Two centuries have increased England's wealth forty fold.

The entire population of India do not spend twelve cents a head a year for clothing.

Only one twelfth of the lands of Idaho are taken up and there are parts of the big State which have not even been surveyed.

California has one of the most remarkable timber belts in the world, embracing 4,125 square miles and containing 132,000,000,000 feet of

It is said that only Mecca, in Arabia, and Thesen, in Thibet, are now closed to Christian preachers, but 100 years ago nearly the whole world outside of Europe and America was shut.

Canada has a debt of \$300,000,000, which is about five times greater per capits of population than the debt of the United States. Since 1878 the expenditures have grown three times as rapidly as the population.

It seems to the Atlanta Constitution to be a matter of certainty that a large number of Norwegians are making preparations to leave Iowa and settle in Florida, along the St. Cloud Sugar Belt railway, between St. Cloud and Narcoosee,

The number of millionaires in England is not so great as one might believe. According to the report of the income-tax officials there are in England seventy-one persons with an annual income of \$250,000, over 1,100 draw \$50,000 annually, and only about 10,000 have an income of \$10,000.

The royalties of Europe patronize the bicycle with as much energy as the boys of America. The King of the Belgians exercises upon one daily, little Queen Wilhelmina rides one when she is at her castle of Het Loo, and the Czarowitz, Princes Waldemar and Carl of Denmark and Princes George and Nicolas of Greece are all cyclists. The bicycle of the Khedive of Egypt is a gorgeous mechine, almost entirely covered with silver plating.

According to M. Eiffel, the cost in lives of any great engineering work can be estimated at least as accurately as the cost in money. "It has been ascertained." he says, "by statistical observation that in engineering enterprises one man is killed for every \$200,000 spent on the work. If you have to build a bridge at a cost of \$20,000,000, you know that you will kill 100 workmen." This statement, while rather an ingenious one, is not, it is stated, borne out by facts. Take the Eiffel tower, for example. One million three hundred thousand dollars' worth cost only four lives. The Forth bridge, on the other hand, a contemporary points out, cost \$9,000,-000, while the lives of fifty-five men were sacrificed in connection with its construction.

According to a recent dispatch from St. Petersburg, the wild camel has been discovered in large numbers in that portion of Asia which lies between Lobnor and Sajuy. This will dispose of the doubts that have hitherto prevailed on the question as to whether the "ship of the desert" really exists in an untamed condition. From time immemorial two species of tame camel have been in use, namely, that known as the dromedary, with only one hump, and found in India, Arabia and Africa, while the one with two humps is met with in Central Asia, Persia and the south of Russia. Both species figure in the sculptures of Assyria, and are mentioned in the oldest books of the Bible, but always as domestic animals, and no trace exists of their being drafted from their savage state into civilized life. Indeed, it has been generally supposed that the camel never existed otherwise than as a beast of burden, and the few specimens of wild dromedaries which have hitherto been secured by travellers and hunters have been regarded as merely some of the domestic species that had reverted to the freedom of barbarism. Zoologically speaking, the newly discovered wild camel of Lobnor does not differ widely from the domesticated animal, except that there is almost an entire lack of hump, and that its sagacity and senses are developed to a most remarkable degree of keenness. And, whereas, we have hitherto been accustomed to associate this animal with ideas of the torrid heat of the African and Arabian deserts, it would appear that it thrives nowhere so well as in the coldest portions of Siberia, suffering no inconvenience even from the most severe winters, when the thermometer is many degrees below zero.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE

CONFLICTING AFFAIRS.

Improvement Shown in Some Lines and Duilness in Others.

R. G. Dunn & Co's. Weekly Review of Trade, says: "Plenty of material for encouragement and also for discouragement can be found by those who seek that and nothing else. But business men who want to see the situation exactly as it is, find accounts so far condicting that it is difficulty to strike a balance. In those departments of industry and trade in which the deferred business and the demand for replenishment of stocks have not been exhausted there is obvious improvement and in some the business is not only larger than last year, but larger than two years ago. In others the exhaustion of the temporary demand has brought disappointment, because it was smaller than was expected.

In the aggregate business is about a tenth larger than last year, but still falls about 25 per cent, below a full volume for the season. The iron business, after its great increase of output last month shows disappointing weakness at all Eastern and Central markets, with consumption not large enough to keep fairly see the situation exactly as it is, find ac-

consumption not large enough to keep fairly employed the mills in operation. Bessemer pig is lower, at \$11.25. at Pittsburg and the business in most manufactured products there and at Philadelphia is generally done at some concessions. Wire rods and nails and some concessions. Wire rods and nails and barbed wire are weaker, and steel billets and bars a shade lower. In the minor metals speculation has advanced both tin and copspeculation has advanced both tin and e-per a little, but without evidence of incre-ing consumption.

per a little, but without evidence of increas-ing consumption.

In boots and shoes the demand continues large, with many sales from stocks and orders for quick delivery, and other indica-tions that replinishment of stocks is not yet

ompleted.

A large auction sale of silks has resulted in atisfactory prices. The demand for woolen A large alletion sale of sliks has its lifed in satisfactory prices. The demand for woolen dress goods is better, and the half dezen con-cerns making slay diagonals are probably oversold, but in most lines the woolen busi-ness is restricted, and after what remained of

ness is restricted, and after what remained of several months' demand was crowded into a few weeks the traffic is disappointing. Breadstuffs were weaker. While lower estimater of corn are commonly accepted, the price fell 3½ cents, and men are reasoning that if the official estimate of wheat has been found 100,000,000 tush is out of the way the corn estimate may err 400,000,000 or 500,000-000 bushels.

One bushels.

Cetten declined 3-16, and for September delivery the price is the lowest on record for many years with a growing belief that the crop, irrespective of the heavy stock in sight will prove more than enough for the world's

consumption.
Railroad earnings for the first week in September were 6.4 per cent, smaller than last year and for the month as far as reported 4.9 per cent, less than in 1893 and 14.7 per nt. less than in 1892.

cent. less than in 1892.
Failures in two weeks of September show liabilities of only \$2,867,764, of which \$969,-716 were of manufacturing and \$1,796,648 of trading concerns. Failures during the week have been 212 in the United States, against 321 lest year, and in Canada 48 against 40 leaf year.

A GREAT FIRE IN PORTLAND. Two Hundred Freight Cars and Docks Destroyed

The most disastrous fire in the history of Portland, Ore., broke out at 4:30 Sunday afternoon in the dock of the Pacific Coast elevator company, and raged for three hours, destroywhen the fire engines arrived the fire was be-yond control, and half an hour from the time it started the docks for half a mile were on fire. Nothing could be done but to let the fire burn itself out.

The elevator contained nearly half a million The elevator contained nearly half a million bushels of wheat. The new plant of the Portland General electric company, which had just arrived from Lynn, Mass., was stand-ing in the yards of the Terminal company on the cars, not having been unloaded. The plant occupied the entire train and the ma-chinery was of the mest expensive kind, most of which was destroyed. Two hundred freight cars, 80 of which were londed, were destroyed. The Oregon railroad and Naviga-tion docks held 1500 tons of freight, consisttion docks held 1500 tons of freight, consist-ing of wool, salmon, general merchandise cement, all of which was destroyed. There were stored on the dock about 12,000 cases of salmon from the Lower Columbia river and Pugent Sound, awaiting shipment to the east if was valued at about \$40,000 and was partly

large steamboat Wilamette Chief, moored at the yard, took fire and was burned. She was used as a towboat and valued at about \$45,000. Three men are supposed to have perished in the elevator, Charles Anderon, a man named Brown and one named Marry were seen at an upper window of the el vator, and it is thought they were all burn-ed,

TWO MILLION PRAYING.

New York City a Prayer Center for the League of the Sacred Heart.

From a building in West Sixteenth street, New York, the prayers of 2,000,000 people of the United States will be directed from now on. The 2,000,000 people are the members in this country of Apostleship of Prayer or Lengue of the Sacred Heart, a Catholic relig-Lengus of the Sacred Heart, a Calholic relig-ous organization which has a membership of 2,000,000. Rev. J. Wynne, a Jesuit father is in charge. He has a staff of 14 priests to assist him. New York city will become a prayer center and the headquarters of the Aposticship of Prayer forms a conspicuous addition to the Jesuit community gathered around the St. Francis Navier's College.

This branch of the league is interesting itself in the work of Father Burke among the discirin the work of Father Burke among the colored people and striving to spread devotion to the Sacred Heartamong them. It has lately taken up an entirely new field, that of introducing the same devotion among employes of railroads and propagating the league among the sailors of the United States navy. The league's motto is "Thy Kingdom navy. The league's motto is "Thy Kingdor Come," and it has a special object of praye each month designated by the Pope himself

MONKEYS CAN SMOKE.

The Discovery Made by Mischievous Boys

at Paris.

Can monkeys smoke? is a question which may now be answered in the affirmative. The discovery was made at the Jardin des Plantes in Paris by a band of mischievous urchins, who freely distributed to the occupants of the monkey houses eigarettes. They took to the weed very kindly and puffed away to the great delight of the boys, until the advent of the dismayed keepers, and the subsequent appearance of the lads at the police station proved to them that mankind still means to maintain a monopoly as regards the consumption of tobacco.

CZAR OF RUSSIA STRICKEN. He Is Recovering From an Apoplectic

Fit.
A dispatch from Vienna says that the Czar was recently stricken with an apoplectic fit and arrived at Spala in so weak a condition that he had to be carried out of the railway

car.

An official dispatch from St. Petersburg dated Saturday says authorative advices from Spala state that the Czar has become much better and would probably start for the Crimea, Sunday.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKINGS.

It is announced that Brazil proposes to nise a loan of \$3,000,000.

Several hundred Hebrew hatters are on strike at Newark, N. J.

The doctors have decided that there is no need of a further operation on Mr. Gladstone's eyes,

The Italians of New Lork Thursday celebrated the twenty-fourth anniversary of the unity of the kingdom of Italy.

The bark Albemarie, bound from Baltimore o St. Johns, was burned at sea. The crew

was picked up and landed at Bermuda. The Government of Mexico has requested Spanish shipbuilding firm to furnish plans

Two girls of Daphne, Ala., are said to have ought a duel far the hand of a Swedish sailor Both girls were mortally wounded.

for the construction of 12 men-of-war.

The Stoneboro, Pa., coal mines resumed Thursday after a strike of ten months' dur-The Japs have captured all the troops

landed at the mouth of the Yalu, and say that the treasure captured at Ping Yang amounts John Poynter was hanged at Fort Smith, Ark., Thursday, for the murder of William

Bolding and Edward Vandiver in February last. Mrs. Annie A. Mayhoofer, of East St. Louis who was shot Monday by her brother-in-law, Henry Gardner, who afterwards committed

suicide, died Thursday. A strike is threatened on the Missouri railroad on account of the discharge of a number of engineers and firemen who are said to have been in sympathy with the Debs strikers.

The board of directors of the Adams Ex ress Company Thursday accepted the resignation of President Sanford, at New York and elected Mr. L. C. Weir, of Cincinnati, in

The boiler of a sawmill at Pine Bluff, Ark., blew up Thursday, demolishing the mill, A negro named Ward had his head blown off, and several unknown men, white and colored, were fatually injured.

Anton Palitschek, lately consul-general of Austria at New York. has been dismissed in disgrace for extertion from exhibitors at he World's fair at Chicago and embezzlement.

The monument to Mai, John Andre at l'appan, N. Y., erected in 1885 by Cyrus W. Fields, after being blown up by dynamite on two occasions by citizens opposed to it, has again been raised on its pedestal.

It is reported at San Francisco that the British ship Senegal went to the bottom of he Pacific about longtitude 30,17 north and ongtitude 119.08 west. Twenty-nine people were drowned.

The town of Leroy, Minn., is reported to have been partially ruined by a cyclone late Friday evening. Three people are said to have been killed and the eastern part of the town is badly wreeked. Gov. McKinley is confined to his room by

illness and may possibly be unable to fill the engagements to make political speeches in Indiana, Illinois and Ohio next week. A rearrangement of the dates of these meetings. which is to be made, waits upon his recovery. Dr. C. McIntosh, the correspondent in a

sensational divorce suit in which J. Jenkins of Sheriff, Ark., is plantiff, was Thursday at that place, filled with buckshot and instantiv killed by Jenkins, while standing among a crowd of people. The Riverside Iron Works strike at Wheel-

ing, W. Va., was satisfactorily adjusted

Thursday. A committee of the men held a

conference with Manager Hearne, and all departments resumed Friday. The basis of settlement was held in confidence, A 6 cents conscience contribution from a boy who addresses his letter "His Majesty, President Cleveland;" has been received at

the Treasury Department. The boy states that he re-used United States stamps and is ow sorry for it. Secretary Carlisle was Thursday served with the papers at Washington in the man-

damus proceedings brought by the Miles Pianting and manufacturing Company in Louisiana to compel the inspection of their plant under the bounty provision of the Me-

At a meeting in New York Thursday the stockholders of the New York & New Jersey Bridge Company decided to submit a plan for a 2,000-foot cantilever bridge to the war department, as the cousensus of the railroad authorities is against the use of a suspension bridge.

Negroes of Texas made a contract with the Mexican government for the colonization of rich lands in the northern part of Mexico and were about to settle with a number of families when strong opposition developed among the Mexicans and an effort will be made to prevent their coming.

The Democrats of Ohio have nominated the following ticket: Secretary of State, Milton Turner, of Guernsey; Judge of the supreme court, James D. Ermston, of Hamilton; Member of the Board of Public Works, Harry B. Keffer, of Tuscarawas; State commissioner of common schools, Dr. J.A. Leech of Franklin.

"OLD SHADY" DEAD. Gen. Sherman's Faithiul Body Servant

Passes Away.

Blakely Durant, familiarily known as "Old Shady," died Wednesday at his home at Grand Forks, North Dakota. He was the

Grand Forks, North Dakota. He was the body servant of Gen. Sherman during the rebellion and was feelingly mentioned in the latter's memoirs. He was the "Old Shady" of the familiar war melody.

Almost the last trip he took from home was when he went to St. Louis to attend the funeral oi his old master. Sherman has shown his regard for his colored servant in many ways, and had often visited him to his Grand Fork home. The deceased was highly respected for his estimable qualities.

Terrible Ternado.

On Saturday night last a terriffic tornado awept over the town of Aigona, in Kossuth county, In., causing great less of life and destruction of property. The storm was one of indescriable grandeur. A funnel shaped cloud of inky blackness swept along to the northeast, illuminated by almost continuous flashes of lightning, and a roar of thunder that was deep and long. There were 19 funcrais at Aigona on Sunday, and coffins for the dead were piled up at every station.

LATEST NEWS SUMMARIZED

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

What is Transpiring the World Over, Important Events Briefly Told.

POBERON.

The Deep-Water-Ways convention Toronto is slimly attended. Eight warships are said to have been lost in the recent naval battle between the Japan-ese and Chinese,

Dr. Don J. M. Yrigoyen, Peru's representa-ive at Washington, announces the defeat of

FIRES, ACCIDENTS, FATALITIES, ETC. The steamer Namyong sunk with its crew

Boys started a trolley car down a hill at Cleveland; it ran into a motor and William Sherrington was fatally hurt.

By the explosion of a burning oil car on the Omaha railroad at Hudson, Wis., seven persons were badly burned, some it is thought fatally.

Mrs. Elizabeth Beck, aged 60, and Mrs. Sarah Weber, were struck by a switch engine at Cleveland. The former was killed and the latter will die.

WASHINGTON,

Another batch of 12 clerks has been dis-missed from the treasury department at Washington under the Dockery law.

The government has decided to accept the new dynamite gun battery at Sandy Hook, N. Y., and will pay the Pneumatic dynamite company \$169,000 therefor.

It is said that Secretary Carlisle has re-quested the resignation of Jeremiah O'Rourke, supervising architect of the Treas-

The net cash in the national treasury at the close of business Monday was \$126,640,698, of which \$57,430,351 represented the gold re-

At Spokane, Wash., Mrs. Helen Grier was found guilty of poisoning her sixth husband. George Reilly, aged 64, a well-known Philadelphian, committed suicide. Cause not

Samuel Johnson, a negro, of Selma, Ala., sold himself into slavery there for \$25 cash to Col. Stark Oliver.

Five burglars, aged from 9 to 15 years, and all colored were jailed at Springfield, Mo. They confessed to cracking a safe and secur-

Andrew Howland, a prominent citizen, of Thompson, Conn., is under arrest for at-tempting to murder his wife, who objected to his attentions to a servant.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

A large tin plate plant will be creeted at Youngstown, O.

The Rocky mountain oil company has suspended operations; another victory for the Standard.

Three hundred employes of the Bennington, Vt., woolen mill are on a strike for a restoration of wages.

C. M. Levy & Co., manufacturers of child-ren's clothing at New York, have failed, Lin-bilities \$50,000; assets \$25,000.

The spinners and weavers' strike at Fall River is growing and 38,000 textile opera-tives are now out in that city. Three thousand shirt makers in New York,

encouraged by the success of the coat and cloakmakers in getting better hours and pay, willlikely strike, J. C. Niedringhaus, the St. Louis Republi-can and tin plate manufacturer, says his em-ployes can work under the new tariff at the old rate of wages until January at least.

Executions for \$14,000 were issued against James S. Cochran & Bro., yarn spinners, of Philadelphia. The firm clams to be sol-

At the Carpetners'national union in Indian apolis Tuesday, President Trenor said labor organizations have failed of their duty through striving to control the supply of labor instead of trying to increase the demand for it.

The Massey Manufacturing company, of Toronto, employing 2,000 men, has determined to move its factory to the United States and is looking for a site near Ningara Falls, Mr. H. A. Massey tells a reporter that it is the ew tariff that has attracted him to these

MIRCELLANGOUR. McKinley has appointments to speak in five states, and 13 more want him.

The vintage of California has begun and the crops will be below the average, Hon, Wm. C. Whitney sailed Wednesday from Liverpool for New York on the Majestic

Washington Republicans began their state onvention Wednesday at Spokane, but did convention Wednesd nothing of interest.

Patrick O'Leary, husband of the woman whose cow kicked over the lamp that burned Chicago in 1871, died there Saturday.

On Wednesday alternoon Alix trotted a mile at Galesburg, Ill., in 2:03/4, beating the record of Nancy Hanks by one-quarter of a second. Alix is now queen,

The German Roman Catholic verein con cluded its annual convention in New York Wednesday, and received a telegram from Rome announcing the Pope's blessing.

The Republicans of New York have nomi nated Levi P. Morton for governor, and Charles T. Saxton for lieutenant gover-

The 70th annual session of the Odd Fei-lows' Soverign Grand Lodge opened at Chattaneoga Monday and will continue five

days. Land has been purchased on which to erect a great hotel at Riverside, N. Y., opposite the temb of Gen. Grant, to cost \$2,000,000.

The most distinguished Masonie body in the United States, the supreme council of sovereign grand inspectors general, of the thirty-third degree, Scottish rites, went into convention in Boston Tnesday.

The two hundred and sixty-fourth anniver-sary of the settlement of Beston was observed Monday. Governor Greenhagle received from Washington, the battle flags of the Fifteenth Kineteenth, Twenty-third and fifth regiments of Massachusetts infantry captured on south-ern battle flelds.

Women as Odd Fellows.

Women as Odd Fellows.

The third day's session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., was opened Thursday morning and legislation on the admission of women to the order through the Rebekah Lodge came next. The Lew legislation admits all Odd Fellows and wives and all white women over 18 years of age who "believe in the Ruler of the Universe," Formerly only the wives of Odd Fellows were admitted.

Ready to Fight France. The Hoves of Madagascar expects a war with France and are actively arming and constructing fortifications. The natives are being urged to resist the French to the death, Cases of outrace and pillage of French citi-zens are of daily occurrence.

LAND CAVING IN.

Is Kansas Bottomless? Farmers Are Alarmed.

Land is caving in in the vicinity of the unction of Harvey, Butler, and counties, Great excitement prevails, and many people are getting away. Near Whitewater on the farm of Thomas Essington an area of 40 to 90 feet sunk a to depth of 28 feet, and when a man was let down into the hole his weight alone sunk it nearly three feet

About the same moment an area of seven feet square sunk at Flum Grave a depth of 35 feet. This was on the farm of Sid Jones, the sliding in carrying in a threshing machine. Water poured into the hole from underground till it filled nearly to the top, but the hole at Whitewater is still dry, though it is supposed that the caved-in earth is resting on a vast body of water. Both places are 7 or 8 miles apart.

8 miles apart.

At Annelyn, some miles from Whitewater, there were several small cave-ins, ranging in depth from 6 to 40 feet. Not long since a man was digging a well in the vicinity of Pium Grave, and when he had reached a depth of 26 feet, the drill shot into an apparent vacuum, and could not be recovered.

PRESIDENT NUNEZ DE AD.

Columbia's Executive Had a Most Re markable Public Career.
It is officially announced that Dr. Rafael

Nunez, president of the republic of Columbia died on Tuesday morning, September 18, of enstric fover.

gastric fever.

Nunez was born at Carthagena, on Sept. 28, 1825. He graduated at the University of Carthagena, in 1850, and was elected to Congress for the province of Panama in 1851. From that time he was constantly in public life. In 1863 he came to New York and later went to Europe as Columbian consul at Havre. He returned to Columbia in 1875, having been elected senator. He was four times elected president. He was confronted by a rebellion in 1884 but United States marines in Panama helped him put down the revolt.

President Nunez was generally regarded as the ablest and most particle statesman of the Republic. His residence in the United States as a consular officer years ago had given him a close acquaintence with the affairs of this government, and he had used his influence to model his own government after that of the United States. The vice-president will remain in control to the end of the six-year term for which President Nunez was elected in 1892.

ODD FELLOWS CONVENTION Attendance at Chattanooga not as Large as Expected.

The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Felows is in session this week at Chattanoogs, Tenn. The members of it met Monday morning at Lookout Inn and were welcomed by the governor of Tentesee, and the mayor of Chattanooga. The grand parade took place

Chattanoga. The grand parade took place I useday.

The attendance has failen greatly below the expectations of those who have had the arrangements for their entertainment in hand. About 600 visitors have so far registered; and it is believed that not more than 2,000 were there. The failure of the railreads to give a satisfactory rate is said by the people to be the cause of the light attendance.

At the business session Representative Morris, of Kentucky, nominated Grand Sire John W. Stebbens, of Maryland, and he was unanimously elected. For the office of deputy grand sire Fred Carleton, of Texas, was elected, Theodore Ross, of New Jersey, was unanimously re-elected grand secretary, and Isaac Sheppard, of Pennsylvahia, treasurer. The next convention will be held in Atlantic City.

CONVENTION OF MOTHERS.

The Novel Idea Chicago Is About to Spring on the Public.

Formal announcement has been made of a unique and notable gathering, the first of the kind ever held in America - a convocation of mothers. The convocation will be held in

mothers. The convocation will be held in Chicago under the auspices of Chicago Kindergarten College, beginning September 25 and ending September 27. Special ratiroad rates have been granted and a large attendance is expected, delegates being looked for from as far away as Portland, Me.

The gathering is the outcome of much earnest discussion by kindergarten teachers throughout the country. The meeting is called primarily for mothers who feel their inability lo do the highest work with children without special training. The convocation will, it is expected be quite as valuable to primary teachers, Sunday-school workers and all who wish to be helpful to little children. A number of leading physicians, educators and others well qualified to speak upon the subjects to be considered will take part in the proceedings. part in the proceedings.

A WOMAN'S IMPRISONMENT. Found Locked in the Basement of a West

Virginia Court-House, The new Court house in Harrison county, W. Va., is an imposing structure of stone and brick. In the basement are offices of various kinds and a number of large rooms, which are used for storage. From one of these latare used for storage. From one of these lat-ter rooms came a day or two ago a maniacal yeil just after the adjournment of court. Parties investigated, and found the noise came from a room securely locked. After some time an entrance was made and a beautiful woman about thirty was found all alone. She said she was from Braxton county, and had been there three weeks but refused to tell her name, or explain how she ame there. She was almost in convulsions when found. Speculation is rile and the little when found. Specumion is the and to which town of Charksburg has a sensation which promises, when the County Court concludes its investigation, to develop some interesting particulars. Names are witheid until developements justify their use.

THE TRAVELING KAISER

William of Germany Covers a Great Deal of Ground.

Kaiser Wilhelm has not kept still during the past year. A calculation has been made showing where he spent his time since August 15, 1893. He was in Berlin or Potsdam 166 days, and traveling the other 199. He gave 27 days to the maxeuvers and reviews in 12 different places from, Kiel and Salzwedel to Stutigart, Strassburg and Metz; he went for state ceremonies to Schwerin, to Bremen. to Dresden, to Coburg—for the funeral of Duke Earnest, and again for the wedding of the Grand Duke of Hesse; he was hunting in Hungary, Sweden, Wurtemburg, Upper Silesia and Baden; his trip to Abbazia, including his stay in Pola, Venice, and Vienna, took three weeks; and he has gone to the North Fjord and to England. Altogether the emperor traveled by land and water 18,-750 miles in one year. showing where he spent his time since

RUSHING IN SUGAR.

The Custom Report in Philadelphia Broken for a Single Day.

The coffers of the Units d States sub-treasury in Philadelphia were swelled Friday by sury in Philadelphia were swelled Friday by the payment of \$91,396 from sugar dutic-alone, It was on one invoice which was for W. J. McCanan. The |u a | was imported from Java and was brought here on the steamer Fortuna. This is the largest amount of money received on any one consignment since Collector Rend entered upon his duties at Philadelphia.

A DROP OF 15 FEET.

Fifteen Boys Injured, One Fatally, by the

Breaking of a Platform.

A large top platform of an outside stairway, on Vogt block gave way at Akron. O., Wednesday night, under the weight of a crowd of young men waiting to gain en trance to an entertainment, precipitating all to the ground, 15 feet below. Arthur Den-aple had both legs and one rlb broken and 18 Internally injured, will die. Four others had

Murdered His Young Wife. was shot and killed by her husband. Vitro, in the tenement No. 299 Mott street, New York city, next to the rear entrance of police head-quarters. The murderer escaped.

MARKETS.

(THE WROLESALE PRICES ARE GIVEN BELOW)

	Grain, Flour and Feed.				
	WHEAT-No 1 Red			0	55
	No. 2 Red	53			54
	CORN-No. 2 Yellow, ear	63			64
	High Mixed, ear	62			63
	No. 2 Yellow, shelled	62			68
	OATS No. 1 White	35			86
	No. 2 White	34			85
,	No. 3 White	83			84
ß	Mixed				
ß		31			32
	HYE No. 1	53			54
	No. 2 Western, new	52		200	53
	FLOUR Fancy Winter pat.	3 50		- 3	75
	Fancy Spring patents	3 50		3	70
Z	Fancy Straight Winter	2.75		- 3	00
Ч	XXX Bakers	2 50 3 10		- 9	75
	Rye flour	3 10		- 3	27
	HAY Baled, No. 1 Tim'y	11 50		10	00
P)	Baled, No. 2 Timothy	10 50		17	75
Я	Minnet Change			111	
Ø	Mixed Clover	10 50		11	00
	Timothy from country	15 00		16	00
П	FEED No. 1 Wh Md, ton	17 50			00
Vi	No. 2 White Middlings	16 50		1.7	60
	Brown Middlings	16 00		16	50
	Bran, bulk	15 25		15	75
	6TRAW Whent	5 00			95

Dairy Products. BUTTER-Elgin Creamery. Fancy Creamery.
Fancy Country Roll.
Low grade and cooking.
CHEESE Ohio, new
New York, new
Wisconsin Swiss
Limburger, new make.

Fruit and Vegetables APPLES—Fancy, ₹ bbl....\$ 2 75 @ WATERMELONS— GRAPES— Concords, 10-lb basket ... PEACHES 5-lb basket. Bartletts, per bbls,

do per bu......
Seckels per bbl
PLUMS Damsons per bu

Green gages per bu

Large blue, per bu

Prunes, per bu

CANTELOUPES 2 25 1 50 1 40 2 00 Ann Arundel, per sug bbl.
BEANS—sereened per bu
Lima, lb.
POTATOES— 3.00

Home grown, bbl..... 1 25 1 50 Yellow, per bu..... Poultry, Etc.

Poultry, Etc.
Live Chickens, ? pair ... \$
Spring Chickens ...
Live Ducks, ? pair ...
Dressed Ducks, ? b. ...
Dressed Chickens, ib, mix
...
...
...
young select
Dressed Turkeys, ? ib...
EGGS - Pa, and Ohio fresh.
FEATHERS—
Extra Live Geese, ? ib...
No. 1 Ex. Live Geese, ? ib...
Country, large, packed...

SEEDS—Clover, 62 lbs
Timothy, prime.
Blue Grass
RAGS—Country mixed...
HONEY—White Clover...

CINCINNATI

EGGS..... BUTTER Obio Creamery... PHILADELPHIA.

CORN—No. 2 Mixed OATS—No. 2 White BUTTER—Creamery, extra. EGGS Pa. firsts NEW YORK.

OATS-White Western BUTTER-Creamery EGGS State and Penn.

Cattle Market Reports. [Cattle are sold at these figures live weight, Hogs are sold at net weight, that is 20 per cont (generally) off from live weight. Sheep are sold grass, that is live weight or nothing off.]

Central Stock Yards Pittsburg, Pa.

Extra, 1,450 to 1,600th. 95 1066 5 50
Prime, 1,300 to 1,400th. 4 706c4 90
Good, 1,209 to 1,300th. 4 50664 70
Tidy, 1,050 to 1,150th. 3 70664 15
Fair, 900 to 1,000th. 3 096c3 49
Common, 705 to 9,00th. 2 096c 2 75
Heavy Philadelphias 6 2066 30
Common to fair Yorkers and pigs 5 656c 75
Grassers 5 406c 5 50

Chicago—Cattle—Market steady, common to extra steers, 3.00@6.35; cows and bulls, 1.35@3.50; stockers and feeders, 2.00@3.80; caives, 2.25@5.50. Hogs—Market steady, heavy, 5.96@6.40; common to choice mixed, 5.50@6.20; choice assorted, 5.89@6.00; light, 6.50@6.20; pigs, 3.50@5.65. Sheep—Market firm and 10@15c higher; inferior to choice, 1.00@3.50; lambs, 1.50@4.35.

Cincinnati—Hogs—Select shippers, 6.15@ 6.25; select butchers, 5.95@,600; fair to good 6.25; select butchers, 5.95@, 609; fair to good packers, 5.35@5.90; fair to good, 5.25@5.80; common and rough, 4.90@5.30. Cattle-Good shippers, 4.25@5.00; good to choice, 4.00@4.50; fair to medium, 3.2)@3.9; common, 2.25@3.00. Lambs Extras, 4.35; good to choice, 3.50@4.25; common to fair, 2.00@3.20.

The Petroleum Market

Oil City, Pa.—Petroleum dall. October options unchanged at 82% bid. National Transit runs, 78,187 barreis; shipments, 64-288 barreis. Buckeye runs, 6,001 barreis; shipments, 45,400 barrels.