What is Going on The World Over. Important Events Briefly Chronicled.

Pleasure, Arridents and I amilities An explosion occurred at Marthaville Ont., where an oil well is being drilled

James Duncan, the owner, and his engi beer were killed. The family of Henry C. Horner, of Cam den, N. J., were posoned by ea ing taintel

or diseased meat and Mrs. Horner died. His wife and three children are still in danger. Mrs. John W. Jones and her 15-year-old daughter, living near Mt. Juliet. Tenn.

ing fire while they were burning brush, Mrs. Edgar Woods and four children at tempted to cross Cedar creek at Glensford four miles from Cave springs, Ga., and all were drowned. The creek was swollen from recent rains.

were burned to death by their dresses catch

An old-fashioned circular saw in a mi l at Wyandotte, Mich., suddenly leaped from its bearings, struck Herman Meinke sinuarety in the breast and plowed its way equarely through his heart. It also cut off the arm of Amos Coan.

Indicint.

The Illinois Appellats Court, has decided that the holder of a second-class railroad ticket who purchaser a berth on a Pullman eleeper may be ejected if he refuses to pay full first-class fare.

Attorney General Stockton of New Jersey has efficially pronounced the parochia echool bill unconstitutional, on the ground that it provides for the appropriation of public money to private corporations. This opinion will probably kill the bill.

The interests of unborn heirs can be legally sold and the purchaser be given a perfect title is the decision of the Circuit Court at Bloomington, Ill.

Legislative

The Tennessee Legislature reassembled Thursday morning, and in the House resolution was at once adopted requesting that Speaker Davis, who was recently disbarred at Memphis, present his resignation as Speaker, but Davis declined to resign There was then introduced a resolution de claring the office vacant, and it was adopted 72 to 9. Hon. Julius A. Trousdaie, of Sun. mer, was elected Speaker.

The Massachussetts house passed to third reading the bill making eight hours a day's work, for State, City, county and town employes.

The New York assembly adopted an amendment to the Farquhar blanket bill, permitting the use of party emblems.

In the New Jersey Senate the racing re pealing bills were advanced to a third reading without debate,

Sporting

Bob F.tzsimmons and Jim Hall met be fore the Crescent City Club at New Orleans. in a battle at catch weights for a purse of \$40,000, the lover to receive \$2,500, and a side wager of \$10,000 a side. This is the largest purse ever offered for a battle in the history of pugilism. Over 13,000 people were present and saw Fitzs'mmons Hall out in the fourth round. He feinted with his left and swung heavily with his right. The blow landed squarely on Hall's chin and knocked him insensible. It was eeveral minutes before he regained con aciousness. Fitz was awarded the fight amid tremendous cheering.

Washington News.

Postmaster General Bissell is accredited with the announcement that no local busi ness men need apply for postoffices under his administration. He objects to commissioning local business men as postmasters for the reason that the actual duties are performed by irresponsible and other incompetent clerks and substitutes. Postmasters under Bisselt must promise to devote keep strict office hours.

President Cleveland sent to the senate a message withdrawing the Hawaiian treaty which has been pending in the senate and which was submitted by Mr. Harrison. The message was very short and gave no reason. Their absence has given rise to a good deal of guessing.

Secretary Carlisle appointed his son, Logan Carlisle, chief clerk of the treasury department, vice M. Stocks, resigned. Princess Kaiulani and party have arrived in

Washington. In the party were Mr.and Mrs Davies, Miss Davies and a private secretary. They were driven from the station to the Arlington hotel and Immediately repaired to the apartments prepared for them. There were no unusual scenes about the hotel and the arrival of the party was quiet and unor-

Capital. Labor and Industrial. Notices heve been posted at the Cofrode and Saylor bridge works at Pottstown. Pa., of reductions in the wages of all employes, to go into effect March 15. Receivers were recently appointed for these works.

The Ann Arbor engineers and firemen at Toledo, O., are on strike, and when they went out Thursday they left the engines and loaded freight trains where they happened to be on the road and the new hands have had all they could do hauling dead engines back to the round houses and clearing the main rack of freight cars. No passenger trains errived or departed at Toledo on Thursday.

Fires

Fifty blooded horses and several Holstein-Priesian cows were burned to death Wednesday night on the extensive stock farm Riverbank, in Baltimore county, Md. Low on buildings and stock estimated at \$45,000 The property mostly belonged to G. O. Wil-The most valuable horse burned was Cabash, by Bashaw, Jr., dam Cachua, val-

At Franklin, Tenn., William Ewing's large stock barn, with the following valuab'e horses: Rowona, valued at \$1,000 dam of the great Dallas, 2:0 1; also one of her rolts, a two-year old, and half brother to Dalles; also another half brother, Dallas. wearling. Total loss. \$12,000.

Peter Turney, the bed, ridden governor of

Tennessee is not expected to live more than two weeks. He was inaugurated in a sick bed January last,

At Independence, Kan., William Dalton, the last of the Dalton gang, pleaded guilty in court of murder in the second degree for his part in the Coffeyville affair last year. He was at once sentenced to the penitentiary

Miscellaneous, The stars and stripes were raised over the Paris, late City of Paris, the sister ship of ie New York, of the new American line on Tuesday at New York City, by Frances C. Gelscom, daughter of the president of the International Steamship Company,

BEYOND OUR BORDERS.

Lichtenwarth, a village of 1,000 inhabiants in Lower Austria, has been swept by a terrific thunder storm which lasted tifteen hours. Five persons were struck dead in the streets and seven perished in burning buildings. Many lives were lost in the surtunnding country.

The Empress of Austria has decided not to ome to America during the World's Fair.

LATER NEWS WAIFS.

CRIMES AND PENALTIES.

Henry Crouse, a wealthy farmer, 60 years old, living a mile from Fort Plain, N. Y., was murdered the other night by a burglar, Mrs. Crouse blew out the light, and after a lively scuttle with the murderer, put him to flight without any booty. Crouse was estimated to be worth \$80,000 or \$100,000.

The grand jury at Atlanta, Ga., indicted for murder Julia Force, who recently killed her two sisters

WASHINGTON,

Secretary Lamont has appointed John Seager his private secretary.

AUGUSLATIVE.

The Tennessee Legi-lative Investigating Committee reports a fearful condition of affairs among the convicts at Coni Creek. They are in a diseased and filthy condition. and many of them are so poorly fed that they are starving to death.

Mr. Boisseau introduced in the Minnesota House a resolution which provided that the ermoline should be kept out of that State, and for the infliction of punishment upon the person wearing it. Dr. Abell, of St. Louis was on his feet in a moment and offered an amendment to the effect that should the crinoline be worn within the state Mr. Boissean be compelled to wear it. The amendment had the des red effect, and amid roars of laughter Mr. Boisseau withdrew the resolution

The Washington Legislature adjourned vesterday sine die without electing a United States Senator. Gov. Metiray will appoint ex Senator John B. Allen, whose term expired March 4.

Impeachment proceedings have been instituted in the House of the Tennessee Legislature against Judge J. J. Dubose, of the Memphis Criminal Court. He is accused of failure to enforce the law against gambling and general deriliction of duty. A petition signed by 5,000 citizens was presented, asking that proceedings be instituted.

The California State Legislature passed through both houses a resolution to submit to the people a constitutional amendment, removing the State capitol to San Jose, providing the latter city shall deed to the State 10 acres of land and a bonus of \$1,000,000. The action, though hasty, appears to have been earnest. The immediate animus of the resolution was an article in a Sacramento resolution was an article in a Sacramento evening paper headed. Thank God, the legislature will soon adjourn," and professing to recite various misdeeds and mistakes of the legislature. The article was read in the senate and the resolutions were passed promptly. Being transmitted to the assembly it first failed of the necessary two-third majority, but a call of the house was ordered the doors were closed and the sergeant-atarms was dispatched to arrest absent members. A number were routed from bed, brought to the assembly chamber and the bers. A number were routed from I brought to the assembly chamber and required vote was thus finally obtained.

CAPITAL AND LABOR

The linemen's strike at the World's Fair buildings, Chicago ended Saturday, the 250 strikers being conceded their demand 374 cents an hour, They had been receiving 31 cents.

DISASTERS, ACCIDENTS AND PATALITIES Spreading rails caused a wreck near Mason City, Iowa, and Geo. Hazen, the engineer, was crushed to death under the engine.

Five fishing schooners sailing from Gloucester, Mass., have been given up for lost, with 60 lives. They are supposed to have foundered in recent storms.

John Erickson and Sam Swattson, twowell-to-do farmers, of Soo Creek, were instantly killed near Cameron, Wis., by being struck by the Chicago special on the

MORTUARY.

At Norwalk, Conn., James L. Hyatt, United States Treasurer, under Mr. Cleveland from 1887 to 1889, died, aged 59,

MIRCELLANEOUS. Governor Turney, of Tennessee, is im-

proving. A big fleet of steamships came into the New York port Friday morning, but not one of them brought a word of news in regard to the missing treight steamship Naronic of the White Star line. All reported terrible weather.

THEY WILL NOT STRIKE.

Chicago Switchmen Decide to Continue

at Work for the Present. The Chicago switchmen will remain at sork for the present at least. This decision was reached at a meeting of the 'Grievance Committee Sunday afternoon. Every one of the Chicago roads was represented and a majority of the members voted against or dering a strike. A mass meeting of switchmen will be called for some day this week, at which the decision of the Grievance Committee will be presented and the whole matter discussed.

A portion of the new men who had been secured in anticipation of a strike will be given employment during the World's Fair rush. The others will be given transporta tion to their homes as soon as the railroad managers are convinced that all danger of a

THE NEW MEXICAN MINISTER

HIS POLITICAL HISTORY

General Patrick A. Collins Named by Free. Cleveland as Consul Gen eral to London.

lease P. Guay, who has been nominated by President Cleveland as Minister to Mexico, is an Ohioan by birth and at present resides at Union City, Ind. He was a Republican until 1872, when he joined the Greeley followers. In 1876 he was nominated for Lieutenant Governor of Indiana by the Democrats, as a representative of the Gree ley followers, on the same ticket with the 'Bluejeans" Williams and was elected. Toward the cose of his administration Gover nor Williams died, and Mr. Gray assumed the duties of the Governor of the State,

In 1880 he was a candidate for the Demo cratic nomination for Governor, but wa defeated by Frank Landers, of Indianapolis



and put upon the ticket with him for second place. This ticket was defeated by one beaded by Albert G. Porter, late minister to Italy. Four years later Mr. Gray was nominated for Governor by the Democrats and was elected, and would have been re nominated for a second term but for the fact that the Constitution of Indiana prohibited a Governor from filling two terms In succession.

During the late campaign Mr. Gray was a candidate for the nomination for the Presidency and had the delegation of his State behind him, but he withdrew and did all he could to effect the nomination of Mr. Cleveland. For Vice President be stood second in the balloting. Governor Gray has always enjoyed the reputation of being an excellent politican and a good lawyer.

He is 50 years old. The Mexican minis try pays \$17,500 a year, being a first-class

Bayard S. Gray of Chicago will accompany his father, Isaac P. Gray, to the City of Mexico, and act as his secretary. He was postmaster at Portland, Ind., under the for mer administration of President Cleveland, and at one time owner of the Democratic organ of Jay county.

GENERAL PATRICK A. COLLESS, of Boston, who was nominated by President Cleveland asConsul to London, is a leading lawyer of the Massachusetts bar. In many campaigns he has been prominent as a camaign orator of great eloquence and power. The office of consul general at London is the most lucrative one connected with the United States government. The consul general receives a stated salary of \$6,000 a year, and during 1892 the fees of the office amounted to \$62, 500.

THE MISSING NARONIC.

Twenty-Six Days Out, But Her Agents Are Still Hopeful That She Will Turn Up All Right.

YORK.—The Naronic has out 26 days, and has not been spoken once nor seen since she left the Mersey. early on the morning of February 11 for this port. Her agents are still hopeful that she will be heard from.

The Maritime Register has this to say edi torally: "The non-arrival of the White Star steamer Naronic is causing much alarm although it is probable that she will be heard from at either Fayal or in tow with machinery damaged. That she has not been sighted proves nothing as against either of these chances. Fayal is a port in the Azores, about 300 miles west of St. Michael, and there is not, it is said, frequent communication between the two islands. St. Michael is a coaling station, and nearly all steamships out of coal obtain tresh sup-

GOLD FLOWING IN.

Western Bankers Trade It for Notes of Small Denominations.
Secretary of the National Treasury Car-

lisle has received offers from Chicago bankers to exchange \$3,000,000 of gold for a like amount of treasury notes of the denominations of \$5, \$10 and \$20. Intimations were made that the amount of small notes that will be needed will reach \$10,000,000, which gold will be paid.

Several other offers of gold for small treasury notes were made. Cincinnati bank ers offered \$4,000,000, of which \$600,000 were accepted. Other offers in small quantities came from bankers in Kentucky, Illi nois and Missouri.

Treasurer Nebeker was much pleased with the turn affairs had taken, and declared that sufficient offers of gold had been re ceived to absorb all the small legal-tende notes on hand, and there is no cause what ever for any uneasiness.

A Postmaster's Hard Trip.

SARATOGA, WYO,-Alexander Lute, the postmaster of Gold Hill mining camp, teached Saratoga, Wyo., more dead than alive, and with a broken arm. Some hunters had come along and taken from him by force, nearly all his provisions. He started on snow shoes and a sled to get another supply. Lute was 13 days in traveling 65 The fifth day out he had a fall and broke his right arm. Last Wednesday he killed and ate his dog.

CONDITION OF BUSINESS.

The State of the Money Market Combin

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Lecter of Trade says: Business during the past week has been affected by the severe weather, but even more by the stringency and uncertainty in the money markets. There were some liquidation in stocks, but none of importance in products, and it is evident that the restraint of exports by speculation, in the Chief staples, is an important cause of monetary stringency and loss of gold by the Treasury.

The wheat exports are quite small and the price declined a cent for the week. Corn was firmly held and advanced over a cent, and oats nearly as much, while pork was raised 25 cents, though lard and bogs were lower. In cotton an advance of 1-16 occurred, in spite of the assurance that the British strike would not cease. The pressure of great stocks on hand caused much selling, and money was tight and loans were called.

great stocks on hand caused much selling, and money was tight and loans were called, but the exports of domestic products from New York last week were only \$5.620,000, against \$7,220,000 last year.

Money is tight at I hiladelphia because recent failures induced large withdrawals from the banks. Increasing demand is seen for iron, which is fairly strong in Pittsburg. At Chrago money is in very strong demand, banks descriminating closely. Select building materials are large and general business good, but railroad blockades and the strike of switchmen threaten to interrupt business.

The output of fron March 1 was 5.777
though 17 000 tons weekly more than on Pebruary 1,
though 17 000 tons less than a year ago
Stock unsold decline 1 7,700 tons during the Stock unsold decline 17,700 tons during the month. Southern producers are weakening, and 12,000 tons gray forge were sold at \$8 at Birmingham. Far iron is at the lowest point, plates cut somewhat less severely, and rails dull, while structural works are still running full time, but with few new orders. A blundering report regarding the tin duty depressed the price to 24 cents but afterward rose to 21.10. The coal market is steady, notwithstanding the collapse of the combination.

combination.

The business failures during the last seven days number, for the United States, 193 Canada, 32 total, 225 as compared with 251 last week, 230 the week previous to the last and 256 for the corresponding week of last

Hank clearings totals for March 9, as telegraphed to as follows:	Brausterts,	are
New York	777.080.574 D	2.0
hicago	104 981 839 1	17.8
Boston	101.641.910 1	15.7
Philadelphia	71,807,005 1	18.7
St. Louis	20,248,524 1	8.1
San Francisco	15,70 ,951 1	7.7
Patisburg	15,542,819, 4	29.1
Haltimore	13.808,223 D	1.4
Cincinnati	12.848,100 1	17.0
Cleveland		91.8

The clearings of 78 cities aggregate \$1,301,80,716, an increase of 2.9 per cent. Exclusive of New York the clearings amount to \$523,847,142, an increase of 13.4 per cent.

THE SENATE SPECIAL SESSION.

THE CABINET CONFIRMED

The Senate was in session Monday for only 35 minutes, but within that brief period it received a message from the President, submitting for confirmation the names of the members of his Cabinet, went into executive session, passed upon and confirmed each of the appointments, directed a notification of its action to be communicated to the President, came again into open session, had a resolution offered by Mr. Call, Democrat, of Florida, in reference to rairroad lands in his State and the interference of rairroad companies with Senatorial elections, and had a joint resolution introduced by Mr. Sherman, Republican, of Ohio, proposing an amendment to the Constitution.

The amendment proposed is to fix the THE CABINET CONFIRMED

posing an amendment to the Constitution.

The amendment proposed is to fix the time for the beginning and termination of the term of office of President and Vice President and Congress, at noon on April 30. The change is to go into effect in 1887, and to continue thereafter. Mr. Sherman's joint resolution was laid on the table at his request, he signifying his intention to have it referred hereafter to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. Then the Senate adjourned until Thursday.

Privileges and Elections. Then the Senate adjourned until Thursday.

THURSDAY—The Senate special session reconvened to-day. The president sent the following nominations to the senate:
Josiah Quincy, of Massachusetts, to be assistant secretary of State,
Robert A. Maxwel of New York, to be fourth assistant ps master general.
Isaac P. Gray, of Indiana, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Mexico.
Patrick A. Collins of Massachusetts, to be consul-general of the United States at London.

don.
F. P. Gale. New Vexico, to be receiver of ublic moneys at Rosewell, N. M.
The senate discussed to day for nearly an question as to the reception at present extraordinary session of any busi-ness of a legislative character.

hers of a legislative character.

The feature of the day's proceedings was the presentation in executive session of the president's message withdrawing the Hawaiian treaty.

The first starter of the discussion was a joint resolution offered by Mr. Mitchell (Republican, Oregon) to amend the Constitution so as to provide for the election of United States according to the contraction of the constitution of the constitution of the contraction of the constitution of the contraction of the tion so as to provide for the election of United States senators by the votes of the qualified electors of the States. The next was by Mr. Dolph calling upon the president of the United States to take such measures as he may deem necessary to consummate the agreement between the government of Spain and the United States for the relief of Antonio Maro, a naturalized sitters of the tonio Maro, a naturalized citizen of the United States.

United States.

No discussion ensued upon the merits of the resolutions themseives, but only over the matter of considering them at all. Finally Mr. Henderson offered a resolution declaring it to be the sense of the senate that at this extra ordinary session the business transacted should be confined to executive matters and matters requiring the action of the senate only. No action taken on any of them, and after an tive session the senate adjourned Monday.

THE CABINET SWORN IN. The New Heads of Departments Take The Oath Together.

The induction into office of the members of President Cleveland's Cabinet, save Secretary Gresham, who was sworn in on Monday, was a historic event at the State De partment at Washington, D. C., Tuesday morning. For the first time in history the new heads of departments assembled in the Diplomatic par or and together took the

There was quite a concourse in the corridors to witness the ceremonies. Asso ciate Justice Field, who, in the necessary at sence of Chief Justice Fuller, had been selected to administer the oaths entered, leaning on the arm of Attorney General Oiney and accompanied by Private Secre-

The new Cabinet officers grouped them selves about a table. Justice Field and Secretary Gresham at the head. The years able jurist then calling the Secretaries to his left hand, in turn administered the statu

Ten Lives Lost in a Gale. The British bark Alice M. Craig has been wrecked at Rosario, about 200 miles from Bueno Ayres. She foundered in a gale and Captain Ross, his wife and eight of the crew were drowned.

ANOTHER FIRE IN BOSTON

FIVE LIVES LOST AND NEARLY THIRTY INJURED.

Four and a Half Millions of Dollars Licked up by Flame. Frightful Scenes and Incidents.

One of the most destructive fires in the history of Boston, next in magnitude to the Immors one of Thanksziving Day, 1889 and in the same district, broke out Fr day after boon, and before it was placed under control, three hours later, had burned over more than a source, had reduced to ashes several of the magnificent new buildings recently completed on the territory burned over three and a half years ago, had con turned property valued by a conservative estimate at \$4,500,000, had been attended by scenes of panic and distress never before equaled in the memory of e tizens now liv ing and had destroyed several, perhaps many, harmon lives, and mangled or main-

THE DEAD AND EXITEED.

The list of the dead, so far as known, is

aie of their injuries.

In follows:

Unknown man, aged about 25, supposed to be Fred Meadowernt, of 45 thestnat 84, Robert J. Restaux, aged 25, a ladderman of Charlestown, Giri, too bad y burned to be identified. Leonidas H. Bedjoth, semon partner in the form of the Rednath from Manufacturing Company boots and shoes, Boston, Fred Meadowernft, Cambridge, 21 years old.

ed at least 30 persons, some of whom will

ears old.
The injured, as far aw can be ascertained, tree John J. Suldvan, East. Boston, engineman, Joshus Sheppard, 31, at one time recorted dead, residing in Cambridge, Charles parted dead, residing in Cambridge, Charles J. Wellworth, Roxbury, aged 30. John F. Dennison, Michael Harkins, Magaret F you aged 22: Ada Perrin, Daniel R. Mauray, Faul Mutray, Michael Devlin, John F. Ryan, James Ryan, Roxbury, A. W. Redjath, Newtonville, Mary Frynn, Winchester, C.J. Wellworth, George R. Ruffin, District Chief Exan nerrous prostration, caused by Jonging of the fact of a window and falling on a wire Charles tookins, colored Marido Eicheris.

ing out of a window and falling on a wise. Charles Goskins, colored, Maridia Richard, John J. Lyons, East Boston, Kempton Twess of South Boston, Benjamin Pond and Mr. Rich, members of steamer No. I. Somerville. The flatnes broke out in the toy department of Horace Partrelge & Co., who occupied the fifth and sixth Boors of a seven-story building, corner of Essex and Lincoln streets, owned by F. L. Ames. The start is described by those parameters of the seven-start building.

story building, corner of Essex and Lincoln streets, owned by F. L. Ames. The start is described by those nearest it as resembling the bursting of a fire cracker. There were many employee of the Particlae Company at work at the time and there were people on the other floors. The usual avenues of escape were at once cut off by the Bames and then began a scramble for life which sickened beholders.

The panic stricken inmates fled to windows and roof. Some escaped by shinning down telegraph poles others by learning mind were terribly mangled, and others, how many cannot now be told, fell back into the cauldron of flames or were overcome by the dense black smoke, which suffocated all who did not speedily escape.

The entire line department was called out, and the departments of Somerville. Cambridge, Newton, Quintry and Brockton arrived later by train, and aid was requested to be in readiness from more distant cities. Vast crowds of people began at once to flock to the scene, and as a matter of precaution Governor Russell ordered two companies of militan under arms and proceeded to the fire in person. The fire spread rapidly from building to building, and despite the heroic effort of the entire fire system of Suffolk county was not controlled until the square bounded by Essex on the north, Lincoln on county was not controlled until the square bounded by Essex on the north, Lincoln or bounded by Essex on the north, Lincoln on the east, Tufts on the South and Kingston on the west, had been levelled, aso one building north of Essex street, extending along (olumbia street, three more on the east side of Lincoln street, and one corner of the United States. Hotel, south of Tufts street which corner contained the Emergency Hospital.

conflagration as viewed from a dis tance was grand. At close quarters the scene was awful. While the Amee building was burning there were repeated explosions like fireworks. The wires were as usual in the way and greatly impeded the work of

the firemen.
William S. E. Rumrill, of Dean, Chase & Co. says: "I saw upon the parapet of the Ames building three men and one women clinging to the stone work. There was no such thing as getting a ladder up to them, owing to the net work of wires. Finally they fell. Every one of the four were unconscious when reached.

conscious when reached.

Hoseman O'Connor says: "When I reached the second story the sight was most piriful. Men, women, and girls, frenzied with fear were struggling to reach the windows to throw themselves into the street. Tak-ing one at a time I lowered them by the hands as far as I could, and then dropped them into nets spread for them below. I succeeded in lowering some 25 or 35, I should say that there must have been at least 30 who never came out of the building alive."

A TRIPLE TRAGEDY.

A Chicago Man Shoots His Wife, a

Nurse and Himself.
Z. S. Kyes, a watchman at the world's fair grounds. Chicago, fatally shot his wife and Mrs. Mary Weir, a neighbor. He then turned his revolver against himself and sent a bullet into his breast inflicting a wound which may prove tatal. Kyes camhome drunk and going into the room where Mrs. Weir was nursing his wife, who was ill and in bed, he threw his heavy overcoat on the bed. Mrs. Weir objected and pulled the coat off. Kyes threw it back again, and when Mrs. Weir attempted to pull it off he chased her from the room and fired two shots at her, both taking effect, Mrs. Kyes was aroused by the shooting and came run ning out of the bedroom and Kyes immedi ately shot her in the left side. He then attempted to commit suicide and was taken to the hospital. There is a small chance of his recovery, but both women will die.

Height of Sky-Scrapers Limited. After months of labor on an ordinance simiting the heights of buildings a committee of the Chicago City Council reported that in its judgment the height of Chicago buildings should be limited to 160 feet. A A long debate followed the report to the Council, and the ordinance was finally amended to read that no building should be over 170 feet in height, or ten stories, and t passed in that form.

-HANS CARLSON and R. Myer were seen riding down a swollen stream at Hinckley, Ill., on a cake of ice. Henry Binder drove into the shallow waters to rescue them. Suddenly his horse went into a hole, taking buggy and all out of sight. Carlson plunged into the water to rescue Binder, but both men were drowned. Myer managed to

-Only six citizens were present at the meeting in Chicago, called to raise \$50,000 to put in repair the grave and monument of Abraham Lincoln at Springfield, Ills. The plan will probably be dropped,

HAWAIIANS ARE JUBILANT.

TICKLED BY THE ANNEXATION

Celebrated Washington's Birthday in Style. Six Big Warships at Auchor in Honolulu Harbor.

The past week has witnessed scenes of enthusiasm in Honolula, with a display of the stars and stripes probably more general than at time in Hawaiians history. The arrival of the steamship China from San Francisco on February 20, followed by that of the Australia on February 22, brought intelligence that caused great satisfaction to the provisional government and the American party in the islands.

can party in the islands.

On the first named date when it became known that President Harrison and his cabinet had decided upon a favorable course in regard to the disposition of the Islands, excited throngs gathered about the mail dock, the postedice and the news stands, and discussed the information received.

The prompt action of the administration in the matter was warmly commended by Americans, prespective of party affiliations, as well as by many of the German residents and of the more intelligent natives. The scene, however, was nothing like that of February 22, when the Australia brought news that the message of President Harrison, providing for a treaty of annexation of the Sands had gone to the senate, and that as far as the American government was conthe Sands had gone to the senate, and that aster as the American government was con-cerned the islands might be a part of the I nited States when the Australia arrived. The day was the anniversary of the birth of Washington, and was being observed as a general holiday. The streets were filled with natives and others in their best attre. Flags were floating from many buildings and from the vessels in the harbor. It is stated upon good authority that the

and from the vessels in the harbor.
It is stated upon good authority that the raising of the American flag over the powernment building was forcest upon Minister Stevens and President Bole by the action of the British minister in writing a letter the previous day demanding the withdrawal of the British mainter in writing a letter the revolutions of the British warship Garnet Cantain Hughes Hallet, who strived here after the revolution was over asket permission on February 17 to land a body of men from the Garnet upon the ground that the English residents desired further profection. His request, however, was denied. The Japanese cruiser Nanawaken, after which the United States cruiser (Larlesson was modeled arcruiser Namawaken, after which the United States cruiser (harleston was modeled ar-rived in port unexpectedly February 23, making in addition to the Kongo, the Gar-net, the Roston, the Mohican and the Alli-ance six men-of-war in port.

The New Bread.

Attention is called to the new method of making bread of superior lightness, fineness and wholesomeness without yeast, a receipt for which is given elsewhere in this paper. Even the best bread makers will be interested in this, To every reader who will try this, and write the result to the Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall street, New York, that company will send in return, free, a copy of the most practical and useful cook book, containg one thousand receipts for all kinds of cooking, yet published. Mention this paper.

Curious Death Cu-toms of Fiji.

The Fijians believe that in case a marriageable youth or maiden dies without having gone through with the elaborate nuptial knot-tying ceremony of the islands his or her soul is doomed to wander about forever in an intermediate region between heaven and the lower regions. When anyone dies, man, woman or child, a whale's tooth is placed in the hand of the corpse, the missile to be thrown at the tree which stands as a guide post to point out the road that leads to heaven and the one that leads to sheel .- St. Louis Republic.



ONE ENJOYS Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it

*

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