The Burden Bearer

There is a big insulated wire in telegraphy which transmits the bulk of daily intelligence; there is a big insulated nerve in the human system which can bear the bur den of more pain than all the rest of the nerves combined, and is known as the sciatic nerve. Sometimes the wire is cut to cut of its current; sometimes the surgeon's knife is used to cut the nerve to relieve excruciatis used to cut the nerve to relieve exeruciating pain. But there is one thing which avoids this radical treatment; one cure which penetrates to the pain-spot, and sciatted has been cured almost without fall by the use of St. Jacols Oil. It reaches misery's sent and dethrones it. Thus attacked and routed in its hidden ambuseade, pain seldom returns to annoy. The great remedy does its work well.

STATE OF ORIO, CITY OF TOLEDO,
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHERKY makes each that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHERKY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforeashi, and that said from will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every wase of Charlet that cannot be cured by the use of Hall'SCATANNI CINE.

FRANK J. CHERKY.

FWANK J. CHERKY.

FWANK J. CHERKY.

FWANK J. CHERKY.

A. W. GLEARON,

Hall's Catarrh Cure istaken internally and acts directly on the blood and uncous surfaces of the system. Send for testimentals, free. F. J. Chinney & Co., Toledo, O. SHAL

Rarl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constitution, 25 etc., 50 cts., \$1.

Mrs. Winslow's Snothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflamma-tion, allays pain, cures wind colic. Ss. a bottle

Business Men in a Horry

eat in restaurants and often food insufficiently exoked. Ripars Tabules cure despensia and sour stomach and immediately relieve head-ache.

The Indian school at Caritale, Pa., is in flourishing condition.

Kilmer's Swamp-Roor curs all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Labratory Binghampton, N. Y.

Drop a Nickel in the Stor. The roar of Niagara has been phonographed and may be heard in any part of America for a small fee.

Tired, Weak, Nervous

"I was troubled with that tired and all gone feeling, had no appetite, had a cough and asthmatic symp-



troubled thus some thirteen years and hind to CiveUp All Work three years ago, Last spring I commenced

taking Hood's Saran parilla and feit better from the first. My appetite returned Mr. Frank Charon and my cough left ne. I have used half a degen bottles and am a well man. I should have written this statement before but wanted to wait until

after cold weather had settled with us and see if any symptoms of my trouble returned. But not so, for I am now in the best of health. I am 64 years of age, and doing a full day's work at blacksmithing. Hool's Hood's sarshille Cures

Sarsaparilla cured my complaint and gave me renewed health." FRANK CHARON, Clare-mont, N. H. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, adigestion, billousness. Sold by all druggists.

P N U 47

* WORLD'S-FAIR * HIGHEST AWARD!



Has justly acquired the reputation of being The Salvator for

INVALIDS The-Aged.

AN INCOMPARABLE ALIMENT for the GROWTH and PROTECTION of INFANTS and

CHILDREN A superior nutritive in continued Fevers,

And a reliable remedial agent in all gastric and enteric diseases; often in instances of consultation over that the IMPERIAL GRANUM was the only nourishment the stomach would tolerate when LIFE seemed depending on its retention;

And as a FOOD it would be difficult to conceive of anything more palatable.

Sold by DRUGGISTS. Shipping Depot.

Your Poor Tired Husband.

He has worked hard all week.

Let him sleep late Sunday morning, breakfast of



Cakes.

mmmm

NEWS FROM THE CAPITAL.

PROSPECTIVE CHANGES.

Efforts of the Administration to Improve the Currency System.

The plan of recasting the currency system of the government, which the President and ceretary Carlide will detail to congress when it meets in December, has been under discussion almost since the administration came into power. Months ago Washington dispatches stated that Secretary Carilale then had the subject under consideration. But had the subject under consideration. But more pressing questions arose that demanded his immediate attention, and he laid it asside for the time. Since the adjournment of the long session of congress both he and the President have devoted much time to devising means of simplying and strengthening the present tangled and highly unsatisfactory carrency system, and the results of their labors will be made public in the President's message and the Secretary's report.

The Postal System. The annual report of Fourth Assistant ostmaster General Maxwell has been sub-titled to the postmaster-general. The re-Postmaster General Maxwell has been submitted to the postmaster-general. The report covers the period for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894. The total number of post-offices in operation in the United States on that date was 69,805. Of these 66,377 were fourth-class offices, and 3,128 presidential, the net increase over the previors year being 1,402. During the year 3 135 postoffices were established and 1,734 discontinued. The work of the bond divisions aboved a decided increase, largely incidental to a change of administration.

Bluefie d's Troubles Ended.

Dr. Guzman, Nicaraguan minister here,has secired reports from Bluefleids indicating a received reports from Blueflelds indicating a satisfactory settlement of the troubles which have so long afflicted the Mosquite reservation. September 29, the new constitution was proclaimed, firmly asserting Nicaraguan supremacy there, and Cabez, as the first constitutional governor, was formerly installed in office. All signs of opposition had disappeared, and the American residents, notably Wilthanks, who had been exiled and afterward parboned, voluntarily gave their athesion to the new government and assisted in its initiation.

Twenty-six Contested Seats.

Twenty-six Contested Seats.

The Republican national congressional committee has received information of the intention of three more candidates to file contests against their competitors who will be given seats in the House of Representatives on the face of the returns, making a total of twenty-six seats which will be contested. These notices come from Mr. Octones to These notices come from Mr. Octon of the Third Missouri district, who will contest Mr. Dockery's right to the seat; from Mr. Meyors of the Skull Arkansas, who will contests Neil, and from Mr. Spears of the Third North Carolina, who will contest Shaw.

Edward R. Lowry, of Ohio, has been ap-pointed second secretary of the United States legation at Pekin,

A statement prepared at the bureau of statistics shows that the total value of the ex-ports of merchandise from the United States during October was \$83,568,372. The imports during October amounted to \$50,681,674.

The estimate of the next House of Repre sentatives as prepared at Republican head-quarters, shows 245 Republicans, 105 Derso-erats, and 6 Populists. These figures have not been changed now for two or three days and the roster of the next House when made up will show the same.

THE NEW DIPHTHERIA CURE.

Remarkable Showing of Its Efficeacy Demand Exceeds the Supply.

Among the reports coming to the Department of State from our Consuls algond upon the new serum treatment for diphtheria, is one from Consul General Charles De Kay, at Berfrom Consul General Charles De Kay, at Bertin, exhibiting the efficacy of the new treatment by comparison. He says that the
establishment at Schering, near the Jungfern
Heide, has forty horses under treatment for
the production of serum, yet the demand for
the article has been so great that the hospitals ran out of it in September. This had a
singular effect on the death rate. While for
diphtheria in children under four, the most
difficult sort, the rate had sunk to 11 percent
before the exhaustion of the store of serum,
it rose during October to 60 per cent.

before the exhaustion of the store of serum, it rose during October to 60 per cent.

The serum is costly, because establishments for its production are few; it takes a long while to prepare, and must be had comparatively fresh. It is given out that it takes at least nine months, and sometimes a year to to get the animals—all under three years old—into condition. One animal does not furnish much blood at a time—say two quarts. It must be carefully fed between dates of tapping, and as in time the strength of its blood as means of a cure gives out, it is necessary to go over again the process of cultivating the bacillus. Absolute certainty is not ascribed to the cure, and especially cases in which other diseases are present should not be considered a fair test of its virtues. It is not at all a panacea.

DEATH OF DR. M'COSH.

The Aged Scholar and Teacher Calmly Goes to Rest.

Dr. James McCosh, ex-president of Princeton college, died Friday night at Princeton, N. J., of weakness resulting from old age. His end was peaceful and calm, his Christian forpatients whose digestive organs were re-duced to such a low and sensitive condition

James McCosh, D. D., I.L. D., was born at Ayrshire, Scotland, April 1, 1811. He was educated at the universities of Glasgow and Edinburg, and while at the latter he wrote an essay on the philosophy of the Stoles, for which, on motion of Sir William Hamilton, the honorary degree of A. M. was conferred on him. In 1835 he was ordained a minister of the Church of Scotland at Arbroath; in 1839 he became pastor at Brechin, where he was active in the movement which, in 1843, resulted in the formation of the Free church, and where he published in 1830 his book on the "Methods of the Divine Government, Physical and Moral," which laid the foundation of his fame as a philosophical writer. In 1851 he was chosen professor of logic and physics in Queen's college, Belfast. At this period of his life he wrote many books, meetly on religious philosophy and kindred subjects.

In 1868 he was elected president of Princeton university, and by his successful admintration and wide reputation contributed much to the remarkable prosperity that institution now enjoys. He resigned the presidency in 1885. Dr. McCosh married Miss Isabella Guilrie, a nicee of Dr. Thomas Guthrie, in 1845. His writings include many books and pamphlets on philosophy and contributions to the "Princeton Review," which he lounded.

Christian Sociologists.

Christian Sociologists.

The Institute of Christian Sociology opened at Oberlin, O., Wednesday, with delegates present from nearly every part of the country. Officers were elected as follows: President, Rev. Dr. Washington Gladden, of Columbus, O.; vice-presidents, Rev. Dr. James H. Fairchild, Rev. Dr. C. F. Thwing, Rev. Dr. J. H. W. Stuckenberg, Rev. Dr. Josiah Strong, Rev. Dr. Lucian C. Warner and Prof. Graham Taylor, D. D.

A TRAIN ROBBED IN MISSOURI.

Louis and San Francisco Train Held Up and the Express Car Looted.

The St. Louis and San Francisco west sound train was held up five miles west of Monett, Mo., and the express car looted.

Monett, Mo., and the express car looted.

Two masked men did the work in about twenty minutes. They secured not over \$400. The bandits boarded the train as it stopped at Verona, and as the engineer pulled the shrottle to start he was confronted with two Winchesters and given orders to go ahead until he was told to haif. Half a mile out the train was stopped and the engineer compelled to go to the express car. Then he was told to order Expressman Bolph Chapman to open the door. Chapman did as requested, recognizing Engineer Stephenson's voice. The robbers immediately covered the express messenger with their guns and compelled him to give them the packages in sight. Engineer Stephenson was then marched tack to his engine and ordered to pull out. A posse of citizens is pursuing the robbers.

RELICS OF A LOST RACE

Valuable Archeolgical Discoveries on the

Mississippi River.
Prof. William McAdams, the archeologist of Alton, Ill., has returned from an expedition up the Mississippi river and has brought back some valuable and interesting specimens. The finds were made on the King

mens. The finds were made on the King farm near Portage. The owner in setting out some grape vines came across a few relica. He sent for Prof. McAdams, who made extensive search with great results. Probably the most valuable that was a set of flint knives or dirks set in bone handles. The flints are about four inches long, while the handles are perhaps five inches long. The handles are of eith horn and are well preserved.

Numerous carthen vesset were found. Some of these were handsomely decorated. A small copper ring was found. It is hollow and the ends are not welded. A fine lot of pipes was found varying in weight from three pounds to an ounce. In color they were red, black and white. Farts of a bowl were found. It had evidently been used as a cultury utensit, judging from its size. Mr. McAdams thinks that the restored vessel would measure several fest across the top.

TONG-HAKS ROUTED.

Nearly Two Hundred Killed by Japanese Troops.

A dispatch from Tokio says: Advices from Fusan, Corea, under date of Novemer 16. states that a battle has been fought between Japanese troops and rebellious Tong-Haks in which the former were victorious.

According to these advices Capt. Superis with a detachment of Japanese troops was sent to thin Sin, in south Corea, to quell the disturbances in that region growing out of the resumption of hostilities on the part of the Tong-Haks.

the Tong-Haks.

Suzeki's command met the rebels in large force on November 11, and after some desperate lighting completely routed them. The Tong-Haks lost 186 killed. The number of their wounded could not be learned, but it is very large, The Japanese captured a large quantity of arms and ammunition. The Japanese loss was three wounded.

Japanese loss was three wounded,
A dispatch from Hiroshine says: It is expected at headquarters that the attack upon Port Arthur will begin November 16.
A dispatch to the "Pall Mall Gazette" says that 16,000 Chinese troops are defending Port

Twenty Dollars Apiece.

Southbound passenger train No. 2, on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas road, was run into a switch at Little station, four miles north of Muskogee, I. T., about 10 o'clock Tuesday hight, and held up by 15 men all unmasked. An unsuccessful attempt was made to enter the express car, and the bandits then proceeded to rob the passengers. About \$300 and several gold watches were taken.

Robbers in Central Kansas.

The express companies doing business in Kausas, assisted by a number of bankers located in the border towns, are making special efforts to secure the arrest of a gang of desperadoes located in Central Kansas. There are thirty members in the gang, according to the story of one of the robbers who has been caught, and detectives hope to be able to drive the bandits out of the state.

Rev. Bates Suspended.

Rev. W. H. Bates, paster of St. John's Re-formed church, one of the largest and most fashionable congregations in Johnstown, Pa., was declared guilty of the charges filed against him, and by unaimous vote of the Westmoreland classis, he has been indefinitely suspended from the ministy.

THE LABOR WORLD.

New York has 600 unions.

TELEPHONES employ 10,000 Americans. CINCINNATI horeshoers work ten hours. AMERICAN tackmakers organized in 1824. CINCINNATI carpenters get from \$2 to \$3 a.

Sr. Louis women shoemakers have formed

THE Sicilian authorities are allotting land SAVANNAH, Ga., has a colored longshore-

International eigar-makers have a surplus of \$450,000. THE American Railway Union is gaining ground in the East.

THERTY POP cent. of the Union molders of Reveland, Ohio, are idle.

New Hampshire central labor unions have formed a State association.

About 200 tailors are employed in the uni-form factories of Great Britain.

Collient riots cost the West Riding, of Yorksbire, England, \$120,000 in 1893. THERE are 3466 railroad engineers em-ployed in the United States and Canada. EMPLOYES of the United States Glass Company has been on strike eighteen

nonths. THE Cooks and Pastry Cooks' Association of New York has nearly 200 memoers and a fund of \$5000.

THE owners of the Cocheco mills, at Dover. N. H., have increased wages five per cer without any demand from the operatives.

Without any demand from the operatives.

Typewarrans in the British War Office receive only from \$3.50 to \$6 per week, and an agitation for higher wages is in progress.

The trades unions of Australia have protested against the admission of non-union men to the public and charitable hospitals.

The defaulting Secretary and Treasurer of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association took \$32,000 of the money belonging to the Order.

Washington City has got four-cent bread, but it is making trouble in the bakeries, as the bakers want to reduce the wages of their employes, and a strike is threatened.

This number of employes of all grades in the famous Krupp gun manufacturing es-tablishment at Essen, Germany, is 17,176; the number of children is 43,658, and that of strikes, 0.

In consequence of the closing of twelve sulphur mines in Sicily almost 4000 laborors were reduced to the danger of starvation. In the mines still open laborers are glad to work fourteen hours a day for twenty cents.

"The Mutual Society of Linotype Operators and Employes" is the latest trade organization in England. It is independent of the London Society of Compositors, and will probably include hand compositors who work in offices where the linotype machines are used.

Too Honest.

Uncle D. P. Oliver, now a prosperous store keeper in a prosperous lowa village, once practiced law in Ohio. Being met by an old acquaintance, he was asked for the particulars of his giving up the profession.

"Didn't it agree with your health?"

"Oh, yes," answered Uncle David. "Didn't it pay?" "First rate." "Met with sufficient favor from

the courts?" "All I could ask." "Then what was it compelled you

to quit;"
"Well, I'll tell you. I was too honest." A loud laugh from the bystanders

aroused Uncie David into earnest-ness, and he repeated the strange statement and natied it to his shop counter with his huge fist. But his cross-questioner went on.

"When did you find this out?"

"In my very last case, "What was that?"

prosecute a neighbor for killing a "And he was acquitted? So you lost the case and gave up your pro-fession discouraged?"

"One in which I was retained to

"No; he was convicted."

"Then he was guilty?" "No; he was innocent?" "But didn't the evidence prove

his guilt?" Certainly it did." 'Then why do you say he was in-

nocent?" Because I had killed the dog mysulf a few nights before trespassing on my poultry; and I came to the conclusion that any business that would aid a man to convict a neigh bor of his own crimes was not the business for me; so I gave it up."

Bill-Distributing as a Fine Art.

"No art in giving away handbills in the streets? Ain't there? I knows better, and if you had been at the game as long as I have you would agree with me," declared a ragged, down-at-heel advertisement distribnter recently, in tones of indignant

"You try it and see if, provided you simply shove the bill at them, four out of every six don't elbow past you without accepting it. But if, with a half bow and a graceful movement of the forearm you tender the paper, you'll plant it right enough in most

"To a man as takes a pleasure in his business—no matter how humble it may be-it's very disheartening to see how most tolks chucks 'em away as soon as they've glanced at them, and personally nothing makes me more disgusted than walking about seeing on all sides the bills as they've crumpled up and wasted.

'A shillin' a day, like some of the sandwich men, has been my usual pay; but the the job ain't such a hard one, because the police don't mind your being on the pavement now and again, whereas, if you have got the boards on, they takes good care as you stops in the gutter."

One Fine Passage,

A very vain preacher having delly. ered a sermon in the hearing of the Rev. Robert Hall, pressed him to state what he thought of the serm n. Mr. Hall remained silent for some time, but this caused the question to be pressed with greater earnestness. At length Mr. Hall admitted: "There was one very fine passage." "I am rejoiced to hear you say so. Pray, sir, which was it?" "Why, sir, it was the passage from the pulpit to the vestry."

It Killed Him.

Vestris, the great dancing master, died at 83, and it was said he would have lived till a hundred but for a sudden and mortal blow in the shape of an advertisement. One day he asked for a newspaper-probably for the first time in his life. Scarcely had be opened the sheet, when his eyes lighted upon the following: "Wanted, a professor of dancing at Calcutta. Must be a skillful chirop-odist at the same time." He took to his bed and never left it again alive.



Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fovers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical

met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kid-neys, Liver and Bowels without weak-

neys, Liver and Bowels without weak-ening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all drug-gists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is man-ufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Baking Powder

Consistent of James,

"James, dear, will you bring me a hod of coal from the celiar?" said a

busy wife. "That's just the way with you. sald James, with a frown, as he put down his book and rose from the arm chair.

"Just the way with me?"

"Yes!" he snapped. As soon as you see me enjoying myself, you have omething or other for me to do. Didn't you see I was absorbed in my reading?"

Well, dear, I will do it myself." "Yes, and tell everybody-your mother especially-that you have to carry your own coal up from the cel-tar. No, I'll do it. Let me mark my place."

o he marked the place in the book at which he had ceased reading, and when he went down to the cellar, grumbling all the way, she picked up the volume, and found that it was a love story, and that the passage he had been absorbed in was as follows:

"My darling, when you are my wife, I will shield and protect you from every care; the winds of heaven shall not visit your face too roughly, those pretty hands shall never be soiled by menial tasks, your wish

shall be my law, your happiness-Just then be reappeared, and dropping the hod upon the floor, said: There's your coal! Give me my



of all cases of consumption can, if taken in the earlier stages of the disease, be cured. This may seem like a bold assertion to those familiar only with the means generally in use for its treatment; as, nasty codliver oil and its filthy emulsions, extract of malt, whiskey, different preparations of hypophosphites and such like palliatives.

Although by many believed to be incurable, there is the evidence of hundreds of living witnesses to the fact that, in all its earlier stages, consumption is a curable disease. Not every case, but a large percentage of cases, and we believe, fully of percent, are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, even after the disease has progressed so far as to induce repeated bleedings from the lungs, severe lingering cough with copious expectoration (including tubercular matter), great loss of flesh and extreme emaciation and weakness.

Do you doubt that hundreds of such cases reported to us as cured by "Golden Medical Discovery" were genuine cases of that dread and fatal disease? You need not take cur word for it. They have, in nearly every instance, been so pronounced by the best and most experienced home physicians, who have no interest whatever in misrepresenting them, and who were often strongly prejudiced and advised against a trial of "Golden Medical Discovery," but who lave been forced to confess that it surpasses, in curative power over this fatal malady, all other medicines with which they are acquainted. Nasty codiliver oil and its fithy "emulsions" and mixtures, had been tried in nearly all these cases and had either utterly failed to benefit, or had only seemed to benefit a little for a short time. Extract of malt, whiskey, and various preparations of the hypophosphites had also been faithfully tried in vain.

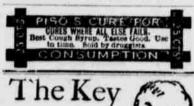
The photographs of a large number of those cured of consumption, bronchitis, lingering coughs, asthma, chronic nasal catarrh and kindred maladies, have been skillfully reproduced in a book of 160 pages which will be mailed to you, on receipt of address do

You can then write those cured and learn their experience. Address for Book, World's DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

PENSION JOHN W. MORHING. Successfully Projectures Claims. Late Principal Examine: U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yiah nat war, 19 ahindicating claims, atty mine

PATENT STRADE MARKS Examination of invention. Send for invention and advice as to participate it of invention. Send for inventors Stude or how to see a patent. PATRICK OF ARRELL, Washington, D.C.

Silk, Waste Enbroidery, (25c perjago.)
100 crazy athenes in each package.
Adress, BRAINERD & ARMSTRONG.
SILR CO., 100 Union St., New London, Com.



Thomas Sheridan, the father of Lady Dufferin, once displeased his father, who, remonstrating with him, exclaimed:

"Why. Tom, my father would have permitted me to do such never a thing!"

"Sir," said his son, in a tone of the greatest ind gnation, "do you presume to compare your father to my father?"

Bave Plenty of Room.

A man has thirty times greater chance of life if he live in a fourroomed house than if he is only able to rent a single chamber.

SHE-It takes two to make a bargain, you know. He-Yes; but only one gets it!-Boston Courier.



"MEDITATION" exchange for 18 Large Lion each, cut from Lion Coffee rappers, and a Scott stamp to 19 postage. Webs. or list of

WOOLSON SPICE Co.,





BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Dengias \$3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middlernans grounds. Our shoes equal custom work in style, eary fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

PN U 47

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Take one! at the time, Swallow it and there you are. One who gets just as full In any other way Is not so uncomfortable at the time. That sensation, to him,

A . Ripans . Tabule.

"LINENE" are the Best and Most Economicalism and Cuffs worn, they are made of fine, both sides finished alike, and heing reversione collar is equal to two of any other kind, y aft well, best rest and took well. A hop of Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five

A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six ents. Name style and size. Address REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY, 17 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kilby St., Boston EASTMAN COLLEGE. POCOMERFRIM A N. Y., offers both sexes ine at the lowest cost. Healthful, heat and an additional advantages at the lowest cost. Healthful, heat influences; elective studies. Superior instruction. Department of Both Receiving and Business Studies; Monthandand Typewriting; English and Modern Languages; Pennanship and Drawing; the elementary branches, e.c., NO VACATIONS. Positions obtained for competent sindering. Address, for Cataly gue CLEMENT C. GAINES, Pres. COLLEGE HOUSE AND MAINTENANCE COLLEGE.

Success in washing and cleaning is Pearl-ine. By doing

away with the rubbing, it opens the way to easy work; with Pearline, a weekly wash can be done by a weakly woman. It shuts out possible harm and danger; all things washed with Pearline last longer than if washed with

soap. Everything is done better with it. These form but a small -Why women use millions upon millions

On the peddlers and grocers who tell you "this is as good as," or the Key "the same as" Pearline. IT'S FALSE; besides, Pearline is never peddled.

1 JAMES PYLE, New York. Turn

> Witted People Use SAPOLIO

part of the

of packages of Pearline every year. Let Pearline do its best and there is no fear of "dirt doing its worst."

"Thoughtless Folks Have the Hardest Work, But Quick

KNOWLEDGE