PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Attorneys-at-Law.

M. E. SIMONS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW
Office in the Court House, Honesdale Pa

SEARLE & SALMON,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW
Offices lately occupied by Judge Searle

CHESTER A. GARRATT,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW
Office—Dimmick Building, Honesdale, Pa.

WM. H. LEE,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW
Office, Foster Building. All legal business promptly attended to. Honesdale, Pa.

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Eye and Ear a specialty. The fitting of glasses given careful attention.

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FIRST-CLASS WAGONS,
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AUCTIONEER
Have me and save money. Wi attend sales anywhere in State.
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HOLDS SALES ANYWHERE IN STATE.

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The Jeweler
would like to see you if you are in the market for
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"Guaranteed articles only sold."

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Designer and Manufacturer of
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JOSEPH N. WELCH
Fire Insurance
The OLDEST Fire Insurance Agency in Wayne County.
Office: Second floor Masonic Building, over C. C. Jadwin's drug store, Honesdale.

Want a Situation
Advertising is "Biz"

SHE HAD A NIMBLE TONGUE.

The Old Duchess Could and Did Swear Like a Trooper.

The old Duchess of St. Albans, who had been the widow of Mr. Coutts, the banker, when the duke, much her junior in age, married her, was one of the habitual visitors at Talmouth. My first view of her, however, was at the Crieff hotel, on her way through to Kenmore, when the duchess and her retinue arrived in eight carriages; for though by birth of no family, she had a most exalted idea of her own importance and when paying a series of short visits to country houses was so convinced of the savage condition of the highlands that she traveled always with her own chef and patissier, who alone were permitted to cook her meals at the inns she stopped at on the road.

I shall not easily forget the sight of the disgorging of the duchess' own chariot when it pulled up at the inn door! First emerged her grace herself, an enormously fat woman; then followed her three nieces, daughters of Sir Francis Burdett, whereof the youngest and best looking became inheritress of her wealth, and Baroness Burdett-Coutts.

These young ladies, evidently in mortal terror of their awful relative—not without reason—followed the duchess in single file, dutifully carrying each some article necessary to her grace's comfort — reticule, cushion, wraps, books, footstool and bag of toilet requisites, the duchess' favorite lap dog and her pet parrot in a cage. After them came her grace's private physician, who traveled always in the same carriage as herself, so as to be on the spot, while the duke preferred the coach box to the company inside—and no wonder!

All the time the duchess' tongue was heard going—scolding, complaining, abusing everybody, from her husband downward, in unmeasured terms. The unfortunate nieces came in for no small share of her harangue and earned painfully any share of her fortune she may have left them in her will, for she swore like a trooper or a Billingsgate fishwife the whole time.—Lady Login in Cornhill Magazine.

CHEMICAL EXACTNESS.

Bunsen's Feat After His Goblet of Solution Had Been Upset.

The remarkable skill in dealing with the material of their experiments that some chemists have is well illustrated by the following story told of the great German chemist Professor Robert Bunsen:

Professor Bunsen evaporated fifty hogsheads of water from the Durkheim spring and carefully isolated from the residue a small quantity of the salts of two very rare elements, caesium and rubidium. He dissolved these salts in a small beaker of water and set them aside on his laboratory table.

One day a friend came to see Professor Bunsen. Unnoticed by the chemist his visitor in leaning against the laboratory table tipped over the beaker and spilled its contents on the floor and on his clothing. The solution looked like plain water, so the man thought nothing of the accident and a few minutes later took his departure.

Shortly after the gentleman had gone Bunsen noticed that the contents of the beaker had been spilled. Instantly he ran out to the street, overtook his friend and brought him back to the laboratory.

With water Bunsen carefully extracted the salts from the sleeve of the gentleman's coat and his underclothing, washed his arm, cleaned off a drop that had spattered on his shoe, carefully washed the floor and the table, collected all the solutions together, purified them and on evaporation found that he had recovered the valuable salts! So perfect was his skill that he had not lost a weighable amount.—Youth's Companion.

Chinese Idols.

The Chinese, according to a missionary, are the most exacting of worshipers. When they pray to their idols they ask for definite material blessings and they expect results. The life of an idol in China is precarious. Gifts will be heaped before it only as long as it seems to be bringing about the wishes of its followers. If the shrine falls upon evil times and disappoints its worshipers their homage soon fades. Not only do the gifts cease, but the resentful people of the countryside will come in a body and smash the inefficient symbol.

A Change.

"Tommy," said an irate mother to her incorrigible offspring, "if you don't behave I'll give you a good whipping!"

"Well, that'll be a change, anyway," replied the little fellow. "All the other whippings I ever got from you were bad."—Chicago News.

Nothing but Fun.

"How's your wife these days?"

"Well, she has found a soap that makes washing a pleasure, a machine that makes sewing delightful and a contraption that makes sweeping a dream of bliss. She ought to find life one continuous round of joy."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Pa Knew.

"Pa, what's an agnostic?"

"It's one of those poems where the first letters of the lines spell out a word. Now run along and let me read."—Boston Transcript.

Tact.

Tact is when you cover your mouth with your hand and make the other party believe that the yawn was a smile.—Cincinnati Enquirer

MME. MONTESSORI IN AMERICA; HER UNIQUE EDUCATIONAL IDEA

Method That Makes a Child Direct Its Own Education. Claims Big Results.

Comes From Rome to Note Progress In "Houses of Childhood" Here.

MME. MARIA MONTESSORI of Rome, founder of the Montessori system of education, has arrived in this country to study our systems of education, to see the work done by her own students in different parts of the country and especially to give the people of America who have expressed an interest in her system a broader view of the work.

It is said that there are between sixty-five and seventy teachers in the United States who have studied under her and have received certificates authorizing them to teach her method.

Rhode Island is the only state in this country which has taken up officially the Montessori system of education, and there it is to be introduced into the State Normal school. Miss Clara Craig, supervisor of observation and training schools in Rhode Island, was sent by her state to take a four months' course at the Montessori school, and upon her return the state officially accepted her report advising the adoption of the method of instruction. The only other countries represented at the school with her, she said, were India and England.

First Experiment Here.

The first "house of childhood," as the Montessori schools are called, in the United States was started in 1911 at Tarrytown, N. Y., by Miss Anne E. George, who now has a similar school

Photo by American Press Association.

MME. MARIA MONTESSORI.

in Washington. Miss George was Dr. Montessori's first American pupil. This Montessori school is still in operation and is in charge of a former assistant of Miss George.

Superintendent of Schools Maxwell and the New York board of education have also caught the Montessori fever, and a "house of childhood" was recently established in Brooklyn for the purpose of trying out the system.

American educators first had their attention focussed on Dr. Montessori's method of teaching young children by the leading article in McClure's Magazine for May, 1911. It was named "An Educational Wonder Worker," with "The Methods of Maria Montessori" as a subhead, and was written by Miss Josephine Tozier.

Thanks to the publicity given to her educational message, Mme. Montessori's name is better known in America today than that of Froebel and Pestalozzi. Her most enthusiastic supporters contend that she is even greater than these two kindergartners, as they had a metaphysical and philosophical standpoint, while she is primarily a scientist and a psychologist.

Dr. Montessori says that she was the first woman in Rome to take up the study of medicine and that it attracted a great deal of attention and criticism. Finally it was carried to the ears of Pope Leo XIII. He, however, gave his approval, saying he could see no harm in it. She was graduated in 1896 from the College of Medicine in Rome.

Mme. Montessori has brought to the United States motion picture films which will show exactly how the work is carried on in the Houses of Childhood in Rome. After her series of lectures she will return to Rome early in January.

The Montessori Method.

Dr. Montessori hopes to start in Rome a school in which she may take young children and carry them through a term of ten years or more. It will be a laboratory school where the children may be studied carefully and where they will live constantly under the supervision of the instructor. In this school Mme. Montessori hopes to have children of different nationalities. Her method of instruction is so fundamental, she says, that it applies to the children of any nationality.

The children under her supervision now are from two and a half to five years old. "Auto-education" is the basis of her system. She places a child in an environment of which it is the master. The furniture of the room is small. The child is not confined to a desk and follows its own inclination as to position. To insure its physical well being and for plenty of fresh air there are gardens connected with the school.

Even babies are perfectly good if they are treated properly, says Mme. Montessori. "In a hospital in Rome there are in one ward sixty babies, and there is not a sound. If they desire anything they ask for it. They are separated from their mothers, who are poor and ignorant women and would not understand that they must be left tranquil. They are fed every two hours, and when that time comes they make a slight noise with their lips, but they do not cry."

A child, she says, will recognize a ray of light when it is seven days old, and then its psychological life begins.

Guiding Young Mentality.

A passive, not an active guidance of the eagerness of young mentality is Dr. Montessori's principle, as has been indicated. From three years old up the child is irrepressibly anxious to learn. It need never be driven, the streams of its ever active intelligence require only channels to lead it from the things it already touches, sees and hears, to an association with things, names and ideas that make up the stock of knowledge of mankind. Rough and smooth detected in the different surfaces of cards played with; hot and cold in the child's ablutions, high and low, thick and thin, round, oval—all abstract ideas gained directly from concrete experiences in games with blocks, cylinders, disks, stones, colors and the familiar furniture of the home lead the expanding mind to the knowledge that may be gained from books. Games of identifying words with their objects lead to reading; counting games to arithmetic.

It was during the vacation of July, 1907, that Montessori considered the instruction of children in reading and writing. She had an inspiration one day when handing out the cards used by the children in distinguishing rough and smooth. That night, with the help of the teachers, she cut out letters in clear, round script. The vowels were of pink and the consonants all of blue. A little strip of white cardboard pasted at the back of each of the letters precisely at the point where a guiding line would be drawn on writing paper enabled the little ones to correct themselves if they were tempted to put the bottom of a g on a level with the base of an o.

All children love to scribble, and she placed this passion to good account. She placed paper under one of the tablets with the removable insets of geometric figures, and having first removed the figure from its frame she showed the children how to fill in the figure with a crayon. The children flattered themselves that they had made wonderful circles, ovals and triangles.

The children choose the letters they wish to learn. "I" and "o" are the most popular. When a child brings to the teacher the letter which he takes out of a box, he receives its duplicate in black sandboard on a white card. The little one's finger is then drawn over the letter from the starting point to the finish, while the teacher says "touch it." The name of the letter is then repeated distinctly and slowly.

Teaching the Letters.

The child is encouraged to look well at the letters. Then the lesson pursues its usual course. "Give me an 'i,'" says the teacher; "then give me 'o.'" Then she asks the name first of one of them, then the other. They are not taught the capital letters until they have finished the small ones. Nor do they learn letters according to their regular succession in the alphabet. The child will peer into the various compartments of the letter box, and its lips can be seen to move as it tries to hear with its inward ear the name of the letter desired.

Although the ten fingers are trained by filling in the geometric outlines and their eyes have become accustomed to some, the children do not know what they can write. They have, in fact, learned to write without writing.

The usual interval between the first preparation and the accomplishment of writing is in children of four years a month and a half; in children of five years only a month. After three months most of them write well, and those who have been writing six months are equal in their calligraphy to children of the third elementary class in the public schools.

Would Trade Greenland to Us.

The London Daily Mail's Berlin correspondent says the suggestion has been made that the United States exchange the island of Mindanao, in the Philippines, for Greenland, now belonging to Denmark, and that the latter power then transfer Mindanao to Germany in exchange for Schleswig, which belonged to Denmark up to fifty years ago.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

In the matter of estate of Thomas L. Burcher, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned administrator of said estate of Thomas L. Burcher has made application to the Orphans' Court of Wayne County for an order to sell at private sale for the sum of Seventeen Hundred Dollars the real estate of said decedent, situated in the Township of Damascus, Wayne County, Pa., being the same land which Frank N. Betts et ux. by deed dated December 31, 1906, and recorded in Wayne County Deed Book No. 96, page 586, granted and conveyed to Thomas L. Burcher.

Unless exceptions are filed or a higher price offered, an order of said Court will be made on the third Monday of January next at two o'clock p. m., authorizing the said Administrator to sell the said real estate for the said sum.

J. C. BURCHER,
Administrator.

Honesdale, Pa., Dec. 11, 1913.
M. E. Simons, Attorney.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Wayne County, on the 7th day of January, 1914, at ten o'clock a. m., under the provisions of the Corporation Act of 1874 and its supplements, for a charter for an intended corporation to be called the Honesdale Business Men's Association, the character and object of which are to co-operate for the benefit of all; to abate trade abuses; to disseminate useful information; to expose fraud and adulteration; to watch and influence legislation toward the better protection of our capital; to assist members in collecting delinquent accounts; to protect them against fraudulent customers, and to encourage the observance of the Sabbath and all legal holidays; and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the said act and the supplements thereto.

SEARLE & SALMON,
Solicitors.

Honesdale, Pa., Dec. 15, 1913. 101w3

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of Orphans' Court of Wayne county, made this 16th day of December, 1913, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder on the premises in Hamlin, Wayne county, Pa., on

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 14, 1914,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, being the property of Eugene Mitchell, late of Salem township, deceased:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the township of Salem, county of Wayne and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning in the Belmont & Easton Turnpike; thence by lands of Sabinus Walker north eighty-eight and one-half degrees west ten rods to a post thence along the lands of the said Sabinus Walker south two degrees west fourteen rods to the end of stone wall; thence south eighty-eight and one-half degrees east ten rods to the Belmont & Easton turnpike; thence along said turnpike fourteen rods to the place of beginning. Containing six-eighths of an acre of land, be the same more or less. Being the same land which Angeline Williams by deed dated February 18, 1913, and recorded in Wayne County Deed Book No. 104, page 404, granted and conveyed to Eugene B. Mitchell.

Upon the said premises are a two story frame dwelling house, frame barn, and other out buildings.

Terms of sale, cash.

G. O. GILLETT,
Executor.

M. E. Simons,
Attorney. 102w3

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of
ANNIE A. COLE,
Late of Clinton.

All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against the said estate are notified to present them duly attested for settlement.

J. H. STEPHENSON,
Executor.

Waymart, Pa., Dec. 13, 1913.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Fred E. Lawyer,
Late of Honesdale, deceased.

The undersigned an auditor appointed to pass upon the exceptions to account and to report distribution of said estate, will attend to the duties of his appointment, on

TUESDAY, DEC. 30, 10 A. M.,

at his office in the borough of Honesdale, at which time and place all claims against said estate must be presented, or recourse to the fund for distribution will be lost.

WM. H. LEE, Auditor.

Honesdale, Dec. 5, 1913. 99w3

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Wayne County Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be held in the office of the company in Honesdale on

MONDAY, JANUARY 5, 1914,

at ten o'clock a. m. for the transaction of general business and that an election will be held at the same place of meeting between the hours of one and two o'clock p. m. of said day, for the purpose of electing ten members of said company to act as directors for the ensuing year. Every person insured in said company is a member thereof and entitled to one vote.

PERRY A. CLARK, Sec.

Honesdale, Dec. 15, 1913. 101w3

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Judge of the several Courts of the County of Wayne has issued his precept for holding a Court of Quarter Sessions, Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery in and for said County, at the Court House, to begin on

MONDAY, JANUARY 19, 1914,
to continue one week:

And directing that a Grand Jury for the Courts of Quarter Sessions and Oyer and Terminer be summoned to meet on Monday, January 12, 1914, at 2 p. m.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner and Justices of the Peace, and Constables of the County of Wayne, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at said Court House, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said 12th day of Jan., 1914, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done, and those who are bound by recognizance or otherwise to prosecute the prisoners who are or shall be in the Jail of Wayne County, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Honesdale, this 22d day of Dec. 1913, and in the 138th year of the Independence of the United States

FRANK C. KIMBLE Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office
Honesdale, Dec. 22, 1913. } 103w4

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Milanville Bridge Company will be held at the store of T. J. Fromes in Milanville on Monday, January 12th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

CHAS. E. BEACH, Sec'y.

102w4.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE—By virtue of process issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Wayne county, and State of Pennsylvania, and to me directed and delivered, I have levied on and will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Honesdale on

FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 2 P. M.

All those two certain pieces of land situated in the Township of Canaan, county of Wayne and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: THE FIRST—Beginning at stones the northwest corner of a tract of land formerly of Asa Stanton; thence south eighty-seven degrees west thirty-nine rods to a corner in the west line of land late of Neriah Colbath; thence south forty-four degrees east sixty-seven and three-tenths rods to stones corner; thence north seventy-one and one-half degrees east nine and one-half rods to a corner on the west line of the "Elk Forest" tract thence north twenty degrees west fifty rods to the place of beginning. Containing seven acres and one hundred perches, be the same more or less.

THE SECOND—Beginning at east corner of the James Chapman tract at a fallen beech, a corner of the "Elk Forest" Manor; thence south fifty-five degrees west one hundred and twenty-four perches to a stones heap on the mountain; thence north forty-five degrees west, one hundred and thirty perches to a stones heap on the top of the mountain; thence north forty-five degrees east one hundred and twenty-four perches to stones heap by a chestnut tree at the base of the mountain; thence south forty-five degrees east one hundred and thirty perches to the place of beginning. Containing one hundred acres strict measure. Being the same land which Frederick P. White et ux. by deed dated March 14, 1894, and recorded in the office for recording deeds in and for Wayne County, Pennsylvania, in Deed Book No. 75, page 227, etc., granted and conveyed to Calvin D. Davis and Idella Davis, and the said Idella Davis by deed dated September 18, 1910, and recorded in Wayne County Deed Book, No. 101, page 272, granted and conveyed her undivided interest therein to Calvin D. Davis. And being the same land which Calvin D. Davis and Ida Davis, his wife, by deed dated Aug. 17, 1911, and intended to be recorded, granted and conveyed to Vina R. Goodrich. On said premises is a story and a half house, one barn, 30x40, and other outbuildings.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Vina R. Goodrich and Alva R. Goodrich at the suit of Calvin D. Davis. No. 281, June Term, 1912. Judgment, $2100. Simons, Attorney.

ALSO

All that certain lot or parcel of land, upon which there is a dwelling house, situated in Texas township, Wayne county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING at the corner of Lots No. 80, 82 and 83 in the allotment of Stephen M. and Ezra Genung out lots; thence by lot sold to Henry Pittston and George Miller, being lot No. 83 in said allotment, west 9-75 100 rods to the eastern line of a street three rods wide, on which this road is located, leading from Honesdale to the Milford and Owego Turnpike near W. A. Farnham; thence by the eastern line of said street, north four and one half degrees east 4-1 100 rods to a post corner; thence by said lot No. 81 south four rods to the beginning. Comprising said lot No. 80. Containing thirty-eight perches, more or less.

(Proviso—That this deed is given that said Mary Shields concedes eighteen inches of land from the house between Benedict Kerl and the place he now bought by this deed).

And being the same land that Benedict Kerl by his deed dated the 15th day of April, 1894, recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in and for Wayne County, in Deed Book No. 75 at page 294, granted and conveyed to Mary F. Shields, and being the same land that Mary F. Shields by her deed dated the 24th day of August, 1912, granted and conveyed to Joseph F. Schillinger and Lena Schillinger, his wife, said deed being recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in and for Wayne County in Deed Book No. 104, at page 22.

The land is all improved and has upon it a good dwelling house and other improvements.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Joseph F. Schillinger and Lena Schillinger at the suit of Charles A. McCarty, administrator of Winifred Gaffney, deceased. No. 123 October Term, 1913. Judgment $2,000. McCarty, Attorney.

ALSO

All the defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property —viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Salem, county of Wayne, State of Pennsylvania, and being on the south side of the road leading from the little chapel to Stocker's corner, beginning on the south side of the road, two and 19 twenty-fifths rods from the north-east corner of the house thereon at a heap of stones; thence running south eighty degrees west eight rods to a heap of stones; thence north seventeen degrees seven rods to stone; thence north eighty degrees east eight rods to heap of stones; thence south seventeen degrees east seven rods to the place of beginning, containing fifty-six square rods more or less. Being same land which Geo. F. Chapman and wife conveyed to Fred F. Chapman by deed dated 18 Nov., 1898, and recorded in Deed Book 84, page 320.

Upon said premises there is a two and one-half story house and other improvements.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Fred F. Chapman at the suit of Harriet S. Sutton. No. 142 October Term, 1909. Judgment, $200. Mumford & Mumford, Attorneys.

TAKE NOTICE—All bids and costs must be paid on day of sale or deeds will not be acknowledged.

FRANK C. KIMBLE, Sheriff.

Honesdale, Pa., Dec. 22, 1913.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE—By virtue of process issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Wayne county, and State of Pennsylvania, and to me directed and delivered, I have levied on and will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Honesdale on

SATURDAY, JAN. 10, 1914, 2 P. M.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property —viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Mount Pleasant, county of Wayne and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning on the west ditch of the Lackawaxen turnpike thirty links north of the north line of the old Stanton farm so called at stones corner; thence south sixty and one-half degrees west thirteen and two-thirds perches, to stones corner, thence south seventy-nine and one-half degrees east six perches to a stones corner; thence north sixty and one-half degrees east thirteen and two-thirds perches to stones corner; thence north twenty-nine and one-half degrees west along the west side of the said turnpike six perches to the place of beginning. Containing eighty perches of land more or less, and being the same land which Miletus Brown by deed dated the 7th day of June A. D. 1855, and recorded in Deed Book No. 79, page 111, granted and conveyed to Deborah L. Eade. Upon said premises is a 1 1-2 story frame house and frame barn.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Deborah L. Eade at the suit of Mary L. Silsbee. No. 112. October Term, 1912. Judgment, $232.70. Mumford & Mumford, Attorneys.

TAKE NOTICE—All bids and costs must be paid on day of sale or deeds will not be acknowledged.

FRANK C. KIMBLE, Sheriff.

Honesdale, Pa., Dec. 19, 1913.

Dec. 18, 1913. 102wks3

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of
EDWARD B. WHEATON,
Late of Buckingham.

All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against the said estate are notified to present them duly attested, for settlement.

NELLIE E. WHEATON,
Executrix.

Starlight, Pa.
December 8, 1913. 99w6