REPORTED TO THE SENATE.

Some of the Changes Which Have Been lade Since the Last Publication.

The tariff bill as further amended by the Democratic members of the finance committee was laid before the full committee Tuesday morning and given to the press. Later in the day the bill was reported to the senate. A number of important changes have been made, and all figures here given are compared with the bill recently made public by the finance committee and sent out in full by the United Press. Some of the changes are as follows:

Cast, poished plate glass finished or untinished, and unsilvered, not exceeding 24 by 60 inches square, increased from 18 to 20 cents per square foot; all above that increased from 30 to 25 cents per square foot. senate. A number of important changes

increased from 30 to 55 cents per square foot.

All sheets of iron or steel common or black, excepting as hereinafter provided for, thinner than No. 24, wire guage and all iron or steel commercially known as common or black taggers from or steel or which have been pickled or cleaned by scid or by any other material or process or which is cord rolled, smoothed only, not polished, shall pay a duty of three fourths of one cent per cound—instead of nine cents as reported by the house bill and left by the senate committee. The provision of the house bill also stricken out by the previous senate bill that the reduction provided for as to sheets of iron or steel thinner than No. 25 wire guage shall take effect on and after October 1, 1894, has been remorparated.

sted.

Sheets or plates of iron or steel, or taggers iron or steel, coated with tin or lead or with a mixture of which these metals or either of them, is a component part by the dipping of any other process and commercially known as tin plates, terne plates and taggers tin, has been reduced from one and one fifths cents per pound to one cent per pound and the provision of the house bill that this reduction shall take effect October 1, 1894, which was striken out, has been restored.

restored.
Cast from pipe of every description, increased from 20 per cent to 224 per cent.
Cut mails and cut spikes of from and steel, reduced from 25 per cent to 224 per Kivets of iron and steel, reduced from 30

per cent to 25 per cent Cross cut saws, mill pit, and drag saws reduced from 25 to 15 per cent.; circular saws hand, back and a 1 other saws remain

saws. hand, back and all other saws remain at 25 per cent.

Aluminum in crude form, alloys of all kind in which aluminum is the component material of calef value, reduced from 25 per cent to 15 per cent.

The schedule for wool and manufactures of wool, silk and silk goods remains un-

The sugar schedule in full is as fol-

Changed.

The sugar schedule in full is as follows:

All sugars, tank bottoms, syrups of cane junce or of beet juice, melada, concentrated melada, concrete and concentrated molasses, testing by the polariscope not above 80 degrees, shall pay a duty of one cent per pound and for every additional degree or fraction of a degree above 80 and not above 80 degrees, shown by the polariscope test, shall pay one hundredth of a cent per pound additional, and above 90 and not above 88 degrees, for every additional degree or fraction of a degree shown by the polariscope test, shall pay a duty of two one hundredths of a cent per pound additional and upon all sugar testing above 98 degrees by polariscope test, or above number 16 by the Dutch standard in color, there shall be levied and collected a duty of one eighth of one cent per pound in addition to the duty imposed upon sugars testing above 86 degrees by the polariscope shall pay a duty of 2 cents per gallon.

The duty on collars and cuffs is increased

The duty on collars and cuffs is increased from 45 per cent to 55 per cent ad valorem. The only additions to the free list are horn

Section 100, which provides that the President shall notify the Hawaiian government of the intention of this government to aborgate the treaty of 1875 has been

en out. lisky,tron ore,coal lead ore and opium

Whisky, iron ore coal lead ore and optum are unchanged.

The nost important change in the administrative leature of the bill is the action of the committee in striking out the words "highest duty" as found in the house bills, and regulating the duty on all goods coming in unner similitude clause and audustituting therefor the words lowest duty."

This was the subject of a long argument in 11 committee in which Secretary Carlisle indorsed the provisions of the house bill.

The committee therefor has made the

The committee therefor has made the change and all goods unenumerated or coming in under the simulande clause will pay the highest justed of the lowest rate of duty.

Mr. Voorbees, chairman of the finance committee, reported the tariff bill to the senate soon after the reading of the journal and gave notice that he would call tuttle bill for consideration April 2.

up the bili for consideration April 2.

A Bank Cashier Murdered.

A Bank Cashier Murdered.

Frederick Bonnemant entered the branch bank of the San Francisco, Cal., Saving Union and presented to William Herrick, the cashier, a note written in red ink, demanding money and threatening to blow up the building with nitro glycerine in the event of a refusal.

Mr. Herrick returned the note to Bonne mant without a word, when the latter drew a revolver and fired, killing him instantly, C. S. Melvin, a bookkeeper, then shot and alightly wounded the assassin, who fled followed by a crowd loudly threatening to lynch him. After an exciting chase Bonnemant was captured and jailed.

EXECUTION WITHOUT TRIAL. Decree That Gives PeixotoPower to Kill

Whom he Pleases. A dispatch from Rio de Janeiro says:-President Peixoto has revived the imperial decrees of 1838 and 1851, which authorize the execution without formal trial of all persons who have taken up arms against the government, or aided the cause of an insurrection. Foreigners are included.

In view of the great number of State prisoners the possibilities of wholesale executions are tremendous.

Of Interest to Publishres Of Interest to Publishres
The postoffice department at Washington
has issued an order that will create much
comment and opposition among publishers.
The order is that advertising slice a consisting entirely of advertisements or of a
constination of literary or pictorial matter
and advertisements, issued by business
houses and furnished to publishers for the
purpose of being circulated with accond
class publications, are not regarded by the
department as permissible supplements or
covers to such publications when mailed at
the second class rate of postage.

Prendergast Respited.

At Chicago Judge Chetlain postponed the execution of Prendergast until Friday. April 6. It was on a new point issued by his attorneys that he has become insane since his trial. It was 10:30 p. m. Thursday when the Judge decided he could take up the matter. The regular court venire was summoned and the judge's decision was in accordance with the finding of the jury.

When the judge announced his decision a demoniacial grin took possession of Prendergast's counterpage. Prendergast Respited.

MILITARY POSITION OF CANADA! An English Authority Says American Occupation Would Be An Easy Matter.

Sir George Chesney, the well known miltary expert, read an interesting paper on the defense of the British Empire before the the Junior Constitutional Club, in London, the other day. He is quoted by the New York Post as saying that the British colonies, as a rule, were safe against successful attack, with the exception of Canada, in case of war with the United States. He said thatia Canada there is an enormous line of frontler faced by another gir at independent empirs and the serious question has to be considered now a defense could be maintained along the great line in the event of Great Britain being engaged in hostilities with the United States. No docut in the event of sinch a sort of quarrel as took place not many years ago, when a strong feeling was gut up in certain parts of America in favor of the annexation of Canada, and when, smail, isolated bodies made eruptious into that country, the Canadians would be able, as they were then, to give a very good account of themselves. It was impossible, however, to doubt if some great question or quarrel arose involving the interest of the people of the United States, and if the feelings of that people were so aroused that they should determine to carry out and quarrel to the bitter end, that the resilitor would be any the other day. He is quoted by the New

people were so aroused that they, should de-termine to carry out and quarret to the bitter end, that the position could be any-thing but an extremely serious one.

The people of the United States were cap-able in times of great emergency of great things, and if there were 31 00,000 of armed people against 3,00,000 of Canadians—even supposing the Canadians were united as one man—it was question whether the defense supposing the Canadians were united as one man—it was a question whether the defense of Canada would be possible. Would it be possible for Great Britain to give such effective aid as would prevent the occupation of Canada by the people of the United States, He believed it would by an impossibility. Happily the attitude and the feelings of the people of the United States were essentially peaceful; they did not so far as he knew, desire to increase their military responsibilities or extend their empire. The present was not the time when it would be useful or in any way practicable for the British Government to take any actual measures for the defense of Canada. Unless England were at war with the United States, Canada was absolutely impregnable; if England should be at war with the United States, debelleved it would be imposenble to defend believed it would be impossible to defend it. In regard, therefore, to colonial de-fense, he believed that, with the exception of Canada the empire was invulnerable.

LOUIS KOSSUTH DEAD. His Last Hours Were of Harrowing Agony. Something About His Re-

markable Career.
Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, died at Turin. Hisson, sister and other relatives were present when he died. He passed away holding the hand of the Hun-

passed away holding the hand of the Hun-garian Deputy Karoly. The agony of his last hours were extremely harrowing. The body of Kossuth will be interred in Genoa near that of his daughter. Elmond de Amicis, the Italian author, will deliver a funeral oration in the name of Italy. The obsequies will be attended by a great gath-ering of Hungarians.

Louis Kossuth was born at Monok, county of Templen, Hungary, April 21, 1802. His family were of Slavic descent, were Lutherans and noble. His father was a lawyer and gave his children a liberal education. Shortly after leaving college Louis Kossuth became noted for his popular ideas. In the Hungarian diet of 1832-36 he was the proxy of a magnate or member of the Upper House. In 1837 he published a written Liberal newspaper, printed ones being prohibited. He was arrested for treason and condemned to four years' imprisonment. A general outburst of indignation followed and the Liberais carried the elections of 1839-40.

followed and the Liberais carried the elec-tions of 1839-40.

In 1841, Landerer, a publisher of Pesth, having obtained a license to publish a news-paper, placed Kossuth in charge of it and the circulation advanced greatly. In 1844 he was removed from the editorship, having meanwhile vigorously advocated freedom for Hungary as a right. He formed a un-ion, the members of which were pledged to only use domestic manufactures. In 1847 he was elected for Pesth to the Diet and on March 3 made a speech urging the restona-

only use domestic manufactures. In lost he was elected for Pesth to the Diet and on March 3 made a speech urging the restonation of Hungary's independence.

In the war which ensued with Austria he was the leading spirit. Russian interference and internal dissensions finally defeated the Hungarians and Kossuth sought refuge in Turkey. Russia and Austria demanded his extradition but the Porte, backed by England and France, refused it, and on September I, 18:1, at the instance of the United States he was liberated and embarked on board the war steamer Mississippi for this country.

oursed on board toe war steamer Mississippi for this country.

His reception here was a grand ovation,
He returned to Europe in July, 1852. On
several occasions he organized movements
for Hungarian independence, all of which
proved abortive. He was offered au election to the Hungarian diet and fear werden. tion to the Hungarian diet and free pardon but always declined, and lived most of the time in England and Italy, saying he would never return to Hungary till it was entirely free of all connection with Austria. He was a voluminous writer and published several books.

A DAY OF TRAGEDIES.

Three Brutal Murders and an Attempted Suicide at St. Louis. At St. Louis, Minnie Schilling was shot and fatally wounded by Elward Courtenay, at the home of A. J. Boewig, with whom Miss Schilling has been living. Courtenay then turned the revolver upon himself and

then turned the revolver upon himself and inflicted fatal in juries.

Two other murders were also committed the same day. Mat. Graham, an 18 year old boy was killed by William Holman. Holman picked a quarrel with Graham and threw a poker at him with all his might. The deadly missile crushed through the skull and stuck there like a spear. Graham sank to the floor without uttering a word. At the Alexian Hospital John Schrempp, foreman of Earle's livery stable, died from a blow from a basebell bat, inflicted by Pat Conden, to whom Schrempp refused to let a team. Condon and John Thomas Brady, accessory, are under arrest

SNOW, FLOOD AND WIND. The Elements Causing Havoc in Various

Sections.

At Chadron, Neb., the heaviest snow

storm since March, 1878, has occurred. A foot of snow fell and drifted badly. Cattle and shee con the ranges suffered terribly.

At Little Rock the greatest flood in the history of South Central Arkansas is now on, and that part of the state is rapidly approaching the condition of an initial ocean. It has rained amost incessarily at over the state and in the Indian Territory for four days.

At St. Johns, N. F., a terrible northeast gale visited the coast Manday night and caused immense damage in St. Johns, many new hanges being blown down. Many visinges were devastated. and shee . on the ranges suffered terribly.

lows No Longer Brohibitionist;
The lows sensie passed the house liquor bill which has so long been under consideration, thus destroying the lows policy of state wide prohibition. The law provides for taxation of saloon property and many conditions are required before the sale of liquor may be commenced. The House by a vote of 51 to 44 passed the bill granting municipal suffrage to women.

-Evangetist Moopy's work in Washington so far has resulted in 4,000 conversions and the expenses have been \$200. The conterts are assigned to such churches as they express a desire to join. More men that women were converted

Gentle spring with the flowers of May may ary laws. It is the old story, a thrice told ale of being rush and taking the consepances. There is no time in the whole round the year when results are more serious rom an or linary want of cars than pow. What with a changeful temperature an I inections dampness, rheumatism is most previlent and in the most aggravated forms. Even in the pursuit of the season's pleasures, 's pastimes and sports, there will be a protigious crop of sprains and bruises, of lame packs and stiffened limbs, of neuralgic affecions and sciatic troubles. Men an I women xill suffer intensely, and only because they ail to be provided with what is known to be he remedy for them all. When it is said that St. Jacobs Oil is that remedy, it is only sayng what thousands know and thousands save pronounced it the best.

The Word "Vagabond." "Vagabond" was once only a trav-eler going from place to place on

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root cures all Ridney and Bladder troubles. Pamphet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Fingland's first day v paper was "The output," March 11, 1702.

How's This t

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarth that cannot be cured by Hall a Catarth Cure.

F. J. Chenny & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Chenny for the last 15 year, and believe him percetty honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by the r firm.

Weer & TRUAN, Wholesale Druggits, Toledo, Onto.

WALDIDG, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale

Onio.
WALDING, KINVAN & MARVIN, Wholesale
Bruggists, To. as 5, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, actne directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free,
Price, 75c, per bottle. Soli by all Druggists.

Gas pipes are made of manilla paper, coated with asphalt.

213 Has. S Lis. Cars From One Bus. Seed. Tals remarkable, almost unbeard-of, yield ras reported to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crasse, Wis., by Frank Winter, of Montana, who planted one bushel of Great North. ern Oats, carefully tilled and irrigated same, and believe that in 1831 hadra graw from one bushels, It's a wonderful eat. It you was, CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with Se postage to the above firm you will receive sample package of above outs and their mammoth farm seed

FOR THROAT DISEASES, COUGHS, COLDS, etc., effectual relief is found to the use of "Brown's Bromchial Troches." Price 25 cents. Sold only in

Dutch country houses are decorated with Shiloh's Cure

Is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Con-sumption; it is the Best Cough Care; list, 50c., \$1

Japanese Toeth Powder, Genuine. A large box malled for 13 cents. Lapp Drng lo., Philadelphia, Pu.

Your wife can buy several articles for \$1; you need \$2 worth of mailable articles in the frar line; you mail the order to E. A. Hall, harleston, S. C., and save \$1. Your wife is hardy, your are, and so will Hall be. Free

Every trade in China has its patron saint. Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup is a Posi-ive cure for Croup. 25 cents at druggists.

A wonderful stomach corrector Bercha - 's Pills. Beecham's no others. 25 cents a toz.

An Imported Farm.

"I once saw," said Bertram Reyn-olds, of Boston, "an imported farm. as well as the products being absolutely foreign to the surround-This was in one of the coldest parts of Manitoba, where I was entertained by a family which had re-tained its love for milder regions and crops. The bill of fare was necessarily meager, but some of the vegctables were so bright and green that I could not help asking how they were preserved so well. To my surprise I learned that they were cultivated in a garden patch or a miniature farm, the soil of which had been brought from milder regions so as to insure a fertility not found in the region of ice. The vegetables themselves had been grown from imported seed, and owing to the care and pro-tection the had had they were a perfect luxury. The expense of con-veying the soil in barrels such a long distance would prevent any but com-paratively wealthy people from try-ing the experiment, but my friends had made it a bobby. The only other case of earth-importing that I have met with is that done by the Shah of Persia. The traditions of his country prevent his treading on foreign oil, and when he makes a trip in oreign nations his attendants carry a supply of Persian soil, some of which s placed in his shoes, a practice which accounts for the great incontenience walking always appears to als Majesty when abroad."—St. Louie

Permues.

There is no p rfume more generally agreeable than the clean, sweet dor of orris root. Violet sachet pawder, if of a very fine quality, and so faint as to be the mere suggestion of a perfume, is generally pleasant. Rose, musk and other stronger scents give many an unpleasant sensation of faintness or even nausea, and are always open to the disagreeable susplcion of being used for counteract-ing purposes. After all, as Henry Ward Beecher said: "There is no smell securer said; There is no smell so universally pleasing as no smell," and absolute daintiness of persons attract far more than any perfumery can do.—St. Louis Post-

Three of Them.

A little Brooklyn girl astonished her mother the other day by her proficiency in philological pursuits. "Mamma," said she, "there are three kinds of 'by's,' aren't there?" do you mean, my dear?" responded the mother in surprise. "Well," sweetly lisped the little one, "there's one 'by' when you go by some one on the sidewalk, and there's another when you go to the store to buy something, and then there's by gosh!" The mother was not long in reaching the conclusion that her daughter needed a little careful instruction in the minor morals.—New York TribTake no Substitute for Royal Baking Powder.

All others contain alum or ammonia.

Herald.

It is Absolutely Pure.

Exhaustion of the British Fisheries Scientific investigation shows that the seas around the British coast are being exhausted of fish. The subject is receiving very grave consideration, and in all probability there will have to be very elaborate means estab-lished of restocking the English

One Alternative. When a boy is interested in what

he is saying, it is hard for him to think how he says it.

"Now, Tommy," said the schoolmistress, "you shouldn't say Willy
done it: that isn't right."

"Well, then, Willy lied about it."

said Tommy. - Chicago News.

Mrs. Thos. Vanscekling

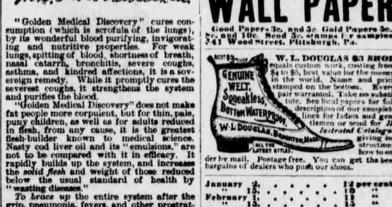
A Suggestion to Agriculturists Bulgarian peasants have given up grain growing to a great extent and are raising roses. Attar of roses is now worth from \$10 to \$15 for eight teaspoonfuls. It seems that Bulgarian farmers could give points about changing their products to some agriculturists of the eastern part of the United States, who con-tinue to produce small quantities of wheat in competition with the west, instead of paying more attention to dairying and to the production of ar-ticles for which all the cities furnish

Some things are called sweet which cannot be tasted.

profitable market. - Rochester





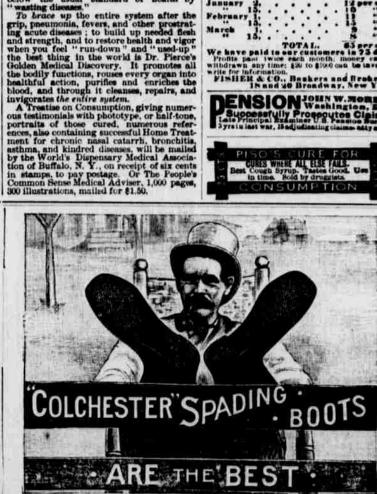


We have paid to our customers in 75 days.

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Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Rold by drugglata.



Especially for Farmers, Miners, R. R. Hands and others. Double sole extending down to the heel. EXTRA WEARING QUAILITY. Thousands of Rubber Boot wearers testify this is the BEST they ever had. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM and don't be persuaded into an inferior article.

SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS - PUTATE CEED," TRY JUHN A SALZER SEED @ LACRUSSE WI

After reading the following letters can any one longer doubt that a trustworthy remedy for that terribly fatal malady, consumption, has at last been found? If these letters had been written by your best known and most esteemed neighbors they could be no more worthy of your confidence than they now are, coming, as they do, from well known, intelligent and trustworthy citizens, who, in their several neighborhoods, enjoy the fullest confidence and respect of all who know them.

K. C. McLin, Esq., of Kempsville, Princess Anne Co., Va., whose portrait heads this article, writes: "When I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery k was very low with a cough and at times spit up much blood. I was not able to do the least work, but most of the time was in bed. I was all run-down, very weak, my head was dizzy and I was extremely despondent. The first bottle I took did not seem to do me much good, but I had faith in it and continued using it until I had taken fifteen bottles and now I do not look nor feel like the same man I was one year ago. People are astonished and say, 'well, last year this time I would not have thought that you would be living now.' I can thankfully say I am entirely cured of a disease which, but for your wonderful 'Discovery' would have resulted in my death."

fully say I am entirely cured of a disease which, but for your wonderful 'Discovery' would have resulted in my death."

Even when the predisposition to consumption is inherited, it may be cured, as verified by the following from a most truthful and much respected Canadian lady, Mrs. Thomas Vansicklin, of Brighton, Ont. She writes: "I have long felt it my duty to acknowledge to you what Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and his 'Pieasant Pellets' have done for me. They almost raised me from the grave. I had three brothers and one sister die of consumption and I was speedily following after them. I had severe cough, pain, copious expectoration and other alarming symptoms and my friends all thought I had but a few months to live. At that time I was persuaded to try the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and the first bottle acted like magic. Of course, I continued on with the medicine and as a result I gained rapidly in strength. My friends were aston.

PATENTS TRADEMARKS Examination of invention. Send for Inventions Guide, or how toget a patent. PATRICK O'FARRELL, Washinstrop, D.C.

FINE BLOODED Cuttle, Sheep, Sporting Dogs. Send stamps for catalogues, 150 sugravings. N. P. BOYER & CO., Contsville, Pc.

Lessens Pain Insures Safety to Life of

Mother and Child. "My wife, after using 'MOTHER'S FRIEND,' passed through

the ordeal with little pain, was stronger in one hour than in a week after the birth of her former child. -J. J. McGoldrick, Bean Station, Tenn.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND" robbed pain of its terror and shortened labor. I have the healthiest child I ever saw.—MRS. L. M. AHERN, Cochran, Ga.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price. \$1.50 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free. Sold by All Druggists. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Allenta, Ga.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUC-SAPOLIO