

MEXICO TURBULENT

President Worried Over Situation in Republic.

WILSON ANXIOUSLY AWAITED

Conflicting Accounts of Conditions Give Rise to Belief That Crisis is Near.

Washington, July 21.—Continued uneasiness regarding the Mexican situation worries the Wilson administration, and it is felt that an actual crisis of a serious nature cannot longer be delayed.

The lack of authentic information, or rather the contradictory reports received from American officials, including the ambassador and the long list of consuls throughout the country, has left President Wilson and his advisers in the dark as to the actual condition of affairs in the much disturbed republic.

Furthermore, hints from Europe that the United States must intervene to put an end to the virtual anarchy which persists under the Huerta rule are embarrassing the president, and his belief that the Huerta government, founded on intrigue and assassination, is weak has caused him to withhold recognition.

William Bayard Hale, biographer and trusted friend of President Wilson, has sent confidential reports of the Mexican situation to Washington. Persons who have talked with Mr. Hale assert that these reports are at wide variance with the official accounts of conditions furnished by Ambassador Wilson and hint that Mr. Hale's disclosures are of most startling description.

Doubt Story of Madero's Death. While it is not denied that Ambassador Wilson has left the Washington administration in perplexity as to the situation, no official criticism of him has as yet been made.

Mr. Bryan, the secretary of state, has specifically denied that Ambassador Wilson's conduct was under investigation. It is a fact, however, that Mr. Wilson's prompt acceptance of the Huerta account of Madero's death has not been indorsed at Washington.

The president's refusal to grant recognition to the Huerta government is taken as sufficient proof that he did not accept the official story of Madero's death.

Mrs. Francisco L. Madero, widow of the late president of Mexico, who is in this city, declares that her husband was slain in his bed while he slept. Instead of while trying to escape. She denies the statement that he was being transferred to the penitentiary and killed on the way. The actual assassin, she charges, was Colonel Cardenas, then a captain, and she asserts that this man has since exhibited a knife as the weapon with which he stabbed Madero.

"Mexico," said Mrs. Madero, "has come to a sad state when there is even discussion of such a man as Huerta for a ruler. Who accepts General Huerta accepts his acts."

Emphatic denial has been made by Senator Jose Yves Limantour, formerly minister of finance in Mexico, who is now in Deauville, France, of the report that he has been using his influence with European diplomatists in the hope of hastening American recognition of the Huerta government. "I am not in politics," says Senator Limantour.

THREE KILLED AT CROSSING.

Engineer Faints as Train Hits Buggy With Family Churchbound.

Jerseyville, Ill., July 21.—Mrs. Hatte Ryan, her five-year-old son, Stewart, and her three-year-old daughter, Lillian, were killed instantly when a buggy in which they were driving to church was struck by a Chicago and Alton passenger train a mile south of Jerseyville. Engineer Johnson fainted, and the train traveled almost a quarter of a mile before the fireman recovered from the shock and closed the throttle, stopping the locomotive.

On the spot was found the mangled body of the boy, tangled in the shreds of the buggy top. Near Perring's crossing, where the accident occurred, the bodies of the daughter and Mrs. Ryan were found. The horse was killed and thrown thirty yards.

Farm duties kept the husband, Marcus Ryan, at home. He usually accompanied the family to church.

POISONED PIN HER WEAPON.

Dr. Marie E. Equi, I. W. W. Agitator, Held For Deadly Assault.

Portland, Ore., July 21.—Having failed to live up to her agreement to leave the state, Dr. Marie E. Equi, the woman physician who led a "free speech" demonstration by women members of the I. W. W. on Thursday night, was charged with inciting a riot, carrying weapons and assault with a deadly weapon. She was held without bail.

Dr. Equi threatened to stab policeman with hatpins dipped in poison if they interfered with her. One man was scratched by a pin in arresting her, but the wound gave no evidence of poison.

Weather Probabilities. Fair today and tomorrow; light to moderate northwest to north winds.

MEDIATING RAILROAD STRIKE.

Important Developments Expected as Federal Agents Take Up Work.

New York, July 21.—New and important developments in the threatened strike of 100,000 conductors and trainmen employed on the eastern railroads, following the arrival of William Lee Chambers, commissioner of mediation and conciliation, and his associates on the board, Judge Martin A. Knapp of the commerce court and G. W. W. Hunker, seemed certain. Conferences between the government mediators and the employees on the one hand and the managers' committee on the other, with joint discussion later, are understood to have been already arranged.

With the arrival of Mr. Chambers and his associates the railroad controversy assumed a new phase, but the crisis has not passed, it is said, and the men are standing firm by their determination not to permit the eight stipulations advanced by the railroads to be made subjects of arbitration at this time, thirty days' notice of such provision not having been given.

It was learned that the mediators will hold a conference with representatives of the men at the Manhattan hotel.

Officially this will be the first conference of Mr. Chambers and his associates in this city to prevent a strike.

While no one would say so, it is believed A. B. Garretson, president of the conductors, and W. G. Lee, head of the trainmen, will be selected to represent the men on the arbitration board. The board will consist of six members, two representing the railroads. The other two will be chosen either by the four already selected or, if they cannot agree, by the government mediators.

"We are all ready to go ahead with our side," said Mr. Lee.

NEW PRIMARY LAW.

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place where the mistake is made shall be rejected.

Five electors, upon sworn petition to the court of common pleas may obtain a recount.

New penalties provided by the act are: A fine of \$100 for presenting false names on nomination papers; a fine of \$500 and one year's imprisonment for violation of the provision forbidding a policeman, either in uniform or not, coming within 100 feet of the polling place, except to vote or to quell disturbance.

Strict Regulations for Petitions.

All nomination petitions must be signed by enrolled voters of the party on whose primary ballot the petition intends to place a name. Each signer can sign but one petition, unless more than one person is to be elected for the same office, then he may sign for as many as he could vote for at the election. Each signer must give his occupation, residence and date of signing. Each sheet of the petition must have attached to it an affidavit of some persons, not necessarily a signer and not necessarily the same person on each sheet, setting forth that he is an elector of the division referred to in the petition, giving his residence, stating that the signers knew what they were signing, that all residences on the sheet are correctly stated that each signer signed on the date after his name and that the signers are all qualified electors of the party for which they are making a nomination.

No petition can be circulated prior to sixty days before the last day for filing petitions. No signature shall be counted unless it bears a date within this limit.

The first day for filing petitions for this Fall's primaries has already passed and petitions may be gotten out immediately.

The first day for next year for state officers will be February 21, 1914. The first day next year for county officers will be February 28, 1914.

Nominating petitions for president, United States senators, congressmen and all state officers and delegates to national conventions must be filed with the secretary of the commonwealth four weeks prior to the primary.

Last day for Superior court judges this year, August 10, 1913.

Last day for above-named officers next year, April 21, 1914.

Petitions in all other cases for all other officers must be filed three weeks prior to the primary.

Last day for all county offices this year, August 26, 1913.

Last day for all other state offices next year, April 28, 1914.

Number of Signers to Petitions. The number of signers for president and United States senators shall be 100 in each of at least ten counties.

For state offices to be filled by the state-at-large, or for delegate or alternate at large to national convention, 100 in each of at least five counties.

For congress, for district national delegate and for all judges, except Supreme and Superior court judges, and for state senators, 200 in the district in which the candidate is standing.

For state representative, for state committeeman, or for any county or city office, 100 in the county or district.

For inspectors of election, 5 in the division.

For all other party offices, 10 in the district.

Assistance to voters shall be given only on affidavit that the voter cannot read or has physical disability which would prevent him marking the ballot.

A voter when challenged must swear that he voted at the last election for a majority of the candidates of the party for whose ballot he asks. In this respect the new law makes an important change, namely, that the group of presidential electors shall count only as two in computing a majority of the candidates of a party.

BULGARS IN ROUT

Turks Enter Adrianople After Short Conflict.

BASHI-BAZOUKS PILLAGE CITY

Roumanian Troops Advancing on Sofia. New Peace Negotiations — Said Servia, Greece and Montenegro Are Willing to Participate.

London, July 21.—According to a Sofia dispatch, the Turks have entered Adrianople after a short conflict with the small Bulgarian force, and the bashi-bazouks are burning, pillaging and committing atrocities. Roumanian troops are advancing in an easterly direction, threatening eastern Roumelia.

The events of the last few days indicate the complete collapse of the authority of the powers.

A Daily Mail dispatch from Sofia confirming the foregoing says that Enver Bey at the head of a Turkish cavalry force has arrived at Adrianople. The Bulgarian garrison of two battalions, about 2,000 men, had received orders not to resist the Turks.

The same correspondent reports that 30,000 Roumanian troops are advancing upon Sofia and have already reached Orhanli, about twenty miles northeast of Sofia, and Etropole, about thirty-eight miles northeast of Sofia.

Constantinople, July 21.—The sublime porte has issued formal orders to the army to occupy Thrace and Adrianople.

In a note acquainting the powers with this decision it is announced that the new Turko-Bulgarian frontier will be the river Maritza. The porte saddles Bulgaria with the responsibility for any fighting that may ensue.

London, July 21.—The advent of a new Bulgarian cabinet comprising a coalition of the Liberal groups seemed to have brought a prospect that peace negotiations would soon be entered into. After vain attempts to negotiate separately with Roumania the Bulgarian government accepted the advice of Austria and Russia and offered Roumania an important territorial concession. Bulgaria also sent delegates to meet the Servian and Greek and presumably Roumanian representatives at Nish to negotiate an armistice and peace.

Servia, Greece and Montenegro were ready to participate in these negotiations.

Sofia, July 21.—The new coalition cabinet under the leadership of M. Radoslavoff, the Liberal leader in the Bulgarian parliament, has been constituted as follows:

Premier and minister of the interior, M. Radoslavoff; minister of foreign affairs, M. Guenadloff; finance, M. Toncheff; justice, M. Pecheff; war, General Vazoff; commerce, M. Blatoff; public works, M. Dimcheff; railways, M. Morphoff.

BILL TO RESTORE CAPT. POTTS.

Action Is to Nullify the Decision of the "Plucking Board."

Washington, July 21.—Senator Martin of Virginia introduced a bill to restore Captain Templin M. Potts to the active navy list. This is the first action taken in Captain Potts' case and indicates the nature of the endeavor which Captain Potts will make to be reinstated.

The case attracted attention following the selection of Captain Potts for retirement by the "plucking board." The action by the board was possible because Secretary Daniels deprived Captain Potts of his promotion. On March 20, after passing his examination for promotion to be a rear admiral, Captain Potts was informed that he had not had sufficient sea service to warrant promotion. Captain Potts was ordered to sea. It was announced that after he had served a time at sea he would be promoted, his new rank to date from March 20, 1913. By the deferment of his promotion, however, Captain Potts fell under the jurisdiction of the "plucking board."

FALLS 500 FEET TO DEATH.

Thousands See Parachute Jumper Drown in Seattle.

Seattle, Wash., July 21.—Francis L. Thayer, forty-seven years old, a parachute jumper, fell 500 feet before thousands of spectators and was drowned while making a parachute descent from an aeroplane as a part of the Potlach air sports.

He went up in an aeroplane with Johnny Bryant to a height of 600 feet, then dropped and his parachute spread above him. At a height of 500 feet he lost his grasp of the parachute bar and fell into the water. The body did not rise to the surface.

Thayer had been giving parachute exhibitions for twenty-five years. He leaves a widow, who is in Seattle and who witnessed the plunge.

DIES FROM POLO INJURIES.

Lieutenant Harman Was Thrown on Thursday—First Fatality in London.

London, July 21.—Lieutenant Harman died from injuries received when his pony threw him in a polo match at Kanelagh on Thursday.

Polo has been played regularly in London since 1871, and this is the first fatal accident at a London club. There have been only three other polo fatalities in England.

GOULDSBORO.

Gouldsboro, July 21.—The arrangements for the Trip Around the World to be given under the auspices of the official board of the M. E. church in August, are being rapidly completed.

A very pleasing patriotic program was rendered at the M. E. church on Thursday evening. It was a Gettysburg meeting "Fifty Years After." The program consisted of the singing of patriotic songs and recitations. There was an address by Major C. P. Summerall who is in command of the Third Field Artillery now encamped at Tobyhanna.

The many friends of Mrs. A. L. Major of 1700 Ridge Row, Scranton, will be glad to learn that she rallied in good shape from the operation she underwent a week ago for appendicitis and tumor. Mrs. Major was taken very suddenly while at their summer cottage at Lake Winola and taken to the hospital as soon as possible where the operation was performed.

Mrs. Joseph Matthews underwent an operation at the Moses Taylor Hospital on Thursday.

Mrs. George Wardell, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Moore, who recently underwent a very serious operation at the Moses Taylor Hospital is rapidly regaining her health.

Miss Mary Walter of Madisonville was operated upon at the Coppinger Sanitarium on Thursday last for peritonitis and goiter. Dr. G. A. Kerling, assisted by Dr. Lynch, performed the operation.

Miss Ina Surplus, who graduated from Bloomsburg State Normal this spring, and is spending the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Surplus, at Sunnyside, was tendered a surprise party by a number of her friends on Thursday evening. A most pleasant evening was spent. A program of solos, duets, recitations, etc., was rendered. Refreshments were served. Miss Surplus has accepted a position to teach in the Berwick high school.

The Gleamers (the M. E. S. S.) will hold their monthly social on Tuesday evening at Prospect Rock with twilight supper and campfire stories.

Misses Emma and Nettie Eschenbach are on a trip to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

Quite a large number from here attended the regular meeting of the W. R. C. No. 17, at Moscow on Wednesday. Four new members were initiated.

FOREST CITY.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred McHenry and son are camping at Lewis lake.

Mrs. Max Kerner and daughter Irene are visiting relatives in Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

Arthur Doolittle is seriously ill at the Emergency hospital, Carbondale.

James O'Malley, of Port Jervis, is visiting at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. H. O'Malley.

Mary Haggerty is visiting friends in Honesdale.

Vincent Schwartz is visiting relatives in Port Jervis.

Alma Cooley called on Carbondale friends on Thursday.

The funeral of John, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Rolls, took place from the home Thursday afternoon. Interment was made in the Hillside cemetery.

Miss Agnes Kelleher is visiting friends in New York city.

H. M. Joseph and daughter Mollie spent Thursday at Crystal Lake.

Special Closing Out Sale of Ladies' White Dresses for a few weeks at Menner & Co. 58w4

That splitting Headache will get almost instant if you take a Neura Powder. 10 and 25 cts. Sold everywhere.



MR. BATTIS AS CAPT. CUTTLE At the 1913 Chautauqua.

Captain Cuttle is only one of the dozen of Dickens' character-impersonations on the Chautauqua platform in the entertainment, "Life Portrayals." Mr. William Sterling Battis takes the part of a toothless old woman as realistically as he apes the airs and fine speeches of a third-rate gentleman like Micawber. His monologues are his master achievements. Few living actors have voices of such range. One of the most novel features of the evening's program is this: The wigs, greasepaint, costumes and everything in the make-up of the different characters is put off and on in plain sight of the wondering audience.

Advertisement for 3 Horse Power Engine \$85.00 by Murray Co. Includes an image of the engine and a list of prices for various models.

Advertisement for Neura Powders cure all Headache. 10 cents. Sold everywhere. Includes a testimonial and price information.

Advertisement for Business Men's Picnic at Lake Lodore July 23. Includes details about the picnic, attractions like Merry-Go-Round and Roller Coaster, and a band concert.