-nual income of more than \$3,500 shall make a full return of the same, verified by his oath to the Collector of Internal Revenue of the collection district in which his business of prop-ery from which is come is situated, on or be-fore the first monday in March in each year. The first return under the law shall be The first return under the law shall be made on or before the first Monday in March,

1895, and shall include all income from every source received in the year 1894 from the 1st day of January to the Sist day of December in sold years

day of January to the sist day of December in said year. Guardians, trustees and all persons and corporations acting in any fiduciary ca-pacity are required to make similar returns on or before the date mentioned, for all minors, wards or beneficiaries for whom they act. Persons having less than \$3,500 annual income are not required to make the return, but all persons having an income in excess of that amount, whether it reaches the taxable limit of \$4,000 or not, must make return as prescribed. pened. EIGHTH DAT. SWATE.—The time of the senate to-day was occupied chiefly by Senator Morrill, of Vermont, on general legislation. It was an attack on the Populists. Mr. Higgins pre-sented a resolution calling on the president and secretary of state for correspondence on the subject of mediation on the part of the United States between China and Japan. It was laid over null tomorrow. The Nicerarguan canal bill was then taken up. Mr. Dolph, of Oregon, said the people of the Pacific coast were a unit in invor of the bill. In a brief speech Mr. Sherman pointed out that the only of the Nicaragann bill that he was not entirely satisfied with was the amount to be paid to the inaritime company, which he thought was entilled only to the amount to the money expended in the carprise thus far. The black form prescribed by the regula-The black form prescribed of persons con-

The blank form prescribed by the regula-tions for the annual returns of persons con-tains a list specifying all sources of income and all allowable deductions, to be filled out by the person making the same, with foot-ings for gross income and total deductions al-lowed, leaving the taxable income upon which the 2 per cent, tax will be assessed. The affidavit attached to the list must be subscribed and sworn to by the istron mak-

The affidavit attached to the list must be subscribed and sworn to by the person mak-ing the rotorn, and is to the effect that the affiant has included in said return all gains, profils and income from every source what-ever received by him or to which he is justly entitled for that year, and that he is honestly and truly entitled to make all; the deductions entered on his return and that h is has truly naswored the interrogatories set forth on said binns form. blank form.

WHAT IS INCLUDED.

WHAT IS INCLUDED. When completed and duly verified by the oath of the person rendering the same the return must be delivered by mail or other wise to the collector between January 1 and the first Monday of March in each year. The gross gains, profits and income re-turned by persons shall include: First-Gross profits of any trade, business or vocation, wherever carried on. Second-Rents received or accrued during the year.

sumed. It was debated until 3 o clock, NINTH DAY. SEXATE.—Senator Gray made an unsuccess-ful attempt to have considered in the senate to-day the bill reported from the finance committee striking out all the differentia duty in favor of reflaed sugar and leaving al sugar dutinble at 40 per cent ad valorem. There were a great many absentees, so that the deleat was not so decisive as to discour-age further efforts of the same kind. The majority vote of 10 against taking up the closure resolution which followed indicates, it is believed, the improbability of changing the rules at this session. Mr. Morgan again addressed the senter on the Nicaragan bill and in concluding expressed his intention of soon asking that unanimous consent be given fixing a time for a vote on the bill.

the year. Third-Profits from sales of real estate pur

Chased within two years. Fourth-Farming operations and proceeds Fifth-Money and value of all personal property acquired by gift or inheritance. Sixth-Premium on bonds, stocks, notes

Seventh-Income from trade or profession not by stated salary and not heretofore enum-

Eighth—From salary or compensation other than that received from the United

States, Ninth-From salary or compensation other than that received from the United

Tenth-Undivided gains and profits of any

Tehla-Charlotter gains and profits of any partnership. Eleventh-Interest received or accrued from all notes, bouds or other securities. Tweifth-Interest on bonds or coupons paid of any corporation. Thirteenth-Dividends from corpora-

tions. Fourteenth-Income of wife or minor child

Fifteenth-All other sources of income not

above enumerated. THE DEDUCTIONS ALLOWED.

The deductions allowed on the return and therein enumerated are: First-Four thousand dollars exempt by

law. Second-Interest due and paid within the

year. Third-National, State, county, school and municipal taxes paid, not mending assess-ments for local benefits. Fourth-Amount expended in purpose or production of live stock or produce sold

Fourth-Amount expended in purpose or production of live stock or produce sold within the year. Fifth-Necessary expenses, specified by items, actually incurred in carrying on any

Sixth-Louses actually sustained during the

EASTERN WAR NEWS.

An Outline of the Work in the Senate and House. CHINESE AGAIN BEATEN. BEVENTH DAY. SEXATE—The feature in to-day's session of the Senate was the speech of Mr. Morgan, Democrat, of Aihama, favoring the Nicara-neator of the United States, in controlling the operations of the canai, would not interfere in the least with any treatiles between Nicora-gua and Costa Rica and foreign govern-ments; that no foreign government had in-dicated any objection to control of the canai by the United States, in the fea-would not be a departure from the Monroe doctrine, nor an abrogation of the Clayton Bailwer treaty, and yet that it was the nearest approace to government ownership of the canael, Mr. Mitchell, Rep., of Oregon, also supported the bill, but had doubts as to the extent to which the United States should become involved. Tesolutions were offered by Mr. Call, Dem. of Lorida, looking to the independence of Uninese war. House—To-day being the second Monday

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

SEVENTH DAY.

to the amount of the money expended in the enterprise thus far. Horsa-In the house to-day, on motion of Mr. Dingley, Rep., Me., a resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for informa-tion as to Bering sea scaling was adopted. When the bill to promote the efficiency of the revenue cutter service was called on Champ Clark, of Missouri, again tegan to tak it to death. He took off his cuffs and for 45 minutes kept the house in a roar. Then, under the special order, the consid-eration of the raitroat pooling bill was re-sumed. It was debated until 3 o clock, NINTH BAT.

be given fixing a time for a vote on the bill. Horsz—The house entered to-day entered upon the consideration of the urgent defic-lency bill. The bill contains two disputed items, the appropriation for special pensior examiners and the appropriation for the col-lection of the income tax. The former ap-propriation opened the doors for a debate on the conduct of the pension office, especially the practice of summarily suspending the payment of alleged indulent pensions, and the debate on the facome tax appropriation was especially lively. The motion to strike it out was in committee by a vote of 54 to 127.

TENTH DAY.

Japanese Rout Them in a Fight Near Saibashu.

A dispatch from the front states that reinforcements were sent to the Japanese detach-ment which, on December 12, was compelled by a superior Chinese force to retire from Salbashu. On December 14 the strengthened Japanese force made another attack on the Chinese who were advancing from Saibashu-Chinese who were advancing from Saibashu-The latter fought with vigor, but were com-pletely routed, fleeing in disorder. The Jap-anese pursued the enemy as far as Chokinshi and captured four guns and several prisoners The Japanese loss was 3 officers wounded and 70 privates killed or wonnded. The Chinese are still confronting the Jap-aness division commanded by Gan. Tatsund, and fighting is expected shortly. Cuba, and the settlement of the Japanese-Chinese war. House-To-day being the second Monday of the month the house devoted itself to busi-ness reported from the committee on the District of Columbia. The feature of the day was a speech of about 40 minutes by Champ Clark, Dem., Mo. He had his time extended several times, and made a speech on tariff and his late defeat, explaining how it hap-

Atrocities at Port Arthur.

Atrocities at Port Arthur. A telegram has been received at the Jap-anese legation at Washington, in relation to the atrocities allegred to have been committed by Japanese at the capture of Port Arthur. The government at Tokio is not yet in possess-ion of thil details of the affair, but the infor-mation already at hand shows conclusively that some of the reports which have been circulated concerning the conduct of the Japanese troops are exaggerated and mis-leading. It is known to be a fact that the great majority of those Chinese who were killed at Port Arthur were not peaceful in-habitants, but Chinese soldiers disguised in civilian dress. Most of the inhabitants field from the place several days before its capture, and at the present time have re-urned and are unrestrictedly pursuing their ordinary avocations. ordinary avocations.

Japan Stands by the Red Cross-

Japan Stands by the Red Cross. All reliable information from the seat of war in the east indicate that the Japanese forces are acting humanely toward their Chinese foes, and the report that the Japanese had committed a massacre at Port Arthur are at variance with the disposition of their officers. Japan became a party to the Red Cross association in 1886, and Mr. Kurino, the Japanese minister, has made a public state-ment giving his reasons for betiving the stories about crueity at Port Arthur to be un-true.

PENNSYLVANIA GRANGERS.

Worthy Master Rhone Delivers his Annual at Harrisburg.

The annual convention of the state grange, Patrons of Husbandry, opened Tuesday in Harrisburg, Pa., with 650 delegates in attendance. William T. Everson, of Erie county, was appointed chaplain for the session to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late William H. Holstein, of Mont-

gomery. The greater part of the first day's session was take up by the address of Worthy Master Rhome. The various subjects touched upon in his remarks were referred to the appropri-

in his remarks were referred to the appropri-ation committee when appointed. Mr. Rhone reported that twenty four new granges have been organized during the year with a membership of 28, and initi-ated 2,564, making a total increase for the year of 2,13%. The treasury is in good con-fition, the relesipts about equal the expendi-tures.

tures. "Our co-operative business system ag-gregates more than a million dollars annu-

"Our co-operative system of direct trade with manufacturers and wholesale dealers has to some extent checkmated these barracies that formerly fattened upon the credulity of

that formerly fattened upon the credulity of the farmer." Mr. Rhone said the co-operative system of selling the farm products was more difficult to manage. Wholesale commission agencies have been established in Philadelphia and New York, which are usually satisfactory for the sale of large products, and in a limited way meets the wants of the members of the order. Continuing he said the present embarras-

way meets the wants of the members of the order. Continuing he said the present embarnas-ing condition of the farmer can only fully be met through the Pomona granges. He re-commended the capitalization of Pomona granges on a sound financial basis to enable them to go into local markets and establish cash-produce markets. Mr. Rhone recommended that immediate action be taken by the Pomona granges to organize co-operative insurance compani es, and saggested that several counties could unite and commence business as soon as the remusite \$200.000 in risk is piedged.

requisite \$200,000 in risk is pledged.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

The Commercial Bank, of St. Louis, Mo., has failed for \$270,000.

It is rumored that the French minister to Madagascar has declared war. War material is being shipped from Mar-

cellies, France to Madagascar. Grand jury is investigating election frauds

at St. Louis. The Peruvien revolution has completely paralyzed business in that republic.

A tornado did \$50,000 damage at Forsy be, Tex. Several people were injured.

Herman Dahgett, a well known lawyer of Kansas City, committed suicide,

A fire at Evergreen, Ala., destroyed \$100,-000 worth of business property.

There are seventy persons residing at Fargo to gain a residence to obtain divorces.

This is the coldest winter known in the city of Mexico for many years.

Pueblo Indians at the village of Cochinto are dying off rapidly of spotted fever.

Exploding gas in a mine injured 10 miners, ome fatally, at New Castle, Col.

Robert Louis Stevenson, the well known ovelist, is dead.

Ex-Mayor D. W. Webster killed himself av Piano, Iil. He was a cousin of Daniel Web-

ster. President Cleveland has made arrange nents to go to South Carolina for a short va-

ention. Strike of street car employes in Washington was ended by the men accepting reduced wages.

In New York Policeman Thorne made statement implicating high police officials

there in bribery. Managers of the whisky trust annound

that five trust plants, now idle, will be started at once.

William Delancy, the Pittsburg blind pool operator and swindler in Michigan lumber deals, has been located at Detroit.

The Suez Canal Company will defray the expenses of the funeral of Count Ferdinand de Lesseps,

Four cowboys on a ranch near Vermosillo, Mexico, were massacred by Indians, who

burned the buildings. The Greek Parliament has decided to hold back or destroy the currant crop with a

view to improving the market. The Grand Trunk elevator and warehouse

at Valparaiso, Ind., were destroyed by fire. The loss is heavy.

Joseph Zemp, Ultramontane, has been elee ted President of the Swiss Federal Council for 1895.

United States grand jury has indicted 36 prominent men of Murray county, Ga., for white capping.

Riots have occurred at Comayqua, Honduras where the mob shouted "death to the

Bonilia family." Diphtheria is epidemic at Ashtabula, O., and nearly 100 persons are afflicted with the dis-

ease. Andrew Jeutter blew the top of his head off at his residence in Gilmore, Pa., Wednesday

morning. A locomotive went through a trestle at

Milledgeville, Ga. The fireman and the engineer, J. T. Dickson, were fatally scalded.

Alec. Williams, a negro, was hanged at Elberton, Ga., for the murder of Newt Hampton near there last July.

In a riot at Cabaniss, Tenn., John Holly, Dud McCard and Claude Halder, white, were badly wounded in a fight with negroes. Advices from Rio de Janeiro state that rev-

olutions in Rio Grande do Sul have driven the government forces out of the southern part of the province.

At San Rafael, Cal., Atonio Victorias asked Mrs. John Braro, widow, to marry him. She scorned him and for revenge he wrecked her

INDUSTRIAL NEWS.

TRADE REVIEW.

Increased Earnings Give Encourage ment for the Future

BAYB:

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade

Statements of payrolis from several thous-

and manufacturers for November this year

in 1893 and in 1832, show an increase in total

Oil Combine.

Oil Combine. A big petroleum combination, by which three of the largest oil-producing companies in the Ohio field will be merged into one con-cern, with a capital, it is said, of from \$6,-000,000 to \$3,000,001 is about to be consumma-ted. The companies interested are the Sun Oil Co., of Teledo; the Crystal Oil Co., of the same city; and the Merriam-Morgan Co., of Ciercland. The company will be a formid-able rival of the Standard Oil Concess.

Cleveland. The company will be a formid-able rival of the Standard Oll Company.

MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.

THE WHOLESALE PRICES ARE GIVEN DELOW.]

Grain, Flour and Feed.

wagons.

Dairy Products

Fruit and Vegetables.

Poultry, Etc.

27 Ġ

1156

11.6

433

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15 1 18 10 1 15

14.5 14.0.5.11.5.5.11.14.4.4.5.5.1 14.0.5.11.5.5.11.14.4.4.5.5.1

Ryk-No 1 No 2 western FLOUR-Minn, fancy patents, Fancy winter patents, Fancy straight winter Straight XXX bakers'

No. 2 Mixed clover, No. 1 Loose timothy, from wagon FEED—No. 1 white Md., ton. No. 2 White Middlings. Brown Middlings. Bran, bulk. STRAW—Wheat

Fancy Creamerry Roll Low grade and cooking ChEESE-Ohio, new New York, new Wiscomin Swiss Limburger, newmake.

APPLES-Fancy, & bbl BEANS-Hand-picked, per bu

Lima 15 POTATOES-Fine, in car, bu

From store, bu BEETS per bbl CABBAGE-mome grown, bbl TURSIPS-per bbl ONIONS-1 editor, bd PARSNIPS per bbl

Live Chickens, ¥ pair.....

No. 1 Ex. Live Geese, ¥ 10. Country, large packed

spring Chickens Live Jucks, Fpair Dressed Ducks, F15 Dressed Chickens, F15

Straight XXX bakes Hye Bour BAY-No. 1 timothy.

Items of Interest to Mechanics, Miners and Laborers. EUILDING TRADES.

As the building season draws to a close reorts of the year's business are being received from all parts of the country, all of which show a state of affairs really more satisfactory

show a state of affairs really more satisfactory and encouraging than had been 'anti-ipated, The East seems to have been the least affected by the depression in the tuilding industry. The volume of business done in the large rates of the New England and Scaboard states is shown to be larger than the average. This section had the good fortune to escape strikes and other labor difficulties and differences of any consequence in the build-ing trades, and the representative workmen are in a reasonably satisfactory condition of prosperity. Turning westward the reports are less favorable.

Ing trades, and the representative workmen are in a reasonably satisfactory condition of prosperity. Turning westward the reports are less favorable. The area of the greatest depression is shown to ke west of the Mississippi river, and parti-milarly along the Pacific coast, where, in once places, the business has been complete-by demoralized. In a tew of the Western utles, where the trade Unions are very strong and well organized, no changes have been made in the scale of wages or hours of work but in most places wages, hours and even Unions have suffered very materially. The prospects for the business of the coming year are now receiving the attention of the build-ers and contractors as well as the workmen, and in this the Eastern cities seem to have the advantage, indications pointing to a gen-eral revival of business upon the opening of the coming season, but throughout the en-tire country the indications seem to point to a much better year generally than last.

AMONG THE MINES.

<text><text><text><text><text><text> AMONG THE MINES. The situation among 10,000 coal miners at DuBois, Reynoldsville and Pubrutawney Pa., coal Relds is one Heids is one of grave fore-bodings. On November 16 the Berwind White Coal company, the Beil, Lewis & Yates Coal company, and the Frank Williams Coal company first issued a notice of a reduction of 5 per cent in wages. Then the Fairmount and Northwestern Coal companies, near New Bethlehem, followed with a similiar reduction taking effect December 1. The men continued at work under protest until Dec. 1, when a notice signed by the United Mine Workers was posted at a number of the tipples, calling the mot to resist the reduction and to demand the 5 per cent, on January. The situation now is feir to be one which may result in a general strike about that time. At the Colombus explanemes the following

At the Columbus conference the following At the Columbus conteness the following resolution was adopted: "That the inter-State contract and agreement on mining rates from June 15, 1894, to May 1. 1895, be and the same is hereby abrogated so far as it re-lates to the Pittsburg district, taking effect on and after the Pittsburg district, taking effect on

lates to the Pittsburg district, taking effect on and after Monday, December 17." The Ellershie Coal and Coke Company, of Winfrede Junction, W. Va., has let the con-tract for the ersection of a block of 100 coke overs at their plant. The concern will also put in tail rope haulare system and will in-troduce mining machinery. At the meeting of the Ohio Valley Trade and Labor assembly in Wheeling on Sunday a resolution was passed to correspond with Gov, McCorkle concerning the alleged neg-lect of duty of Mine Inspector Hort, that is field to be partly responsible for the fatal explosion in the Blanche mine at Col-liers.

With the exception of one or two every con with the exception of one of two every con-mine in the Birmingham. (An.) district is working to its fullest capacity, and good outputs are being secured. At Patton, where are worked more unining machines than it any other mine in the state, the work has not here one briefs being of the state. been very brisk, but at all the other places it is in the pink of condition, and but for the low prices paid for the mining, there is no complaint to be heard from the miners.

Labor Notes.

The decision of the U. S. Glass Company to start its Wheeling factories after two years of idlences, indicates improvement in the de-mand for tableware and bar goods. Wheel-ing people look forward to a considerable difficulty when these factories are started. After a two years' srike in this city, not a man has deserted the Union's ranks.

The Crystal Glass Works, of Bridgeport, has been running steadily all fall, and has no goods in warehouses. The Rodeter works, at Bellaire, are also running full, and bave been ior some months. At Martin's Ferry, the West Virginin Glass Works is running only cart time.

year, specified. Seventh-Actual losses on sales of real estate purchased within two years. Eighth -Debts contracted and ascertained

year to be worthiess.

In no year to be worthless. Ninth-Salary or compensation over \$1,000, from which the tax of 2 per centum has been withheld by disbursing officers of the United States Government. Tenth-Dividends included in the estimate of stress profits for another stress of the stress of the tax of the stress of the stress

of gross profits from corporations on which the 2 per cent tax has been paid on such corporatic

The Anarchists' Bill.

The judiciary committee of the house The judiciary committee of the house agreed on numerous amendments to the an-archiss' bill as passed by the Senate. The main amendment gives the foreign inspection of immigrants to United States consuls, under the direction of the state department, instead of to treasury inspectors, as proposed by the senate bill. Another amendment requires every immigrant to have a certificate from the United States consul at the port of em-barkation.

FOUGHT NINETEEN DAYS.

Frightful Eutchery of Armenians Prison-

A letter, which appears in a Russian pape, states that for 19 days the residents of Armenian villages where the outrages were perpetrated fought against the Koords. The Artraied fought against the Koorls. The Ar-menians lost only 10 warriers while the Koords lost 502. When the regular troops under Zekki Fasha appeared the Armenians were compelled to succumb. After Zekki Pash's trenchery in offering pease, 60 young Armenian men were seized and tortured hor-ribly lor three days. Then all were mur-dored and their bodies buried in a ditch. Among the Armenian heroes who lost their lives, the writer mentions Derbedros, who with hi s own hand killed seven Koords in fair fight. He was captured and flayed to the waist. Pieces of his flesh were cut of, brolied and eaten by the savage Turks whilo he was still alive.

Blown from the Engine.

Blown from the Engine. One of the most peculiar accidents in the history of the Pittsburg division of the Penn-sylvania railroad occurred Thursday, result-ing in the instant death of a well-known em-ploye. During the heavy wind that prevail-ed Wednesday night, Fireman F. B. Fogle of the Atlautic express was blown from his engine in the mountains pear New Florence, His dead body was picked up a few minutes inter by the fellow members of the train crew.

To Shut Out Diseased Cattle.

Representative Broderick of Kansas intro-need in the house a bill restoring the Me-inley rate of duty of \$10 per head on catile ver 1 year of age entering the United States. I place of the present rate, amounting to bout \$2 per head. The intent is to keep out at #2 per he

TENTE DAY. SENATE—Practically all the time of the senate was consumed in the discussion of the bill to establish a national university at Wash-ington and the Nicaraguan canal tail. Sena-tors Hunton, of Virginia, and Vilas, of Wis-consin, addressed the senate in support of the former, and Mr. Morgan concluded his speech on the latter. Senator Blanchard in-troduced a bill directing the secretary of the treasury to refund to the Citizens bank of Louisiana #257,013, the amount linearly ex-acted of it in 1862 by General B. F. Butler, commanding the United States army at New Orleans at that time, #7,000 exacted in like manuer by General Banks in 1863 and #1,-242,777 exacted by General Canby in 1866, with interest on each sum at the rate of 6 per cent. The senate adjourned until next Monday. Monday.

Monday, House — The house today passed three ap-propriation bills—the urgent deficiency forti-lications and military academy—and made nair progress on the pension bill. Mr. Cock-ran secured a record-making vote on the ap-propriation for the collection of the income tax by moving to recommit the bill with in-transion to write it out bat the matter are tructions to strike it out but his motion defeated.

PLEVENTH DAY.

ELECTIVITE DAY. HOUSE-The session of the house was consumed with deisate on the pension ap-propriation bill. The bill carries \$141,381, 570, and was passed without amendment. The Hitt resolution of inquiry calling on the secretary of state for the correspondence re-lating to the payment of \$425,000 in connec-tion with the fur seal controversy was adopt-ed. The evening session was devoted to the consideration of private pension bills, and the house adjourned over until Monday.

MRS. GERST HEARD FROM.

She Confesses Judgment and Locates Some of Delancy's Money.

Mrs. Matilda Gerst, who is implicated with W. E. Delancy in the swindles perpetrated by the Pennsylvania Lumber company and the Public Stock and Grain exchange in Pitts-burg, came to Cleveland Tuesday morning and went to the office of Lawyer Dellen-baugh, attorney for the creditors of the lum-ber company. As a result of her visit Mr. Dellenbaugh entered in the court of Common Pleas a confession of judgment of Mrs. Gerst in favor of S. G. M. Gates, of Bay City, Mict., for \$20,432. She also signed documents ad-mitting that she had deposited \$22,000 in safety deposit vasits in Cleveland and in To-ledo. Public Stock and Grain exchange in Pitts-

mind that also ind deposited \$22,000 in safety deposit vasits in Cleveland and in To-iedo.
She states that she made the deposits for the purpose of placing the money beyond the trach of Delaney's creditors. She also gave power of attorney to Delenbaugh or A. H. Weed, his partner, to conless judgment and she signed a waiver of appeal. In due time judgment by default will be taken against Delaney.
Mrs. Gerst, escaped a week azo from her home id Allegheny, where she was under surveillance of detectives.
In the Common Pleas court, Toledo, O., Mrs. Gerst's attorney, conlessed judgment for her in \$10,550 in favor of Gates. The money deposited there by her has been turned over to Gates.

Slain in His Own House.

Wm. E. Price, a prominent business may of Cleveland, and a member of the firm of Chandler & Price, was murdered by burglars Wednesday night.

Wednesday night. The robbers were discovered in the house by Mr. Frice, who was aroused by the noise. He proceeded to investigate and when they found themselves discovered, one of the rob-bers drew a revolver and shot Mr. Price, the shot taking effect in the breast. Mr. Price only lived a few minutes after receiving the wound.

made by the grange to prevent the repeal by the next legislature of the oleomargarine

the next legislature of the occomargarine law. The second day's session of the state grange, Patrons of Hustandry, was given up almost entirely to the consideration of the reports of officers and committees. The legislative committee made a long report, stating, among other things, that the bill arreed upon by the committee on the principals of taxation of the state tax conference embodies all the principles for which the grange has been contending. The report asks that the bill be not in dorsed, however, by the grange until it has been approved by the conference. At-tention is called to the increase in the state appropriation to the public schools of \$5,500,-000, and denying the design in this increased appropriation was for the purpose of es-pecially increasing teachers' salicies, but, on the contrary, it was to relieve the taxpayer. The committee recommends a system of distration of teachers employed in the re-spective school districts rather than upon the number of taxables in the district.

TWO HUNDRED KILLED.

Details of Disastrous Earthquake Shoch

in Messina. The department of state is in receipt of a dispatch dated November 27 from Charles M. Caughy, consul at Messina, giving an account of the earthquake experienced by that city on the evening of November 26. He states that as soon as he could do so after the first shock he got tho seal and a portion of the archives, of the consulate and conveyed them to the streamship "Dago," the consular premises being budly damaged, and not habitable. The loss of life at Messin, was small, only two people being killed, but in the neighboring towns it is estimated that about 200 people bave lost their lives. The king has sent 20.-000 lire and Minister Crispi 5,000 lire for tho relief of the distressed. A postseript of Mr. Caughy's dispatch dated November 22 says the panic continues, slight shocks of earth-quake teing feit each day. On November 22 thero were two severe shocks. account of the earthquake experienced by

Train Robbers Confession.

Aiva Johnson has confessed to participa-tion in the robbery of the Southern Pacific express trains, including both robberies at Roscoe, at one of which the fireman and a passenger were killed and several collars ob-tained. Johnson says that Kid Thompson was his accomplice. He told the hiding place of \$504 in silver and it was dug up.

An Island Swallowed Up.

The steamer Warrimoo, which arrived from Australia, brings word that the island of Anbrym, New Hebrides, was destroyed by volcanic action November 13. A native village with all its inhabitants was swept into the see. The British war-ship Barth has gone to the scene.

hotel with dynamite.

The Sioux Indians on the reservation at Pipe Ridge, S. D., are becoming restless and i is feared that another outbreak is impending.

Anguste Burdeau, late president of the French Chamber of Deputies, was buried in Pere la Chaise cemetery, Paris, Sunday, with State honore.

Masked men took William Dean, who murdered William Barrymore at Ft. Jones, Cal., from a constable's custody, and hanged him to a derrick.

Benjamin B. Tillman was elected United States Senator from South Carolina, receiving 131 out of 152 votes. Senator Butler received only 21 votes.

Joseph T. Knight, an insurance hoker, is missing from his home in New York, and his friends believe he has killed hunself. He was a defaulter to the amount of \$6,000.

William Taylor, the negro who brutialy murdered Magistrate Doty, near Richmond, Ky., last Saturday night, was tried, found guilty and septenced to death at Rich mond.

George M. Irwin, of blind pool fame has been arrested on six charges of keeping a gambling house. He refused to deliver the books, containing accounts with pool invest ors to Receiver John D. Balley.

Police Captain Creedon, of New York city confessed before the Lexow committee that had paid \$15,000 to secure his captaincy. A few hours inter he was suspended from the force by the board of police commissioners.

Robert Gehrke, of Chicago, not yet 21 years old, shocked his family by announcing that he had married Mollie Lothian, a member of the "Aladdin, Jr.," ballet. Charle Gebrke, his father, is a prominent Board of Trade operator and a wholesale flour dealer.

A Horrible Butchery.

A Horrible Butchery. A most horrible human butchery was com-nitted ive miles southwest of Ridgeway, Mo., Tuesday, David G. Spragg, in a fit of lu-ianay, muriered his wife and two child-ren and mortaily wounded his two step-thildren with a suitcher knife, then took his own life with a rife. Neighbors surrounced ine house while the butchery of the children was going on, but Spragg kept them away with a loaded shortgun. They did not suc-reed in breaking in until the man had com-pleted his terrible work and had taken his own life.

The people of Logan County, West Vir-ginin, have voted for a division of the county, the new portion to be named Kenns, after the late United States Senator.

The recent Arbitration Congress at Chicago has already had the effect of bringing the question of arbitation before the public more than ever before. The numerous addresses delivered before the congress have been wide iy produced in the labor press of the country, and many hundreds of organizations have taken up the subject for discussion in open meetings, which are becoming universally popular throughout the United States. popular throughout the United States.

only part time.

"A computation designed to show what the reduction in the cost of living has been since 1892, brought together several hundred ar-ticlescovering more than hine-fifths of the cost of living, and it appeared that what cost \$90 60 two years ago cost now in the New York market \$84 80- a fall of 6.4 per

Eighty girls employed at Pepper's tobacco factory in St. Louis, struck. A foreman a lowed a girl to return to work without physician's certificate, after she had been i with diphtheria. The foreman was dishar, ed and the girls went out in loyaity to the townum. ein fill foreman.

The Indiana representatives in the inter-The inflation representatives in the inter-state conference of miners and operators held at Columbus report that the conference was notified that Indiana would abide by the agreement of June 12, without regard to the course of operators in other fields.

The Summer Bottle Works property, of Steubenville was sold under the Sheriff's hammer for \$8,000 to John Clave, Esq., who held a mortgage on it.

A labor union at New Orleans has been enjoined from interfering with negro non-union inborers on the ground of injury to inter-State commerce.

A movement is under way in Pittsburg and Allegheny to put an end to the evils of sweat enope

DEBS GETS SIX MONTHS

And his Fellow A. R. U. Leaders Thre Months in Jail.

Judge Woods in the United States Circuit Court at Chicago, Friday, sentenced Eugene V. Deps, the leader of the American Rallway union strike, to six months in the county jail

for violating the injunction issued by himself and Judge Grosscup, July 2, last. To the rest of the men, with the exception of Me-Vean, he gave three months. In the case of MeVean sentence is suspended. The sentences are cumulative, covering the cases of the gov-ernment and the Santa Fe railroad against the men. The same sentence is imposed in ernment and the Santa Fe railroad against the men. The same sentence is imposed in each case, but both sentences begin and end at the same time, beginning, December 24. The defendants are: Engene V. Debs, presi-dent, G. W. Howard, vice president; Sylves-ter Kelliher, secretary, L. W. Rogers, M. J. Elliott, James Hogas, William Burns, J. D. McVenn, Leroy M. Goodwin, directors

Discovered An Ancient Ci y.

Discovered An Ancient Ci y. The party of prospectors who leit Chihua-hua three months ago to investigate the re-port made by Moses B. Thacher, the well-known Mormen leader, of the discovery of an ancient city in the mountains west of Hemata, about 150 miles northwest of Chi-huahan, have just returned. They had many exciting experiences and two members of party died from exposure in the high altitude but they were successful in stading the hid-den city.

SEEDS-Clover 62 lbs	***	20. /8 村子	64	85
RAGS-Country mixed	•	- Sec.	2	1
HONEY-White Clover Buckwheat MAFLE SYRUP, new ClDER-Country, sweet, bbi TALLOW		16 12 15 10 4	16	17 13 00 5%
CINCINNATI.	-	-	-	
craciaaati.				6.63
FLOUR and present of the second secon		\$ 55.	84	00
WILLAT-No. 2 nel		- 54		54
RYE NO. 2				55
CORN-Mized		- 44		45
OA18		2.2		3216.

EGGS BUTTER-Ohio Creamery. PHILADELPHIA.

FLOUR 2 10:24 00 FLOUR WHEAT-NO 2 Red CORN-NO 2 Mixed DATS-NO 2 White BU ITER-Creanery, extra E003-Pa State 82835 51 38 115

NEW YORK.

FLOUR-Patents	1	10.644	25-
WEEAT-No. 2 Red	12	16.8	64
RYE-State		54	55.
			220
CORN-No. S.		56	57
OATS-White Western		has a	-34
BUT (EX-Creamery		16	26
EGGS-State and Penn		22	100
ECHAG - SPREE BRAS & CARASSESSION		-	

LIVE STOCK

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, EAST LIBERTY, PA CATTLE,

Prime, 1,400 to 1,600 lbs	4 10	5 50 5 00 4 75
Tidy, 1,000 to 1,1505 Fair light steers, 073 to 1000 lbs Common, 700 to 9,055	8 93 8 45 8 93	4 35 30 375
- HOGA		
Philadelphias Best Yorkers and mixed Common to fair Yorkers	445	4 50 4 55 4 50
SHEEP,		
Eitra, 98 to 155 lbs. Good, 85 to 98 lbs. Fair, 75 to 86 lbs. Counton Yearings.	1 40	9128928 812892
chicago, Cattle-Common to \$2,0005.00; stockers and feeder cows and buils, \$1,25,21.00; calve Hogs-neary, \$1,0004.00; comm mixed, \$1,0004.00; pigs, \$2,00.00; fertor to chicke, \$1,25,21.25; fertor to chicke, \$1,25,21.25	9, 82.00 98, 82.00 96, 84.00 96, 84.40 9 50.00	a8 50; a5.25, aoite - 1.50;
Cincianati-Hegs-select shippe butchers \$4.45to1.55; fair to good to 4.55; fair to ngat \$4.10to1.80; rough \$104.25; Cattle-good shipp	common era 64 list	41.25 and 01.15;

contractice \$10.1 N; fair to medium \$1 10.0 N; common \$2 250.0 N; fair to medium \$1 10.0 N; good to choice \$2 0000 75; common to fair \$1.00 In 175 Lambs-extra, \$1.2000 N; good to choice \$2 0.0 0, 0 common to fair \$2.2003.00.

Wool. PHILAPELPHIA -- Wool continues quiet but steady (thio, Fennesy) vania and West Virginia XX and above, Balle, X and above Balls... medi-mu 30a20a (the productor blood Balls above romanon, Balle New York, Michigan, Wheonsin, etc., at Balle, Y, Dalle, the medium, 10a20a, quarter blood, disglic, (common, Balls), washed, comb-ing, defining fine, Paglic; medium Hag20a; comme, U.S. gits, for, 242-56, unwashed medium Raffe; low medium 17a18a.