spedition Thinks About It. An attempt is being made under the anspices of the Royal Geographical society to renew interest in antarotic exploration. An important paper on the subject was presented to the society week by Dr. John Murray of the Challenger expedition. He argued that the continent at the south pele comprised 4,000,000 square miles and that great practical benefits in the departments of biology, geology and physics would be gained by its exploration. He did not advocate a dash for the pole, but demanded rather a steady, systematic exploration of the whole southern region with all the appliances of modern investigators. The exploration should be undertaken by the royal navy. Two ships, not exceeding 1,000 tons burden each, should be fitted out for three summers and two winters.

Early in the first season a wintering party of 10 men should be landed some where south of Cape Horn, probably about Bismarck strait, at Graham The expedition should proceed to Victoria Land, where a second party should winter, probably at Mac Musdo bay, near Mount Erebus. The shape should not be frozen in, but should return north, conducting observations of various kinds toward the outer margins of the ice. The position of the ice and the temperature of the ocean should be observed.

Early in the spring the wintering parties should be communicated with and re-enforced for another winter. During the second winter deep sea observations should be continued to the morth. In the third season the wintering parties should be picked up and the expedition return to England.—London

REDUCED HER NOSE.

An Actress Whose Proboscis Was Too

Large Had It Shaved Down. Miss Crystal Thornton, an acteess, submitted to a peculiar surgical operation at Roosevelt hospital Nov. Miss Thornton, whose home is in California, is a handsome young woman. but in her opinion her appearance suffered through what she thought was a deformed nose, but which others regarded as nothing more than a pronounced Roman nose. She determined, however, to have the nose reduced to a normal size and consulted Dr. Charles McBurney with the view of having him perform the operation.

The surgeon, it is said, advised her that if the operation was performed a scar might remain, which would perhaps be more objectionable to her than her prominent nose. Miss Thornton declared that she preferred the scar to having so much nose and renewed her request that the operation be perform-The patient was placed under the influence of ether, incisions were made, the skin laid away on either side and part of the bone removed.

The wound was treated with antiseptics, the skin replaced, and in due time the patient went home. She visited the hospital again two days later, when the wound was found to be healing nicely. Miss Thornton has since that time remained at home, and unless some unforeseen accident occurs in time make her appearance in public with a symmetrical nose, in harmony with the rest of her features .-New York Letter.

Somebody Lost a Hand.

A false left hand which Roundsman Charlie Wendel found at the exit of Manhattan field after the football game on Thanksgiving day awaits a claim-ant at the Washington Heights police

It is incased in a dark tan kid glove and looks at first glance like a ke severed real hand.

The theory is advanced by several members of the police force that the dummy was the property of some in-genious member of the light fingered gentry, whose perfect hand was under his clothing during the football gambols, but plying its chosen calling all the more effectively. It is the general impression that the hand was wrenched from its fastenings on the wrist of the owner in the crowd as he passed out of the field. - New York Herald.

Bayard Forgiven by England.

It seems to have entirely escaped notice that it was Mr. Bayard, the new American embassador to London, who insisted some years ago upon the recall of Lord Sackville, the then British minister to the United States. The incident has only to be mentioned to be remem-That the British government should have sanctioned the appointment of Mr. Bayard under these circumstances proves that we are a forgiving race. Beyond, however, making some-what too lengthy speeches, Mr. Bayard has made himself a persona grata here. -London Truth.

Found \$2,000 In the Ruins.

Two thousand dollars, mostly silver, have been found in the ruins of Mrs. Agnes Chapman's house near Milan, which burned to the ground a few nights ago. It is also supposed that a large amount of paper money was consumed in the fire, as several tin boxes containing paper ashes were also found in the ruins. It is generally believed by the neighbors that the old woman would have escaped alive had she not returned to save her money. She also had \$1,600 in an eastern bank.—Norwalk (Conn.)

Knocked the Well Out.

The artesian well on the property of A. S. & W. H. Masterman, Notre Damo street, has refused to work since the carthquake of last month. It is 800 feet deep, and it is thought that some of the pipe has become disjointed and choked with earth. An effort is being made to find out the real trouble. Up to the shaking up it had been an excellent well.—Montreal Dispatch in Toronto Globe ronto Globe

INDIAN RELICS UNEARTHED.

Among Them a Medal of the First Metho dist Chapel In America.

Charles Z. Fritzinger, a German farmer who resides in Benton county, 45 miles south of Sedalia, Mo., while digging a drainage ditch on his farm last month unearthed, at a distance of three feet from the surface, a medal or token of Wesley chapel and parsonage, John street, New York, the first Methodist building in America. Mr. Fritzinger took it to Sedalia to find out something about it and ascertain its value. The token is made of lead and antimony, is 2 inches in diameter and the thickness of a Bland dollar.

On the obverse side is an embossed likeness of John Wesley, around which are the inscriptions, "Founder of Methodism" and "The World Is My Parish." On the reverse side is an em-bossed picture of Wesley chapel, showing the ancient place of worship and the adjoining parsonage. The inscrip-tions are "Wesley Chapel and Parsonage" and "Dedicated by Philip Em-bury, Oct. 80, 1768." It is possible that it was given by a missionary to an Indian, for the spot where it was found is where the Osages and Kickapoos had their last great battle. In running the ditch where the token was unearthed Mr. Fritzinger found a number of arrows, arrowheads, battle axes, toma-hawks and other weapons used by the Osage Indians.—Chicago Herald.

ONE OF THE BOYS.

How a Texas Postmaster Raised the Wind to Have a Good Time.

Schemes for robbing the government are plentiful, but one of the most unique perhaps that has been put into operation for some time has just come to light down in Texas.

Uncle Sam did not pay one of his fourth class postmasters in a little vil-lage in the Lone Star State sufficient money to pay his bills and have a surplus with which to go out with the boys at night. A friend of the genial postmaster was in the same financial predicament, so they decided to make the government furnish enough coin with which life could be made worth living. They couldn't tap the tills of the office, because the receipts were too low, neither could they steal stamps, because they were allowed too few. It was finally decided that the money order system was the best thing to tackle in order to get funds, and accordingly the postmaster issued 31 orders for \$100 each to his friend, payable at a neighboring office.

The friend had them cashed, and for a few weeks both lived bigh.

Now the question arose how to cover their tracks. The wits of the two criminals were put to work, and it was settled that they should buy the star route in that section, subsidize the mail messenger and have a "hold up," after which the postmaster would be able to say that the money in payment of the orders was taken from the mailbag. The programme was carried out. The messenger was held up and came to town telling of his loss, and the post-master swore that he had placed the money for the payment of the orders in the mailbag.

The postoffice department became suspicious and sent a special agent down there, which resulted in the capture of the postmaster and his accomplice. The messenger was also locked up. - Wash-

In a Hurry to Get on the Bench.

Ambrose and Duffie were once law partners in Omaha and separated be-cause of a quarrel. Duffie defeated Ambrose for the bar nomination for district judge, to fill a vacancy, in September, and in October, although a Democrat, was appointed by Governor Crounse to the place until the election Ambro was nominated by the Republicans and elected. A fortnight ago Monday night the official count was completed, and he at once qualified. The next morning he ap-peared at the courthouse and demanded Duffie's seat. Duffie was surprised, but relinquished it. This act deranged all court matters, necessitated a new jury. and the rebeginning of 20 cases, which could have been settled by Saturday night.—Chicago Times.

The castle and park of Monte Cristo are advertised for sale at a judiciary auction in the Palais de Justice of The castle was built by the elder Alexandro Dumas in the village of Port Marly, along the road to St. Germain, and named after his famous novel. There is in the park a minia-ture Chateau d'If, in the middle of a little pond, and recalling to mind the Mediterranean prison in which lived Edmond Dantes, the hero of the novel, who became Comte de Monte Cristo. The legal advertisement states that the whole domain will be offered at auction upon a first bid of \$30,000.-Paris Correspondent.

The Potato Burst.

A bursting—not emery wheel, boiler or dynamite bomb, but a plain and ordinarily ambitious potato-may cost a Camden (N. J.) woman her sight. Potatoes were baked for supper, and in the attempt to take them from the oven one blew up, burning her eye so severely that the chances are it will become blind. The kitchen was powdered with bits of the flying potato, which went to pieces with a vengeance. To bake po-tatoes, however, may still be regarded as a fairly safe operation in these days of football and trolleys. - Camden Correspondent.

A Charitable Pawnshop. At the Thanksgiving service in Trinity church a collection was taken for the establishment of a pawnshop to be run in connection with the newly established Trinity House in the south end. The place will be run as any pawnshop, except that the rate of interest charged will be only 4 per cent. Dr. Donald says he is assured of the success of the venture.—Boston Transcript.

A GIRL'S GRATITUDE.

Her Devotion to a Mother In Prison Is

Rewarded at Last.

A bright eyed, rosy cheeked young lady was waiting for Governor Matthews when he reached the executive office the other morning, and as he entered she extended her hand. governor recognized her as the daugh-ter of Mrs. Martin of Dubois county. who was pardoned out of the fema'e reformatory the day before, and in answer to her excited inquiry if it was true that he had pardoned her mother he replied, "Yes, and you may take the pardon and deliver it to her."

The announcement was followed by risible emotion, and it was some mo ments before the daughter could control her feelings sufficiently to thank him, but looking rather than speaking her gratitude she took the pardon, and a few moments later her mother was released after eight years' confinement.

"That is one of the most peculiar cases that I ever met," said the govern or as his visitor left the room. "Mrs or as his visitor left the room. "Mrs. Martin was convicted and sentenced for life for infanticide. She had been deserted by her friends and had three small children depending upon her for support. These she supported by bending over the washtub, and when a fourth whild was been dead she fourth child was born dead she was arrested and charged with its murder. There was, in fact, no evidence to sup port the charge except what could be explained away or accounted for by natural causes, but she was given a life

'Several years ago her daughter came here and secured work as a domestic in order to be near the mother, and she has called to see me several times in the effort to secure the pardon. It was she who left a moment ago, and I am more than gratified over an act which I be lieve is one of justice to the mother and which rewards the devotion of the daughter."—Indianapolis Cor. Cincinnati Enquirer.

DEATH OF ELISHABA.

Professor Garner Inconsolable Over the De

mise of the Most Intelligent Chimpanzee. Professor Garner, who is to sail for America in a few days, is quite dis-consolate over the death of Elishaba, the most intelligent chimpanzee ever found. Garner made the acquaintance of Elishaba and her husband, Aaron, in Africa and induced them to come north with bim. The death of the poor creature in Liverpool on Thursday was quite pathetic. She died in the arms of poor Aaron, who had been assiduous in his attentions during her whole ill-

Professor Garner was present during her last moments, and when he pu his hand to her heart to see if it had ceased to beat Aaron put his hand there, too, looking in the professor's eyes and inquiring if that was all he could do. Aaron would not permit his dead companion to be taken from him. The sadness in Aaron's countenance could not have been more clearly portrayed on the face of a human being. His grief was inconsolable. When the professor visited his protege yesterday, Aaron was not content until he had put his hand in that of the professor and by signs and sounds was telling him his distress.

Our Embassador to Germany.

The speech made by Theodore Run-American embassador, at the Thanksgiving dinner in toasting the emperor has elicited favorable comments from the German and American residents. Part of Mr. Runyon's speech

"We are in a foreign land, yet one not entirely strange to us. We know the people and their language. They assisted to a great degree in creating the prosperity of the country of which we are so proud. We are not exiles here. We have come to drink at Germany fountains of learning, to be taught at her schools of science and art. From the German people, from their gallant young emperor down, we have received generous and hospitable welcome. The emperor, both in word and act, has shown kindness of feeling toward our country. He has given also striking and memorable evidence of his disposition in using his personal influence for the creation of the magnificent exhibits sent to Chicago." These words were heartily cheered.—Berlin Letter.

The Last Thatched Cottage In London Probably very few Londoners know of this interesting relic, which now un fortunately appears to be doomed to the almost inevitable destruction which is so rapidly overtaking what remains to us of old London. The cottage is situ-ated at the side of Paddington green near the St. David's Welsh church and stands in a fair sized piece of ground. It is shortly to be pulled down, as a block of flats will be erected on the land in the immediate future. Lovers of the picturesque would do well to pay this charming little spot a visit before the cottage is gone for "all time."—St.

Crased by a Fall.

Matilda Perkins, aged 17, is in the county jail a raving maniac. She was a religious enthusiast and attended the Sam Jones revival meeting. Sam's preaching enthused her so that she sprang up and began shouting. While standing on a bench in the pres 7,000 people, shouting, she fell, and striking on her head injured it. A few days ago she went raving crazy. is perfectly well physically.—Birming-ham (Ala.) Cor. Chicago Herald.

An Animated Mint.
As Mrs. Dr. Beach of Olathe, Kan., was breaking eggs to make a cake she was surprised to find in the yolk of one of the eggs a 2 cent piece. The rim of the coin was somewhat dark, but the center was as bright as a new one. The egg was bought at one of the stores and was evidently brought in from the coun-try.—Independence (Kan.) Correspond-

THE LAWYER OF TODAY. He Is Gradually Becoming More and More

"There is as much learning here in the legal profession as ever, but it is not on exhibition," said a Philadelphia lawyer. "In the first place, the courts will not countenance its undue display. In old times an advocate was allowed great latitude. Formerly, in a case of damages caused by a neglected sidewalk, the attorney would be allowed to expound not only the laws relating to damages for neglect, but he might stray off into the realms of medical jurisprudence at great length, and even perorate with an allusion to the Magna Charta, the constitution and the American eagle. At present a lawyer must confine himself to the real merits of his case. The machinery of our courts has grown too costly to permit such waste of time. It follows that there is less

oratorical skill displayed than in former

days, especially at the period when some

of our leading lawyers made a specialty of criminal defense. Now few lawyers of eminence, either in Philadelphia or

the east generally, undertake the defense in a criminal case. "Today the practice of law, like other professions, is becoming more and more specialized. A law office is simply a business office, as you may discover by visiting some of the handsome new office buildings down town. I know of one office where there are several partners, that would remind you of a banking office, and where a bookkeeper and cashier is employed to pay off clerks, typewriters and other employees. You will, however, still find veteran members of the bar pursuing old time methods in a cozy, quiet office, sitting at a baize cov-ered table amid a wilderness of well thumbed books. They carry a dark green bag filled with briefs when they

"As to young lawyers, however talented they may be, if without social or political prestige, their struggle to advance in the profession is sure to be a hard one. Practice now is often inherited or transmitted in some other way. I could point out to you in Philadelphia law firms that have been confined to the members of one family or its collateral

go to court, precisely as all lawyers did

50 years ago, and as London barristers

brauches since the Revolution. "I may say that there is an evident impetus to change many useless old legal methods. The remark of Lord Coleridge, when in this country, that there were many volumes of English legal decisions which it would do no harm to destroy, would answer as the main-spring of this impetus. Legislation is certainly advancing in this-that merely experimental general laws are passed with greater difficulty than formerly."

Another lawyer, older than the other, said: "Progress in the legal profession? Progress is hardly a term to apply to law, for it is founded on precedents, sometimes the older the better. For this reason jurisprudence is the least progressive of the sciences. Still there have been, no doubt, improvements in methods of practice, though I am not much of a code lawyer. I have had to study hard all my life. The younger lawyers appear to do little of that. They seem to believe, with Aaron Burr, that 'law is whatever is boldly advanced and plausibly maintained.""—Philadelphia Record.

Trained Nurses.

The fashionable impetus which it was expected the patronage of the Princess of Wales would give to the occupation of trained nursing in England has hardly been realized. It will undoubtedly receive a stimulant in the plan, of which word now comes from there, have nursing lectures at fashionable houses to instruct the aristocratic pupils in the rudiments at least of caring for the sick. These "afternoons" are to be illustrated with genuine hospital implements, including a patient, and, with tea and biscuits handed round will take on as well an agreeable social

A story heard recently accentuates the need of all this. It was related of an English peeress, who, wishing to master the duties of a trained nurse, procured admission to a hospital for such instruction. She proved an utterly hopeless pupil, and at length it was deemed advisable to ask her to resign. Her martial tread through the wards and general "heaviness" in all that she did actually made her presence a detriment, which would seem to indicate that even aristocratic nurses are born, not made.—New York Times.

When a Chinese Bank Falls.

Bank notes were issued in China as early as the ninth century, when the art of printing was unknown in Europe. These notes have generally been redeemcause in China, when a bank fails, all the clerks and managers have their heads chopped off and thrown in a heap along with the books of the firm. so it has happened in those good old barbarous times that for the past 500 years not a single Chinese bank has suspend-

ed payment.

Now that China is coming under the sway of western civilization, we have no doubt it will have the same financial troubles as its more civilized banking brethren.—Chambers' Journal.

The Chinese send three invitations to the guests that they desire to see at their great repasts. The first is dispatched two days before the feast. The second on the day itself, in order to remind those they expect of their engagement, and the third just before the hour has struck, so as to show how impatient they are to see their friends arrive.— Hong-Kong Letter.

To Make It Permanent

The faint and elusive mark of a lead The raint and clustve mark of a lead pencil can be preserved by holding the written page over the spout of a fast boiling teakettle. When it has been well steamed, it is "set," as the washerwoman says,—New York Evening

Bailroab Eime Cables BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTS-BURGH RAILWAY,
The short line between DuBois, Ridgway,
Bradford, Salamanca, Buffalo, Rochester,
Niagara Falls and points in the upper oil

region.

On and after Nov. 19th, 1893, passenger trains will arrive and depart from Falls Creek station, daily, except Sunday, as fol-

7.10 A M.; 1.30 p. m.; and 7.00 p. m. Accommodations from Punxsutawney and Big Brin.

8:50 A. M. Buffalo and Rochester mail For Brockwayville, Ridgway, Johnsonburg, Mt. Jewett, Bradford, Salamanca, Buffalo and Rochester: connecting at Johnsonburg with P. & E. train 3, for Wilcox, Kane, Warren, Corry and Erle.

7:45 A. M.: 1.45 p. m.: and 7.30 p. m. Accommodation For Sykes, Hig Run and Punxantampey.

modation For Sykes, Big Run and Punxsutawney.

2:20 P. M. Bradford Accommo dation For
Beechtree, Brockwayville, Ellmont, Carmon, Ridgway, Johnsonburg, Mt. Jewett
and Bradford.

6:00 P. M. Mail For DuBois, Sykes, Big
Run, Punxsutawney and Walston.

9:20 A. M. Sunday train For Brockwayville, Ridgway and Johnsonburg.

6:00 P.M. Sunday train For Brockwayville, Ridgway and Johnsonburg.

6:00 P.M. Sunday trainfor DuBois, Sykes,
Big Run and Punxsutawney.

Thousand mile tickets at two cents per
mile, good for passage between all stations.

J. H. McIntyre, Agent, Falls creek, Pa.
J. H. Barnett,
General Supt. Gen, Pas. Agent,
Buffalo, N. Y. Rochester N. Y.

DENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

IN EFFECT NOV. 19, 1893.

Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division Time Table. Trains leave Driftwood. EASTWARD 9:04 A M-Train 8, daily except Sunday for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate sta-tions, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 p.m.; New York, 10:08 p.m.; Haltimore, 7:20 p.m.; Washington, 8:37 p.m. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia.

from Milliamsport and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia.

339 P. M.—Train 6, dally except Sunday for Harrisburg and Intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:30 A. M.; New York, 7:33 A. M. Through coach from DuBols to Williamsport. Pullman Sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York, Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:00 A. M.:

335 P. M.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 6:30 A. M.; New York, 9:30 A. M.; Haltimore, 6:20 A. M.; Washington, 7:30 A. M.; Pullman cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg. Passenger coaches from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD

more. WESTWARD

32 A. M.—Train I, daily except Sunday for Ridgway. DuBots. Clermont and intermediate stations. Leaves Ridgway at 3:00 p. M. for Eric.

59 A. M.—Train 3, daily for Eric and intermediate views.

9:50 A. M.—Train 3, daily for Eric and intermediate points.
6:27 P. M.—Train 11, daily except Sunday for Kane and intermediate stations.
THROUGH TRAINS FOR DRIFTWOOD FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.
TRAIN II leaves Philadelphia 8:50 A. m.; Washington, 7:50 A. M.; Baltimore, 8:45 A. M.; Wilkesharre, 10:15 A. M.; daily except Sunday, arriving at Driftwood at 6:27 P. M. with Fullman Farlor car from Philadelphia to Williamscoot. Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

TRAIN 3 leaves New York at 8 p. m.: Philadelphia, H:20 p. m.: Washington 10.40 a. m.: Baltimore, H:40 p. m.: daily arriving at Driftwood at 9:50 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger conches from Philadelphia to Erie and Baltimore to Williamsport and to DuBols.

TRAIN I leaves Renovo at 6:33 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Driftwood 7:32 a. m.

a. m. JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD.

(Daily except Sunday.) TRAIN 19 leaves Ridgway at 9:40 a. m.; John-sonburg at 9:55 a. m., arriving at Clermont sonburg at 9:33 a.m., arriving at Clermont at 10:45 a.m. TRAIN 20 leaves Clermont at 10:35 a.m. ar-riving at Johnsonburg at 11:40 a.m. and Ridgway at 11:35 a.m.

RIDGWAY & CLEARFIELD R. R.

DAILY EYCEPT SUNDAY.
SOUTHWARD. NORTHWARD. STATIONS. P. M. A. M. A.M. P.M. Ridgway Island Run Mill Haven Croyland Shorts Mills Blue Rock Vineyard Run Carrier Brockwayville McMinn Summit Harveys Run 6 30 6 22 6 15 6 00 5 54 5 54 5 52 5 52 5 50 5 50

120 1055 Falls Creek 12 20 5 15 145 11 05 PuBols 12 05 5 00 TRAINS LEAVE RIDGWAY.

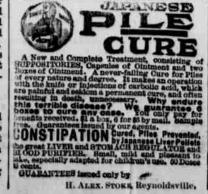
Eastward. Westward. Train 8, 7:17 a. m. Train 8, 1:34 a. m. Train 1, 1:39 p. m. Train 1, 1:35 p. m. Train 1, 1:55 p. m. M. PREVOST, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Ag't.

A LLEGHENY VALLEY RAILWAY Till I tell you of something that is of A COMPANY commencing Sunday Nov. 19, 1892. Low Grade Division.

STATIONS.	No. L	No.5.	No. 9.	101	100
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Red Bank Lawsonham	10 45	4.40			
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New Bethlehem	11 30	5 25	5 12		
Oak Ridge	11 38	5 41 6 00 6 26	5 28		
Maysville Summerville Brookville Bell	11 46	9.41	9.38		
Summerville	12 00	9.99	6 07		
Brookville	12 25	0.20	6 07		
Bell	12 31	6.26	6 13		
Fuller	12 43	6 38	6 25		
Reynoldsville	1 00	6 57	6 44	11	
Pancoast	1.08	7.05	6 52		
Falls Creek	1 26	7.13	7 00	10 55	1.3
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Winterburn	1:59	8.00	7.35		
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Tyler	2 15	8 16	7 51		
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Grant	2.53	8 55	8 30		
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Trains daily except Sunday. DAVID McCARGO, GEN'L. SUPT.,
Pittsburg, Pa.
JAS. P. ANDERSON, GEN'L. Pass. Agr.,
Pittsburg, Pa



30

Every Wom. Sometimes needs a r able monthly regulating medicine.

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NOT A DISEASE, NO for Inebriety, the Morphine a AOLDSVILI A. H. BO Physician comforts of a painting permaner to relapsed of the past twelve your craving or desires and researches and researches. T. Cold

No suffering. All the comf-ses of Inebriety and Morphinis Less than 5 per cent, have re the Gold Cure during the pi liberately, not through any cra-ted life. For full particulars ac "INEBRIETY o with the

LISTEN!

great interest to all. It must be re-membered that J. C. Froehlich is the Popular Tailor of Reynoldsville, and that is what I am going to dwell on at this time. Never mind the World's Fair for a few moments, as his exhibit of goods is something on that scale. The tremendous display of seasonable suitings, especially the fall and winter asings, especially the fall and winter assortment, should be seen to be appreciated. A larger line and assortment of fall and winter goods than ever. I ask and inspection of my goods by all gentlemen of Reynoldsville. All fits and workmanship guaranteed perfect. Yours as in the past,

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System Renovator is the only remedy in the world that truly purifies the blood and acts upon the kidneys, liver and bowels without making them weak. Most medicines undertake to cleanse without building up. This is wrong, and it weakens the organs. Renovator builds up while it is cleansing the system. Price, \$1.00 per built; or six for \$5.00. DR, J. A. BURGOON, \$607 Penn Ave., Pittsburg. Send stamp for book of instructions.

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