The Australians have more churches in proportion to population than any other people.

Japan has one of the best engineering schools in the world and is beginning to manufacture creditable electrical machinery.

Attar of rose is constantly growing more costly. A small quantity-about eight teaspoonfuls-costs from \$10 to \$15. The peasants who produce it in Bulgaria have largely given up raising grain to raise roses.

The growth of the Sunday newspaper and the increase of paper-bound books is said to have played havee with the circulation of the "flash" weekly story papers that had such an enormous sale a few years ago,

The general introduction of electricity into all the affairs of human life, says Electricity, is giving rise to a new and yet comprehensive lexicon in which all the words and phrases are derived from electricity. A sample of it is shown in the popular description of a lunatic as being "a man who has slipped his trolley."

The battles of the future will be fought by electricity, predicts the New York Advertiser. A motor has been devised to operate a gatling gun wthout requiring any labor on the part of the gunner beyond setting the machine in motion. A whole battery of gatling guns, by the aid of the new device, can be placed in front of the enemy, the gunners can then retire behind the breastworks, where they s the button and the bullets do the rest.

Our Western cavalrymen are keeping up their reputation for hard riding, notes the St. Louis Republic, The Third cavalry traveled in all 18,000 miles last year, chiefly scouting on the western border, and one troop of the regiment, G troop, covered as high as eighty-five miles in one day, the longest day's march made in 1893 by any soldier of the United States army. Last year's record, seventy-eight miles, was achieved by the same smart company in the Garza campaign in southern Texas.

The annual register of the War Department shows that our country is not in such a state of military helplessness as might be imagined from the numerical strength of the regular army, remarks the New York News. It has often been intimated abroad, and very truthfully, that the army of the United States would hardly make a complete picket line for one of the great armies of Europe. But we have a national guard of more than a hundred thousand soldiers. This body, in case of need, would quickly form the nucleus of an army that would amaze Europe. The grand army of the United States is made up of workers, not drones. Instead of sapping industry for their maintenance, they are daily adding to the wealth of the country. Experience shows that they could very quickly doff the habiliments of peace and don the grim equipments of war.

The Cosmopolitan Magazine offers a prize of \$500 to any Cae who can, within the present year, make a suggestion or perform an experiment that will throw some light on the nature of gravitation. The Boston Journal of Commerce says of the offer: "Here is the chance for every mechanic to take home with him a piece of loadstone and go to work evenings and study out how it can draw so many needles and pins to its surface without having anything to draw with. If the least hint can be obtained as to the working of even a two-cent magnet the nature of gravitation will follow in the same vein, for they both have got a knack that no mortal man has caught on to." It is an interesting problem, in any event, concludes the Atlanta Constitution, and the means for its attempted solution are cheap enough. Anybody can afford to buy "a two-cent magnet" with the prospect of winning \$500 by the use of it in his leisure hours. It beats the "Pig in the Pen" and "Ferris Wheel" puzzles a long way, and especially for the reason that you can really work at it in your mind wherever you may be. The subject, too, is a very simple and familiar one, and for the encouragement of those who may be inclined to study it out it may be mentioned that the principle was deduced in the first place by an old gentleman from the fall of an apple in a garden. All that remains to be determined now is why the apple fell in the garden instead of floating or flying away into space. If you can answer the \$500 is yours. --

LATEST NEWS SUMMARIZED.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

What Is Transpiring the World 'Over. Important Events Briefly Told.

Washington News.
The last of a long list of cotton claims growing out of sezures by the army during the war was decided by the court of claims here against the government and in favor of the executor of the estate of ex-Governor Morehend of Kentucky, deceased, The amount allowed is \$58,104.

Miss Pattie Stocking, of this city, wife of one of the heroes of Andersonville, Colonel Stocking, was fatally burned by the overturning of a lamp.

The house committee on invalid pensions ordered a favorable report on the bill of Rep resentative Martin, doing away with the requirement of honorable discharge as a preliminary to pension. The bill makes the death of a soldier equivalent to an honorable discharge except when the death occurs during desertion

Admiral Benham has been ordered to proceed with the San Francisco from Rio to Bluefields, Nicaragua, to look after the interests of the United States there.

The house committee on election of president and vice president have agreed to the joint resolution of Chairman Tucker of Virginia, for an amendment to the constitution providing that United States senators shall hereafter be elected by a direct vote of the people instead of by state legis-

John Brecht, a middle aged farmer living near Ravenna, Neb., shot his wife fatally and then blew out his own brains with a shofgun. Mrs. Brecht had been the widow of a prosperous farmer, and she recently married Brecht, who had worked for her former husband. They quarreled frequent-

Lewis J. Hill pleaded guilty of embezzling over \$42,000 from the St. Nicholas bank New York and was given a four year sen-

At Denver, Col., It. Walters, chief clerk to Superintendent Brant, of the Colorado and Midland Railway, was arrested charged with embezzling about \$15,000. Walters secured the money by means of forged pay rolls, which he had successfully cashed for over four years.

At New Orleans the Pickwick Club building, one of the finest and best known places in the South was burned. Many valuable paintings and much fine statuary were saved. Loss, \$170,000, insured for \$134.

Captral. Labor and Industriat. The Pueblo, Col., steel works have starts ed up a rail mill and converter, employing 400 men, which will soon be increased to

Personal.

Private advices received from Guadalajara, Mexico, state that Congressman Wilson is much improved in health since his arrival there, and will return to the United States without going to the City of Mexico.

Disnaters, Accidents and Fatalities At Damascus, Ala., Charles Thompson and his wife were struck by lightning and killed while driving to church during a

Miscettaneous.
At Los Angeles, Cal., more than 800 unemployed men organized several weeks ago for the purpose of joining the army of the unemployed from the Eastern States in the march to Washington,

For the first time in forty years the Republicans elected their entire ticket at the charter election in the village of Clyde, N.

Leadville Democrats nominated Mrs. Alexander Eldridge for city treasurer and Mrs. Bridget McClusky for city clerk by accismation. There are no women on either Populist or Republican ticket,

BEYOND OUR BORDERS.

Louis Kossuth is gradually growing weaker at Turin.

The loss to the Bank of England by th late Cashier May's indiscreet loans is placed at \$1.250,000.

A dynamite bomb was exploded just in side the main entrance to the Church la Madelaine, Paris. The man who threw the nomb was killed by the explosion. Several bystanders were severely injured.

During a funeral at Grosotto, Italy, a cemetery wall fell, killing five persons and injuring 36 others.

Mr. Labouchere, in defending his amend ment to the address in reply to the Queen s speech, to annul the veto power of the House of Lords, which has been passed by a vote of 147 to 145 said it was not intended as vote of want of conndence in the government, but merely intended to hasten their action. A majority of the government's supporters in the country had demanded abolition of the veto power of the House of Lords and the government should take some action in the matter. The original address as amended was then withdrawn and Sir William Harcourt, formally moved and Mr. John Morley seconded the adopt on of the new address which merely acknowledged the receipt of the Queen's sreech and it was accepted by the House without divi-

A Tragedy After Mass. John Ban'y shot and killed Mary Brady, bis wife and then committed spicide in the church of the Immaculate Conception in Oakland, Cal. They had been separated bout itwo years. He was much dissipated and appears to have hara-sed her a great deal. This morning Mrs. Brady went to mass. After the services she knelt down to pray near the aitar. Brady took a seat behind her. Suddenly Brady drew a pistol and shot his wife in the head, killing her instantly. Then he pointed the pistol toward his own body, firing, the ball going through his right lung. With another shot he biew out his brains. the Immaculate Conception

Escaped To Be Lynched: The negro, Puryea, in jail at Stroudsburg. Pa., for the murder of Chris Ehlers, escaped Friday night, but was recaptured soon afterwards in Cherry Hollow and lynched to a tree on Paimer's island by the citizens. He made a desperate fight.

LATER NEWS.

LEGISLATIVE.

The Prohibitionists registered two victorfes in the Iowa General Assembly. Senate defeated the Carpenter local option bill by a vote of 30 to 12 and the Horse killed the committee bill for mulet and local option by a vote of 42 to 58. The Democrats voted with the Probibition Republicans

against both bills. Assemblyman Lawson has introduced a bill in the New York Legislature which provides that none but the American flag shall fly from any public building in State. The only exception it makes he the case of the visitation of a representative of a foreign nation to this country.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

Marshalton iron works of Wilmington, Del., which went into the hands of a receiver on January 12 and was then closed, has started up, giving employment to 500 hands.

The boot and shoe manufacturing firm of Isaac Prouty & Co., of Spencer, near Worcester. Mass., one of the biggest concerns of its kind in the country, made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors. The factory employs 2,000 hands. No statement can be obtained of assets and liabilities.

President Bliss of the Boston & Albany Railroad, has ordered a reduction of 50 per cent in the running expenses of the road in this city and to carry this out a wholesale reduction and discharge of employes will take effect on Monday. All branches are included.

The 5,000 miners in the Jackson county, O., district, who have been out on a strike against a reduction, have decided to accept the same and will go to work this week.

WASHINGTON.

The army appropriation bill was completed by the house committee on military affairs. It appropriates a total of \$23,577. 284. The commanding officer of the army now, Major-General Schoffeld, is made a brevet general. The major generals, who now number three, are to be reduced to two, one of whom shall be the commander of the army with the brovet of lieutenant

DIRASTERS, ACCIDENTS AND PATALITIES.
At Duluth, Minn., Edward Wagner's

German laborers put three sticks of dynamite in the family cook stove to thaw out The house is in ruins and the family in mourning. Otto Wagner, aged 13, is dead; Mrs. Edward Wagner is faially burned and bruised: Edward Wagner, slightly hurt, Martha Wagner, aged 12, seriously cut and bruised; Baby Wagner, aged 2 years, cut and

CRIMES AND PENALTIES.

At Minneapolis Louis and Frank Floyd were sentenced to five years each in the penitentiary for complicity in the defalcation of Phil, M. Schelg the ex-teller of the Bank of Minneapolis, now serving a seven year sennce at Still water.

BULLETIN ON INDUSTRIES. Showing What Manufacturers Add to

The National Wealth. The census bulletin on manufactures in the United States was made public at Washington. The statistics are given for all classes of mechanical and manufacturing industries. The total number of manu-

facting establishments is reported as 355,facting establishments is reported as 355,-401, against 253,852 in 1883. The summary of totals gives the following for 1859:
Capital \$6,124,475,305; miscellaneous expenses \$639,944,958; aggregate of the average number of employes 4.771,812; waggs, \$2-182,823,205; cost of materials used \$5,158,868,353 and the value of products \$9,370,624. The contribution to the wealth of the country, it is stated is more clearly shown by deducting \$5,158,868,353, the cost of material used from the value of the products. This leaves \$4,211,239,271 as the increased valuation of the raw materials. The number of establishments and aggregate capital valuation of the raw materials. The number of establishments and aggregate capital invested as given by the States is as follows: Alabama, 2,977, \$46,122.571; Alaska, 10, \$105.727; Arizona, 76, \$61,829; Arkansas, 2,073, \$14.971,614; California, 7,923, \$146,-797,101; Colorado, 1,518, \$29,651,840; Connecticut, 6,822, \$227,604,406; Deiaware, 1,003, \$33,603,400; District of Columbia, 2,295, \$28,865,089; Fiorida, 805, \$11,110,304; Geogia, 4,285, \$65,921,580; Idaho, 140, \$1,048,916; Illinois, 20,482, \$502,004,312; Indiana, 12,334, \$132,405,306; Indian Territory, 20, \$204,329; Iowa 7,440, \$77,513,097; Kansas, 4,471, \$43,-905,000; Kansaska, \$4,71,\$43,-905,000; Kansaska, \$4,71,\$43,-905,000.

Hinois, 20, 482, 4502,004 312; Indiana 12,334, 4132,405,366; Indian Territory 20, 8204 329; Iowa 7, 440 477.513,097; Kansas 4,471 443.-925,002; Kentucky, 7,745, 470,811,-9 0. Louisana, 2613, 431,754,121; Maine, 5,010; 880,418,809 Maryland 7,485, \$119,667,316, Massachusetts, 26,923, 8630,032,341; Michiean, 12,127, 4952, 412,210; Minnesota, 7,505, \$127,680,618; Missisanppi, 1,698, 844, 896,884; Missisanppi, 1,698, 814,896,884; Missisanppi, 1,698, 148,966,884; Missisanppi, 1,698, 148,966,884; Missisanppi, 1,698, 1698, 1698, 127,784, 1698

A RESERVOIR BREAKS.

A Mighty Wall of Wat r Sweeps Down Indian Creek. Many People

Homeless. At Boise, Idaho, Indian Creek reservoir has broken its barriers and the water is tweeping down upon the ranches and villages, carrying destruction and ruin n its path. The reservoir covered 500

The dam broke about noon Wednesday and a mighty wall of water came sweeping flown Indian Creek, bearing on its bosom houses, barns, farming utensils, live stock,

At Nampa 50 houses at least are ruined and many families are without shelter. Two men were drowned while attempting to save property.

The cause of the disaster was the sudden turn of the weather coupled with neavy rains when caused rapid melting of the snow in the mountains.

FOUR PERSONS PERISH.

Engineer and His Children Killed by a

Boiler Explosion. Nearly an entire family lost their lives in an accident at Vale's saw mill, in Somora ownship, near Dresden. Ont. The mill had just been shut down for the dinner hour, when the boiler exp'oded. Mr. Cornell, the engineer and three children, who had brought his dinner, were all ailled The boiler was hurled through the roof and over an adjoining house.

ARRANGEMENTS BEING MADE

At Washington and Other Points For Its Reception.

The local agent of the "army of the un employed," which is gathering for a march on Washington got introduced into house the two bills for whose passage the 'army' is to petition congress when it reaches Washington. The first bill was for the issue of \$500,000.000 of treasury notes to be expended in road improvement and the

the issue of \$500,000.000 of treasury notes to be expended in road improvement and the second was to provide for a non-interest-bearing bond, treasury notes which are to be issued to any state, county or municipality upon application to the amount of one-half the assessed value of public and private property in such state or county.

The bills were introduced by Representative Willis Saest, of Idaho, who, seeing that they were "crank" documents, marked them "by request" and presented them without any thought of their connection with the gathering of unem; I sed workingmen. Later his strentian was casted to the fact that A. E. Redstone, at whose request the bills were introduced, was the local agent of the Coxey army, which is gathering at Massillon, O., and the Frye army, which is massing at Los Angeles. Cal. Mr. Sweat at once had the bills withdrawn.

Redstone, who is practically the originator of the Idle army movement is the editor of a small nationalist paper at Washington, "The Toesin." In speaking of the movement Redstone said: "The preparations for receiving the army are going forward nicely. I have spoken to Senator Stewart of Nevada about getting the use of his tract of land at Chevy Chase for them to camp on and he says he has no objection if the people already living there have none. There will also be an an except to go out from Washington to neet the travelers. It will be composed of workingmen and others and we count on 10.000.

Massillos, O.—The chiefs of the Coxey and we count on 10,000.

and we count on 10,000.

Massillos, O.—The chiefs of the Coxey army addressed the populace at Buzzard's Giory, a rural town three miles from here. In the city peace prevails in spite of the alleged sismapede into Massillon. The Okiahoma country is still the solvery place of recruit for the army of 109,000, Mayor Reed said that he anticipated no disturbance.

said that he anticipated no disturbance. Homestean, Pa.—The Coxey army has made all the preliminary arrangements to go into camp for a night at Whitehall, near this place. It is alleged that a company of 250 men from Homestead and Munhall have organized and will join the Coxey crowd at Whitehall. Members of the company say that another battilion has been formed at Bracklock and still another at Wilmerding. The great majority of the Homestead and Munhall recruits are unemployed mee.

meb.

Canton, O.—The approach of the date when the army of peace of J. S. Coxey, of Massillon, will begin its march overland to Washington, is causing great uneasiness in Stark county, especially among the farmer community. The county is being overrun with tramps who have been committing depredations of various characters. They claim to be unemployed arriving here with the honorable intention of joining Coxey's great army of unemployed. It is the general impression unless the municipal authorities interfere with the mobilization that serious, if not disastrous results will follow. There is a movement on foothere to have Mayor Cassidy prevent the proposed march through Canton.

THE LABOR WORLD.

Hand times don't prevent strikes. Chicago has 6000 union carpenters, Sr. Louis has thirty shoe factories, Panis has 600 female street cleaners,

NEW YORK CITY has 11,000 factories. SANTE FE RAILROAD has Chinese clerks. Unionism is thriving at Toronte, Canada. FALL RIVER, Mass., has 1000 union card-

Maxico laborers get twenty-seven cents RUBBARD, Ohio, has a co-operative iron

New York unions want State labor At Pittsburg carpenters are working for

KENTUCEY Knights of Labor held a State

AUSTRALIAN shearers have had 1000 strikes WASHINGTON, D. C., is to be the R. of L.

Balltimone unions held an anti-shild labor FEMALE Knights of Labor run a Cleveland

(Qhio) laund y. ST. JOHN (! lew Brunswick) steamboat In-borers get \$3 a day.

amoun, the Chicago packer, pays \$7,000, The Independent Labor party of Great Britain has 400 branches.

Fall Erven Spinners' Union has distributed \$5999 among unemployed members

Barrish coal miners take two days off weekly in order to give work to sarplus ONLY nine of the unemployed of Indian-apolis would accept the city's offer to break stone.

Lanon organizations are opposing the making of the Labor Bureau a Cabinet de-

partment. Ir the views of Judge Jenkins, of Milwan-ker, Wis., are sustained, an end will be put to strikes for higner wages.

MINNESOTA farmers sent money to aid Chicago unemployed, and recommended the Populist party to their consideration.

The last great strike of the British miners cost about \$500,003, of which about \$100,000 was contributed by trades unions other than

A LOSDON jewsier maintains a pearl fishery of his own in West Australia, where he employs 500 men and twenty-two sailing vessels.

When city work was announced for the unemployed of Toronto 1000 men besieged the City Hall before 6 a. m. and hundreds were on hand at 5a. m. Work was provided for 1500 men at \$1.35 a day.

Is his report on the effect of the business depression on the laboring classes of Michigan, the State Commissioner of Labor says of 2966 factories inspected 377 were wholly shut, 572 were run on short time, resulting in a loss of labor of 36,627 hours a week in the short-time factories.

Leif Erieson Must Move On.

Six or seven years ago there was set up in Commonwealth avenue, Beston, a broax-statue of Leif Ericson, waich has been tasubject of much censure. He stands posed like a stage villain, with one hand on his trusty weapon and the other shading his eyes for a searching gaze out over the fens toward Brighton.

It was the first thing Alderman Los's eyes fell on seath morning, when coming the seath morning.

fell on each morning when coming to town.
The Alderman declared it out of proportion,
what respect he could not say, but
when he introduced the order for its re noval
to Wood Island Park, East Boston, it passed

Several art critics have denounced it. Max Bachman, the sculpter, declares that it is not clothed in the armor worn by fighting men of the eleventh century. Professor Horsfer i is dead, and there is no one to champion the explorer's cause, so it must go.

COXEY'S ARMY OF PEACE. THE LOWEST EVER KNOWN

CONSUMERS COMPELLED TO

Live More Cheaply. Works Going Into Operation Harassed by Doubts.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, New York, says: Week by week it is found jos ible by an increasing number of concerns to revive production with general range of prices the lowest ever known. As old stocks give out orders for replenishment are first for cheaper goods than have before been chosen traders there-

than have before been chosen traders therein representing consumers who are compelied or desire to live more cheaply. Then
the quantities ordered are anneally. Then
the quantities ordered are anneally of
the works that the competition drives
prices in each grade down to or below actual cost, squeezing out profits and forcing
down wages. Yet the profits and the wages
are the fund from which future purchases
for consumption must be made.

It is under such conditions that more
works are going into operation, many with
a doubt how long they will be able to operate. Thus the measure of resumption by
works or hands, or hours of labor, is not a
measure of the revival in business, either as
to quantity or value of goods distributed.
Prices of commedities are this week, on the
whole, the lowest of which there is any
record, having declined 1.2 per cent fur
Maich and sweraging 11.3 per cent lower
than a year ago, so that more than a third
of the decrease in volume of all payments
is due to decline in prices of things consumed.

Six more iron furnaces have gone into

sumed.
Six more fron furnaces have gone into blast this month in part because prices of the issed products are a shade lower and further contracts have thus been secured. Pittsburg gets the lion's share and has most of its works in operation, cheaper freights having helper this work with lower wages and coke and contracts for Mesata ore at \$2.25. Cheapness of material and labor stimulates the erection of many buildings both East and West.
Sales of wool again exceed last year's

both East and West.
Sales of wool again exceed last year's
4,851,700 pounds for the week, against
3,948,200, and for the month thus far the
increase has been about 1,900,000 pounds,
though in February the decrease was 21.3

per cent.
Wheat has been depressed by the report that 114,000,000 bustels remained in farmers that 114,000,000 busheds remained in farmers hands March 1, indicating very great errors in estimates of yield, or cles a heavy decrease in consumption. Exports of products are 40 per cent, above and im-ports 38 below last year's for the month thus far.

Failures for the first week of March were Failures for the first week of March were few, with liabilities thus far reported of only \$2.025,338 of which \$816 284 were of manufacturing and \$1,191,270 of trading concerns. Owing to large deferred statements received too late for use last week, the aggregate of liabilities for February has been raised to \$17.805,670. The number of failures reported for the week is 264 in the United States against 190 last year and 55 in United States against 30 last year. WHEAT-No. 1 Red \$ 60 @ \$ 61

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

Tun Union Pacific has 26,456 cars. Microsas has 503 convicts, all males, COLORADO silver plants are shutting down POSTAL notes will cease existence on July 1

Curcago is becoming alarmed at the sprea of amallpox. The annual distribution of seeds has been

France publishing houses issued 13.12 ooks last year. EARTHQUARES have done much damage i

THE Farmers' Alliance claims to have 42, 300 members in Kansas.

A curto born at Killingsworth, Conn. weighs but eight ounces. Natural gas has been found in large quantities near Fairfield, Iowa.

Turns is one instructor for every six stu-lents at Chicago University. It is announced in India that all import are to be taxed to meet the deficit.

India proposes a five per cent, ad valorer luty as a means of increasing her revenue. Mns. Lease has started quite a crane to be ome Masons among the women of Kansas THE diplomatic and consular service of the States costs the country only \$500

000 a year. FORTIFICATION of Esquimalt Harbor, Bri sh Columbia, has been begun by the Britis Government.

Reconns for the year 1893 show that Amelica is by all odds the greatest racing countries. under the sun. Hawaiian correspondence says the Provisional Government has taken steps toward

Tue reports of the Department of Agriculture in Kansas in regard to the wheat crop are all encouraging.

Hiccorous are epidemic now and ma-persons are suffering from this outgrowth me pervous complaint. Unremonen satisfaction is felt in German at the retirement of Gladstone from the Pre-miership of Great Britain.

Carricism of the frequency with while medals of honor have been awarded of lat years is made by army officers.

A nice find of gold is reported from Presidio County, Texas, and a town of 300 people has sprung up in a fortnight. FARMERS in Kansas are turning their o enemy, the wind, to account by through windmills for irrigating

Accompany to the Secretary of the New O leans Exchange, increase in cotton over t year before was nearly \$30,000 bales. An eight mile bituminous coal bed h

been discovered in Mexico at a point so be connected with the Mexican Central Kansas farmers secured \$47,000 damages

Emporia against Hezier Brothersinging Texas fever among their cattle THE British Columbia Parliament has assed an act permitting members of the aivation Army to perform marriage coro-

TRAGEDY OVER A LAND SALE. A Wealthy W. Va. Man Murdered and

FLOUR— PHILADELPHIA.
WHEAT—No. 2 Red...
CORN—No. 2 Mixed...
OATS—No. 2 White
BUTTER—Creamery Extra.
EGGS—Pa. Firsts... the Murderer Shoots Himself.
A month ago James Robinson, a prosperous farmer near Tyrconnel. W. Va., sold his farm to Humphrey McDonald, wealthiest man in Taylor county, and pos-session was to be given Thursday. Wed-nesday morning Robinson endeavored to back out of the sale. The men engaged in a fist fight, but suddenly broke apart, and McDonald turned as though starting for home.

home.

Robinson pulled a revolver and fired five shots into McDonald's back, killing him instantly. He then got a shot gun and emptied the contents into the dead body, scattering the brains allower the road. After this he wegt into the house and barricaded himself.

The sheriff organized a posse of 25 citizens the sherin organized a posse of 20 citizens heavily armed and went to arrest Robinson, who shot and slightly wounded a deputy sheriff. Finding capture certain, Robinson then fired three shots into his own head, inflicting fatal wounds. The sheriff has possession of the house and the unconscioustispose.

SECRETARY HERBERT'S new bill makes the notive list of the navy consist of 20 Rear Admirais, 60 Captains, 100 Commanders, 74 Licutenant Commanders, 255 Liceatemants, and 75 Licutenants of junior grade.

RIO REEPS A HOLIDAY.

Five Hundred Rebel Prisoners Have Been Liberated.

The insurgent forces deserted Ft. Ville-gaignon and the ships at Rio de Janeiro on Monday night, leaving the flags flying, and took refuge on the islands of Enchadas and

Isok refuge on the islands of Enchadas and Paqueta. There was not a soul on the rebet ships during the bombardment of the other day.

The insurgent officers on Monday took refuge on merchant vessels. Admiral da Gama left the harbor on board the French vessel Magon. The Magon has returned here. It is not known whether the admiral is still on toard.

The insurgents offered to surrender on Monday but the government refused to

The insurgents offered to surrender on Monday but the government refused to promise that annesty would be granted. Some 60 rebel privates gave themselves up. All the insurpent officers with the exception of the surgeons have fled.

Hy order of President Pelixoto 500 rebel prisoners have been liberated from the jails. The rejoicing among the people that the war has proved a fizzle is great. The streets are crowded and everyone is keeping a honiday.

Education of the Kalser's Son.

Education of the Kalser's Son.

The Emperor of Germany has bought a villa near the new pulses at Potedam, with extensive grounds reaching to the river Harel, as a residence for the Crown Prince, who is not quite twelve years old. The military and general education of the Prince will be continued in this residence until he is prepared to enter the university. The reason that a residence for the Prince was chosen in proximity to the river is due to a desire of the Emperor that his son receive a naval training.

Voting by Machinery.

Voting by Machinery.

At an election held the other day at Johnstown, N. Y., a test was made of the merits of the Myers voting machine, and it is said to have given great satisfaction. Four machines were used, doing the work that thirty polling booths have hitherto been necessary for. An old blind man managed to get in his vote in eighty-eight seconds without any assistance, and a great many people voted in eight and ten seconds. The machines registered 1905 votes, and gave the returns promptly and satisfactorily.

Ventee Snow Bound.

Venice was buried in snow a month ago as a result of the same unprecedented storm which buried Rome. The lagoous froze over and large masses of lee blocked the Grand Canal. The gondolas were snow covered, the narrow pathways were impassable and great suffering and interry prevailed among the poor.

MARKETS.

THE WHOLESALE PRICES ARE GIVEN BELOW.

n	No. 2 Red CORN-No. 2 Yellow ear. High Mixed ear No. 2 Yellow Shelled. Shelled Mixed OATS-No. 1 White No. 2 White No. 3 White Mixed	59 45 43 41 40	60 46 44 42 415
	OATS—No 1 White No 2 White No 3 White Mixed BYE—No 1 No 2 Western New FLOUR—Fancy winter par Fancy Straight winter XXX Bakers Rye Flour Buckwheat flour HAY—Baled No 1 Tim y Baled No 2 Timothy Mixed Clover Timothy from country FEED—No 1 Wh Md & T No 2 White Middings Brown Middings Brown Middings Brown Middings Bran bulk STRAW—Wheat Oats DAIRY PRODUCTS BUTTER—Eight Creamery Fancy	38 ± 37 ± 36 ± 32 56 ±	944
	No. 2 Western New	55	563
đ	Fancy Spring patents	5 75 4 00	4 25
2	XXX Bakers Rye Flour	2 75 3 25	8 00 8 50
3	HAY-Baled No. 1 Tim'y	12 50 10 00	13 00 12 00
n	Mixed Clover	10 00 16 00	11 00 18 00
•	No. 2 White Middlings	17 50 16 00	18 00 17 00
	Bren, bulk STRAW — Wheat	16 50 6 00	7 00
17.1	Oats	7 00	7.50
٠	BUTTER-Elgin Creamery	26	27
	Fancy country roll Low grade & cooking	18	20 15
m	New York, new	111	124
	Limburger (New,make)	121	13
n.	PRUIT AND VESETADE	RA.	17.
	REANS.	0.00	5 00
h	NY & M(new)Beans Bbbt Lima Beans, FOTATOES—	1 75	1.00
1-	Fancy & bu	2 00	15 3 50
	Fancy & bu. Sweet per bbl CABBAGE—jer hundred. ONIONS—YellowGobe & bu Mixed Country. Spanish, per crate. TURNIPS—purple tots.	8 00	5 (A) 65
1st	Mixed Country Spanish, per crate	1 00	1 15
l.	POULTRY ETC.	40	10
96	Live chickens P pr. Live Ducks P pr. Live Ducks P pr. Live Turkeys Ph. Dressed chickens P ib. Dressed ducks Ph. Dressed ducks Ph. Dressed geese	50	55
y	Live Ducks w pr	50	60
ot	Live Torkers 20	190	1 00
	Dressed chickens W 1b	10	12
y	Dressed ducks with	12	18
•	Dressed turkeys & D Dressed geese	8	12
h	EGGS—Pa & Ohio fresh FEATHERS— Extra live Geese # B No 1 Extra live geese # B MISCELLANIOUS. TALLOW—Country, #B	15	16
	Extra live Geese P B	55	45
ė-	Maceria and Secretario	40	4.5
0-	TALLOW-Country, Pt	4	43
fit.	City	5	55
it	City SEEDS—Clover Timothy prime Blue grass RAGS—Country mixed dONEY—White clover Booksystem	6 15	0 25 2 15 1 60
	Rive grass	2 05 1 40	1 00
r-	RAGS-Country mixed	1 40	* 1
ie	dONEY-White clover	14	16
15	MAPLE SYRUP, new crop.	10 75	12
to.	CIDER-country sweet while	6 (0	6.50
	CINCIPNATL		

CORN-No. 2 OATS-Mixed Western BUTTER-Creamery. EGGS-State and Penn LIVE-STOCK REPORT.

EAST LIPPRITY, PITTSBURG STOCK VARDS. Per 100 ibs.

PHILADELPHIA

NEW YORK.

20

4 35

FLOUR— WHEAT—No. 2 Red RYE—No. 2 CORN—Mixed

BUTTER .

Prime Steers...... 4 30 to 4 50 Good butcher 4 00 to 4 20 Common Sulls and dry cows Sulls and dry cows Sulls and dry cows Sulls and Gry cows Sulls

Thoice Lambs.....

Selected
Prime Yorkers.....
Heavy
Roughs....