

# THE CITIZEN

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FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1913.

### THOUGHT FOR TO-DAY.

Self-pity, morally, mentally and physically tends to depress and weaken the victim, to render him ineffective and impractical. The person who is chronically sorry for himself becomes a nuisance. He thinks the world owes him something, and his one ambition in life is to collect the debt.—Woman's World.

Everybody—the farmer included—will be interested in the new State law regulating weights and measures which takes effect on January 1, less than two months from now. Heavy penalties are provided for violations of the new law. The fines will reach as high as \$250. Take the item of potatoes, for instance. Beginning with New Year's day the standard bushel of potatoes will be 60 pounds, and not 56 pounds. The custom of buying from the grower 60 pounds for the bushel, and selling 56 pounds to the customer, will subject the dealer to a severe penalty. All parties interested should note this carefully. The old custom of measuring a bushel of vegetables, etc., will after that date be a matter of the past. For the information and convenience of Citizen readers we publish the new schedule of weights and measures in another column. Better cut it out and save it for reference.

Arbitration nearly always results in a compromise of some kind—a splitting the difference of the opposition so to speak in order that both factions may be satisfied. So it was in the demands of the railway conductors and trainmen for an increase in wages. The men get an increase of 7 per cent, which is about one-half of what they asked for but they are satisfied. By this it will mean that the railroads will necessarily be compelled to add \$6,000,000 to their yearly pay rolls. The gross earnings of the railroads are running much higher than last year but so are their expenses. The addition of an extra \$6,000,000 to the expense list will strengthen their demand for the 5 per cent. increase in freight rates. If the railroads succeed in this the shipper will in a way pay for the increase of the salaries of the conductors and trainmen. The arbitration was not a question of principle but a question of how much or little, a settlement with the men could be affected.

### LET THE INDEPENDENT SHOW UP.

The political gangsters of the state have always fooled the people with the statement that local taxpayers did not have to pay any state tax. Every man and newspaper editor of intelligence knew this statement was false and a guy because every dollar paid into the state treasury as taxes, whether by corporations, automobilists or anyone else, is a dollar of the people's money. By a direct personal tax the people of the state have been paying into the state treasury more than a million a year.—Independent, Nov. 12.

Now, will the Independent please get right down to "glue and brass tacks?" Let it publish a copy of its own tax assessment printing in black type that part of it where its editor pays a State tax, showing the amount of the same, and on what the tax is based.

Along with that publication let it also print a similar statement of some ordinary farmer—not an automobile owner—just a plain farmer. Such publication will help clear up this matter a whole lot. The Independent should quit "fooling the people" and prove its assertions by its own experience.

### RUSSIA SAVED FROM DISGRACE.

Amid scenes of unparalleled excitement Mendel Beilis, the Jew, was acquitted Monday night of the charge of the blood ritual murder of Andrew Yushinsky, the 13-year-old Christian boy who was slain in March, 1911. The case has been on trial before the high court at Kieff, Russia, since October 8. The case has attracted attention all over the world where press accounts could be received, and the sentiment ran high among the Jews of America who declared that the blood of Christians had never been used in the ritual of the Jewish religion and declared that Beilis was being tried

on the charge simply to stir up another revolt against the Russian Jews to drive them forever out of that country.

The acquittal of Beilis has saved Russia from a disgrace so great that it is almost inconceivable. In no other country could a Jew have been tried on a charge of killing a Christian in order to get his blood for ritual use. The charge was made by pagans against Christians in the early days of Christianity, and in the darkest ages it was sometimes made by Christians against the Jews. The fact has long since been repudiated by official evidence.

### JUDGE HENDERSON.

As was anticipated, Judge Henderson proved the most popular candidate for Judge of the Superior Court that came before the people. He was so well known that he needed no advertising. He polled a splendid vote, and will make an acceptable Judge.

A few words about Judge Henderson will be appreciated by our readers. We take the following from an exchange newspaper published in the Judge's part of the Keystone State:

"Judge Henderson lives in Meadville, Pa., and was born in Doylestown, Bucks county. He has served on the Superior bench for 10 years and is generally indorsed by the bench and bar of the state. During the Civil war Judge Henderson carried a musket for three years. At the end of the fighting he finished his education and was admitted to the practice of law in Crawford county. He served on the Common Pleas bench of that county before he was elected a member of the Superior Court.

### "BOILER PLATE."

The Independent in its issue for November 5 said:

The Independent could have had the amendments to publish and also the vast amount of advertising sent out by the highway propaganda if it had promised to "go along" with the gang.

This was bluff, pure and simple, something thrown out to make the farmers believe that the Independent was suffering financial persecution and loss because of its love for the people.

The Citizen called the Independent's bluff as follows:

If what the Independent says is true, let "the goods" be produced. If anybody made that paper such a proposition, when and where was it made? If any such offer was made, the story of it in detail would have been "hot stuff" for use during the recent campaign.

And now, dear reader, please read the following from the Independent of November 12, and note how that paper refused that wonderful lot of "advertising" that was making its contemporaries rich—"advertising," mind you, that was being paid for by "the people's" money. Here is the Independent's continued bluff, heading and all:

### FOOLING THEM WITH "BOILER PLATE."

So anxious were the political gangsters of Pennsylvania to pass the fifty million bond issue or the so-called good roads amendment, that a propaganda was established in Harrisburg which for months sent out literature to all editors of the state recommending the scheme. Most of the papers published these articles. During the campaign the same stuff in favor of the bond issue was sent to nearly all newspapers of the state in plate or stereotype form. In other words it was matter already set up so that the newspaper editors would not have to cudgel their brains writing up anything in favor of the fifty million scheme or set any type. It was all ready to place right in their columns, having been gotten up by experts at the business. But just the same it did not fool the people.

The Independent received all of this plate matter, but declined to publish it because it was sent out by a political propaganda for the purpose of deceiving and fooling the people. Numerous other papers filed their "boiler plate" matter, gotten up by political experts. It did not originate in the newspaper offices that gave it publication. It was all "hand-me-down, ready-made" stuff all intended to fool the farmers and taxpayers and it did fool a great many but not all the people.

The Independent used a big word—"propaganda"—a word that sounds scholarly and as though the user were wondrously wise. The Independent evidently thought that it was acting the part of the pedagogue in Goldsmith's "Deserted Village," whose utterances are thus described:

"While words of learned length and thundering sound Amazed the gazing rustics ranged around; And still they gazed, and still the wonder grew That one small [sheet] could carry all it knew."

After describing what constitutes a "propaganda" and giving it a bad, bad name—"boiler plate"—the Independent says it received all of the

"plate" but declined to publish it, preferring to use a three column lot of Arthur Brisbane "boiler plate" that struck at every Temperance organization in the realm of that paper's circulation.

Our neighbor first calls the matter sent out in a stereotype form by that awful "propaganda" "advertising"; and in its jealousy of its contemporaries that is supposed was getting a big lot of "easy money," it really believed what it said; but when it learned that there was no more pay behind it than there was behind the Arthur Brisbane intemperance "advertisement," it became wonderfully virtuous, and dropped the word "advertising" entirely.

As a matter of fact The Citizen published the good roads matter because we believed then and still believe that what it exploited is right. Many columns were prepared and placed in type in this office, and they were published "without money and without price."

A word about those awful "boiler plates." In the same issue of the Independent that contained the "Fooling Them With Boiler Plate" editorial article, there were exactly TWELVE columns of those same wicked "boiler plate" articles on all kinds of subjects from "telegraphic" news to farm notes. Wasn't that a wicked way to try and "fool" its readers?

So, there you have it? Why not be a Linotype newspaper, like The Citizen, and be strictly up-to-date? That way there is less danger of becoming an "imitator."

### DOES ADVERTISING PAY?

To all people who question the truth of the familiar expression, "advertising pays," we would commend an incident of the late political campaign in the State, and that incident is the election of John W. Kephart, of Cambria county, to the high position of Superior Court Judge.

Mr. Kephart was comparatively unknown in the State; but he began a judicious use of printers' ink early in the battle, sending cards by mail and publishing advertisements in the country newspapers. After pulling down the nomination at the primaries Mr. Kephart continued his campaign along the same line, and he won the election, receiving more votes than Webster Grim, the man who was the regular Democratic nominee.

Not only did Mr. Kephart advertise, but he pursued the "follow-up" species of advertising by going before the people personally. Evidently he made a good impression, judging by the large vote he received.

There is an advertising maxim that declares "goods well displayed are half sold." Mr. Kephart's display of his personality won him a Superior Court judicial position. Judge Kephart will undoubtedly make a most efficient officer, and he won his election like a true and brave knight in the open lists.

### LITERARY CONTEST HELD

The literary contest of the Wayne county high school was held in the auditorium of the Honesdale high school Monday evening and was well patronized by parents of contestants and teachers. The contest between the second and third class high schools in the boys' class first prize was awarded to Joseph Butler of Sterling, who received two votes. Adam Wagner, of South Canaan, received one vote. In the girls' class, Miss Esther Gill of White Mills, received three votes.

In the first class high schools Jos. Carlton of Hawley received two votes and Charles Hoeker, of Damascus, received one vote in the boys' class. In the girls' class, Olive Rockwell of Honesdale, received three votes.

### COOK—SCHWESINGER.

The marriage of Louis J. Cook and Miss Sabina Schwesinger, both of Honesdale, occurred in St. Mary Magdalen's church at six o'clock Tuesday morning. Rev. J. W. Balta celebrated the nuptial mass. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Schwesinger of Terrace street. The young couple left on the early Delaware & Hudson train for Scranton after which they will spend some time at Wilkes-Barre. They will reside on Terrace street upon their return home.

### SHERMAN POST OFFICE BURNED.

An incendiary fire started in the post office and store of L. J. Tarbox at Sherman Tuesday night about 10 o'clock, which resulted in the destruction of the building. The entire contents, which were fully covered by insurance, were destroyed, except a desk.

The postoffice was located in the store. All books and stamps belonging to the government were in a safe. At the time of going to press the vault had not been opened, but it is expected that papers belonging to the postoffice were not destroyed.

### Death of Arthur Edgar.

Arthur Edgar, aged thirty-one years, and son of the late Rev. Wm. Edgar, well known in Scranton and Carbondale, died Tuesday at White Haven. Deceased was born at Bethany. Surviving him are a sister, Emily Edgar, of Middletown, N. Y., and a brother, Wm. A. Edgar, cashier of the Ashley National Bank, of Ashley. The remains will be brought to Dunmore Friday afternoon, where interment will be made in the family plot.

### MRS. FRIEDEWALD HERE NEXT SATURDAY.

The third visit of Mrs. Salo Friedewald of Scranton to Honesdale this season will be made on Saturday afternoon November 15, when she will give a reading on Miss Florence Converse's latest work, "The Children of Light."

In view of this fact a note about the author, Miss Converse, may be of some interest to Mrs. Friedewald's large class here in Honesdale.

Miss Florence Converse, the author of "The Children of Light," was born in New Orleans, Louisiana, on April 30, 1871. Her father and mother were natives of New Orleans, but her father's parents were of old New England stock; her great-grandfather on her mother's side also came from New Orleans. Her mother's father was a native of Wales; her mother's mother was of Dutch descent. Five years of childhood were spent in San Francisco, but from her tenth year until she entered Wellesley College Miss Converse lived in New Orleans. She was graduated from Wellesley with the degree of B. S. in 1893. The four following winters were spent in New Orleans, but since 1897 Miss Converse has made Boston her home, and for five years she lived at Denison House, the Boston College Settlement. From 1900 to 1908 Miss Converse held an editorial position on "The Churchman"; since then she has been with the Atlantic Monthly. In June, 1903, she received the degree of M. A. from Wellesley. Miss Converse's books are "Diana Vetric" (1897), a novel portraying characteristic types of northern and southern life and characters; "The Burden of Christopher" (1900), a novel concerned with the conflict between capital and labor; "Long Will" (1903), a romance of the fourteenth century, having for theme the Peasants' Revolt; "A Masque of Sibyls" and "The Children of Light." All these are published by Messrs. Houghton, Mifflin Company.

### NOT MUCH LEFT AFTER HE PAID THE COSTS.

Chose to be His Own Lawyer in Collecting 88 Wages He Made No Demand For—"Squire Says That Isn't the Way to Collect Bills.

A little comedy was enacted before "Squire Robert A. Smith in the court house on Wednesday morning in the form of a suit in assumpsit brought by William Kenner, formerly of Cherry Ridge township, against Nathaniel Lang, of the same township.

Kenner worked for Lang, helping the latter construct a concrete foundation on the Wm. Roger house on River street last week. For some reason Lang desired to dispense with the services of Kenner and told the young man that he could go. That was last Friday night. Kenner did not like his manner of discharge and instead of going to Lang and demanding his pay he went before the Justice of the Peace and secured a summons. Officer J. J. Canivan served the summons on Lang and a hearing was held before "Squire Smith Wednesday morning.

Lang was there with the cash and said that he was ready to pay Kenner any time he wanted it. Kenner had sued for \$8, the amount of his wages for work done while Lang's bill showed that \$8.07 was due. Kenner acknowledged that he had failed to ask Lang for his pay before he had the summons issued and "Squire Smith informed him that that was not the proper way to collect a bill. Kenner lost his case and besides that had to pay the costs which amounted to \$2.45, the "Squire having made them as light as possible. Kenner, after paying the costs had only \$5.60 remaining of the original \$8.07, but he had received \$2.40 worth of legal advice.

### DEPOSITORS WIN IMPORTANT POINT.

Banks Not Required to Withhold Income Tax on Interest Accounts.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 10.—Bank depositors are aided in two important income tax decisions handed down by W. H. Osborn, Commissioner of Internal Revenue. One relieves banks, bankers and trust companies from collecting the assessments on the interest paid on open accounts or certificates of deposit.

The other instructs the bankers not to withhold the tax from interest on bonds of State, county, cities or other political sub-division of the United States.

Here is one of the orders sent to the collectors of internal revenue: "Banks, bankers, trust companies and other banking institutions receiving deposits of money are not required under the Treasury regulation (part two) approved October

OUR STORE WILL CLOSE MONDAY EVENINGS, AT 9 O'CLOCK

# MONDAY SPECIALS

Here are some values which you certainly cannot afford to let pass. These are goods from our own regular stocks. They are not special purchases, but are our own goods marked down in price. We want you to visit this store and see the bargains we are offering in every line.

## MONDAY, NOV. 17

### Grocery Departments:

- Columbian or Snow White Flour, per bag ..... \$1.45
- Fel's Naphtha Soap, 6 bars for ..... 25c
- Pure White Rose Lard, 10-pound pail ..... \$1.45
- Pure White Rose Lard, 5-pound pail ..... 75c
- Pure White Rose Lard, 3-pound pail ..... 45c
- Snow Boy Wash Powder, 5c value, per package ..... 4c
- Gunner Brand Canned Salmon, per can ..... 9c
- Full Cream Cheese, special, per pound ..... 20c
- Fancy Sweet Potatoes, 30c value, per peck ..... 22c

### Other Departments--Main Floor

- Extra Width Stylish Dress Goods, \$1.00 and \$1.25 val., per yard ..... 89c
- 27-inch Silk Poplin, all colors, 50c value, per yard ..... 43c
- Kimono Flannelette, best quality, 15c value, per yard ..... 13c
- Outing Flannel, light and dark, special, per yard ..... 7c
- New Quilting Satens, great value, per yard ..... 13c
- Niagara Cotton Batts, unroll in one sheet, 25c value, each ..... 17c
- Wool Sweaters, well made, \$2.50 and \$2.75 val., each ..... \$2.19
- Fancy Cretons, new patterns, 12½c value, per yard ..... 10c
- Ladies' Fleece Underwear, special, each ..... 22c
- Gent's Lisle Socks, broken sizes, best 25c value, per pr ..... 15c
- Men's Gloves and Mitts, all kinds, 50c value, per pair ..... 43c
- Lot Misses' White Wool Sweaters, \$1.50 value, each ..... \$1.00
- Yard-Wide French Cambric, 16c value, per yard ..... 12c

### Second Floor Specials

- Ladies' Colored Messaline Petticoats, \$1.59 value, ea. .... \$1.39
- Junior Coats, assorted sizes and colors, \$15.00 val., ea. .... \$9.50
- Ladies' Separate Skirts, assorted sizes and colors, \$5.98 value, each ..... \$3.98
- Ladies' Serge Dresses, navy, black and brown, special, each ..... \$5.98
- Children's Outing Gowns, 50c value, each ..... 43c
- Go-Cart Blankets, 59c value, each ..... 49c
- Wool Finished Blankets, \$2.50 value, per pair ..... \$2.10
- Heavy Comfortables, good patterns, \$1.00 value, each ..... 89c
- Best Opaque Shades, 50c value, each ..... 45c
- Union Ingrain Stair Carpet, 35c value, per yard ..... 29c

# Katz Bros. Inc.

NOTICE--Monday Specials are sold for Cash.

31, 1913, to withhold at the source the normal income tax of one per cent. on the interest paid or accrued or accruing to depositors whether on open accounts or on certificates of deposit; but all such interest whether paid or accrued and not paid must be included in his tax return by the person or persons entitled to receive such interest whether on open account or on certificates of deposit."

The other is: "It has been called to the attention of this office that banks in certain sections are refusing to pay coupons for interest on bonds of States, counties, cities or other political sub-divisions of the United States, when such coupons are not accompanied by certificates of ownership without deducting the normal income tax of one per cent., which the law and the regulations of this department require shall be deducted

at the source in paying the interest on bonds of corporations, joint stock companies or associations and insurance companies.

"Please inform all parties interested, giving the information wide publicity, that the income derived from the interest upon the obligations of a State, county, city or any other political sub-division thereof and upon the obligations of the United States or its possessions is not subject to the income tax and a certificate of ownership in connection with the coupons or registered orders for such interest will not be required.

"The interest coupons should clearly show on their face whether they are issued by the United States or any political sub-division thereof. If, however, they do not clearly show this, then, of course, an ownership certificate should be required."

### REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

# Honesdale Dime Bank,

HONESDALE, PA.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans ..... \$ 505,384.96	Capital Stock ..... \$100,000.00
Bonds and Mortgages... 218,359.30	Surplus and Undivided
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures ..... 24,000.00	Profits ..... 103,293.09
Cash and due from banks 84,079.47	Deposits ..... 628,530.82
Overdrafts ..... .18	
<b>\$831,823.91</b>	<b>\$831,823.91</b>

The eight years' healthy growth and prosperous condition of this bank indicates public confidence in the safety and integrity of its management

Our constant endeavor has been to render a banking service second to none, thoroughly adapted to the needs of this community, assuring the same welcome to the small depositor as to the one with larger business to transact.

E. C. MUMFORD, President  
W. F. RIEFLER, Vice-President

### OFFICERS.

JOSEPH A. FISCH, Cashier  
CLARENCE WRIGHT, Asst. Cash.