

OCCASIONALLY you meet a mother who looks sorry she isn't an old maid.

Dr. Klinger's Swamp-Root cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles, Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N.Y.

A Sacramento gardener irrigates his garden by dog power.

To Cleanse the System Effectually yet gently, when constipated or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

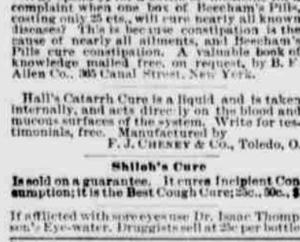
There are 19,302 periodicals published in the United States.

Indigestible. Why spend \$1 for a bottle of medicine for a complaint when one box of Beecham's Pills, costing only 25 cts., will cure all known diseases? This is because constipation is the cause of nearly all ailments, and Beecham's Pills cure constipation. A valuable book of knowledge mailed free on request, by B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal Street, New York.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid, and is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Write for testimonials, free. Manufactured by F. J. CHERRY & Co., Toledo, O.

Shiloh's Cure Is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incontinent Consumption; It is the Best Cough Cure; 50c., \$1.00.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.



Chronic Indigestion

Kept me in very poor health for five years, I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and my digestion was helped by the first three doses.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures
I have now taken over four bottles and I firmly believe it has cured me, and also saved my life. Mrs. R. E. PRINCE, Bushville, N. Y.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable.

Tricky Lions. Some of the most dangerous tricks of animals are those simulating kindness. Charles Montague, in "Tales of a Nomad," says that hyenas often follow lions, and finish a car as the moment lions have left it. Sometimes, however, the hyenas are too eager, and steal bits of meat while the lions are still at their meal.

I have been told that the lion rids himself of the nuisance in the following way: He throws a piece of meat aside. When the lion is looking the other way the hyena dodges in and rushes off with the meat. Presently the lion throws another piece of meat, this time a little nearer. The hyena takes that also. At last the lion throws a piece very near indeed. The hyena, having become reckless, makes a dash at this also, but the lion wheels round and lays him low with a pat of his paw and a growl of annoyance.

I remember at the Usutu on one occasion hearing at night the cries of a hyena in pain, mingled with an occasional short growl from a lion. This went on for about twenty minutes. The next morning we found the carcass of a hyena bitten across the neck, and marked by the claws of lions. They had evidently caught it and played with it some time before killing it. I suppose this was done in revenge for the annoyance they had sustained from the hyenas.

THROW IT AWAY. There's no longer any need of worrying, chafing, trussing, which give only partial relief at best, never cure, but often inflict great injury, inducing inflammation, strangulation and death.

HERNIA (Breach), or rupture, no matter of how long standing, or of what size, is promptly and permanently cured without the knife and without pain. Another

Triumph in Conservative Surgery is the cure of Ovarian, Fibroid and other

TUMORS, varieties, without the perils of cutting operations.

however large, **PILE TUMORS**, Fistula, and other diseases of the lower bowel, promptly cured without pain or resort to the knife.

STONE in the Bladder, no matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, and washed out, thus avoiding cutting.

STRICTURE also removed without cutting. Abundant References, and Pamphlets, on above diseases, sent sealed, in plain envelope, 10 cts. (stamps). **WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.**

P. N. U. 24

COOK BOOK FREE! 320 PAGES-ILLUSTRATED. One of the Largest and Best Cook-Books published. Mailed in exchange for 50 Large Lion heads cut from Lion Coffee wrappers, and a 3-cent stamp. Write for list of our other fine Promotions. **Woolson Spice Co., 400 Huron St., Toledo, Ohio.**

Briarhead Cottage, Mt. Lake Park, Md., near Deer Park. Tonic atmosphere, no malaria, no mosquitoes, Mountain Chautauque, 8 and up per w. k.

PATENT TRADEMARK Examination of Invention, and advice as to patentability of invention, sent for inventor's guide or how to obtain patent. **PATRICK O'BRIEN, Washington, D.C.**

PLO'S CURE FOR Consumptive and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Plo's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It is not sold in bulk. It is the best cough remedy sold everywhere. 25c.

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LATEST NEWS SUMMARIZED

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

What is Transpiring the World Over. Important Events Briefly Told.

CAPITAL, LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL. Steele & Walker, the largest wholesale grocery firm in St. Louis, failed. The liabilities are between \$700,000 and \$1,000,000.

DISASTERS, ACCIDENTS AND FATALITIES. At Portland, Ore., six Chinamen were killed, one fatally and three seriously scalded by an explosion which occurred in a laundry.

FOREIGN. Advice from Tuxpan, Mex., state that a terrific wind storm passed over the village of Yahuacahuac, destroying a number of buildings and killing ten persons and wounding fifteen others.

WASHINGTON. The bill to appropriate \$200,000 for the Atlanta exposition will be favorably reported to the house from the committee on appropriations.

A dispatch received by the state department at Washington from La Libertad announces that the revolutionists in Salvador have triumphed completely and that President Ezeta has fled the country.

A sub-committee consisting of western members has been appointed by the house committee on arid lands at Washington to draw up a general bill providing for the survey of the arid lands in Idaho, Montana, Washington, Oregon and the Dakotas with a recommendation for the appropriation of \$25,000 for each state.

CRIMES AND PENALTIES. Two masked men entered a train at Thompson's Falls, Mont., securing about \$150 from the passengers.

George Ladd and Newton Ladd, uncle and nephew, of Murray county, Tenn., who had a grudge against each other, met in the road and poured bullets into each other. Both will die.

Intended train robbers tore up a rail at Swiss Junction, on the Mobile and Ohio railroad, Tuesday night, and a passenger train was thrown from the track. Robert Collins, the fireman, was killed, and Kingdon and Ryan were severely injured. No passengers were hurt.

At Kansas City W. L. Marsh tried to kill his wife and daughter in a court room as they were about to go to a hearing for their arrest for threatening to kill Mrs. Marsh. The mother was shot above the heart and may die.

MISCELLANEOUS. Chicago council passed an ordinance over Mayor Hopkins' veto prohibiting the sale of drugged cigarettes.

The terms of sixty-three presidential postmasters will expire this month, most of which are in Pennsylvania, New York and Iowa.

Mrs. Walter H. Bosch, of Newark, N. J., who is 70 years old, has applied for a divorce from her husband, who is only 25.

Capt. Adolph Freitach, of Milwaukee, who proposes to cross the Atlantic in the little schooner Nina, has arrived at Buffalo, N. Y., with his crew.

Judge Baker, of Indianapolis, yesterday sentenced Percival B. Coffin to 5 years and Francis Coffin to 10 years for wrecking the Indianapolis National Bank.

A joint committee of the New York Constitutional Convention will commence a hearing at Albany in the matter of State and municipal aid to sectarian schools and ecclesiastical institutions.

The general term of Common Pleas Court in New York has set aside the verdict by which Mrs. Ellen Pollock was awarded \$37,500 damages against her wealthy father-in-law for alienating the affections of her husband.

THE LABOR WORLD. The average age of iron puddlers is thirty-two.

The hat making industry is in a languishing condition.

The railroads of the United States give employment to 898,000 men.

The Boston hat manufacturers decided to reduce wages twenty per cent.

Resumption of operations at the Johnstown (Penn.) iron and steel works will give employment to 5900 men.

Rev. Herbert N. Casson, of Lynn, Mass., has founded what he calls a "Labor Church" to advocate the abolition of the wage system.

Labor organizations attach great importance to the victory won by the American Railroad Union over the Great Northern Railroad Company.

It is said that there are more musical unions in the American Federation of Labor than under the jurisdiction of the National League of Musicians.

About 100 Philadelphia boss bakers have agreed not to patronize any flour merchants dealing with the large bread factories of that city, where bread is made at cut rates.

Eighty-six trades unions of St. Louis request the American Federation of Labor and the Knights of Labor to bury the hatchet and join hands in the political and economic struggle.

At Castle Eden, England, last month, 520 miners were fined \$1.25 each for absencing themselves from the mines without giving notice. They left to attend the funeral of a workman who died from injuries received the previous day.

The newly elected officers of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers are: Assistant Grand Chief Engineer, A. D. Youngson, of Penn.; (re-elected) First Grand Engineer, T. S. Ingraham; Second Grand Engineer, C. H. Salmason. Grand Chief Arthur holds over.

The average number of working days in various countries, according to the London Engineer, is as follows: In Russia, 207; in England, 278; in Spain, 200; in Austria, 245; in Italy, 298; in Bavaria and Belgium, 300; in Saxony and France, 302; in Denmark, Norway and Switzerland, 303; in Prussia, 305; in Holland and North America, 308; and in Hungary, 312.

The London Times says that Lord Rosebery offered to John Burns, M. P., the labor leader, a position in the Government when Mr. Gladstone resigned and again when Mr. Mundella resigned. Mr. Burns declined on both occasions, giving as his reason that he was best able to serve the interests of workmen on the outside.

Six thousand quarrymen are employed in the marble quarries at Carrara, in Italy. There are more than 400 of these quarries which are situated in the sides of the mountains, above and back of the town. Dynamite is used in operating the quarries, from which 150,000 tons of marble are exported annually, much of which comes to America.

A convention of central organizations of railroad employees of the United States was held recently in the Lenox Lyceum, New York City. It lasted three days. Five hundred delegates and the chiefs of the following orders attended: Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, P. M. Arthur, Chief; Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, F. P. Sargent, Chief; Brotherhood of Trainmen, R. E. Wilkinson, Chief; Order of Railroad Conductors, E. E. Clark, Chief; Order of Railroad Telegraphers, E. G. Ramsey, Chief; Switchmen's Mutual Aid Society, John B. Wilson, Chief.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKETS.

Prof. W. D. Whitney, the Yale physiologist and lexicographer, died recently.

The German National Bank of Denver, Col., closed its doors. It was one of the oldest institutions in the city.

Judge Winters, at Indianapolis, in the Iron Hall case, has declared an additional dividend of 10 per cent.

Mary Glynn and Nora Kevel were fatally burned at Kansas City, Mo., by the explosion of a gasolinstove.

The Methodist conference at Woodstock, Ont., deposed Rev. A. Traux, of Courtland, charged with heresy.

Greely Douglas, of Indianapolis, was murdered Tuesday night by burglars. He was wounded to death with clubs.

Nicholas Cramer, 85 years old, a prominent citizen, of Niles, O., was instantly killed by a train on the Erie Railroad.

Judge Williams in the Frankfort (Ky.) court yesterday declared the act known as the distillery act unconstitutional and void.

The Connecticut Supreme Court has decided that the pension money deposited in a savings bank by a pensioner cannot be attached.

Richard Nicholson, aged 17, died at Bellevue, Ia., from the effects of punishment said to have been administered by a high school principal.

Edward B. Howe, the Harvard graduate, who has been on trial in Chicago on a charge of victimizing Harvard students was convicted of false pretenses.

An inspection of the Mortgage Bank of the province of Buenos Ayres is said to show an embezzlement of several millions of dollars by a deposed government.

John Burkett, colored, who has been on trial at Warren, Pa., for the murder of Edward Sullivan, April 2, was found guilty of voluntary manslaughter.

Dr. Henry C. F. Meyer, who was convicted in New York of murder in the second degree, for poisoning Ludwig Brandt, was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

William H. Cochran and Robert H. Sayre officers of the First National Bank, of De Norte, Col., were convicted of making false returns to the Government.

Isaac Kemp, a negro who murdered Deputy Sheriff Edward Carver, in Westover, Md., Thursday, was taken from jail by a mob of about 400 men and shot to death.

Theodore P. Hangey, president of the defunct Indianapolis National Bank, was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary for his part in the wrecking of that institution.

As the result of a pistol duel near Hamilton, in the Butter Root valley, Mont., George Gray and Charles McNeill are dead. The trouble was over land in which both were interested.

The city of Chicago recently filed 23 suits against as many railroad companies for amounts aggregating more than \$2,000,000 for damages resulting from the construction railroads over various streets.

Dr. Nathaniel N. Britton, professor of History in Columbia College, and Henry Rusby professor of Botany in the College of Pharmacy, pronounce the root that killed the five little boys at Tarrytown to be the poison of Socrates or water hemlock, one of the deadliest of poisons.

Dr. J. B. Hinkle, of Americus, Ga., attempted to commit suicide by swallowing a heavy dose of Morphine Thursday night. Dr. Hinkle and his son shot and killed Dr. Worsham, and the Supreme Court Thursday approved the conviction of the elder Hinkle and his life sentence to the penitentiary.

Reports to the Bureau of Navigation show that there were built in the United States during the first nine months of the fiscal year, 339 wooden sailing vessels of 24,271 tons, and 221 wooden steam vessels of 29,948 tons. During the same period 3 steel sailing vessels were built of 4,749 tons, and 27 iron or steel steam vessels of 26,920 tons.

BUSINESS A LITTLE BETTER. Better Rates for Some Products are Ruling.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s "Weekly Review of Trade," says: The outlook for business seems a little better on the whole, though the improvement is not great. It is somewhat encouraging that the decrease in payments through clearing houses is but 24.2 per cent. for the first week of June, 27.2 at New York, but only 19.4 elsewhere. The decrease in payments with 1892 is about 90 per cent. Railroad tonnage is larger than a year ago in live stock and moderate in cereals, but considerably smaller in coal and iron products, and in other manufactured goods westbound. Speculation in product has turned to higher prices, and wheat has risen, with an official state report of injury in Kansas. Pork products and coffee are unchanged, and cotton is steady at 7.39 with slender receipts.

With only 2,937 coke ovens working and 14,576 idle, with seven out of the nine Carnegie furnaces at Bessemer out of blast, the production and manufacture of iron and steel are smaller than at any other time in our history. While it is believed that deferred work will cause heavy production after the strike terminates, the demand for the products is at present much below the general expectations even at the east. Other industries have been less affected, but many of the textile mills have been closed for lack of fuel or of orders. Sales of wool in the past week have been 16,919,498 pounds at three chief markets, against 12,875,000 last year and 26,796,150 in the same weeks in 1892. Manufacturers are greatly embarrassed by scantiness of orders, and it is apprehended that quantities of goods made abroad in expectation of a reduction of duties before this time may be forced upon the market.

The returns of failures are still encouraging—216 in the United States for the week against 322 last year, and 40 in Canada against 27 last year. Liabilities in all failures reported in the month of May were \$13,305,357, about \$5,420,000 at the east, \$4,500,000 at the south, and \$3,400,000 at the west. Of the aggregate \$5,105,025 was on manufacturing and \$6,683,499 of trading concerns.

A Strange Phenomenon. Great excitement has been created at Newnan, Ill., over the appearance of smoke issuing from the ground on Thomas Shaw's farm, three miles west of the city. On approaching the spot where it seems to come forth no smoke is to be seen. Several noted scientists have visited the spot and claim the supposed smoke to be natural gas. There is an area of about twenty acres from which the smoke seems to be issuing, and great numbers of people visit the place daily and wonder at the scene.

Has a Good Credit. Massachusetts is borrowing money on forty-year bonds at about three per cent. interest.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

BOSTON released Catcher Merritt. MERRIS is New York's star pitcher.

FRENCH has the baseball fever very badly.

HUTCHINSON is leading the Chicago Club in batting.

DOYLE is hitting the ball harder than any other New York player.

ST. LOUIS has gone wild over Brettonstein's work as a pitcher.

The Philadelphia have had harder luck than any other team on account of rain.

In his first fifteen games Turner, of the Philadelphia, had a batting per centage of .456.

BALTIMORE is entitled to the first triple play made in an 1894 League championship game.

WARD, of the New Yorks, has struck out but once this season. Last year he fanned but three times.

The accident to Pitcher Wehner, of the Philadelphia, is likely to keep him off the field for some time.

SHORTSTOP GEORGE SMYER, of the Cincinnati, has played in fourteen consecutive games without an error.

The Boston have but one really reliable pitcher, Nichols. Lovett has done well, but he is pitching in great luck.

WREN half a dozen of the Chicagoas standing over six feet in their stockings, it is a misnomer to call them the "giants."

HOV has made a hit with Cincinnati. The newspapers declare that the deaf mute is the only outfielder who plays his position properly.

BOSTONIANS have never ceased to regret the release, two years ago, of Outfielder Brodie, who is doing such splendid work for Baltimore.

The Chicago Club has tried fifteen men at second base in two years. Each of these men cost as an experiment from \$400 to \$500. The grand loss in this respect alone is \$7500.

MELANE, of Baltimore, is distinguishing himself. He was the first pitcher in the League this season to hold a team down to one hit and also holds the strike-out record of the season to date—eight.

The ablest strategic pitcher in the League this season is pitching the game of his life this season, and that player is John Clarkson, of Cleveland. The "rebels" class of pitchers are nowhere in comparison.

In fielding, up to date, Zimmerman leads the League catchers. Tucker the first baseman, Bonner the second baseman, Nash the third baseman, George Smith the short stop, Kelly the left fielder, O'Connor the centre fielder and Dugan the right fielder.

Of the seventy-four pitchers in the League twelve are left-handed, nine made their debut in the big League this season, thirteen during last season, and only eleven were in the major organization before 1890. The stars of the old association number fourteen.

Bad throws are very costly on the new Cincinnati grounds. If a ball gets by the first baseman, there is nothing to stop it inside of 100 feet, and even then chances must be taken of its caroming off on an angle. Base-runners can take two or three bases in such cases.

The work of Baltimore's young pitcher, Brown, is the surprise of the year. He is a green boy taken off the lots around Baltimore, without even an experience with a first-class amateur club, much less with a semi-professional or minor League team. He knows very little about baseball, but he has a steel-ribbed left arm.

ASSON's team may not be very high in the race, but his own personal triumph is overwhelming, says Sporting Life. He has demonstrated that without him at first base his club is like a ship in a storm at sea without a rudder. It will probably be a long time before the Chicago papers set up another bowl for him to "get out of the game."

How They Stand. The following table shows the standing of the different clubs composing the National Base Ball League:

Club.	W. L.	Per.	Club.	W. L.	Per.		
Baltimore	24	9	727	New York	19	19	500
Boston	25	14	641	St. Louis	18	21	462
Pittsburg	24	14	632	Cincinnati	13	22	371
Philadelphia	22	13	629	Chicago	11	26	297
Washington	22	13	629	Washington	11	26	292
Brooklyn	21	15	583	Louisville	10	26	278

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

RUSSIA has 350 paupers.

CHOLERA is raging in Russian Poland.

The Gulon Line has gone out of business.

YALE won at the intercollegiate athletic games.

WAKEFIELD, Mass., celebrated its 250th birthday.

England will act as mediator between Brazil and Portugal.

More than 7,000,000 bales of cotton have already been marketed.

The storage rate from New York to Liverpool has been reduced to \$12.50.

ELECTROCUTION is being agitated in Pennsylvania as a substitute for hanging.

THERE are 107,273 widows in Massachusetts and about 102,000 unmarried women.

The manufactured product of Great Britain amounts to \$4,109,000,000 a year.

SCARCITY of silver coin and limited bank discounts are causing distress in Peru.

AMERICAN locomotives have been adopted as the standard for Japanese railroads.

MERCURY will be the evening star during June and Venus will be the morning star.

The German Banking Association has declared in favor of the single gold standard.

CANADA is growing now because Americans catch whales and porpoises in Hudson's Bay.

ENGLAND has been asked to agree to a conference with Germany over Samoa, and will probably accept.

The new Chicago museum is to be called the Field-Columbian, in honor Marshall Field, who gave it \$1,000,000.

The Bank of England has begun to invest its surplus cash and is expected to throw about \$15,000,000 on the market.

THERE are, according to the latest registration, 4,955,112 voters in England and Wales, 625,628 in Scotland, and 737,951 in Ireland.

SEVENTEEN varieties of German song birds have been successfully acclimated in Oregon. They winter in Mexico and Central America.

FOUR impounded horses of the cayuse type were sold at Spokane, Wash., the other day at an average price of two dollars and six cents.

INVESTIGATION shows that farmers of the Northwest have abandoned wheat as their only crop. The decrease this year will be twenty-five per cent.

JOHN VAN IMREN, who has been in the Ohio Penitentiary since 1855 for murder, will soon be released. The man was convicted of killing his wife in Indiana.

The prospective crop of a peach orchard at Ingleside, western shore of Maryland, was sold three years ago for \$750. Last year, with the same number of trees, it sold for \$25.

MORE acres have been planted in potatoes this season than ever before in Aroostook, the former potato county of Maine.

SENATOR PATTON, of Michigan, is a broad-shouldered, well-built, athletic man, with a fine face and a handsome mustache. Like Senator Dubois, to whom he bears a resemblance, he has swarthy complexion. These two Yale men, together with Senators Wolcott and Higgins, who are also graduates of the college, have formed a little society which will hold monthly reunions.

Betrayed by a Bird.

A trifle sometimes leads to the detection of a fault or crime. A theatrical musician owned an ebony flute with silver keys; he valued it highly, but as one of the upper notes was defective, he seldom uses it. A young man lodged with the musician, and between the two a close friendship existed. One night the ebony flute disappeared, having no doubt been stolen. Suspicion fell on several persons, but nothing could be proved against any of them. Not long afterward the lodger went to live in a town a few miles off, but as the friendship between the men still existed they occasionally visited each other. Nearly a year afterwards the musician paid his friend a visit, and was pleased to find him in possession of a beautiful bullfinch, which could distinctly whistle three tunes. The performance was perfect with this exception, that whenever he came to a certain high note he invariably skipped it and went on to the next. A little reflection convinced the musician that the note in which the bullfinch was imperfect was the deficient one on his lost flute. So convinced was he, that he at once sharply questioned his ex-lodger on the only outfielder who plays his position properly.

professed his guilt, and that all the bird knew had been taught him on the stolen instrument.

Who Was the Fool?

A young man returned home a few days ago from a trip to South Africa for his health, and in narrating his adventures to his father he told him he had bought a silver mine for \$5,000.

"I knew they'd swindle you," exclaimed the old man. "So you were fool enough to buy a humbug mine?"

"Yes; but I didn't lose anything. I formed a company and sold half the stock to a Londoner for \$7,500.

"Yes—you did?" gasped the old man, turning white. "I'll bet I'm the one who bought it."

"I know you are," coolly observed the young man, as he crossed his legs and tried to appear very much at home.

The small boy with the seat of his trousers torn is not a land lord, but he frequently raises the rart by standing on his head. — Danville Breeze.

A New York paper advertises a great reduction in burial lots. Now is the time to die!

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